

# References

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### US Customary to Metric Conversion Factors

#### International System of Units (SI)—Metric Units

<i>Prefix</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Multiplication Factor</i>
ex	E	$10^{18} = 1,000,000,000,000,000,000$
peta	P	$10^{15} = 1,000,000,000,000,000$
tera	T	$10^{12} = 1,000,000,000,000$
giga	G	$10^9 = 1,000,000,000$
mega	M	$10^6 = 1,000,000$
kilo	k	$10^3 = 1,000$
hecto	h	$10^2 = 100$
deca	da	$10^1 = 10$
(unit)		$10^0 = 1$
deci	d	$10^{-1} = 0.1$
centi	c	$10^{-2} = 0.01$
milli	m	$10^{-3} = 0.001$
micro	μ	$10^{-6} = 0.000001$
nano	n	$10^{-9} = 0.000000001$
pico	p	$10^{-12} = 0.000000000001$
femto	f	$10^{-15} = 0.000000000000001$
atto	a	$10^{-18} = 0.000000000000000001$

#### Linear

1 meter (m) = 100 centimeters (cm) = 1000 millimeters (mm)

#### Area

$1 \text{ m}^2 = 1 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2 = 1 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^2$

#### Volume

$1 \text{ m}^3 = 1 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \times 10^9 \text{ mm}^3$

1 liter (l) = 1000 cm<sup>3</sup> = 1 × 10<sup>6</sup> mm<sup>3</sup>

#### Mass

1 kilogram (kg) = 1000 grams (g)

(Approximately the mass of 1 liter of water)

1 metric ton (or tonne) = 1000 kg

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# US Customary to Metric Conversion Factors

Continued from [previous page](#).

## US Customary Units

### Linear Units

12 inches (in) = 1 foot (ft)  
 36 inches = 3 feet = 1 yard (yd)  
 1 rod =  $5\frac{1}{2}$  yards =  $16\frac{1}{2}$  feet  
 1 statute mile = 1760 yards  
     = 5280 feet  
 1 nautical mile = 6076.11549 feet

### Area

$1 \text{ ft}^2 = 144 \text{ in}^2$   
 $1 \text{ yd}^2 = 9 \text{ ft}^2 = 1296 \text{ in}^2$   
 $1 \text{ rod}^2 = 30\frac{1}{4} \text{ yd}^2$   
 $1 \text{ acre} = 4840 \text{ yd}^2 = 43,560 \text{ ft}^2$   
 $1 \text{ acre} = 160 \text{ rod}^2$   
 $1 \text{ mile}^2 = 640 \text{ acres}$

### Volume

$1 \text{ ft}^3 = 1728 \text{ in}^3$   
 $1 \text{ yd}^3 = 27 \text{ ft}^3$

### Liquid Volume Measure

1 fluid ounce (fl oz) = 8 fluid drams = 1.804 in  
 1 pint (pt) = 16 fl oz  
 1 quart (qt) = 2 pt = 32 fl oz  
     =  $57\frac{3}{4}$  in<sup>3</sup>  
 1 gallon (gal) = 4 qt = 231 in<sup>3</sup>  
 1 barrel =  $31\frac{1}{2}$  gal

### Dry Volume Measure

1 quart (qt) = 2 pints (pt)  
     = 67.2 in<sup>3</sup>  
 1 peck = 8 qt  
 1 bushel = 4 pecks = 2150.42 in<sup>3</sup>

### Avoirdupois Weight

1 dram (dr) = 27.343 grains (gr) or (gr a)  
 1 ounce (oz) = 437.5 gr  
 1 pound (lb) = 16 oz = 7000 gr  
 1 short ton = 2000 lb, 1 long ton  
     = 2240 lb

### Troy Weight

1 grain troy (gr t) = 1 grain avoirdupois  
 1 pennyweight (dwt) or (pwt)  
     = 24 gr t  
 1 ounce troy (oz t) = 480 grains  
 1 lb t = 12 oz t = 5760 grains

### Apothecaries' Weight

1 grain apothecaries' (gr ap)  
     = 1 gr t = 1 gr  
 1 dram ap (dr ap) = 60 gr  
 1 oz ap = 1 oz t = 8 dr ap = 480 gr  
 1 lb ap = 1 lb t = 12 oz ap  
     = 5760 gr

## Multiply →

Metric Unit = Conversion Factor × US Customary Unit

## ← Divide

Metric Unit ÷ Conversion Factor = US Customary Unit

Metric Unit = Conversion Factor × US Unit

### (Length)

mm	25.4	inch
cm	2.54	inch
cm	30.48	foot
m	0.3048	foot
m	0.9144	yard
km	1.609	mile
km	1.852	nautical mile

### (Area)

mm <sup>2</sup>	645.16	inch <sup>2</sup>
cm <sup>2</sup>	6.4516	in <sup>2</sup>
cm <sup>2</sup>	929.03	ft <sup>2</sup>
m <sup>2</sup>	0.0929	ft <sup>2</sup>
cm <sup>2</sup>	8361.3	yd <sup>2</sup>
m <sup>2</sup>	0.83613	yd <sup>2</sup>
m <sup>2</sup>	4047	acre
km <sup>2</sup>	2.59	mi <sup>2</sup>

### (Mass)

grams	0.0648	grains
g	28.349	oz
g	453.59	lb
kg	0.45359	lb
tonne	0.907	short ton
tonne	1.016	long ton

Metric Unit = Conversion Factor × US Unit

### (Volume)

mm <sup>3</sup>	16387.064	in <sup>3</sup>
cm <sup>3</sup>	16.387	in <sup>3</sup>
m <sup>3</sup>	0.028316	ft <sup>3</sup>
m <sup>3</sup>	0.764555	yd <sup>3</sup>
ml	16.387	in <sup>3</sup>
ml	29.57	fl oz
ml	473	pint
ml	946.333	quart
l	28.32	ft <sup>3</sup>
l	0.9463	quart
l	3.785	gallon
l	1.101	dry quart
l	8.809	peck
l	35.238	bushel

### (Mass)

g	31.103	oz t
g	373.248	lb t

### (Troy Weight)

g	3.387	dr ap
g	31.103	oz ap
g	373.248	lb ap

## Abbreviations List

### A

a—atto (prefix for  $10^{-18}$ )  
A—ampere (unit of electrical current)  
ac—alternating current  
ACC—Affiliated Club Coordinator  
ACSSB—amplitude-compandored single sideband  
A/D—analog-to-digital  
ADC—analog-to-digital converter  
AF—audio frequency  
AFC—automatic frequency control  
AFSK—audio frequency-shift keying  
AGC—automatic gain control  
A/h—ampere hour  
ALC—automatic level control  
AM—amplitude modulation  
AMRAD—Amateur Radio Research and Development Corp  
AMSAT—Radio Amateur Satellite Corp  
AMTOR—Amateur Teleprinting Over Radio  
ANT—antenna  
ARA—Amateur Radio Association  
ARC—Amateur Radio Club  
ARES—Amateur Radio Emergency Service  
ARQ—Automatic repeat request  
ARRL—American Radio Relay League  
ARS—Amateur Radio Society (station)  
ASCII—American National Standard Code for Information Interchange  
ATV—amateur television  
AVC—automatic volume control  
AWG—American wire gauge  
az-el—azimuth-elevation

### B

B—bel; blower; susceptance; flux density, (inductors)  
balun—balanced to unbalanced (transformer)  
BC—broadcast  
BCD—binary coded decimal  
BCI—broadcast interference  
Bd—baud (bids in single-channel binary data transmission)  
BER—bit error rate  
BFO—beat-frequency oscillator  
bit—binary digit  
bit/s—bits per second  
BM—Bulletin Manager  
BPF—band-pass filter  
BPL—Brass Pounders League  
BT—battery  
BW—bandwidth

### C

c—centi (prefix for  $10^{-2}$ )  
C—coulomb (quantity of electric charge); capacitor  
CAC—Contest Advisory Committee  
CATVI—cable television interference  
CB—Citizens Band (radio)  
CBBS—computer bulletin-board service  
CBMS—computer-based message system  
CCITT—International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee  
CCTV—closed-circuit television  
CCW—coherent CW  
ccw—counterclockwise

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## Abbreviations List

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CD—civil defense  
cm—centimeter  
CMOS—complimentary-symmetry metal-oxide semiconductor  
coax—coaxial cable  
COR—carrier-operated relay  
CP—code proficiency (award)  
CPU—central processing unit  
CRT—cathode ray tube  
CT—center tap  
CTCSS—continuous tone-coded squelch system  
cw—clockwise  
CW—continuous wave

### D

d—deci (prefix for  $10^{-1}$ )  
D—diode  
da—deca (prefix for 10)  
D/A—digital-to-analog  
DAC—digital-to-analog converter  
dB—decibel (0.1 bel)  
dBi—decibels above (or below) isotropic antenna  
dBm—decibels above (or below) 1 milliwatt  
DBM—doubly balanced mixer  
dBV—decibels above/below 1 V (in video, relative to 1 V P-P)  
dBW—decibels above/below 1 W  
dc—direct current  
D-C—direct conversion  
DDS—direct digital synthesis  
DEC—District Emergency Coordinator  
deg—degree  
DET—detector  
DF—direction finding; direction finder  
DIP—dual in-line package  
DMM—digital multimeter  
DPDT—double-pole double-throw (switch)  
DPSK—differential phase-shift keying  
DPST—double-pole single-throw (switch)  
DS—direct sequence (spread spectrum); display  
DSB—double sideband  
DSP—digital signal processing  
DTMF—dual-tone multifrequency  
DVM—digital voltmeter  
DX—long distance; duplex  
DXAC—DX Advisory Committee  
DXCC—DX Century Club

### E

e—base of natural logarithms (2.71828)  
E—voltage  
EA—ARRL Educational Advisor  
EC—Emergency Coordinator  
ECL—emitter-coupled logic  
EHF—extremely high frequency (30-300 GHz)  
EIA—Electronic Industries Assn  
EIRP—effective isotropic radiated power  
ELF—extremely low frequency  
ELT—emergency locator transmitter  
EMC—electromagnetic compatibility  
EME—earth-moon-earth (moonbounce)

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## Abbreviations List

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EMF—electromotive force

EMI—electromagnetic interference

EMP—electromagnetic pulse

EOC—emergency operations center

EPROM—erasable programmable read only memory

### F

f—femto (prefix for  $10^{-5}$ ); frequency

F—farad (capacitance unit); fuse

fax—facsimile

FCC—Federal Communications Commission

FD—Field Day

FEMA—Federal Emergency Management Agency

FET—field-effect transistor

FFT—fast Fourier transform

FL—filter

FM—frequency modulation

FMTV—frequency-modulated television

FSK—frequency-shift keying

FSTV—fast-scan (real-time) television

ft—foot (unit of length)

### G

g—gram (unit of mass)

G—giga (prefix for  $10^9$ ); conductance

GaAs—gallium arsenide

GDO—grid- or gate-dip oscillator

GHz—gigahertz ( $10^9$  Hz)

GND—ground

### H

h—hecto (prefix for  $10^2$ )

H—henry (unit of inductance)

HF—high frequency (3-30 MHz)

HFO—high-frequency oscillator; heterodyne frequency oscillator

HPF—highest probable frequency; high-pass filter

Hz—hertz (unit of frequency, 1 cycle/s)

### I

I—current, indicating lamp

IARU—International Amateur Radio Union

IC—integrated circuit

ID—identification; inside diameter

IEEE—Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

IF—intermediate frequency

IMD—intermodulation distortion

in.—inch (unit of length)

in./s—inch per second (unit of velocity)

I/O—input/output

IRC—international reply coupon

ISB—Independent sideband

ITF—Interference Task Force

ITU—International Telecommunication Union

### J

*j*—operator for complex notation, as for reactive component of an impedance ( $+j$  inductive;  $-j$  capacitive)

J—joule ( $\text{kg m}^2/\text{s}^2$ ) (energy or work unit); jack

JFET—junction field-effect transistor

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## Abbreviations List

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### K

k—kilo (prefix for 10<sup>3</sup>); Boltzmann's constant (1.38x10<sup>-23</sup> J/K)  
K—kelvin (used without degree symbol) absolute temperature scale; relay  
kBd—1000 bauds  
kbit—1024 bits  
kbit/s—1024 bits per second  
kbyte—1024 bytes  
kg—kilogram  
kHz—kilohertz  
km—kilometer  
kV—kilovolt  
kW—kilowatt  
kΩ—kilohm

### L

l—liter (liquid volume)  
L—lambert; inductor  
lb—pound (force unit)  
LC—inductance-capacitance  
LCD—liquid crystal display  
LED—light-emitting diode  
LF—low frequency (30-300 kHz)  
LHC—left-hand circular (polarization)  
LO—local oscillator; Leadership Official  
LP—log periodic  
LS—loudspeaker  
lsb—least significant bit  
LSB—lower sideband  
LSI—large-scale integration  
LUF—lowest usable frequency

### M

m—meter (length); milli (prefix for 10<sup>-3</sup>)  
M—mega (prefix for 10<sup>6</sup>); meter (instrument)  
mA—milliampere  
mAh—milliampere hour  
MCP—multimode communications processor  
MDS—Multipoint Distribution Service; minimum discernible (or detectable) signal  
MF—medium frequency (300-3000 kHz)  
mH—millihenry  
MHz—megahertz  
mi—mile, statute (unit of length)  
mi/h—mile per hour  
mi/s—mile per second  
mic—microphone  
min—minute (time)  
MIX—mixer  
mm—millimeter  
MOD—modulator  
modem—modulator/demodulator  
MOS—metal-oxide semiconductor  
MOSFET—metal-oxide semiconductor field-effect transistor  
MS—meteor scatter  
ms—millisecond  
m/s—meters per second  
msb—most-significant bit  
MSI—medium-scale integration  
MSK—minimum-shift keying

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## Abbreviations List

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MSO—message storage operation

MUF—maximum usable frequency

mV—millivolt

mW—milliwatt

MΩ—megohm

### N

n—nano (prefix for  $10^{-9}$ ); number of turns (inductors)

NBFM—narrow-band frequency modulation

NC—no connection; normally closed

NCS—net-control station; National Communications System

nF—nanofarad

NF—noise figure

nH—nanohenry

NiCd—nickel cadmium

NM—Net Manager

NMOS—N-channel metal-oxide silicon

NO—normally open

NPN—negative-positive-negative (transistor)

NPRM—Notice of Proposed Rule Making (FCC)

ns—nanosecond

NTIA—National Telecommunications and Information Administration

NTS—National Traffic System

### O

OBS—Official Bulletin Station

OD—outside diameter

OES—Official Emergency Station

OO—Official Observer

op amp—operational amplifier

ORS—Official Relay Station

OSC—oscillator

OSCAR—Orbiting Satellite Carrying Amateur Radio

OTC—Old Timer's Club

oz—ounce (force unit,  $\frac{1}{16}$  pound)

### P

p—pico (prefix for  $10^{-12}$ )

P—power; plug

PA—power amplifier

PACTOR—digital mode combining aspects of packet and AMTOR

PAM—pulse-amplitude modulation

PBS—packet bulletin-board system

PC—printed circuit

$P_D$ —power dissipation

PEP—peak envelope power

PEV—peak envelope voltage

pF—picofarad

pH—picohenry

PIC—Public Information Coordinator

PIN—positive-intrinsic-negative (semiconductor)

PIO—Public Information Officer

PIV—peak inverse voltage

PLL—phase-locked loop

PM—phase modulation

PMOS—P-channel (metal-oxide semiconductor)

PNP—positive negative positive (transistor)

pot—potentiometer

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## Abbreviations List

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P-P—peak to peak

ppd—postpaid

PROM—programmable read-only memory

PSAC—Public Service Advisory Committee

PSHR—Public Service Honor Roll

PTO—permeability-tuned oscillator

PTT—push to talk

### Q-R

Q—figure of merit (tuned circuit); transistor

QRP—low power (less than 5-W output)

R—resistor

RACES—Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service

RAM—random-access memory

RC—resistance-capacitance

R/C—radio control

RCC—Rag Chewer's Club

RDF—radio direction finding

RF—radio frequency

RFC—radio-frequency choke

RFI—radio-frequency interference

RHC—right-hand circular (polarization)

RIT—receiver incremental tuning

RLC—resistance-inductance-capacitance

RM—rule making (number assigned to petition)

r/min—revolutions per minute

RMS—root mean square

ROM—read-only memory

r/s—revolutions per second

RS—Radio Sputnik, Russian ham satellite

RST—readability-strength-tone (CW signal report)

RTTY—radioteletype

RX—receiver, receiving

### S

s—second (time)

S—siemens (unit of conductance); switch

SASE—self-addressed stamped envelope

SCF—switched capacitor filter

SCR—silicon controlled rectifier

SEC—Section Emergency Coordinator

SET—Simulated Emergency Test

SGL—State Government Liaison

SHF—super-high frequency (3-30 GHz)

SM—Section Manager; silver mica (capacitor)

S/N—signal-to-noise ratio

SPDT—single pole double-throw (switch)

SPST—single-pole single-throw (switch)

SS—Sweepstakes; spread spectrum

SSB—single sideband

SSC—Special Service Club

SSI—small-scale integration

SSTV—slow-scan television

STM—Section Traffic Manager

SX—simplex

sync—synchronous, synchronizing

SWL—shortwave listener

SWR—standing-wave ratio

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## Abbreviations List

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### T

T—tera (prefix for  $10^{12}$ ); transformer  
TA—ARRL Technical Advisor  
TC—Technical Coordinator  
TCC—Transcontinental Corps (NTS)  
TCP/IP—Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol  
tfc—traffic  
TNC—terminal node controller (packet radio)  
TR—transmit/receive  
TS—Technical Specialist  
TTL—transistor-transistor logic  
TTY—teletypewriter  
TU—terminal unit  
TV—television  
TVI—television interference  
TX—transmitter, transmitting

### U

U—integrated circuit  
UHF—ultra-high frequency (300 MHz to 3 GHz)  
USB—upper sideband  
UTC—Coordinated Universal Time (also abbreviated Z)  
UV—ultraviolet

### V

V—volt; vacuum tube  
VCO—voltage-controlled oscillator  
VCR—video cassette recorder  
VDT—video-display terminal  
VE—Volunteer Examiner  
VEC—Volunteer Examiner Coordinator  
VFO—variable-frequency oscillator  
VHF—very-high frequency (30-300 MHz)  
VLF—very-low frequency (3-30 kHz)  
VLSI—very-large-scale integration  
VMOS—V-topology metal-oxide semiconductor  
VOM—volt-ohmmeter  
VOX—voice-operated switch  
VR—voltage regulator  
VSWR—voltage standing-wave ratio  
VTVM—vacuum-tube voltmeter  
VUCC—VHF/UHF Century Club  
VXO—variable-frequency crystal oscillator

### W

W—watt ( $\text{kg m}^2\text{s}^{-3}$ ), unit of power  
WAC—Worked All Continents  
WAS—Worked All States  
WBFM—wide-band frequency modulation  
WEFAX—weather facsimile  
Wh—watthour  
WPM—words per minute  
WRC—World Radio Conference  
WVDC—working voltage, direct current

### X

X—reactance

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## Abbreviations List

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XCVR—transceiver  
XFMR—transformer  
XIT—transmitter incremental tuning  
XO—crystal oscillator  
XTAL—crystal  
XVTR—transverter

### Y-Z

Y—crystal; admittance  
YIG—yttrium iron garnet  
Z—impedance; also see [UTC](#)

### Numbers/Symbols

5BDXCC—Five-Band DXCC  
5BWAC—Five-Band WAC  
5BWAS—Five-Band WAS  
6BWAC—Six-Band WAC  
 $^\circ$ —degree (plane angle)  
 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ —degree Celsius (temperature)  
 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ —degree Fahrenheit (temperature)  
 $\alpha$ —(alpha) angles; coefficients, attenuation constant, absorption factor, area, common-base forward current-transfer ratio of a bipolar transistor  
 $\beta$ —(beta) angles; coefficients, phase constant current gain of common-emitter transistor amplifiers  
 $\gamma$ —(gamma) specific gravity, angles, electrical conductivity, propagation constant  
 $\Gamma$ —(gamma) complex propagation constant  
 $\delta$ —(delta) increment or decrement; density; angles  
 $\Delta$ —(delta) increment or decrement determinant, permittivity  
 $\epsilon$ —(epsilon) dielectric constant; permittivity; electric intensity  
 $\zeta$ —(zeta) coordinates; coefficients  
 $\eta$ —(eta) intrinsic impedance; efficiency; surface charge density; hysteresis; coordinate  
 $\theta$ —(theta) angular phase displacement; time constant; reluctance; angles  
 $\iota$ —(iota) unit vector  
 $K$ —(kappa) susceptibility; coupling coefficient  
 $\lambda$ —(lambda) wavelength; attenuation constant  
 $\Lambda$ —(lambda) permeance  
 $\mu$ —(mu) permeability; amplification factor; micro (prefix for  $10^{-6}$ )  
 $\mu\text{C}$ —microcomputer  
 $\mu\text{F}$ —microfarad  
 $\mu\text{H}$ —microhenry  
 $\mu\text{P}$ —microprocessor  
 $\xi$ —(xi) coordinates  
 $\pi$ —(pi) 3.14159  
 $\rho$ —(rho) resistivity; volume charge density; coordinates; reflection coefficient  
 $\sigma$ —(sigma) surface charge density; complex propagation constant; electrical conductivity; leakage coefficient; deviation  
 $\Sigma$ —(sigma) summation  
 $\tau$ —(tau) time constant; volume resistivity; time-phase displacement; transmission factor; density  
 $\phi$ —(phi) magnetic flux angles  
 $\Phi$ —(phi) summation  
 $\chi$ —(chi) electric susceptibility; angles  
 $\Psi$ —(psi) dielectric flux; phase difference; coordinates; angles  
 $\omega$ —(omega) angular velocity  $2\pi f$   
 $\Omega$ —(omega) resistance in ohms; solid angle

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	Southern Electronics Supply 1909 Tulane Ave New Orleans, LA 70112 504-524-2343 <b>e-mail</b> <a href="mailto:e-mail@southernele.com">e-mail@southernele.com</a> <b>web</b> <a href="http://www.southernele.com/">www.southernele.com/</a>	Surplus Sales of Nebraska 1502 Jones St Omaha, NE 68102-3112 800-244-4567 (orders) 402-346-4750 <b>fax</b> 402-346-2939 <b>e-mail</b> <a href="mailto:grinnell@surplussales.com">grinnell@surplussales.com</a> <b>web</b> <a href="http://www.surplussales.com/">www.surplussales.com/</a>

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• Antenna Projects	DSP — Digital Signal Processing	Satellites
• Antenna Gain	EME — Moonbounce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• General</li><li>• Phase 3D</li></ul>
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• Antenna Theory	Grid Squares	UHF/Microwave
• Balloon Antenna	Ham Radio History	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• UHF/Microwave Projects and Information</li></ul>
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• Building Equipment		
• Construction Techniques		
• Projects for the Ham Shack		
• QRP Projects		
• Servicing Equipment		
• Surface Mount Technology		
• Tube Amplifiers		
• VHF Projects		
• Tube Transmitters/Receivers		

Check back often for new and updated TIS pages.

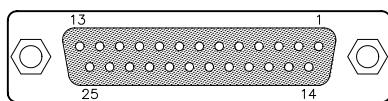
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# Computer Connector Pinouts

(A)

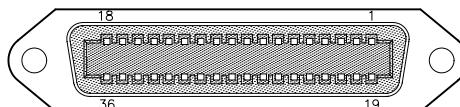
Parallel Port (DB 25 pin)  
Female



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Strobe	10	Acknowledge
2	Data 0	11	Busy
3	Data 1	12	Paper Empty
4	Data 2	13	Select
5	Data 3	14	Auto Feed
6	Data 4	15	Error
7	Data 5	16	Initialize
8	Data 6	17	Select In
9	Data 7	18–25	GND

(B)

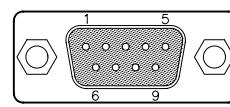
Parallel Port (Centronics 36 pin)  
Female



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Strobe	13	Select	13	Select
2	Data 0	14	Auto Feed	14	Auto Feed
3	Data 1	15	N/C (not connected)	15	N/C (not connected)
4	Data 2	16	Signal GND	16	Signal GND
5	Data 3	17	Frame GND	17	Frame GND
6	Data 4	18	+5V Out	18	+5V Out
7	Data 5	19–30	GND	19–30	GND
8	Data 6	31	Reset	31	Reset
9	Data 7	32	Error	32	Error
10	Acknowledge	33	External GND	33	External GND
11	Busy	34	N/C	34	N/C
12	Paper Empty	35	N/C	35	N/C
		36	Select In	36	Select In

(C)

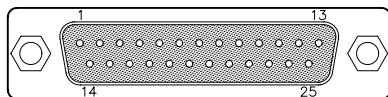
Serial Port (DB 9 pin)  
Male



Pin	Signal
1	DCD (Data Carrier Detect)
2	RxD (Receive Data)
3	TxD (Transmit Data)
4	DTR (Data Terminal Ready)
5	GND (Signal Ground)
6	DSR (Data Set Ready)
7	RTS (Request To Send)
8	CTS (Clear To Send)
9	RI (Ring Indicator)

(D)

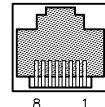
Serial Port (DB 25 pin)  
Male



Pin	Signal
1	N/C (not connected)
2	TxD (Transmit Data)
3	RxD (Receive Data)
4	RTS (Request To Send)
5	CTS (Clear To Send)
6	DSR (Data Set Ready)
7	GND (Signal Ground)
8	DCD (Data Carrier Detect)
9–19	N/C

(E)

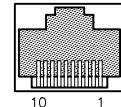
Ethernet Connector (RJ45–8 pin)  
Female



Pin	Signal
1	Output Transmit Data (+)
2	Output Transmit Data (-)
3	Input Receive Data (+)
4	N/C (not connected)
5	N/C
6	Input Receive Data (-)
7	N/C
8	N/C

(F)

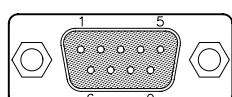
Ethernet Connector (RJ45–10 pin)  
Female



Pin	Signal
1	DCD (Data Carrier Detect)
2	DTR (Data Terminal Ready)
3	CTS (Clear To Send)
4	GND (Signal Ground)
5	RxD (Receive Data)
6	TxD (Transmit Data)
7	GND (Frame Ground)
8	RTS (Request To Send)
9	DSR (Data Set Ready)
10	RI (Ring Indicator)

(G)

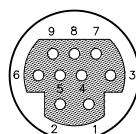
Mouse Port (DB 9 pin)  
Male



Pin	Signal
1	N/C (not connected)
2	Data
3	Clock
4	N/C
5	GND (Signal Ground)
6	N/C
7	RTS (12–9 V)
8	N/C
9	N/C

(H)

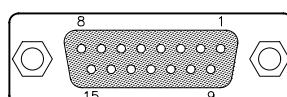
Mouse Port (mini DIN 9 pin)  
Female



Note: All figures not drawn to same scale.

(I)

Game/Joystick Port (DB 15 pin)  
Female



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5 V	10	Button (B-1)
2	Button (A-1)	11	Position (B-X)
3	Position (A-X)	12	GND
4	GND	13	Position (B-Y)
5	GND	14	Button (B-2)
6	Position (A-Y)	15	+5 V
7	Button (A-2)		
8	+5 V		
9	+5 V		

## Voltage-Power Conversion Table

Based on a 50-ohm system

Voltage			Power	
RMS	Peak-to-Peak	dBmV	Watts	dBm
0.01 µV	0.0283 µV	-100	$2 \times 10^{-18}$	-147.0
0.02 µV	0.0566 µV	-93.98	$8 \times 10^{-18}$	-141.0
0.04 µV	0.113 µV	-87.96	$32 \times 10^{-18}$	-134.9
0.08 µV	0.226 µV	-81.94	$128 \times 10^{-18}$	-128.9
0.1 µV	0.283 µV	-80.0	$200 \times 10^{-18}$	-127.0
0.2 µV	0.566 µV	-73.98	$800 \times 10^{-18}$	-121.0
0.4 µV	1.131 µV	-67.96	$3.2 \times 10^{-15}$	-114.9
0.8 µV	2.236 µV	-61.94	$12.8 \times 10^{-15}$	-108.9
1.0 µV	2.828 µV	-60.0	$20.0 \times 10^{-15}$	-107.0
2.0 µV	5.657 µV	-53.98	$80.0 \times 10^{-15}$	-101.0
4.0 µV	11.31 µV	-47.96	$320.0 \times 10^{-15}$	-94.95
8.0 µV	22.63 µV	-41.94	$1.28 \times 10^{-12}$	-88.93
10.0 µV	28.28 µV	-40.00	$2.0 \times 10^{-12}$	-86.99
20.0 µV	56.57 µV	-33.98	$8.0 \times 10^{-12}$	-80.97
40.0 µV	113.1 µV	-27.96	$32.0 \times 10^{-12}$	-74.95
80.0 µV	226.3 µV	-21.94	$128.0 \times 10^{-12}$	-68.93
100.0 µV	282.8 µV	-20.0	$200.0 \times 10^{-12}$	-66.99
200.0 µV	565.7 µV	-13.98	$800.0 \times 10^{-12}$	-60.97
400.0 µV	1.131 mV	-7.959	$3.2 \times 10^{-9}$	-54.95
800.0 µV	2.263 mV	-1.938	$12.8 \times 10^{-9}$	-48.93
1.0 mV	2.828 mV	0.0	$20.0 \times 10^{-9}$	-46.99
2.0 mV	5.657 mV	6.02	$80.0 \times 10^{-9}$	-40.97
4.0 mV	11.31 mV	12.04	$320 \times 10^{-9}$	-34.95
8.0 mV	22.63 mV	18.06	1.28 µW	-28.93
10.0 mV	28.28 mV	20.00	2.0 µW	-26.99
20.0 mV	56.57 mV	26.02	8.0 µW	-20.97
40.0 mV	113.1 mV	32.04	32.0 µW	-14.95
80.0 mV	226.3 mV	38.06	128.0 µW	-8.93
100.0 mV	282.8 mV	40.0	200.0 µW	-6.99
200.0 mV	565.7 mV	46.02	800.0 µW	-0.97
223.6 mV	632.4 mV	46.99	1.0 mW	0
400.0 mV	1.131 V	52.04	3.2 mW	5.05
800.0 mV	2.263 V	58.06	12.80 mW	11.07
1.0 V	2.828 V	60.0	20.0 mW	13.01
2.0 V	5.657 V	66.02	80.0 mW	19.03
4.0 V	11.31 V	72.04	320.0 mW	25.05
8.0 V	22.63 V	78.06	1.28 W	31.07
10.0 V	28.28 V	80.0	2.0 W	33.01
20.0 V	56.57 V	86.02	8.0 W	39.03
40.0 V	113.1 V	92.04	32.0 W	45.05
80.0 V	226.3 V	98.06	128.0 W	51.07
100.0 V	282.8 V	100.0	200.0 W	53.01
200.0 V	565.7 V	106.0	800.0 W	59.03
223.6 V	632.4 V	107.0	1000.0 W	60.0
400.0 V	1,131.0 V	112.0	3,200.0 W	65.05
800.0 V	2,263.0 V	118.1	12,800.0 W	71.07
1000.0 V	2,828.0 V	120.0	20,000 W	73.01
2000.0 V	5,657.0 V	126.0	80,000 W	79.03
4000.0 V	11,310.0 V	132.0	320,000 W	85.05
8000.0 V	22,630.0 V	138.1	1.28 MW	91.07
10,000.0 V	28,280.0 V	140.0	2.0 MW	93.01

Continued on [next page](#).

## Voltage-Power Conversion Table

Continued from [previous page](#).

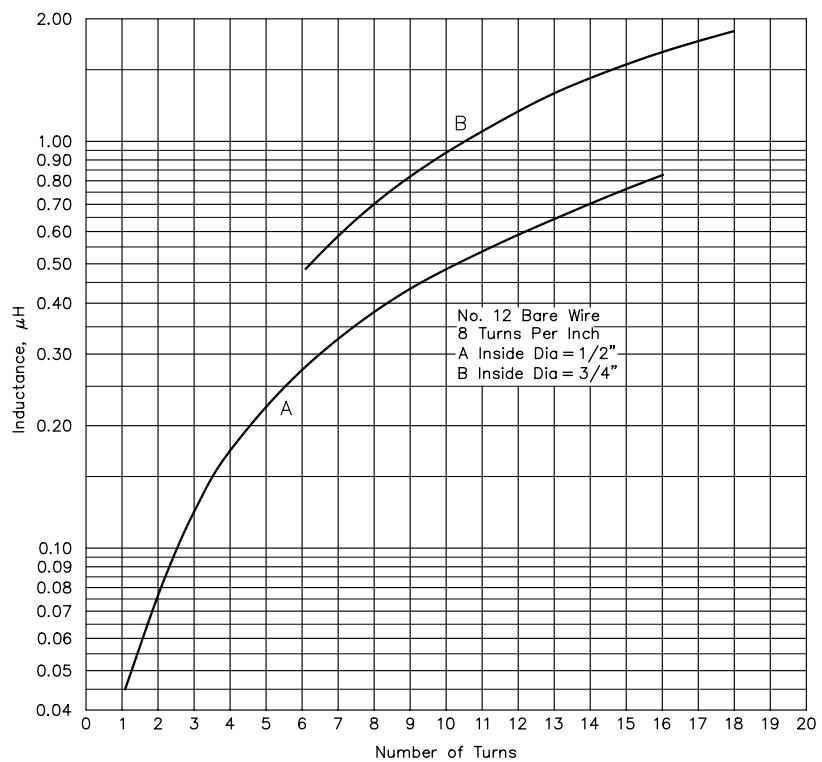
$$\text{Voltage, } V_{\text{p-p}} = V_{\text{RMS}} \times \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{Voltage, dBmV} = 20 \times \log_{10} \left[ \frac{V_{\text{RMS}}}{0.001\text{V}} \right]$$

$$\text{Power, Watts} = \left[ \frac{V_{\text{RMS}}^2}{50 \Omega} \right]$$

$$\text{Power, dBm} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left[ \frac{\text{Power (watts)}}{0.001\text{W}} \right]$$

## Measured inductance for #12 Wire Windings

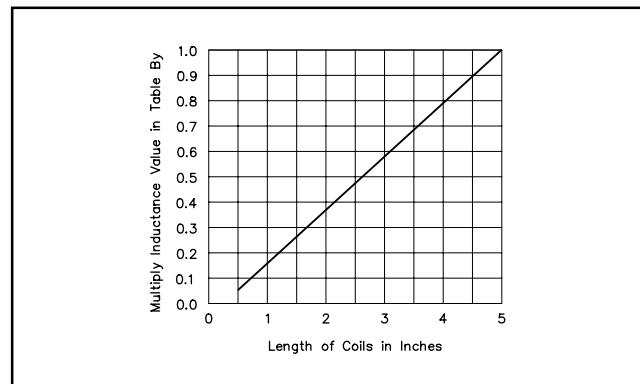


Values are for inductors with half-inch leads and wound with eight turns per inch.

## Large Machine-Wound Coil Specifications

<i>Coil Dia, Inches</i>	<i>Turns Per Inch</i>	<i>Inductance in <math>\mu</math>H</i>
1 1/4	4	2.75
	6	6.3
	8	11.2
	10	17.5
	16	42.5
1 1/2	4	3.9
	6	8.8
	8	15.6
	10	24.5
	16	63
1 3/4	4	5.2
	6	11.8
	8	21
	10	33
	16	85
2	4	6.6
	6	15
	8	26.5
	10	42
	16	108
2 1/2	4	10.2
	6	23
	8	41
	10	64
3	4	14
	6	31.5
	8	56
	10	89

## Inductance Factor for Large Machine-Wound Coils

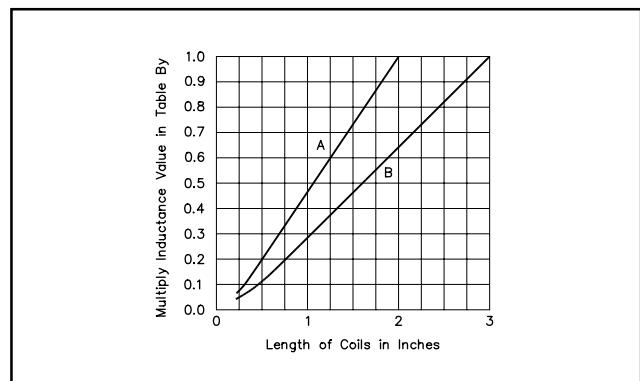


Factor to be applied to the inductance of large coils for coil lengths up to 5 inches.

## Small Machine-Wound Coil Specifications

<i>Coil Dia, Inches</i>	<i>Turns Per Inch</i>	<i>Inductance in <math>\mu</math>H</i>
1/2 (A)	4	0.18
	6	0.40
	8	0.72
	10	1.12
	16	2.8
5/8 (A)	32	12
	4	0.28
	6	0.62
	8	1.1
	10	1.7
3/4 (B)	16	4.4
	32	18
	4	0.6
	6	1.35
	8	2.4
1 (B)	10	3.8
	16	9.9
	32	40
	4	1.0
	6	2.3
10	8	4.2
	16	6.6
	32	16.9
	64	68

## Inductance Factor for Small Machine-Wound Coils



Factor to be applied to the inductance of small coils as a function of coil length. Use curve A for coils marked A, and curve B for coils marked B.

## How to Use the Standard Value Capacitor (SVC) Filter Tables

Detailed instructions for using these tables appear in the Filters chapter. If you are unfamiliar with filter design from tables, look there to learn the basics. This simple example is intended as a memory aid, not a tutorial.

Let's design a low-pass filter for a 20-m CW transmitter. Based on measurements of the second harmonic, insertion loss (attenuation) should be at least 20 dB at the minimum second-harmonic frequency (28 MHz). Insertion loss should be minimal at the maximum operating frequency (14.1 MHz).

When choosing a filter, look for appropriate cutoff and attenuation frequencies, but *ignore the decimal points* because the component values are easily scaled by powers of ten. A 5-element Chebyshev design looks like a good choice because designs 20 through 22 show 20-dB frequencies of 2.73 and 2.77 MHz and cutoff frequencies of 1.44 to 1.66 MHz. In fact, those numbers are *too close* to our targets (27.7 MHz is only 1.1% under 28 MHz). Using 5% components, we would be lucky to get within 5% of the design targets. It's better to move each target value 10% or so to the safe side, which yields 20 dB at 25.2 MHz and  $f_{co} = 15.5$  MHz. No 5-element design in the table can meet these criteria.

In the 7-element Chebyshev list, however, design 25 meets the needs. It has a maximum SWR of 1.099:1, which is acceptable.

### FREQUENCY (MHz)

NO.	$F_{co}$	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB	MAX SWR	C1,7 (pF)	L2,6 ( $\mu$ H)	C3,5 (pF)	L4 ( $\mu$ H)
25	1.68	1.93	2.35	3.03	1.099	1500	6.58	3300	7.72

Scaling the filter is easy. We need only divide one of the frequencies listed into the desired frequency, round to the nearest power of ten and multiply all frequencies and divide all component values by the result:  $28/2.35 = 11.91$ , say 10; which gives:

### FREQUENCY (MHz)

NO.	$F_{co}$	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB	MAX SWR	C1,7 (pF)	L2,6 ( $\mu$ H)	C3,5 (pF)	L4 ( $\mu$ H)
25	16.8	19.3	23.5	30.3	1.099	150	0.658	330	0.772

In some cases, the filter terminating impedances may not be 50  $\Omega$ . Then we need to adjust the filter values to match the required impedance. All tabulated designs are easily scaled to impedance levels other than 50  $\Omega$ , while keeping the convenience of standard-value capacitors and the "scan mode" of design selection. If the desired new impedance level differs from 50  $\Omega$  by a factor that is some power of ten, the 50- $\Omega$  design is scaled by shifting the decimal points of the component values, that is multiplying or dividing by some power of ten. The other data remain unchanged. For example, if the impedance level is increased by ten or one hundred times (to 500 or 5000  $\Omega$ ), the decimal point of the capacitor is shifted to the left (dividing) one or two places and the decimal point of the inductor is shifted to the right (multiplying) one or two places. With increasing impedance, capacitor values decrease and inductor values increase. The opposite is true when impedance decreases.

When the desired impedance level differs from the standard 50- $\Omega$  value by a factor that is not a power of ten, such as 1.2, 1.5 or 1.86, the search criteria to select the design number must be adjusted by that factor:

1. Calculate the impedance scaling ratio:

$$R = \frac{Z_x}{50} \quad (1)$$

where  $Z_x$  is the desired new impedance level, in ohms.

2. Calculate the cutoff frequency ( $f_{50co}$ ) of a "trial" 50- $\Omega$  filter,

$$f_{50co} = R \times f_{xco} \quad (2)$$

where  $R$  is the impedance scaling ratio and  $f_{xco}$  is the desired cutoff frequency of the filter at the new impedance level.

3. Select a design from the SVC tables based on the calculated  $f_{50co}$ . The capacitor values of this design are taken directly, but the frequency and inductor values must be scaled to the new impedance level.

Continued on [next page](#).

## How to Use the Standard Value Capacitor (SVC) Filter Tables

Continued from [previous page](#).

4. Calculate the exact  $f_{xco}$  values, where

$$f_{xco} = \frac{f'_{50co}}{R} \quad (3)$$

and  $f'_{50co}$  is the tabulated cutoff frequency of the selected design. Calculate the other frequencies of the design in the same way.

5. Calculate the inductor values for the new filter by multiplying the tabulated inductor values of the selected design by the square of the scaling ratio,  $R$ .

For example, assume that our 20-m low-pass filter were to be used in a  $1000\text{-}\Omega$  IF stage. This requires that we apply both methods, because a change from 50 to 1000 involves factors of 10 and 2 ( $50 \times 2 \times 10 = 1000$ ). Therefore, we must first scale the desired frequencies by from  $50\text{ }\Omega$  to  $100\text{ }\Omega$  ( $50 \times 2 = 100$ ):

$$R = 100/50 = 2$$

$$f_{50co} = 2 \times 15.5 = 31 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_{20dB} = 2 \times 25.2 = 50.4 \text{ MHz}$$

Select a filter based on these two values. Design 59 from the 7-element low-pass Chebyshev list looks good. Scale all frequencies of the final design by dividing the tabulated frequencies impedance scaling ratio, 2:

$$f_{co} = 3.3/2 = 1.65$$

$$f_{20dB} = 4.81/2 = 2.405$$

The inductor values are scaled to  $100\text{ }\Omega$  by multiplying them by the square of the impedance ratio, where  $R = 2$  and  $R^2 = 4.0$ :

$$L_{2,6} = 4.0 \times 3.24 \mu\text{H} = 12.96 \mu\text{H}$$

$$L_4 = 4.0 \times 3.88 \mu\text{H} = 15.52 \mu\text{H}$$

The  $100\text{-}\Omega$  design is now impedance scaled to  $1000\text{ }\Omega$  by shifting the decimal points of the capacitor values to the left and the decimal points of the inductor values to the right. The final scaled component values for the  $1000\text{-}\Omega$  filter are:

$$C_{1,7} = 68 \text{ pF}$$

$$C_{3,5} = 160 \text{ pF}$$

$$L_{2,6} = 129.6 \mu\text{H}$$

$$L_4 = 155.2 \mu\text{H}$$

## 5-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>			<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>C1,5 (pF)</b>	<b>L2,4 (μH)</b>	<b>C3 (pF)</b>
	<i>F<sub>co</sub></i>	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB			
1	1.01	1.15	1.53	2.25	1.355	3600	10.8
2	1.02	1.21	1.65	2.45	1.212	3000	10.7
3	1.15	1.29	1.71	2.51	1.391	3300	9.49
4	1.10	1.32	1.81	2.69	1.196	2700	9.88
5	1.25	1.41	1.88	2.75	1.386	3000	8.67
6	1.04	1.37	1.94	2.94	1.085	2200	9.82
7	1.15	1.41	1.95	2.92	1.155	2400	9.37
8	1.32	1.50	2.01	2.96	1.332	2700	8.29
9	1.13	1.50	2.12	3.22	1.081	2000	9.00
10	1.26	1.54	2.13	3.19	1.157	2200	8.56
11	1.39	1.61	2.18	3.21	1.276	2400	7.88
12	1.05	1.62	2.38	3.66	1.028	1600	8.35
13	1.23	1.65	2.34	3.55	1.076	1800	8.19
14	1.39	1.70	2.35	3.51	1.159	2000	7.75
15	1.55	1.79	2.41	3.55	1.295	2200	7.05
16	1.17	1.76	2.57	3.94	1.033	1500	7.70
17	1.27	1.77	2.55	3.88	1.057	1600	7.64
18	1.46	1.82	2.54	3.81	1.135	1800	7.28
19	1.65	1.92	2.59	3.83	1.268	2000	6.64
20	1.88	2.08	2.73	3.97	1.497	2200	5.70
21	1.43	1.94	2.77	4.21	1.068	1500	6.96
22	1.54	1.97	2.77	4.17	1.109	1600	6.79
23	1.76	2.07	2.81	4.17	1.238	1800	6.21
24	2.02	2.25	2.96	4.31	1.470	2000	5.31
25	1.31	2.10	3.11	4.79	1.022	1200	6.43
26	1.48	2.12	3.06	4.68	1.046	1300	6.39
27	1.75	2.19	3.05	4.57	1.135	1500	6.07
28	1.89	2.25	3.08	4.57	1.206	1600	5.77
29	2.19	2.45	3.23	4.71	1.440	1800	4.92
30	1.51	2.34	3.44	5.29	1.026	1100	5.78
31	1.70	2.36	3.40	5.17	1.057	1200	5.73
32	1.87	2.40	3.38	5.10	1.104	1300	5.57
33	2.20	2.56	3.46	5.11	1.268	1500	4.98
34	2.39	2.69	3.56	5.21	1.406	1600	4.53
35	1.75	2.63	3.85	5.91	1.033	1000	5.14
36	1.99	2.67	3.81	5.78	1.072	1100	5.05
37	2.19	2.74	3.81	5.71	1.135	1200	4.85
38	2.40	2.84	3.86	5.73	1.227	1300	4.55
39	1.89	2.87	4.21	6.47	1.030	910	4.71
40	2.14	2.91	4.16	6.31	1.068	1000	4.64
41	2.39	2.99	4.16	6.23	1.135	1100	4.45
42	2.64	3.11	4.22	6.25	1.238	1200	4.14
43	2.93	3.29	4.36	6.39	1.398	1300	3.71
44	2.05	3.16	4.64	7.13	1.028	820	4.28
45	2.36	3.20	4.57	6.94	1.068	910	4.22
46	2.63	3.28	4.57	6.86	1.135	1000	4.05
47	2.93	3.43	4.65	6.89	1.251	1100	3.73
48	3.29	3.67	4.85	7.07	1.440	1200	3.28
49	2.34	3.51	5.14	7.88	1.033	750	3.85
50	2.63	3.56	5.08	7.71	1.069	820	3.79
51	2.96	3.66	5.09	7.62	1.145	910	3.61
52	3.30	3.84	5.19	7.67	1.268	1000	3.32
53	3.76	4.15	5.45	7.93	1.497	1100	2.85
54	2.70	3.96	5.76	8.82	1.039	680	3.42

Continued on [next page](#).

## 5-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

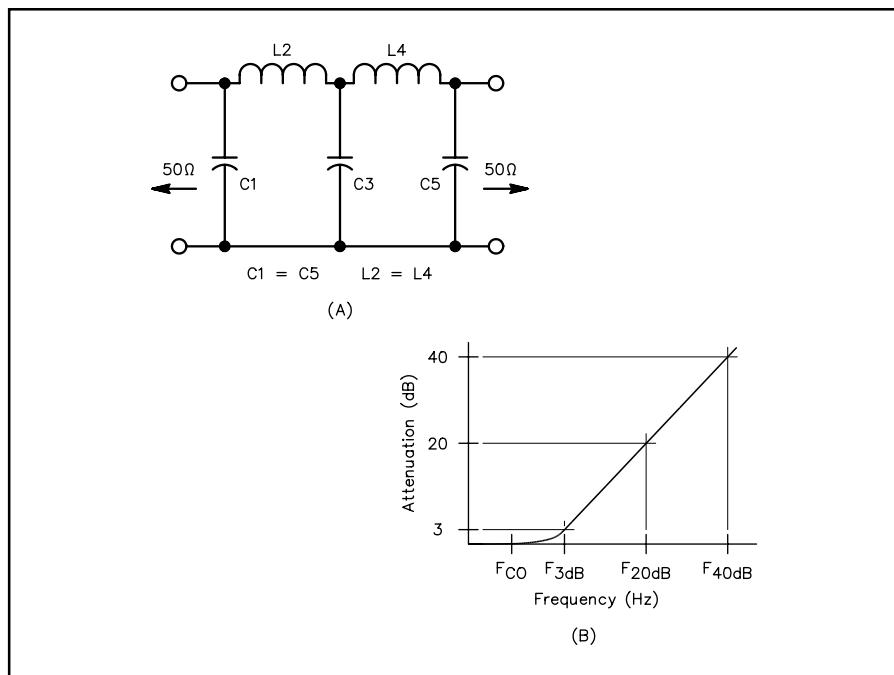
Continued from [previous page](#).

Filter No.	Frequency (MHz)			Max SWR	C1,5 (pF)	L2,4 (μH)	C3 (pF)
	F <sub>co</sub>	3 dB	20 dB				
55	3.06	4.03	5.71	8.63	1.086	750	3.34
56	3.38	4.14	5.73	8.57	1.159	820	3.18
57	3.82	4.39	5.89	8.67	1.311	910	2.86
58	2.77	4.21	6.18	9.48	1.030	620	3.21
59	3.14	4.26	6.10	9.26	1.067	680	3.17
60	3.51	4.38	6.10	9.14	1.135	750	3.03
61	3.88	4.56	6.20	9.17	1.241	820	2.82
62	4.46	4.95	6.51	9.48	1.473	910	2.41
63	3.39	4.88	7.08	10.8	1.044	560	2.77
64	3.84	4.98	7.02	10.6	1.097	620	2.70
65	4.26	5.14	7.08	10.5	1.181	680	2.55
66	4.79	5.46	7.29	10.7	1.341	750	2.28
67	3.61	5.28	7.68	11.8	1.039	510	2.56
68	4.06	5.36	7.61	11.5	1.083	560	2.51
69	4.55	5.54	7.65	11.4	1.167	620	2.37
70	5.07	5.84	7.84	11.5	1.304	680	2.16
71	3.96	5.76	8.38	12.8	1.041	470	2.35
72	4.39	5.84	8.31	12.6	1.079	510	2.31
73	4.88	6.01	8.33	12.5	1.152	560	2.20
74	5.50	6.34	8.54	12.6	1.293	620	1.99
75	4.40	6.34	9.20	14.1	1.043	430	2.13
76	4.91	6.45	9.13	13.8	1.087	470	2.09
77	5.38	6.62	9.17	13.7	1.154	510	2.00
78	6.00	6.95	9.37	13.8	1.282	560	1.83
79	4.81	6.97	10.1	15.5	1.042	390	1.94
80	5.43	7.09	10.0	15.2	1.091	430	1.89
81	6.00	7.31	10.1	15.1	1.167	470	1.80
82	6.60	7.64	10.3	15.2	1.283	510	1.66
83	4.86	7.69	11.4	17.5	1.023	330	1.76
84	5.51	7.76	11.2	17.1	1.052	360	1.74
85	6.07	7.89	11.1	16.8	1.095	390	1.70
86	6.77	8.17	11.2	16.7	1.184	430	1.60
87	7.54	8.61	11.5	17.0	1.327	470	1.45
88	5.26	8.40	12.4	19.2	1.022	300	1.61
89	6.04	8.49	12.2	18.7	1.052	330	1.59
90	6.70	8.64	12.2	18.4	1.101	360	1.55
91	7.33	8.89	12.3	18.3	1.175	390	1.48
92	8.24	9.42	12.6	18.5	1.327	430	1.33
93	6.69	9.36	13.5	20.6	1.054	300	1.44
94	7.48	9.56	13.4	20.2	1.110	330	1.40
95	8.25	9.89	13.6	20.2	1.196	360	1.32
96	9.10	10.4	13.9	20.4	1.328	390	1.20
97	7.21	10.2	14.8	22.6	1.048	270	1.32
98	8.18	10.5	14.7	22.2	1.107	300	1.28
99	9.11	10.9	14.9	22.1	1.203	330	1.19
100	10.1	11.5	15.3	22.5	1.355	360	1.08
101	7.82	11.3	16.4	25.1	1.042	240	1.19
102	9.02	11.6	16.3	24.6	1.105	270	1.16
103	8.66	12.4	18.0	27.6	1.044	220	1.09
104	9.64	12.6	17.9	27.1	1.088	240	1.06
105	9.22	13.5	19.6	30.0	1.039	200	1.00
106	9.85	14.7	21.5	33.0	1.034	180	0.919
							430

Continued on [next page](#).

## 5-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

Continued from [previous page](#).



The schematic for a 5-element capacitor input/output Chebyshev low-pass filter is shown at A. At B is the typical attenuation response curve.

## 7-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs—50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

<i>Filter No.</i>	<i>Frequency (MHz)</i>			<i>Max SWR</i>	<i>C1,7 (pF)</i>	<i>L2,6 (μH)</i>	<i>C3,5 (pF)</i>	<i>L4 (μH)</i>
	<i>F<sub>co</sub></i>	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB				
1	1.02	1.10	1.31	1.65	1.254	3300	11.2	6200 12.6
2	1.04	1.16	1.40	1.79	1.142	2700	10.9	5600 12.6
3	1.13	1.23	1.45	1.84	1.264	3000	10.1	5600 11.3
4	1.05	1.23	1.51	1.96	1.071	2200	10.3	5100 12.3
5	1.12	1.26	1.53	1.96	1.123	2400	10.0	5100 11.7
6	1.23	1.34	1.59	2.01	1.247	2700	9.29	5100 10.4
7	1.03	1.30	1.63	2.15	1.030	1800	9.52	4700 11.9
8	1.12	1.33	1.64	2.13	1.064	2000	9.50	4700 11.4
9	1.21	1.37	1.66	2.13	1.119	2200	9.27	4700 10.8
10	1.29	1.42	1.70	2.16	1.200	2400	8.82	4700 10.0
11	1.10	1.41	1.79	2.36	1.023	1600	8.68	4300 11.0
12	1.21	1.45	1.79	2.33	1.058	1800	8.71	4300 10.5
13	1.31	1.49	1.81	2.33	1.114	2000	8.50	4300 9.91
14	1.42	1.56	1.86	2.36	1.202	2200	8.06	4300 9.14
15	1.54	1.65	1.93	2.43	1.336	2400	7.39	4300 8.18
16	1.25	1.57	1.97	2.59	1.031	1500	7.90	3900 9.85
17	1.32	1.59	1.97	2.57	1.050	1600	7.91	3900 9.62
18	1.44	1.64	1.99	2.56	1.109	1800	7.73	3900 9.04
19	1.57	1.72	2.05	2.60	1.205	2000	7.30	3900 8.27
20	1.44	1.73	2.14	2.78	1.056	1500	7.29	3600 8.82
21	1.52	1.76	2.15	2.78	1.086	1600	7.22	3600 8.54
22	1.66	1.84	2.20	2.81	1.176	1800	6.86	3600 7.83
23	1.83	1.96	2.30	2.90	1.327	2000	6.22	3600 6.90
24	1.51	1.86	2.32	3.05	1.037	1300	6.70	3300 8.27
25	1.68	1.93	2.35	3.03	1.099	1500	6.58	3300 7.72
26	1.77	1.98	2.38	3.05	1.147	1600	6.40	3300 7.37
27	1.96	2.11	2.49	3.14	1.294	1800	5.83	3300 6.50
28	1.56	2.02	2.56	3.38	1.021	1100	6.04	3000 7.68
29	1.68	2.05	2.56	3.35	1.042	1200	6.09	3000 7.47
30	1.79	2.09	2.57	3.33	1.073	1300	6.05	3000 7.21
31	1.99	2.20	2.64	3.37	1.176	1500	5.72	3000 6.52
32	2.11	2.28	2.70	3.42	1.257	1600	5.42	3000 6.08
33	1.75	2.25	2.84	3.75	1.023	1000	5.45	2700 6.89
34	1.89	2.29	2.84	3.71	1.048	1100	5.48	2700 6.68
35	2.02	2.34	2.86	3.70	1.086	1200	5.41	2700 6.40
36	2.15	2.41	2.90	3.72	1.141	1300	5.26	2700 6.06
37	2.44	2.61	3.07	3.86	1.327	1500	4.66	2700 5.18
38	2.01	2.54	3.20	4.21	1.027	910	4.86	2400 6.09
39	2.17	2.59	3.20	4.17	1.056	1000	4.86	2400 5.88
40	2.33	2.66	3.24	4.17	1.104	1100	4.77	2400 5.59
41	2.49	2.76	3.30	4.21	1.176	1200	4.57	2400 5.22
42	2.67	2.88	3.41	4.30	1.282	1300	4.27	2400 4.77
43	2.15	2.76	3.49	4.60	1.024	820	4.44	2200 5.61
44	2.35	2.82	3.49	4.55	1.053	910	4.46	2200 5.41
45	2.52	2.89	3.52	4.54	1.099	1000	4.38	2200 5.15
46	2.72	3.01	3.60	4.59	1.176	1100	4.19	2200 4.78
47	2.94	3.16	3.73	4.70	1.294	1200	3.88	2200 4.33
48	2.38	3.04	3.84	5.06	1.025	750	4.04	2000 5.09
49	2.57	3.09	3.84	5.01	1.050	820	4.06	2000 4.93
50	2.78	3.18	3.88	5.00	1.100	910	3.98	2000 4.68
51	2.99	3.31	3.96	5.05	1.176	1000	3.81	2000 4.35
52	3.26	3.50	4.12	5.19	1.308	1100	3.50	2000 3.89
53	2.67	3.38	4.26	5.61	1.027	680	3.64	1800 4.57
54	2.89	3.45	4.27	5.56	1.056	750	3.65	1800 4.41
55	3.09	3.54	4.31	5.55	1.100	820	3.59	1800 4.21

Continued on [next page](#).

## 7-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs—50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

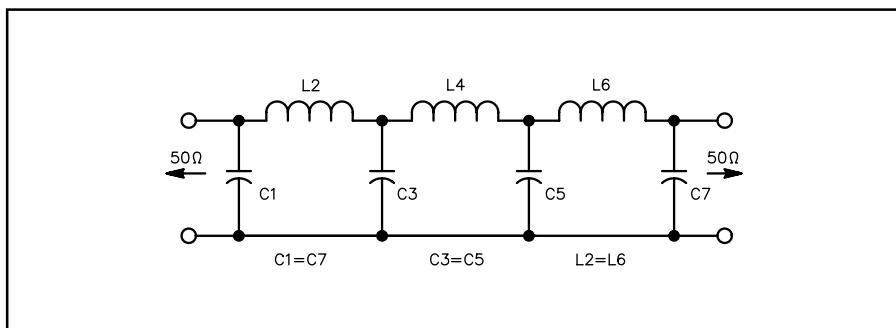
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<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>			<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>C1,7 (pF)</b>	<b>L2,6 (μH)</b>	<b>C3,5 (pF)</b>	<b>L4 (μH)</b>
	<i>F<sub>co</sub></i>	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB				
56	3.35	3.69	4.42	5.62	1.188	910	3.40	1800 3.87
57	3.65	3.92	4.60	5.80	1.327	1000	3.11	1800 3.45
58	3.07	3.82	4.80	6.30	1.033	620	3.24	1600 4.03
59	3.30	3.90	4.81	6.25	1.064	680	3.24	1600 3.88
60	3.55	4.02	4.87	6.26	1.120	750	3.15	1600 3.67
61	3.81	4.18	4.99	6.34	1.204	820	3.00	1600 3.39
62	3.16	4.05	5.12	6.75	1.024	560	3.03	1500 3.82
63	3.45	4.13	5.12	6.68	1.053	620	3.04	1500 3.69
64	3.69	4.24	5.17	6.66	1.097	680	2.99	1500 3.51
65	3.99	4.41	5.28	6.73	1.176	750	2.86	1500 3.26
66	4.31	4.64	5.48	6.91	1.297	820	2.64	1500 2.94
67	3.81	4.72	5.90	7.74	1.036	510	2.64	1300 3.26
68	4.10	4.82	5.93	7.69	1.070	560	2.62	1300 3.14
69	4.43	4.98	6.02	7.72	1.133	620	2.54	1300 2.94
70	4.78	5.21	6.19	7.85	1.230	680	2.39	1300 2.70
71	4.13	5.11	6.39	8.38	1.035	470	2.43	1200 3.01
72	4.40	5.20	6.41	8.33	1.064	510	2.43	1200 2.91
73	4.72	5.35	6.49	8.34	1.116	560	2.37	1200 2.76
74	5.12	5.60	6.67	8.48	1.214	620	2.23	1200 2.52
75	4.49	5.57	6.97	9.15	1.035	430	2.23	1100 2.76
76	4.82	5.68	7.00	9.09	1.066	470	2.22	1100 2.66
77	5.12	5.83	7.07	9.10	1.112	510	2.18	1100 2.54
78	5.52	6.07	7.24	9.21	1.196	560	2.07	1100 2.35
79	4.93	6.12	7.67	10.1	1.034	390	2.03	1000 2.51
80	5.33	6.26	7.70	10.0	1.069	430	2.02	1000 2.41
81	5.69	6.44	7.80	10.0	1.122	470	1.97	1000 2.29
82	6.08	6.68	7.97	10.1	1.198	510	1.88	1000 2.13
83	6.63	7.09	8.32	10.5	1.343	560	1.71	1000 1.89
84	5.48	6.75	8.43	11.0	1.038	360	1.85	910 2.28
85	5.84	6.87	8.46	11.0	1.068	390	1.84	910 2.20
86	6.28	7.09	8.58	11.0	1.126	430	1.79	910 2.07
87	6.75	7.39	8.80	11.2	1.213	470	1.69	910 1.91
88	5.68	7.39	9.37	12.4	1.020	300	1.65	820 2.10
89	6.17	7.52	9.36	12.2	1.043	330	1.66	820 2.04
90	6.60	7.68	9.41	12.2	1.079	360	1.65	820 1.96
91	7.01	7.89	9.53	12.2	1.131	390	1.61	820 1.86
92	7.59	8.27	9.82	12.5	1.233	430	1.51	820 1.70
93	6.72	8.21	10.2	13.4	1.042	300	1.52	750 1.87
94	7.23	8.40	10.3	13.3	1.080	330	1.51	750 1.79
95	7.72	8.66	10.4	13.4	1.138	360	1.46	750 1.69
96	8.24	9.00	10.7	13.6	1.222	390	1.39	750 1.57
97	7.36	9.04	11.3	14.8	1.039	270	1.38	680 1.70
98	7.98	9.27	11.4	14.7	1.082	300	1.37	680 1.62
99	8.58	9.59	11.6	14.8	1.148	330	1.32	680 1.52
100	9.23	10.0	11.9	15.1	1.247	360	1.24	680 1.39
101	7.91	9.86	12.4	16.2	1.032	240	1.26	620 1.56
102	8.67	10.1	12.4	16.1	1.075	270	1.25	620 1.49
103	9.39	10.5	12.7	16.2	1.145	300	1.20	620 1.39
104	8.86	11.0	13.7	18.0	1.036	220	1.14	560 1.40
105	9.49	11.2	13.8	17.8	1.068	240	1.13	560 1.35
106	9.72	12.0	15.0	19.7	1.036	200	1.03	510 1.28

Continued on [next page](#).

## 7-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs—50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

Continued from [previous page](#).



The schematic for a 7-element Chebyshev low-pass filter. See [page 30.33](#) for the attenuation response curve.

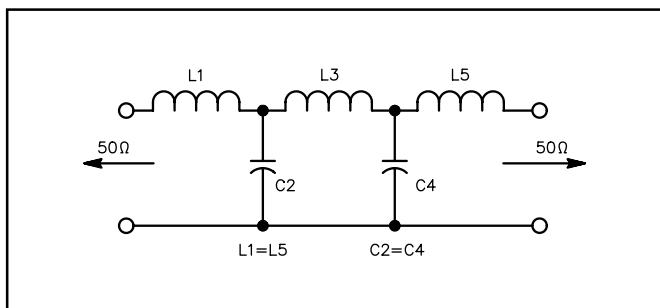
## 5-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs—50-Ohm Impedance, L-In/Out for Standard-Value L and C

<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>			<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>L1,5 (<math>\mu</math>H)</b>	<b>C2,4 (pF)</b>	<b>L3 (<math>\mu</math>H)</b>	
	<b><math>F_{co}</math></b>	<b>3 dB</b>	<b>20 dB</b>	<b>40 dB</b>				
1	0.744	1.15	1.69	2.60	1.027	5.60	4700	13.7
2	0.901	1.26	1.81	2.76	1.055	5.60	4300	12.7
3	1.06	1.38	1.94	2.93	1.096	5.60	3900	11.8
4	1.19	1.47	2.05	3.07	1.138	5.60	3600	11.2
5	1.32	1.58	2.17	3.23	1.192	5.60	3300	10.6
6	0.911	1.39	2.03	3.12	1.030	4.70	3900	11.4
7	1.08	1.50	2.16	3.29	1.056	4.70	3600	10.6
8	1.25	1.63	2.30	3.48	1.092	4.70	3300	9.92
9	1.42	1.77	2.46	3.68	1.142	4.70	3000	9.32
10	1.61	1.92	2.63	3.90	1.209	4.70	2700	8.79
11	1.05	1.64	2.41	3.72	1.025	3.90	3300	9.63
12	1.29	1.80	2.60	3.96	1.054	3.90	3000	8.83
13	1.54	1.99	2.80	4.22	1.099	3.90	2700	8.15
14	1.80	2.19	3.03	4.53	1.164	3.90	2400	7.57
15	1.99	2.35	3.20	4.75	1.222	3.90	2200	7.23
16	1.34	2.00	2.93	4.49	1.034	3.30	2700	7.89
17	1.68	2.25	3.20	4.84	1.077	3.30	2400	7.15
18	1.92	2.43	3.40	5.11	1.118	3.30	2200	6.73
19	2.16	2.63	3.62	5.40	1.174	3.30	2000	6.35
20	1.65	2.46	3.59	5.51	1.035	2.70	2200	6.43
21	1.99	2.70	3.86	5.85	1.069	2.70	2000	5.93
22	2.34	2.97	4.15	6.24	1.118	2.70	1800	5.50
23	2.71	3.27	4.49	6.68	1.188	2.70	1600	5.13
24	2.92	3.43	4.67	6.92	1.233	2.70	1500	4.97
25	2.01	3.01	4.39	6.74	1.034	2.20	1800	5.26
26	2.52	3.37	4.80	7.27	1.077	2.20	1600	4.76
27	2.78	3.57	5.02	7.56	1.107	2.20	1500	4.55
28	3.34	4.02	5.52	8.21	1.190	2.20	1300	4.18
29	2.36	3.61	5.29	8.14	1.029	1.80	1500	4.38
30	3.12	4.14	5.89	8.92	1.080	1.80	1300	3.88
31	3.51	4.45	6.23	9.36	1.118	1.80	1200	3.67
32	3.93	4.78	6.60	9.85	1.169	1.80	1100	3.48
33	4.37	5.15	7.01	10.4	1.233	1.80	1000	3.31
34	3.10	4.51	6.56	10.0	1.041	1.50	1200	3.51
35	3.65	4.90	6.99	10.6	1.073	1.50	1100	3.27
36	4.21	5.34	7.47	11.2	1.118	1.50	1000	3.06
37	4.75	5.77	7.95	11.9	1.173	1.50	910	2.89
38	3.53	5.41	7.94	12.2	1.029	1.20	1000	2.92
39	4.30	5.94	8.53	13.0	1.060	1.20	910	2.69
40	5.09	6.53	9.18	13.8	1.106	1.20	820	2.49
41	5.73	7.04	9.75	14.6	1.155	1.20	750	2.35
42	6.42	7.61	10.4	15.4	1.219	1.20	680	2.23
43	4.40	6.60	9.65	14.8	1.033	1.00	820	2.40
44	5.27	7.20	10.3	15.7	1.064	1.00	750	2.22
45	6.15	7.87	11.1	16.7	1.108	1.00	680	2.07
46	6.95	8.51	11.8	17.6	1.160	1.00	620	1.95
47	7.80	9.22	12.6	18.6	1.227	1.00	560	1.85
48	5.23	7.96	11.7	17.9	1.030	0.82	680	1.99
49	6.33	8.72	12.5	19.0	1.061	0.82	620	1.83
50	7.45	9.56	13.4	20.3	1.106	0.82	560	1.70
51	8.44	10.3	14.3	21.4	1.158	0.82	510	1.60
52	9.28	11.0	15.1	22.4	1.211	0.82	470	1.53
53	6.41	9.66	14.1	21.7	1.032	0.68	560	1.64
54	7.75	10.6	15.2	23.1	1.064	0.68	510	1.51
55	8.83	11.4	16.1	24.3	1.100	0.68	470	1.42
56	9.97	12.3	17.1	25.6	1.148	0.68	430	1.34

Continued on [next page](#).

## 5-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs—50-Ohm Impedance, L-In/Out for Standard-Value L and C

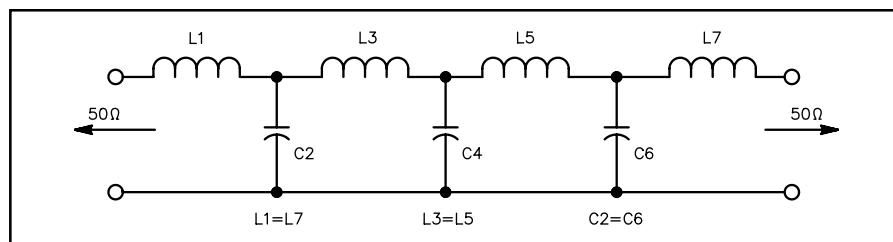
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The schematic for a 5-element inductor input/  
output Chebyshev low-pass filter. See [page  
30.33](#) for the attenuation response curve.

## 7-Element Chebyshev Low-Pass Filter Designs—50-Ohm Impedance, L-In/Out for Standard-Value L and C

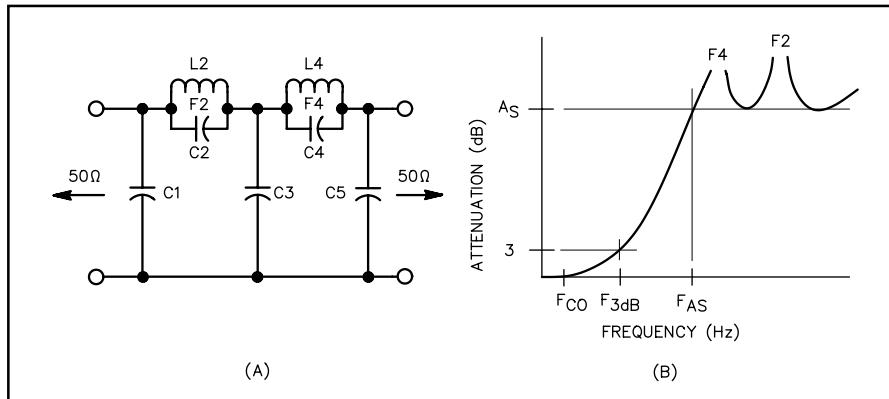
<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>			<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>L1,7 (μH)</b>	<b>C2,6 (pF)</b>	<b>L3,5 (μH)</b>	<b>C4 (pF)</b>
	<i>F<sub>co</sub></i>	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB				
1	1.01	1.18	1.44	1.87	1.081	5.89	4300	13.4
2	1.09	1.29	1.60	2.08	1.059	5.06	3900	12.0
3	1.03	1.09	1.26	1.58	1.480	10.1	4300	17.1
4	1.20	1.40	1.73	2.24	1.071	4.81	3600	11.2
5	1.16	1.23	1.44	1.81	1.383	8.34	3900	14.6
6	1.33	1.54	1.88	2.43	1.087	4.58	3300	10.3
7	1.42	1.68	2.07	2.70	1.064	3.95	3000	9.27
8	1.34	1.41	1.63	2.04	1.506	7.98	3300	13.4
9	1.53	1.85	2.31	3.02	1.045	3.36	2700	8.32
10	1.50	1.59	1.86	2.33	1.406	6.57	3000	11.4
11	1.63	2.06	2.59	3.41	1.029	2.83	2400	7.41
12	1.69	1.81	2.13	2.68	1.317	5.36	2700	9.70
13	1.86	2.27	2.83	3.70	1.042	2.71	2200	6.78
14	1.91	2.07	2.46	3.12	1.238	4.31	2400	8.19
15	2.14	2.52	3.11	4.04	1.064	2.63	2000	6.18
16	2.01	2.11	2.45	3.06	1.506	5.32	2200	8.91
17	2.29	2.78	3.46	4.52	1.045	2.24	1800	5.54
18	2.25	2.39	2.79	3.49	1.406	4.38	2000	7.61
19	2.45	3.09	3.88	5.11	1.029	1.89	1600	4.94
20	2.53	2.71	3.19	4.02	1.317	3.57	1800	6.47
21	2.85	3.37	4.15	5.39	1.064	1.97	1500	4.64
22	2.86	3.11	3.69	4.68	1.238	2.88	1600	5.46
23	3.13	3.84	4.79	6.27	1.039	1.59	1300	4.00
24	3.27	4.12	5.18	6.81	1.029	1.41	1200	3.70
25	3.47	3.90	4.70	6.02	1.140	2.01	1300	4.17
26	3.99	4.61	5.64	7.28	1.087	1.53	1100	3.43
27	4.27	5.05	6.22	8.09	1.064	1.32	1000	3.09
28	4.01	4.22	4.90	6.11	1.506	2.66	1100	4.45
29	4.63	5.53	6.85	8.91	1.056	1.17	910	2.81
30	4.49	4.77	5.57	6.98	1.406	2.19	1000	3.81
31	5.05	6.11	7.60	9.92	1.047	1.03	820	2.53
32	4.93	5.23	6.10	7.64	1.416	2.02	910	3.49
33	5.58	6.70	8.31	10.8	1.052	0.954	750	2.31
34	5.54	5.94	6.99	8.80	1.326	1.65	820	2.97
35	6.23	7.41	9.16	11.9	1.059	0.881	680	2.10
36	5.92	6.24	7.26	9.06	1.476	1.76	750	2.98
37	6.79	8.12	10.0	13.1	1.055	0.796	620	1.91
38	6.64	7.07	8.27	10.4	1.379	1.45	680	2.54
39	7.46	8.97	11.1	14.5	1.051	0.711	560	1.73
40	7.21	7.63	8.89	11.1	1.438	1.40	620	2.41
41	8.18	9.85	12.2	15.9	1.050	0.645	510	1.57
42	8.10	8.66	10.2	12.8	1.345	1.15	560	2.05
43	9.21	10.8	13.2	17.1	1.074	0.633	470	1.46
44	8.78	9.31	10.9	13.6	1.425	1.14	510	1.96
45	10.1	11.8	14.4	18.7	1.081	0.589	430	1.34



The schematic for a 7-element inductor input/output Chebyshev low-pass filter. See [page 30.33](#) for the attenuation response curve.

## 5-Branch Elliptic Low-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, Standard E12 Capacitor Values for C1, C3 and C5

<b>Filter No.</b>	<b><math>F_{co}</math></b>	<b><math>F_{3dB}</math> (MHz)</b>	<b><math>F_{AS}</math></b>	<b><math>A_s</math> (dB)</b>	<b>Max. SWR</b>	<b><math>C1</math></b>	<b><math>C3</math></b>	<b><math>C5</math> (pF)</b>	<b><math>C2</math></b>	<b><math>C4</math></b>	<b><math>L2</math> (<math>\mu H</math>)</b>	<b><math>L4</math></b>	<b><math>F2</math> (MHz)</b>	<b><math>F4</math></b>
1	0.795	0.989	1.57	47.4	1.092	2700	5600	2200	324	937	12.1	10.1	2.54	1.64
2	1.06	1.20	1.77	46.2	1.234	2700	4700	2200	341	982	9.36	7.56	2.82	1.85
3	1.47	1.57	2.15	45.4	1.586	2700	3900	2200	364	1045	6.32	4.88	3.32	2.23
4	0.929	1.18	1.91	48.0	1.077	2200	4700	1800	257	743	10.2	8.59	3.11	1.99
5	1.27	1.45	2.17	46.7	1.215	2200	3900	1800	271	779	7.85	6.39	3.45	2.26
6	1.69	1.82	2.54	45.9	1.489	2200	3300	1800	287	821	5.64	4.42	3.96	2.64
7	1.12	1.44	2.41	49.8	1.071	1800	3900	1500	192	549	8.45	7.25	3.95	2.52
8	1.49	1.73	2.70	48.8	1.183	1800	3300	1500	200	570	6.75	5.62	4.33	2.81
9	2.11	2.27	3.27	47.8	1.506	1800	2700	1500	213	604	4.55	3.64	5.12	3.40
10	1.28	1.66	2.63	46.3	1.064	1500	3300	1200	192	561	7.20	6.00	4.28	2.74
11	1.79	2.06	2.99	44.8	1.195	1500	2700	1200	204	592	5.52	4.42	4.75	3.11
12	2.52	2.70	3.63	43.8	1.525	1500	2200	1200	220	636	3.71	2.82	5.58	3.76
13	1.56	2.08	3.55	50.1	1.055	1200	2700	1000	127	363	5.88	5.07	5.83	3.71
14	2.23	2.59	4.04	48.8	1.183	1200	2200	1000	133	380	4.50	3.75	6.50	4.22
15	3.17	3.41	4.90	47.8	1.506	1200	1800	1000	142	402	3.03	2.42	7.68	5.10
16	1.94	2.52	4.15	48.4	1.064	1000	2200	820	115	331	4.79	4.06	6.78	4.34
17	2.73	3.14	4.73	47.0	1.199	1000	1800	820	121	348	3.66	2.99	7.56	4.93
18	3.73	4.02	5.63	46.2	1.491	1000	1500	820	129	368	2.56	2.01	8.76	5.85
19	2.39	3.11	5.20	49.4	1.065	820	1800	680	89.3	256	3.91	3.35	8.51	5.44
20	3.26	3.79	5.85	48.2	1.185	820	1500	680	93.6	267	3.07	2.54	9.39	6.10
21	4.83	5.17	7.30	47.2	1.569	820	1200	680	100	286	1.95	1.54	11.4	7.58
22	2.85	3.71	6.15	48.8	1.063	680	1500	560	76.6	220	3.26	2.78	10.1	6.43
23	4.16	4.74	7.14	47.3	1.221	680	1200	560	81.3	233	2.40	1.97	11.4	7.44
24	5.72	6.13	8.58	46.5	1.547	680	1000	560	86.3	246	1.65	1.30	13.3	8.91
25	3.67	4.69	7.95	50.5	1.076	560	1200	470	57.6	164	2.59	2.23	13.0	8.31
26	5.02	5.77	9.01	49.4	1.212	560	1000	470	60.3	171	2.01	1.68	14.5	9.40
27	7.18	7.68	11.1	48.6	1.582	560	820	470	64.1	181	1.32	1.06	17.3	11.5
28	4.40	5.60	9.24	49.3	1.079	470	1000	390	51.4	147	2.16	1.84	15.1	9.66
29	6.17	7.01	10.6	48.0	1.236	470	820	390	54.2	155	1.63	1.34	17.0	11.1
30	8.63	9.20	12.9	47.3	1.604	470	680	390	57.6	164	1.09	0.857	20.1	13.4
31	5.47	6.91	11.8	51.3	1.086	390	820	330	38.5	109	1.76	1.52	19.3	12.3
32	7.55	8.59	13.5	50.2	1.242	390	680	330	40.4	114	1.34	1.12	21.7	14.1
33	10.9	11.5	16.8	49.5	1.659	390	560	330	42.8	120	0.862	0.695	26.2	17.4
34	6.59	8.17	13.0	47.7	1.096	330	680	270	39.0	112	1.46	1.22	21.1	13.6
35	9.10	10.2	15.0	46.5	1.267	330	560	270	41.2	118	1.09	0.881	23.7	15.6
36	12.4	13.2	18.1	45.8	1.635	330	470	270	43.9	125	0.741	0.573	27.9	18.8



The schematic for a 5-branch elliptic low-pass filter is shown at A.  
At B is the typical attenuation response curve.

## 5-Element Chebyshev High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>				<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>C1,5 (pF)</b>	<b>L2,4 (μH)</b>	<b>C3 (pF)</b>
	<i>F<sub>co</sub></i>	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB				
1	1.04	0.726	0.501	0.328	1.044	5100	6.45	2200
2	1.04	0.788	0.554	0.366	1.081	4300	5.97	2000
3	1.17	0.800	0.550	0.359	1.039	4700	5.85	2000
4	1.07	0.857	0.615	0.410	1.135	3600	5.56	1800
5	1.17	0.877	0.616	0.406	1.076	3900	5.36	1800
6	1.33	0.890	0.609	0.397	1.034	4300	5.26	1800
7	1.12	0.938	0.686	0.461	1.206	3000	5.20	1600
8	1.25	0.974	0.693	0.461	1.109	3300	4.86	1600
9	1.38	0.994	0.691	0.454	1.057	3600	4.71	1600
10	1.54	1.00	0.683	0.444	1.028	3900	4.67	1600
11	1.14	0.978	0.723	0.490	1.268	2700	5.09	1500
12	1.28	1.03	0.738	0.492	1.135	3000	4.64	1500
13	1.43	1.06	0.738	0.486	1.068	3300	4.44	1500
14	1.61	1.07	0.730	0.476	1.033	3600	4.38	1500
15	1.21	1.08	0.812	0.555	1.398	2200	4.82	1300
16	1.35	1.14	0.841	0.567	1.227	2400	4.29	1300
17	1.55	1.20	0.853	0.566	1.104	2700	3.94	1300
18	1.75	1.23	0.848	0.555	1.046	3000	3.81	1300
19	1.28	1.15	0.871	0.597	1.440	2000	4.57	1200
20	1.45	1.24	0.909	0.614	1.238	2200	3.99	1200
21	1.60	1.29	0.923	0.616	1.135	2400	3.71	1200
22	1.84	1.32	0.921	0.605	1.057	2700	3.54	1200
23	2.14	1.34	0.906	0.588	1.022	3000	3.50	1200
24	1.57	1.34	0.989	0.669	1.251	2000	3.69	1100
25	1.75	1.40	1.01	0.672	1.135	2200	3.40	1100
26	1.93	1.44	1.01	0.664	1.072	2400	3.27	1100
27	2.27	1.46	0.992	0.645	1.026	2700	3.21	1100
28	1.71	1.47	1.08	0.734	1.268	1800	3.39	1000
29	1.93	1.54	1.11	0.739	1.135	2000	3.09	1000
30	2.15	1.58	1.11	0.730	1.068	2200	2.96	1000
31	2.41	1.60	1.10	0.714	1.033	2400	2.92	1000
32	1.66	1.50	1.14	0.783	1.473	1500	3.54	910
33	1.82	1.59	1.18	0.803	1.311	1600	3.18	910
34	2.09	1.69	1.22	0.812	1.145	1800	2.83	910
35	2.36	1.74	1.22	0.802	1.068	2000	2.70	910
36	2.68	1.76	1.20	0.783	1.030	2200	2.66	910
37	2.12	1.81	1.33	0.898	1.241	1500	2.73	820
38	2.28	1.86	1.35	0.902	1.159	1600	2.58	820
39	2.61	1.93	1.35	0.890	1.069	1800	2.43	820
40	3.01	1.96	1.33	0.866	1.028	2000	2.39	820
41	2.17	1.90	1.42	0.970	1.341	1300	2.67	750
42	2.57	2.06	1.48	0.985	1.135	1500	2.32	750
43	2.76	2.10	1.48	0.978	1.086	1600	2.25	750
44	3.21	2.14	1.46	0.952	1.033	1800	2.19	750
45	2.45	2.13	1.58	1.08	1.304	1200	2.36	680
46	2.69	2.23	1.62	1.09	1.181	1300	2.17	680
47	3.17	2.33	1.63	1.07	1.067	1500	2.01	680
48	3.44	2.35	1.62	1.06	1.039	1600	1.99	680
49	2.70	2.34	1.74	1.18	1.293	1100	2.14	620
50	2.99	2.46	1.78	1.19	1.167	1200	1.96	620
51	3.28	2.53	1.79	1.19	1.097	1300	1.87	620
52	3.93	2.59	1.76	1.15	1.030	1500	1.81	620
53	3.02	2.60	1.93	1.31	1.282	1000	1.92	560
54	3.37	2.74	1.97	1.32	1.152	1100	1.75	560

Continued on [next page](#).

## 5-Element Chebyshev High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

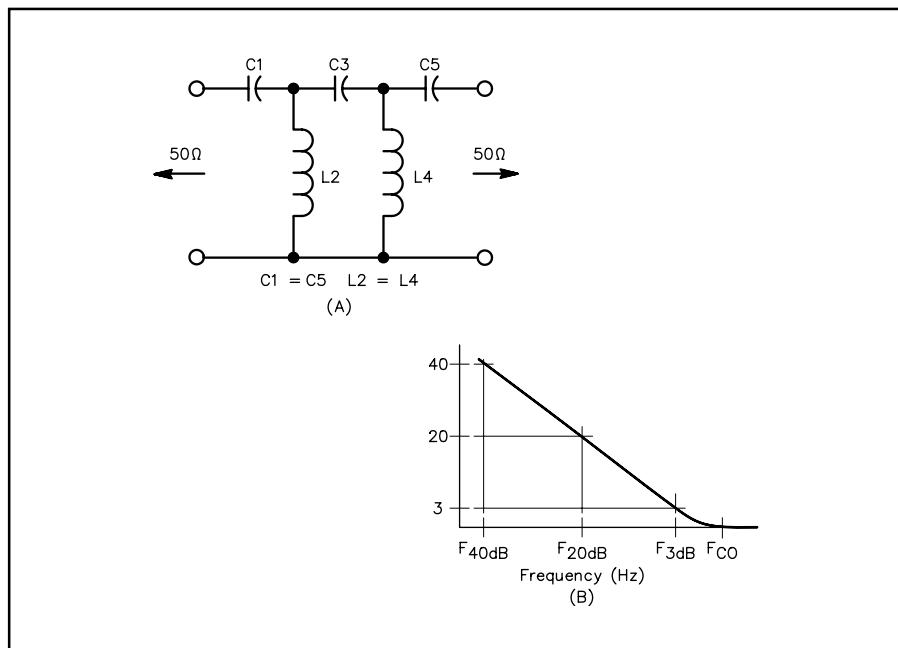
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<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>			<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>C1,5 (pF)</b>	<b>L2,4 (<math>\mu</math>H)</b>	<b>C3 (pF)</b>
	<b>F<sub>co</sub></b>	<b>3 dB</b>	<b>20 dB</b>	<b>40 dB</b>			
55	3.72	2.81	1.98	1.31	1.083	1200	1.67
56	4.10	2.85	1.97	1.29	1.044	1300	1.64
57	3.31	2.86	2.12	1.44	1.283	910	1.75
58	3.69	3.00	2.17	1.45	1.154	1000	1.60
59	4.11	3.09	2.17	1.44	1.079	1100	1.52
60	4.59	3.14	2.15	1.41	1.039	1200	1.49
61	3.49	3.05	2.28	1.55	1.327	820	1.66
62	3.95	3.24	2.35	1.57	1.167	910	1.49
63	4.39	3.34	2.36	1.56	1.087	1000	1.41
64	4.94	3.40	2.34	1.53	1.041	1100	1.38
65	3.81	3.34	2.49	1.70	1.327	750	1.52
66	4.24	3.52	2.56	1.72	1.184	820	1.38
67	4.77	3.65	2.58	1.71	1.091	910	1.29
68	5.36	3.72	2.56	1.68	1.043	1000	1.26
69	4.20	3.68	2.75	1.87	1.328	680	1.38
70	4.72	3.89	2.83	1.90	1.175	750	1.24
71	5.22	4.02	2.84	1.88	1.095	820	1.17
72	5.93	4.10	2.82	1.85	1.042	910	1.14
73	4.48	3.95	2.96	2.02	1.355	620	1.30
74	5.01	4.18	3.05	2.05	1.196	680	1.16
75	5.60	4.34	3.08	2.04	1.101	750	1.09
76	6.23	4.42	3.07	2.01	1.052	820	1.06
77	4.79	4.25	3.20	2.19	1.391	560	1.22
78	5.44	4.55	3.33	2.24	1.203	620	1.07
79	6.03	4.72	3.36	2.23	1.110	680	1.00
80	6.77	4.82	3.35	2.20	1.052	750	0.970
81	7.70	4.87	3.30	2.14	1.023	820	0.962
82	5.28	4.68	3.53	2.41	1.386	510	1.10
83	5.94	4.99	3.65	2.46	1.212	560	0.978
84	6.66	5.20	3.70	2.46	1.107	620	0.910
85	7.43	5.31	3.68	2.42	1.054	680	0.882
86	8.56	5.36	3.62	2.35	1.022	750	0.875
87	6.05	5.31	3.97	2.70	1.332	470	0.956
88	6.69	5.58	4.07	2.74	1.196	510	0.870
89	7.43	5.78	4.11	2.73	1.105	560	0.817
90	8.39	5.91	4.08	2.68	1.048	620	0.792
91	7.07	6.09	4.51	3.06	1.276	430	0.818
92	7.84	6.38	4.61	3.08	1.155	470	0.752
93	8.59	6.55	4.62	3.06	1.088	510	0.719
94	9.64	6.66	4.58	3.00	1.042	560	0.702
95	7.61	6.60	4.90	3.33	1.295	390	0.760
96	8.53	6.95	5.02	3.36	1.157	430	0.690
97	9.43	7.15	5.04	3.33	1.085	470	0.658
98	10.4	7.26	5.01	3.28	1.044	510	0.644
99	7.58	6.83	5.19	3.56	1.470	330	0.776
100	8.53	7.33	5.42	3.67	1.268	360	0.678
101	9.36	7.64	5.52	3.70	1.159	390	0.628
102	10.4	7.88	5.54	3.66	1.081	430	0.596
103	8.55	7.67	5.81	3.98	1.440	300	0.685
104	9.69	8.24	6.06	4.09	1.238	330	0.597
105	10.7	8.57	6.15	4.10	1.135	360	0.556
106	9.80	8.73	6.58	4.50	1.406	270	0.595

Continued on [next page](#).

## 5-Element Chebyshev High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

Continued from [previous page](#).



The schematic for a 5-element capacitor input/output Chebyshev high-pass filter is shown at A. At B is the typical attenuation response curve.

## 7-Element Chebyshev High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

<i>Filter No.</i>	<i>Frequency (MHz)</i>				<i>Max SWR</i>	<i>C1,7 (pF)</i>	<i>L2,6 (μH)</i>	<i>C3,5 (pF)</i>	<i>L4 (μH)</i>
	<i>F<sub>co</sub></i>	3 dB	20 dB	40 dB					
1	1.02	0.826	0.660	0.504	1.036	5100	6.16	2000	4.98
2	1.00	0.880	0.724	0.563	1.109	3900	5.67	1800	4.86
3	1.08	0.905	0.732	0.563	1.058	4300	5.55	1800	4.60
4	1.16	0.922	0.734	0.558	1.030	4700	5.55	1800	4.45
5	1.00	0.924	0.780	0.617	1.257	3000	5.53	1600	4.93
6	1.09	0.971	0.806	0.630	1.147	3300	5.15	1600	4.48
7	1.16	1.00	0.819	0.634	1.086	3600	4.99	1600	4.22
8	1.23	1.02	0.824	0.632	1.050	3900	4.93	1600	4.05
9	1.34	1.04	0.825	0.625	1.023	4300	4.95	1600	3.92
10	1.03	0.958	0.815	0.648	1.327	2700	5.43	1500	4.89
11	1.13	1.02	0.853	0.669	1.176	3000	4.92	1500	4.31
12	1.22	1.06	0.871	0.676	1.099	3300	4.70	1500	4.01
13	1.30	1.09	0.879	0.675	1.056	3600	4.63	1500	3.83
14	1.39	1.11	0.880	0.670	1.031	3900	4.63	1500	3.71
15	1.22	1.13	0.954	0.755	1.282	2400	4.57	1300	4.09
16	1.34	1.20	0.994	0.776	1.141	2700	4.17	1300	3.62
17	1.45	1.24	1.01	0.780	1.073	3000	4.03	1300	3.38
18	1.57	1.27	1.02	0.775	1.037	3300	4.00	1300	3.24
19	1.31	1.21	1.03	0.816	1.294	2200	4.25	1200	3.81
20	1.41	1.28	1.07	0.836	1.176	2400	3.94	1200	3.45
21	1.55	1.34	1.09	0.845	1.086	2700	3.74	1200	3.16
22	1.68	1.37	1.10	0.841	1.042	3000	3.70	1200	3.01
23	1.41	1.32	1.12	0.887	1.308	2000	3.93	1100	3.53
24	1.54	1.39	1.16	0.912	1.176	2200	3.61	1100	3.16
25	1.65	1.44	1.19	0.921	1.104	2400	3.46	1100	2.95
26	1.80	1.49	1.20	0.919	1.048	2700	3.39	1100	2.78
27	1.97	1.52	1.20	0.907	1.021	3000	3.41	1100	2.68
28	1.54	1.44	1.22	0.971	1.327	1800	3.62	1000	3.26
29	1.70	1.53	1.28	1.00	1.176	2000	3.28	1000	2.87
30	1.82	1.59	1.31	1.01	1.099	2200	3.14	1000	2.67
31	1.95	1.63	1.32	1.01	1.056	2400	3.08	1000	2.55
32	2.15	1.67	1.32	1.00	1.023	2700	3.10	1000	2.45
33	1.85	1.67	1.40	1.10	1.188	1800	3.01	910	2.64
34	2.00	1.75	1.44	1.11	1.100	2000	2.85	910	2.43
35	2.15	1.80	1.45	1.11	1.053	2200	2.81	910	2.31
36	2.31	1.83	1.45	1.10	1.027	2400	2.81	910	2.24
37	1.91	1.77	1.50	1.19	1.297	1500	2.91	820	2.61
38	2.03	1.85	1.55	1.22	1.204	1600	2.74	820	2.42
39	2.22	1.94	1.59	1.24	1.100	1800	2.57	820	2.19
40	2.41	2.00	1.61	1.23	1.050	2000	2.53	820	2.08
41	2.61	2.03	1.61	1.22	1.024	2200	2.54	820	2.01
42	2.26	2.04	1.71	1.34	1.176	1500	2.46	750	2.16
43	2.38	2.10	1.73	1.35	1.120	1600	2.38	750	2.04
44	2.60	2.17	1.76	1.35	1.056	1800	2.31	750	1.91
45	2.83	2.22	1.76	1.34	1.025	2000	2.32	750	1.84
46	2.40	2.20	1.85	1.46	1.230	1300	2.31	680	2.05
47	2.69	2.34	1.92	1.49	1.097	1500	2.13	680	1.81
48	2.82	2.39	1.94	1.49	1.064	1600	2.10	680	1.75
49	3.11	2.45	1.94	1.47	1.027	1800	2.10	680	1.67
50	2.66	2.43	2.04	1.61	1.214	1200	2.08	620	1.84
51	2.84	2.52	2.09	1.63	1.133	1300	1.98	620	1.71
52	3.16	2.64	2.13	1.63	1.053	1500	1.91	620	1.58
53	3.33	2.67	2.13	1.62	1.033	1600	1.91	620	1.54
54	2.73	2.55	2.17	1.73	1.343	1000	2.05	560	1.85

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## 7-Element Chebyshev High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

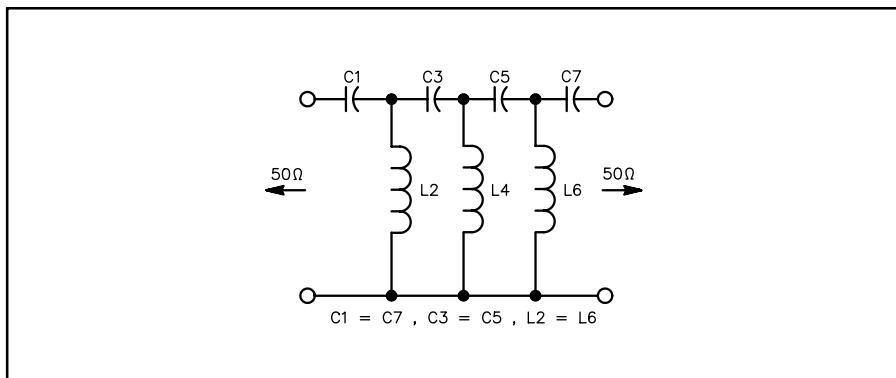
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<b>Filter No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>			<b>Max SWR</b>	<b>C1,7 (pF)</b>	<b>L2,6 (μH)</b>	<b>C3,5 (pF)</b>	<b>L4 (μH)</b>	
	<b>F<sub>co</sub></b>	<b>3 dB</b>	<b>20 dB</b>	<b>40 dB</b>					
55	2.98	2.71	2.27	1.79	1.196	1100	1.86	560	1.64
56	3.19	2.82	2.32	1.81	1.116	1200	1.77	560	1.52
57	3.39	2.89	2.35	1.81	1.070	1300	1.73	560	1.45
58	3.81	2.98	2.36	1.79	1.024	1500	1.73	560	1.37
59	3.27	2.97	2.49	1.96	1.198	1000	1.70	510	1.49
60	3.53	3.10	2.55	1.99	1.112	1100	1.61	510	1.38
61	3.76	3.18	2.58	1.99	1.064	1200	1.58	510	1.31
62	4.01	3.24	2.59	1.98	1.036	1300	1.57	510	1.27
63	3.51	3.21	2.69	2.12	1.213	910	1.58	470	1.40
64	3.79	3.35	2.76	2.15	1.122	1000	1.49	470	1.28
65	4.07	3.45	2.80	2.16	1.066	1100	1.45	470	1.21
66	4.35	3.52	2.81	2.14	1.035	1200	1.45	470	1.17
67	3.79	3.47	2.93	2.31	1.233	820	1.46	430	1.30
68	4.12	3.65	3.02	2.35	1.126	910	1.37	430	1.18
69	4.42	3.76	3.06	2.36	1.069	1000	1.33	430	1.11
70	4.77	3.85	3.07	2.34	1.035	1100	1.33	430	1.07
71	4.20	3.85	3.24	2.55	1.222	750	1.32	390	1.17
72	4.52	4.02	3.32	2.59	1.131	820	1.24	390	1.07
73	4.89	4.15	3.37	2.60	1.068	910	1.21	390	1.01
74	5.27	4.24	3.39	2.58	1.034	1000	1.20	390	0.969
75	4.48	4.13	3.48	2.75	1.247	680	1.24	360	1.10
76	4.86	4.33	3.59	2.80	1.138	750	1.15	360	1.00
77	5.20	4.47	3.65	2.82	1.079	820	1.12	360	0.942
78	5.64	4.58	3.67	2.80	1.038	910	1.11	360	0.899
79	4.87	4.49	3.79	2.99	1.254	620	1.14	330	1.01
80	5.26	4.71	3.91	3.05	1.148	680	1.06	330	0.924
81	5.67	4.87	3.98	3.07	1.080	750	1.03	330	0.864
82	6.07	4.98	4.00	3.06	1.043	820	1.02	330	0.829
83	5.32	4.91	4.15	3.28	1.264	560	1.04	300	0.930
84	5.80	5.18	4.30	3.36	1.145	620	0.965	300	0.838
85	6.22	5.36	4.37	3.38	1.082	680	0.933	300	0.787
86	6.71	5.49	4.40	3.36	1.042	750	0.923	300	0.752
87	7.25	5.58	4.40	3.33	1.020	820	0.931	300	0.731
88	5.98	5.50	4.64	3.66	1.247	510	0.926	270	0.824
89	6.46	5.77	4.78	3.74	1.142	560	0.867	270	0.752
90	6.98	5.97	4.87	3.76	1.075	620	0.837	270	0.703
91	7.50	6.11	4.89	3.74	1.039	680	0.831	270	0.675
92	6.39	5.97	5.08	4.04	1.336	430	0.873	240	0.787
93	6.94	6.32	5.29	4.16	1.200	470	0.798	240	0.704
94	7.41	6.55	5.41	4.21	1.123	510	0.762	240	0.656
95	7.95	6.75	5.48	4.22	1.068	560	0.742	240	0.620
96	8.61	6.90	5.50	4.19	1.032	620	0.740	240	0.595
97	7.56	6.88	5.77	4.54	1.202	430	0.733	220	0.646
98	8.11	7.16	5.91	4.60	1.119	470	0.697	220	0.599
99	8.63	7.35	5.98	4.61	1.071	510	0.681	220	0.570
100	9.28	7.51	6.00	4.58	1.036	560	0.677	220	0.548
101	7.70	7.19	6.11	4.86	1.327	360	0.723	200	0.652
102	8.30	7.56	6.34	4.99	1.205	390	0.667	200	0.589
103	8.97	7.90	6.51	5.06	1.114	430	0.632	200	0.542
104	9.59	8.11	6.58	5.07	1.064	470	0.618	200	0.515
105	8.72	8.09	6.86	5.44	1.294	330	0.637	180	0.571
106	9.42	8.51	7.11	5.57	1.176	360	0.590	180	0.517

Continued on [next page](#).

## 7-Element Chebyshev High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, C-In/Out for Standard E24 Capacitor Values

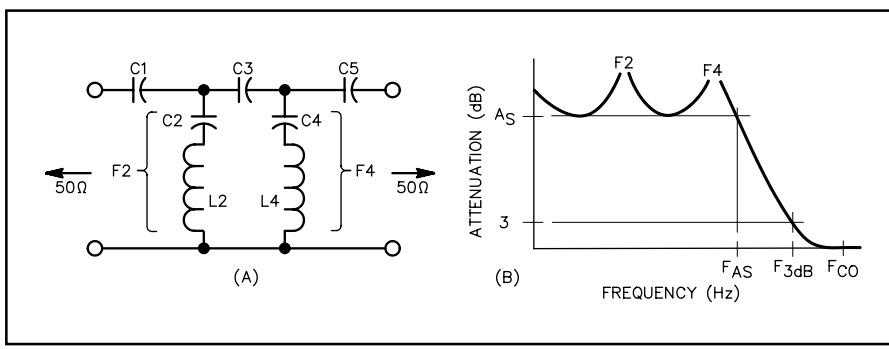
Continued from [previous page](#).



The schematic for a 7-element capacitor input/output Chebyshev high-pass filter. See [page 30.43](#) for the attenuation response curve.

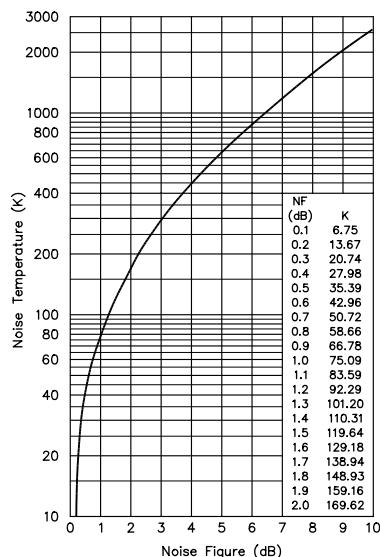
## 5-Branch Elliptic High-Pass Filter Designs— 50-Ohm Impedance, Standard E12 Capacitor Values for C1, C3 and C5

<b>Filter No.</b>	<b><math>F_{co}</math></b>	<b><math>F_{3dB}</math></b>	<b><math>F_{As}</math></b>	<b><math>A_s</math></b>	<b>Max. SWR</b>	<b><math>C1</math></b>	<b><math>C3</math></b>	<b><math>C5</math></b>	<b><math>C2</math></b>	<b><math>C4</math></b>	<b><math>L2</math></b>	<b><math>L4</math></b>	<b><math>F2</math></b>	<b><math>F4</math></b>
		(MHz)		(dB)		(nF)			( $\mu$ H)		( $\mu$ H)		(MHz)	(MHz)
1	1.01	0.936	0.670	45.9	1.489	2.7	1.8	3.3	20.7	7.24	6.58	8.40	0.431	0.646
2	1.14	0.976	0.608	50.4	1.186	3.3	1.8	3.9	32.3	11.4	5.53	6.54	0.377	0.582
3	1.30	1.01	0.604	49.4	1.071	3.9	1.8	4.7	35.8	12.5	5.19	6.07	0.369	0.578
4	1.19	1.11	0.810	45.4	1.543	2.2	1.5	2.7	16.4	5.71	5.65	7.28	0.523	0.780
5	1.38	1.20	0.797	46.8	1.199	2.7	1.5	3.3	22.0	7.66	4.61	5.65	0.499	0.765
6	1.56	1.19	0.685	51.6	1.064	3.3	1.5	3.9	33.7	11.9	4.32	4.97	0.417	0.655
7	1.51	1.40	1.01	45.9	1.489	1.8	1.2	2.2	13.8	4.82	4.39	5.60	0.646	0.968
8	1.75	1.51	1.00	46.6	1.180	2.2	1.2	2.7	17.7	6.14	3.65	4.47	0.627	0.961
9	2.02	1.52	0.920	48.3	1.055	2.7	1.2	3.3	23.4	8.09	3.44	4.04	0.562	0.880
10	1.78	1.65	1.15	47.8	1.506	1.5	1.0	1.8	12.7	4.47	3.71	4.64	0.733	1.10
11	2.07	1.80	1.20	46.8	1.199	1.8	1.0	2.2	14.7	5.11	3.07	3.77	0.749	1.15
12	2.38	1.83	1.13	47.8	1.064	2.2	1.0	2.7	18.6	6.43	2.87	3.40	0.689	1.08
13	2.22	2.08	1.55	43.7	1.531	1.2	0.82	1.5	8.19	2.83	3.05	4.02	1.01	1.49
14	2.52	2.17	1.39	48.7	1.186	1.5	0.82	1.8	13.5	4.73	2.51	3.01	0.865	1.33
15	2.89	2.23	1.36	48.2	1.065	1.8	0.82	2.2	15.5	5.37	2.36	2.78	0.833	1.30
16	2.57	2.40	1.68	47.8	1.560	1.0	0.68	1.2	8.40	2.96	2.60	3.27	1.08	1.62
17	3.05	2.68	1.85	44.7	1.215	1.2	0.68	1.5	8.77	3.02	2.10	2.64	1.17	1.78
18	3.48	2.66	1.57	49.9	1.063	1.5	0.68	1.8	14.1	4.94	1.96	2.28	0.957	1.50
19	3.17	2.96	2.13	46.1	1.554	0.82	0.56	1.0	6.31	2.21	2.13	2.72	1.37	2.05
20	3.62	3.16	2.05	48.6	1.210	1.0	0.56	1.2	8.93	3.14	1.74	2.10	1.28	1.96
21	4.19	3.30	2.11	46.1	1.076	1.2	0.56	1.5	9.30	3.19	1.61	1.94	1.30	2.02
22	4.30	3.79	2.55	46.9	1.233	0.82	0.47	1.0	6.69	2.33	1.48	1.82	1.60	2.45
23	4.89	3.84	2.31	49.7	1.079	1.0	0.47	1.2	9.34	3.27	1.36	1.59	1.41	2.21
24	5.87	3.89	2.31	47.4	1.021	1.2	0.47	1.5	9.71	3.32	1.35	1.58	1.39	2.20
25	4.44	4.17	3.01	46.5	1.618	0.56	0.39	0.68	4.37	1.53	1.54	1.97	1.94	2.90
26	5.14	4.52	2.99	48.0	1.236	0.68	0.39	0.82	5.88	2.06	1.23	1.50	1.87	2.87
27	5.88	4.67	2.90	48.0	1.085	0.82	0.39	1.0	7.05	2.45	1.13	1.34	1.78	2.78
28	5.99	5.34	3.60	47.1	1.269	0.56	0.33	0.68	4.63	1.62	1.06	1.31	2.27	3.46
29	6.81	5.48	3.37	49.0	1.096	0.68	0.33	0.82	6.15	2.15	0.961	1.13	2.07	3.22
30	8.07	5.50	3.17	49.3	1.026	0.82	0.33	1.0	7.33	2.54	0.945	1.09	1.91	3.02
31	6.38	5.99	4.26	47.3	1.609	0.39	0.27	0.47	3.18	1.12	1.06	1.34	2.74	4.10
32	7.34	6.47	4.18	49.2	1.241	0.47	0.27	0.56	4.33	1.53	0.856	1.03	2.61	4.01
33	8.39	6.73	4.17	48.4	1.092	0.56	0.27	0.68	4.90	1.71	0.784	0.930	2.57	4.00
34	7.92	7.36	4.98	49.6	1.522	0.33	0.22	0.39	3.05	1.08	0.828	1.02	3.17	4.79
35	9.21	8.05	5.27	48.1	1.217	0.39	0.22	0.47	3.40	1.19	0.686	0.832	3.30	5.06
36	10.4	8.18	4.84	50.5	1.077	0.47	0.22	0.56	4.56	1.60	0.636	0.740	2.95	4.62



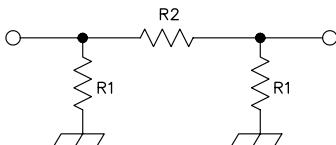
The schematic for a 5-branch elliptic high-pass filter is shown at A. At B is the typical attenuation response curve.

## Relationship Between Noise Figure and Noise Temperature



## Pi-Network Resistive Attenuators ( $50 \Omega$ )

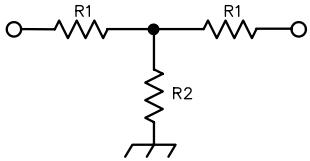
<i>dB Atten.</i>	<i>R1 (Ohms)</i>	<i>R2 (Ohms)</i>
1	870.0	5.8
2	436.0	11.6
3	292.0	17.6
4	221.0	23.8
5	178.6	30.4
6	150.5	37.3
7	130.7	44.8
8	116.0	52.8
9	105.0	61.6
10	96.2	71.2
11	89.2	81.6
12	83.5	93.2
13	78.8	106.0
14	74.9	120.3
15	71.6	136.1
16	68.8	153.8
17	66.4	173.4
18	64.4	195.4
19	62.6	220.0
20	61.0	247.5
21	59.7	278.2
22	58.6	312.7
23	57.6	351.9
24	56.7	394.6
25	56.0	443.1
30	53.2	789.7
35	51.8	1405.4
40	51.0	2500.0
45	50.5	4446.0
50	50.3	7905.6
55	50.2	14,058.0
60	50.1	25,000.0



Note: A PC board kit for the Low-Power Step Attenuator (Sep 1982 QST) is available from FAR Circuits. Project details are in the Handbook [template package STEP ATTENUATOR](#).

## T-Network Resistive Attenuators (50 Ω)

<i>dB</i>	<i>Atten.</i>	<i>R1 (Ohms)</i>	<i>R2 (Ohms)</i>
1		2.9	433.3
2		5.7	215.2
3		8.5	141.9
4		11.3	104.8
5		14.0	82.2
6		16.6	66.9
7		19.0	55.8
8		21.5	47.3
9		23.8	40.6
10		26.0	35.0
11		28.0	30.6
12		30.0	26.8
13		31.7	23.5
14		33.3	20.8
15		35.0	18.4
16		36.3	16.2
17		37.6	14.4
18		38.8	12.8
19		40.0	11.4
20		41.0	10.0
21		41.8	9.0
22		42.6	8.0
23		43.4	7.1
24		44.0	6.3
25		44.7	5.6
30		47.0	3.2
35		48.2	1.8
40		49.0	1.0
45		49.4	0.56
50		49.7	0.32
55		49.8	0.18
60		49.9	0.10



## Tower Manufacturers

Contact information appears in the [Handbook Address List](#) elsewhere in this chapter. Send updates to the Handbook Editor at ARRL Headquarters.

Aluma Tower  
Glen Martin Engineering  
Hy-Gain Division, Telex Communications, Inc  
M<sup>2</sup> Enterprises  
National Tower Co  
Rohn  
Texas Towers  
Tri-Ex Tower Corp  
Universal Manufacturing Co  
US Tower Corp

## Antenna Wire Strength

American Wire Gauge	<b>Recommended Tension<sup>1</sup> (pounds)</b>		<b>Weight (pounds per 1000 feet)</b>	
	Copper-clad steel <sup>2</sup>	Hard-drawn copper	Copper-clad steel <sup>2</sup>	Hard-drawn copper
4	495	214	115.8	126
6	310	130	72.9	79.5
8	195	84	45.5	50
10	120	52	28.8	31.4
12	75	32	18.1	19.8
14	50	20	11.4	12.4
16	31	13	7.1	7.8
18	19	8	4.5	4.9
20	12	5	2.8	3.1

<sup>1</sup> Approximately one-tenth the breaking load. Might be increased 50% if end supports are firm and there is no danger of ice loading.

<sup>2</sup> "Copperweld," 40% copper.

## Impedance of Various Two-Conductor Lines

Wire Size	<i>Twists per Inch</i>				
	2.5	5	7.5	10	12.5
no. 20	43	39	35		
no. 22	46	41	39	37	32
no. 24	60	45	44	43	41
no. 26	65	57	54	48	47
no. 28	74	53	51	49	47
no. 30		49	46	47	

Measured in ohms at 14.0 MHz.

This chart illustrates the impedance of various two-conductor lines as a function of the wire size and number of twists per inch.

## Standard vs American Wire Gauge

### **SWG   Diam (in.)   Nearest AWG**

12	0.104	10
14	0.08	12
16	0.064	14
18	0.048	16
20	0.036	19
22	0.028	21
24	0.022	23
26	0.018	25
28	0.0148	27
30	0.0124	28
32	0.0108	29
34	0.0092	31
36	0.0076	32
38	0.006	34
40	0.0048	36
42	0.004	38
44	0.0032	40
46	0.0024	—

## Attenuation per Foot for Lines

Wire Size	<i>Twists per Inch</i>				
	2.5	5	7.5	10	12.5
no. 20	0.11	0.11	0.12		
no. 22	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
no. 24	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13
no. 26	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
no. 28	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16
no. 30		0.25	0.27	0.27	

Measured in decibels at 14.0 MHz.

Attenuation in dB per foot for the same lines as shown above.

## Equivalent Values of Reflection Coefficient, Attenuation, SWR and Return Loss

Reflection Coefficient (%)	Attenuation (dB)	Max SWR	Return Loss	Reflection Coefficient (%)	Attenuation (dB)	Max SWR	Return Loss
1.000	0.000434	1.020	40.00	27.000	0.3287	1.740	11.37
1.517	0.001000	1.031	36.38	28.000	0.3546	1.778	11.06
2.000	0.001738	1.041	33.98	30.000	0.4096	1.857	10.46
3.000	0.003910	1.062	30.46	31.623	0.4576	1.925	10.00
4.000	0.006954	1.083	27.96	32.977	0.5000	1.984	9.64
4.796	0.01000	1.101	26.38	33.333	0.5115	2.000	9.54
5.000	0.01087	1.105	26.02	34.000	0.5335	2.030	9.37
6.000	0.01566	1.128	24.44	35.000	0.5675	2.077	9.12
7.000	0.02133	1.151	23.10	36.000	0.6028	2.125	8.87
7.576	0.02500	1.164	22.41	37.000	0.6394	2.175	8.64
8.000	0.02788	1.174	21.94	38.000	0.6773	2.226	8.40
9.000	0.03532	1.198	20.92	39.825	0.75000	2.324	8.00
10.000	0.04365	1.222	20.00	40.000	0.7572	2.333	7.96
10.699	0.05000	1.240	19.41	42.000	0.8428	2.448	7.54
11.000	0.05287	1.247	19.17	42.857	0.8814	2.500	7.36
12.000	0.06299	1.273	18.42	44.000	0.9345	2.571	7.13
13.085	0.07500	1.301	17.66	45.351	1.0000	2.660	6.87
14.000	0.08597	1.326	17.08	48.000	1.1374	2.846	6.38
15.000	0.09883	1.353	16.48	50.000	1.2494	3.000	6.02
15.087	0.10000	1.355	16.43	52.000	1.3692	3.167	5.68
16.000	0.1126	1.381	15.92	54.042	1.5000	3.352	5.35
17.783	0.1396	1.433	15.00	56.234	1.6509	3.570	5.00
18.000	0.1430	1.439	14.89	58.000	1.7809	3.762	4.73
19.000	0.1597	1.469	14.42	60.000	1.9382	4.000	4.44
20.000	0.1773	1.500	13.98	60.749	2.0000	4.095	4.33
22.000	0.2155	1.564	13.15	63.000	2.1961	4.405	4.01
23.652	0.2500	1.620	12.52	66.156	2.5000	4.909	3.59
24.000	0.2577	1.632	12.40	66.667	2.5528	5.000	3.52
25.000	0.2803	1.667	12.04	70.627	3.0000	5.809	3.02
26.000	0.3040	1.703	11.70	70.711	3.0103	5.829	3.01

$$\rho = \frac{SWR - 1}{SWR + 1}$$

where  $\rho = 0.01 \times (\text{reflection coefficient in \%})$

$$\rho = 10^{\frac{-RL}{20}}$$

where RL = return loss (dB)

$$\rho = \sqrt{1 - (0.1^X)}$$

where X = A/10 and A = attenuation (dB)

$$SWR = \frac{1+\rho}{1-\rho}$$

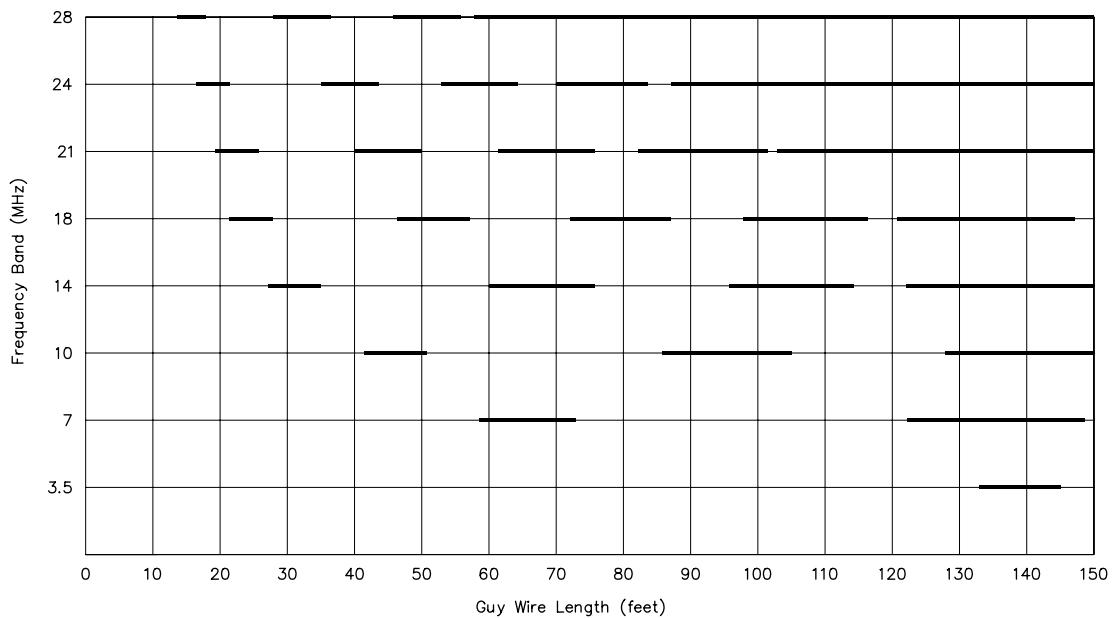
Return loss (dB) =  $-8.68589 \ln(\rho)$

where ln is the natural log (log to the base e)

Attenuation (dB) =  $-4.34295 \ln(1-\rho^2)$

where ln is the natural log (log to the base e)

## Guy Wire Lengths to Avoid



**The black bars indicate ungrounded guy wire lengths to avoid for the eight HF amateur bands. This chart is based on resonance within 10% of any frequency in the band. Grounded wires will exhibit resonance at odd multiples of a quarter wavelength. (Jerry Hall, K1TD)**

## Morse Code Character Set<sup>1</sup>

A	didah	• -	Period [.]:	didahdahdahdah	• - • - • -	AAA
B	dahdahdahdah	- • •	Comma [,:]	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - • - -	MIM
C	dahdahdahdah	- • - •	Question mark or request for repetition [?]:	dididahdahdah	• • - - -	IMI
D	dahdahdah	- • •	Error:	didididididididit	••••••••	HH
E	dit	•	Hyphen or dash [-]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- • • • -	DU
F	dididahdah	• • - •	Double dash [=]:	dahdahdahdah	- • • -	BT
G	dahdahdah	- - •	Colon [:]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - • •	OS
H	dididahdah	• • •	Semicolon [:]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- • - • - •	KR
I	dit	• •	Left parenthesis [(]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- • - - •	KN
J	dahdahdahdah	• - - -	Right parenthesis [)]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- • - - - •	KK
K	dahdahdah	- - •	Fraction bar [/]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- • • - •	DN
L	didahdahdah	• - • •	Quotation marks [“”]:	dahdahdahdahdah	• - - • - •	AF
M	dahdah	- -	Dollar sign [\$]:	dahdahdahdahdah	••• - - • -	SX
N	dahdah	- •	Apostrophe ['']:	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - - -	WG
O	dahdahdah	- - -	Paragraph [¶]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - - •	AL
P	dahdahdahdah	• - - •	Underline [_]:	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - - -	IQ
Q	dahdahdahdah	- - - • -	Starting signal:	dahdahdahdahdah	- • - - -	KA
R	dahdahdah	- - •	Wait:	dahdahdahdahdah	• - • •	AS
S	dididah	• • •	End of message or cross [+]:	dahdahdahdahdah	• - • - •	AR
T	dah	-	Invitation to transmit [K]:	dahdahdahdah	- • -	K
U	dididah	• • -	End of work:	dahdahdahdahdah	••• - • -	SK
V	didididah	• • • -	Understood:	dahdahdahdahdah	••• - • -	SN
W	dahdahdah	• - -				
X	dahdahdahdah	- • • -				
Y	dahdahdahdah	- • - -				
Z	dahdahdahdah	- - • •				

### Notes:

1. Not all Morse characters shown are used in FCC code tests. License applicants are responsible for knowing, and may be tested on, the 26 letters, the numerals 0 to 9, the period, the comma, the question mark, AR, SK, BT and fraction bar [DN].

2. The following letters are used in certain European languages which use the Latin alphabet:

Ä, Å	dahdahdah	• - • -
Á, Á, À, Â	dahdahdahdah	• - - • -
Ç, Ç	dahdahdahdah	- • - •
É, È, Ê	dahdahdahdah	•• - ••
È	dahdahdahdah	• - ••-
Ê	dahdahdahdah	- •• - •
Ö, Ö, Ó	dahdahdahdah	- - • -
Ñ	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - • - -
Ü	dahdahdahdah	•• - -
Ž	dahdahdahdah	- - ••
Z	dahdahdahdahdah	- - •• -
CH, Ş	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - -

3. Special Esperanto characters:

Ĉ	dahdahdahdah	- • - •
Ŝ	dahdahdahdah	•• - -
Ĵ	dahdahdahdah	• - - -
Ĥ	dahdahdahdah	- - - -
Ŭ	dahdahdahdah	•• - -
Ĝ	dahdahdahdah	- - - -

4. Signals used in other radio services:

Interrogatory	dahdahdahdah	•• - - -	INT
Emergency silence	dahdahdahdah	•••• - -	HM
Executive follows	dahdahdahdah	•• - • -	IX
Break-in signal	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - - -	TTTTT
Emergency signal	dahdahdahdahdahdah	•• - - - - ••	SOS
Relay of distress	dahdahdahdahdahdah	- • - • - - •	DDD

## Morse Abbreviated Numbers

Numeral	Long Number	Abbreviated Number	Equivalent Character
1	dahdahdahdahdah	• - - -	didah
2	dahdahdahdahdah	•• - -	dididah
3	dahdahdahdah	••• - -	didididah
4	dahdahdahdah	••• -	didididah
5	dahdahdahdah	•••• -	dididididit
6	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - -	dahdahdahdah
7	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - • -	dahdahdahdah
8	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - • -	dahdahdahdah
9	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - - •	dahdahdahdah
0	dahdahdahdahdah	- - - -	dah

Note: These abbreviated numbers are not legal for use in call signs. They should be used only where there is agreement between operators and when no confusion will result.

## The ASCII Coded Character Set

Bit Number	6	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
	5	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
3	2	1	0	Hex	1st	2nd			
0	0	0	0	0	NUL	DLE	SP	0	@
0	0	0	1	1	SOH	DC1	!	1	A
0	0	1	0	2	STX	DC2	"	2	B
0	0	1	1	3	ETX	DC3	#	3	C
0	1	0	0	4	EOT	DC4	\$	4	D
0	1	0	1	5	ENQ	NAK	%	5	E
0	1	1	0	6	ACK	SYN	&	6	F
0	1	1	1	7	BEL	ETB	'	7	G
1	0	0	0	8	BS	CAN	(	8	H
1	0	0	1	9	HT	EM	)	9	I
1	0	1	0	A	LF	SUB	*	:	J
1	0	1	1	B	VT	ESC	+	;	K
1	1	0	0	C	FF	FS	,	<	L
1	1	0	1	D	CR	GS	-	=	M
1	1	1	0	E	SO	RS	.	>	N
1	1	1	1	F	SI	US	/	?	O
								—	—
								o	DEL

ACK	acknowledge	FF	form feed
BEL	bell	FS	file separator
BS	backspace	GS	group separator
CAN	cancel	HT	horizontal tab
CR	carriage return	LF	line feed
DC1	device control 1	NAK	negative acknowledge
DC2	device control 2	NUL	null
DC3	device control 3	RS	record separator
DC4	device control 4	SI	shift in
DEL	(delete)	SO	shift out
DLE	data link escape	SOH	start of heading
ENQ	enquiry	SP	space
EM	end of medium	STX	start of text
EOT	end of transmission	SUB	substitute
ESC	escape	SYN	synchronous idle
ETB	end of block	US	unit separator
ETX	end of text	VT	vertical tab

### Notes

1. "1" = mark, "0" = space.
2. Bit 6 is the most-significant bit (MSB). Bit 0 is the least-significant bit (LSB).

## ITA2 (Baudot) and AMTOR Codes

Combination No.	ITA2 <sup>1</sup> Code		CCIR 476 <sup>2</sup> Code		Character Set		
	Bit No. 43210	Hex	Bit No. 6543210	Hex	Letters Case	ITA2	Figures Case U.S. TTYs <sup>3</sup>
1	00011	03	1000111	47	A	—	—
2	11001	19	1110010	72	B	?	?
3	01110	0E	0011101	1D	C	:	:
4	01001	09	1010011	53	D	5	\$
5	00001	01	1010110	56	E	3	3
6	01101	0D	0011011	1B	F	4	!
7	11010	1A	0110101	35	G	4	&
8	10100	14	1101001	69	H	4	# or motor stop
9	00110	06	1001101	4D	I	8	8
10	01011	0B	0010111	17	J	BELL	'
11	01111	0F	0011110	1E	K	(	(
12	10010	12	1100101	65	L	)	)
13	11100	1C	0111001	39	M	.	.
14	01100	0C	1011001	59	N	,	,
15	11000	18	1110001	71	O	9	9
16	10110	16	0101101	2D	P	0	0
17	10111	17	0101110	2E	Q	1	1
18	01010	0A	1010101	55	R	4	4
19	00101	05	1001011	4B	S	'	BELL
20	10000	10	1110100	74	T	5	5
21	00111	07	1001110	4E	U	7	7
22	11110	1E	0111100	3C	V	=	;
23	10011	13	0100111	27	W	2	2
24	11101	1D	0111010	3A	X	/	/
25	10101	15	0101011	2B	Y	6	6
26	10001	11	1100011	63	Z	"	"
27	01000	08	1111000	78	← CR (Carriage return)		
28	00010	02	1101100	6C	≡ LF (Line feed)		
29	11111	1F	1011010	5A	↓ LTRS (Letter shift)		
30	11011	1B	0110110	36	↑ FIGS (Figure shift)		
31	00100	04	1011100	5C	SP (Space)		
32	00000	00	1101010	6A	BLK (Blank)		

### Notes

- 1 represents the mark condition (shown as Z in ITU recommendations) which is the higher emitted radio frequency for FSK, the lower audio frequency for AFSK. 0 represents the space condition (shown as A in ITU documents). Bits are numbered 0 (least-significant bit) through 4 (most-significant bit). The order of bit transmission is LSB first, MSB last. Symbols A and Z are defined in CCIR Rec. R.140.
- 2 represents the mark condition (shown as B in CCIR recommendations), which is the higher emitted radio frequency for FSK, the lower audio frequency for AFSK. 0 represents the space condition (shown as Y in CCIR recommendations). Bits are numbered 0 (LSB) through 6 (MSB). The order of bit transmission is LSB first, MSB last.
- 3 Many U.S. teletypewriters have these figures case characters.
- 4 At present unassigned. Reception of these signals, however, should not initiate a request for repetition.
- 5 The pictorial representations of ☒ or ✖ indicate WRU (Who are you?), which is used for an answer-back function in telex networks.

## Baudot Signaling Rates and Speeds

<b>Signaling Rate (bauds)</b>	<b>Data Pulse (ms)</b>	<b>Stop Pulse (ms)</b>	<b>Speed (WPM)</b>	<b>Common Name</b>
45.45	22.0	22.0	65.00	Western Union
	22.0	31.0	61.33	“60 speed”
	22.0	33.0	60.61	45 bauds
50.00	20.0	30.0	66.67	European; 50 bauds
	17.57	25.00	76.68	“75 speed”
56.92	17.57	26.36	75.89	57 bauds
	13.47	19.18	100.00	“100 speed”
	13.47	20.21	98.98	74 bauds
100.0	10.00	15.00	133.33	100 bauds

## Code Conversion, ITA1 through 4 (Notes 1 and 2)

<i>Combination number</i>	<i>ITA1 Bit No. 43210</i>	<i>Figure Case ITA1</i>	<i>Letter Case All Codes</i>	<i>Figure Case ITA2-4</i>	<i>ITA2 Bit No. 43210</i>	<i>ITA3 Bit No. 6543210</i>	<i>ITA4 Bit No. 543210</i>
1	++++-	1	A	—	00011	0101100	000110
2	+-+-+	8	B	?	11001	1001100	110010
3	+-++-	9	C	:	01110	0011001	011100
4	+-+-+	0	D	Note 4	01001	0011100	010010
5	+++-+	2	E	3	00001	0001110	000010
6	+-+-+	Note 3	F	Note 4	01101	1100100	011010
7	+-+-+	7	G	Note 4	11010	1000011	110100
8	+-+-+	+	H	Note 4	10100	0100101	101000
9	+-+-+	Note 3	I	8	00110	0000111	001100
10	+-+-+	6	J	BELL	01011	1100010	010110
11	---+-	(	K	(	01111	1101000	011110
12	---+-	=	L	)	10010	0100011	100100
13	---+-	)	M	.	11100	1000101	111000
14	----+	Note 3	N	,	01100	0010101	011000
15	-----	5	O	9	11000	0110001	110000
16	-----	%	P	0	10110	0101001	101100
17	-----	/	Q	1	10111	1011000	101110
18	-----	—	R	4	01010	0010011	010100
19	---++	.	S	'	00101	0101010	001010
20	---++	Note 3	T	5	10000	1010001	100000
21	---++	4	U	7	00111	0100110	001110
22	---	'	V	=	11110	1001001	111100
23	---	?	W	2	10011	1010010	100110
24	---	,	X	/	11101	0110100	111010
25	++-++	3	Y	6	10101	1010100	101010
26	++-++	:	Z	+	10001	1000110	100010
27	++-++	Carriage return		Carriage return	01000	1100001	010000
28	++-++	Line feed		Line feed	00010	0001101	000100
29	++-++	Letter blank (space)		Letter shift	11111	0111000	111110
30	++-++	Figure blank (space)		Figure shift	11011	0110010	110110
31	++-++	Error		Space	00100	0001011	001000
32	++-++	Instrument at rest		Blank	00000	1110000	000001
—				Phasing signal	—	—	110011
—				Signal repetition	—	0010110	—
—				Signal alpha	Note 5	1001010	000000
—				Signal beta	Note 6	0011010	111111

### Notes

Note 1: For complete specifications of these codes see the following International Telecommunication Union documents: ITA1 and 2—Telegraph Regulations (Geneva Revision, 1958), ITA3—CCITT Rec. S.13, ITA4—CCITT Rec. R.44.

Note 2: In ITA1, + indicates positive current, – negative current. In ITA2 through ITA4, 1 represents mark condition (shown as Z in ITU recommendations, which is the higher emitted radio frequency for FSK, the lower for AFSK). 0 represents the space condition (shown as A in ITU recommendations). For meanings of A and Z see CCITT Rec. 140. The normal order of bit transmission is lowest significant bit (LSB) first.

Note 3: At the disposal of each administration for its internal service.

Note 4: At present unassigned. Reception of these signals, however, should not initiate a request for repetition. See CCITT Rec S.4.

Note 5: Permanent 0 polarity.

Note 6: Permanent 1 polarity.

## Conversion from ASCII to Morse and Baudot

ASCII		Int'l Morse		Baudot	
Code	Char	Code	Char	Code	Char <sup>2</sup>
6543210				1 43210	
0000000	NUL			↑↓ 00000	Blank
0000001	SOH				
0000010	STX				
0000011	ETX				
0000100	EOT				
0000101	ENQ			↑ 01001	WRU (ITA)
0000110	ACK				
0000111	BEL			↑ 01011	Bell (ITA)
				↑ 00101	Bell (U.S.)
0001000	BS				
0001001	HT				
0001010	LF			↑↓ 00010	LF
0001011	VT				
0001100	FF				
0001101	CR			↑↓ 01000	CR
0001110	SO				
0001111	SI				
0010000	DLE				
0010001	DC1				
0010010	DC2				
0010011	DC3				
0010100	DC4				
0010101	NAK				
0010110	SYN				
0010111	ETB				
0011000	CAN				
0011001	EM				
0011010	SUB				
0011011	ESC				
0011100	FS				
0011101	GS				
0011110	RS				
0011111	US				
0100000	SP	Space		00100	SP
0100001	!				
0100010	"	•— •• — •	AF "	↑ 10001	" (U.S.)
0100011	#			↑ 10100	# (U.S.)
0100100	\$	••• — •• —	SX \$	↑ 01001	\$ (U.S.)
0100101	%				
0100110	&				
0100111	'	•— — — •	WG '	↑ 00101	' (ITA)
				↑ 01011	' (U.S.)
0101000	(	—•— —•	KN (	↑ 01111	(
0101001	)	—•— —•—	KK )	↑ 10010	)
0101010	*				
0101011	+	•— •— •	AR +	↑ 10001	+ (ITA)
0101100	,	—•— —	MIM ,	↑ 01100	,
0101101	-	—•••• —	DU -	↑ 00011	-
0101110	.	•— •— •—	AAA .	↑ 11100	.
0101111	/	—•— —•	DN /	↑ 11101	/
0110000	0	—•— —	0	↑ 10110	0
0110001	1	•— — —	1	↑ 10111	1
0110010	2	••— — —	2	↑ 10011	2
0110011	3	••• — —	3	↑ 00001	3
0110100	4	•••• —	4	↑ 01010	4
0110101	5	•••••	5	↑ 10000	5

Continued on [next page](#).

## Conversion from ASCII to Morse and Baudot

Continued from [previous page](#).

ASCII		Int'l Morse		Baudot	
Code	Char	Code	Char	Code	Char <sup>2</sup>
6543210				1 43210	
0110110	6	- •••	6	↑ 10101	6
0110111	7	-- •••	7	↑ 00111	7
0111000	8	--- ••	8	↑ 00110	8
0111001	9	---- •	9	↑ 11000	9
0111010	:	--- •••	OS :	↑ 01110	:
0111011	;	- • - • - •	KR ;	↑ 11110	;(U.S.)
0111100	<				
0111101	=	- •• - -	BT =	↑ 11110	= (ITA)
0111110	>				
0111111	?	•• - - - ••	IMI ?	↑ 11001	?
1000000	@				
1000001	A	• -	A	↓ 00011	A
1000010	B	- •••	B	↓ 11001	B
1000011	C	- - - •	C	↓ 01110	C
1000100	D	- ••	D	↓ 01001	D
1000101	E	•	E	↓ 00001	E
1000110	F	•• - •	F	↓ 01101	F
1000111	G	- - •	G	↓ 11010	G
1001000	H	••••	H	↓ 10100	H
1001001	I	••	I	↓ 00110	I
1001010	J	• - - -	J	↓ 01011	J
1001011	K	- • -	K	↓ 01111	K
1001100	L	• - ••	L	↓ 10010	L
1001101	M	- -	M	↓ 11100	M
1001110	N	- •	N	↓ 01100	N
1001111	O	- - -	O	↓ 11000	O
1010000	P	• - - •	P	↓ 10110	P
1010001	Q	- - - • -	Q	↓ 10111	Q
1010010	R	• - •	R	↓ 01010	R
1010011	S	•••	S	↓ 00101	S
1010100	T	-	T	↓ 10000	T
1010101	U	•• -	U	↓ 00111	U
1010110	V	••• -	V	↓ 11110	V
1010111	W	• - -	W	↓ 10011	W
1011000	X	- •• - -	X	↓ 11101	X
1011001	Y	- • - -	Y	↓ 10101	Y
1011010	Z	- - ••	Z	↓ 10001	Z
1011011	[				
1011100	\				
1011101	]				
1011110	^				
1011111	-	•• - - - • -	IQ_-		
1100000					
1100001	a	• -	A	↓ 00011	A
1100010	b	- •••	B	↓ 11001	B
1100011	c	- - - •	C	↓ 01110	C
1100100	d	- ••	D	↓ 01001	D
1100101	e	•	E	↓ 00001	E
1100110	f	•• - •	F	↓ 01101	F
1100111	g	- - •	G	↓ 11010	G
1101000	h	••••	H	↓ 10100	H
1101001	i	••	I	↓ 00110	I
1101010	j	• - - -	J	↓ 01011	J
1101011	k	- • -	K	↓ 01111	K
1101100	l	• - ••	L	↓ 10010	L

Continued on [next page](#).

## Conversion from ASCII to Morse and Baudot

Continued from [previous page](#).

ASCII		Int'l Morse		Baudot	
Code	Char	Code	Char	Code	Char <sup>2</sup>
6543210				1 43210	
1101101	m	--	M	↓ 11100	M
1101110	n	-•	N	↓ 01100	N
1101111	o	---	O	↓ 11000	O
1110000	p	•---•	P	↓ 10110	P
1110001	q	---•-	Q	↓ 10111	Q
1110010	r	•--•	R	↓ 01010	R
1110011	s	•••	S	↓ 00101	S
1110100	t	-	T	↓ 10000	T
1110101	u	••-	U	↓ 00111	U
1110110	v	•••-	V	↓ 11110	V
1110111	w	•---	W	↓ 10011	W
1111000	x	-••-	X	↓ 11101	X
1111001	y	-•--	Y	↓ 10101	Y
1111010	z	---••	Z	↓ 10001	Z
1111011	{				
1111100					
1111101	}				
1111110	~				
1111111	DEL				

### Notes

<sup>1</sup> In Baudot code, it is necessary to check to see what the current case is before conversion (↓ = letters, ↑ = figures, ↓↑ = either case).

<sup>2</sup> Figures-case characters are the same for both ITA2 and U.S. teletypewriters except where indicated.

## Data Interface Connections

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Ckt</b>	<b>EIA-232-D Description</b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>V. 24 Name</b>	<b>Common Abbr.*</b>
1	—	Shield			
2	BA	Transmitted Data	103	Transmitted Data	TxD
3	BB	Received Data	104	Received Data	RxD
4	CA	Request to Send	105	Request to Send	RTS
5	CB	Clear to Send	106	Clear to Send	CTS
6	CC	DCE Ready	107	Data Set Ready	DSR
7	AB	Signal Ground	102	Signal Ground	SG
8	CF	Received Line Signal Detector	109	Data Carrier Detect	CD
9	—	(Reserved for Testing)			
10	—	(Reserved for Testing)			
11	—	Unassigned			
12	SCF/CI	Sec. Rec'd Line Sig. Detector/Data Sig. Rate Select (DCE Source)	122	Backward Channel Received Line Signal Detector	SCD
13	SCB	Sec. Clear to Send	121	Backward Channel Ready	SCTS
14	SBA	Sec. Transmitted Data	118	Transmitted Backward Channel Data	STxD
15	DB	Transmission Signal Element Timing (DCE Source)	114	Transmitter Signal Element Timing (DCE Source)	TxC
16	SSB	Sec. Received Data	119	Received Backward Channel Data	SRxD
17	DD	Receiver Signal Element Timing (DCE Source)	115	Receiver Signal Element	RxC
18	LL	Local Loopback			
19	SCA	Sec. Request to Send	120	Transmitted Backward Line Signal	SRTS
20	CD	DTE Ready	108/2	Data Terminal Ready	DTR
21	RL/CG	Remote Loopback/Signal Quality Detector	110	Data Signal Quality Detector	SQ
22	CE	Ring Indicator	125	Calling Indicator	RI
23	CH/CI	Data Signal Rate Select (DTE/DCE Source)	111	Data Rate Selector	
24	DA	Transmit Signal Element Timing (DTE Source)	112	Data Rate Selector	
25	TM	Test Mode	113	Transmitter Signal Element Timing, (DTE Source)	ETxC

\* Most abbreviations in this column are generally recognized by association with their full names. Exceptions are: ETxC=External Transmitter Clock, RxC=Receiver Clock and TxC=Transmitter Clock.

## EIA-449 37-Pin Connector Assignments

<i>Pin</i>	<i>Direction</i>	<i>Mnemonic</i>	<i>Circuit name</i>
1	—	SHIELD	
2	from DCE	SI	Signaling rate indicator
3	—	SPARE	
4	to DCE	SD	Send data
5	from DCE	ST	Send timing
6	from DCE	RD	Receive data
7	to DCE	RS	Request to send
8	from DCE	RT	Receive timing
9	from DCE	CS	Clear to send
10	to DCE	LL	Local loopback
11	from DCE	DM	Data mode
12	to DCE	TR	Terminal ready
13	from DCE	RR	Receiver ready
14	to DCE	RL	Remote loopback
15	from DCE	IC	Incoming call
16	to DCE	SF/SR	Select frequency Signaling rate selector
17	to DCE	TT	Terminal timing
18	from DCE	TM	Test mode
19	—	SG	Signal ground
20	from DCE	RC	Receive common
21	—	SPARE	
22	to DCE	SD	Send data
23	from DCE	ST	Send timing
24	from DCE	RD	Receive data
25	to DCE	RS	Request to send
26	from DCE	RT	Receive timing
27	from DCE	CS	Clear to send
28	to DCE	IS	Terminal in service
29	from DCE	DM	Data mode
30	to DCE	TR	Terminal ready
31	from DCE	RR	Receiver ready
32	to DCE	SS	Select standby
33	from DCE	SQ	Signal quality
34	to DCE	NS	New signal
35	to DCE	TT	Terminal timing
36	from DCE	SB	Standby indicator
37	to DCE	SC	Send common

## EIA-449 9-Pin Connector Assignments

<i>Pin</i>	<i>Direction</i>	<i>Mnemonic</i>	<i>Circuit Name</i>
1	—	SHIELD	
2	from DCE	SRR	Secondary receiver ready
3	to DCE	SSD	Secondary send data
4	from DCE	SRF	Secondary receive data
5	—	SG	Signal ground
6	—	RC	Receive common
7	to DCE	SRS	Secondary request to send
8	from DCE	SCS	Secondary clear to send
9	to DCE	SC	Send common

## ISO 2593 Pin Allocations for V.35 Interfaces

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Circuit</b>	<b>Direction</b>	<b>Function</b>
A	101	Common	Protective ground or earth
B	102	Common	Signal ground or common return
C	105	from DTE	Request to send
D	106	to DTE	Ready for sending
E	107	to DTE	Data set ready
F	109	from DTE	Data channel received line signal detector
H	108/1	from DTE	Connect data set to line
	108/2	from DTE	Data terminal ready
	125	to DTE	Calling indicator
K	—	—	$F_1$
L	—	—	$F_2$
M	—	—	$F_1$
N	—	—	$F_2$
R	104	to DTE	Received data A-wire
T	104	to DTE	Received data B-wire
V	115	to DTE	Receiver signal element timing A-wire
X	115	to DTE	Receiver signal element timing B-wire
Y	114	to DTE	Transmitter signal element timing A-wire

N = Pins permanently reserved for national use. Pins HH, JJ and KK are used in the U.K. for transmitter-clock control.

AA	114	to DTE	Transmitter signal element timing B-wire
P	103	from DTE	Transmitted data A-wire
S	103	from DTE	Transmitted data B-wire
U	113	from DTE	Transmitter signal element timing A-wire
Z	—	—	$F_3$
W	113	from DTE	Transmitter signal element timing B-wire
BB	—	—	$F_3$
CC	—	—	$F_4$
DD	—	—	$F_5$
EE	—	—	$F_4$
FF	—	—	$F_5$
HH	—	—	$N_1$
JJ	—	—	$N_2$
KK	—	—	$N_1$
LL	—	—	$N_2$
MM	—	—	F
NN	—	—	F

F = Pins reserved by ISO, not for national use. Subscripts indicate pins to form pairs.

## RTTY Control Sequences (from CCITT Recommendation S.4)

### **Sequence**    **Meaning**

ZCZC	start of message
NNNN	end of message
CCCC	enable remote reperforator (or other device)
SSSS	enable remote terminal
FFFF	disable remote reperforator
KKKK	ready for test
KLKL	enable remote reader
XXXXX	error signal

## EME Software

See the [ARRL Handbook Address List](#) for contact information.

### *EME Tracker*

RealTrak

*SkymooN*

*VHF PAK*

VK3UM EME Planner

Z-TRAK

## **Voluntary HF Band Plans for Considerate US Operators**

The following frequencies are generally recognized for certain modes or activities (all frequencies are in MHz).

Nothing in the rules recognizes a net's, group's or any individual's special privilege to any specific frequency. Section 97.101(b) of the Rules states that "Each station licensee and each control operator must cooperate in selecting transmitting channels and in making the most effective use of the amateur service frequencies. No frequency will be assigned for the exclusive use of any station." No one "owns" a frequency.

It's good practice—and plain old common sense—for any operator, regardless of mode, to check to see if the frequency is in use prior to engaging operation. If you are there first, other operators should make an effort to protect you from interference to the extent possible given that 100% interference-free operation is an unrealistic expectation in today's congested bands.

1.800-1.830	CW, data and other narrowband modes	14.060	QRP CW calling frequency
1.810	QRP CW calling frequency	14.070-14.095	Data
1.830-1.840	CW, data and other narrowband modes, intercontinental QSOs only	14.095-14.0995	Automatically controlled data stations
1.840-1.850	CW; SSB, SSTV and other wideband modes, intercontinental QSOs only	14.100	IBP/NCDXF beacons
1.850-2.000	CW; phone, SSTV and other wideband modes	14.1005-14.112	Automatically controlled data stations
		14.230	SSTV
		14.285	QRP SSB calling frequency
		14.286	AM calling frequency
3.500-3.510	CW DX	18.100-18.105	Data
3.590	RTTY DX	18.105-18.110	Automatically controlled data stations
3.580-3.620	Data		
3.620-3.635	Automatically controlled data stations	21.060	QRP CW calling frequency
3.710	QRP Novice/Technician CW calling frequency	21.070-21.090	Data
3.790-3.800	DX window	21.090-21.100	Automatically controlled data stations
3.845	SSTV	21.340	SSTV
3.885	AM calling frequency	21.385	QRP SSB calling frequency
3.985	QRP SSB calling frequency	24.920-24.925	Data
7.040	RTTY DX QRP CW calling frequency	24.925-24.930	Automatically controlled data stations
7.075-7.100	Phone in KH/KL/KP only	28.060	QRP CW calling frequency
7.080-7.100	Data	28.070-28.120	Data
7.100-7.105	Automatically controlled data stations	28.120-28.189	Automatically controlled data stations
7.110	QRP Novice/Technician CW calling frequency	28.190-28.225	Beacons
7.171	SSTV	28.385	QRP SSB calling frequency
7.285	QRP SSB calling frequency	28.680	SSTV
7.290	AM calling frequency	29.000-29.200	AM
10.106	QRP CW calling frequency	29.300-29.510	Satellite downlinks
10.130-10.140	Data	29.520-29.580	Repeater inputs
10.140-10.150	Automatically controlled data stations	29.600	FM simplex
		29.620-29.680	Repeater outputs

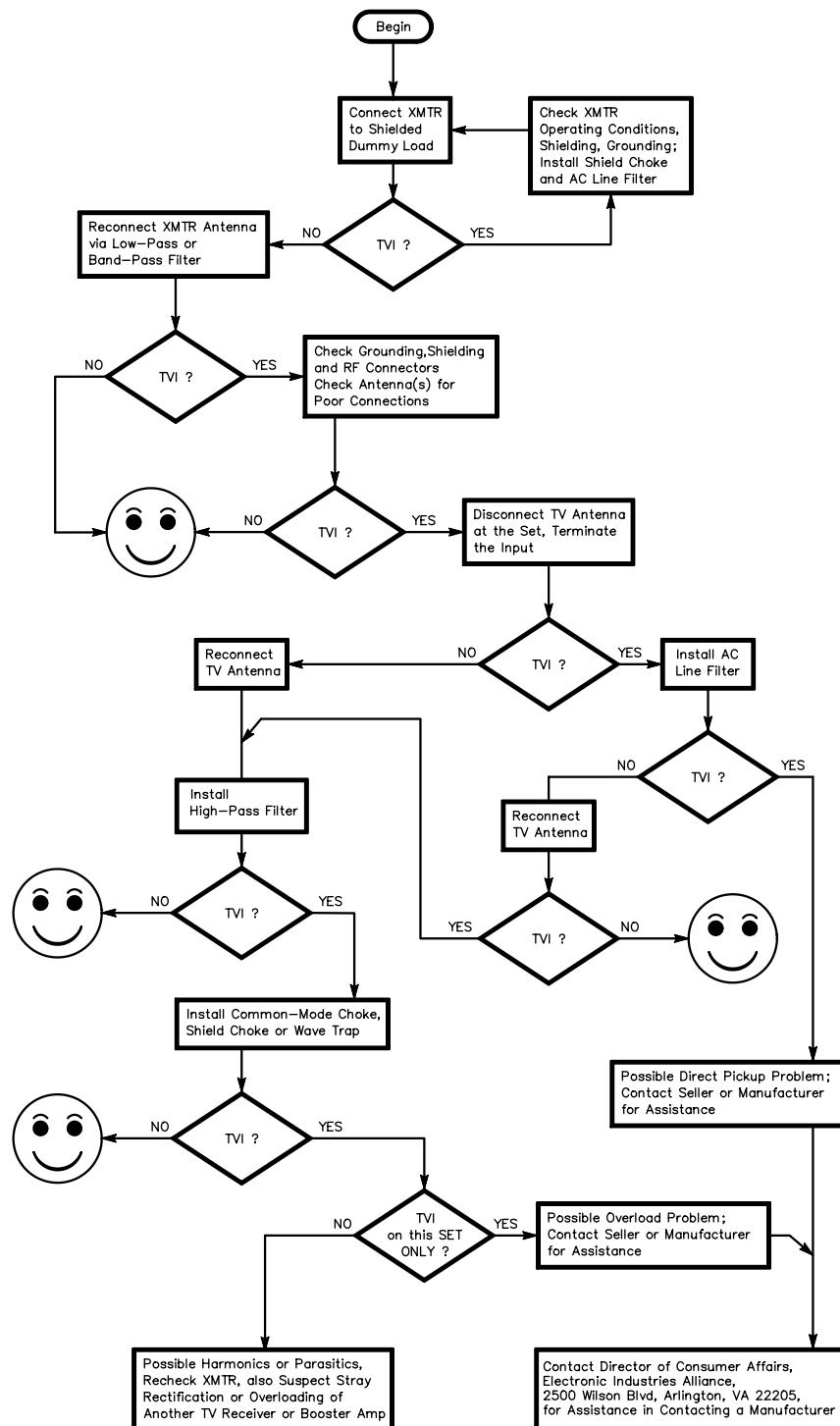
### **Notes**

ARRL band plans for frequencies above 28.300 MHz are shown in *The ARRL Repeater Directory* and *The FCC Rule Book*. For detailed packet frequencies, see *QST*, September 1987, page 54, and March 1988, page 51.

IBP/NCDXF beacons operate on 14.100, 18.110, 21.150, 24.930 and 28.200 MHz.

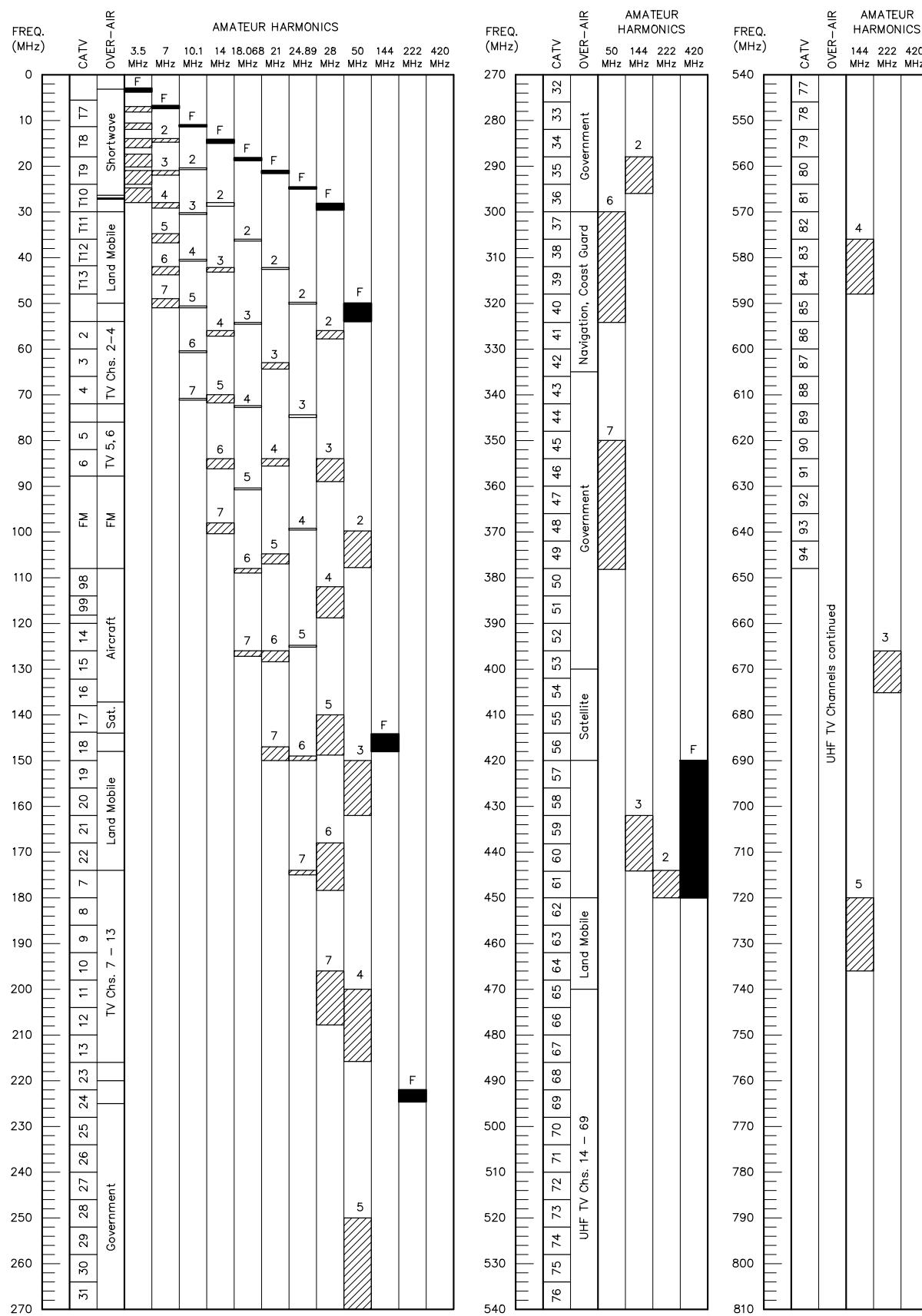
# TVI Troubleshooting Flowchart

(also see EMI chapter)

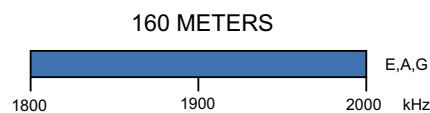


## TV Channels vs Harmonics

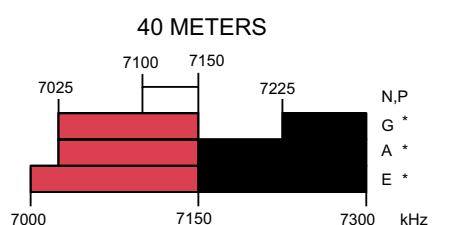
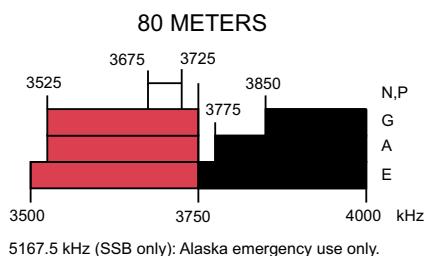
This chart shows CATV and broadcast channels used in the United States and their relationship to the harmonics of MF, HF, VHF and UHF amateur bands.



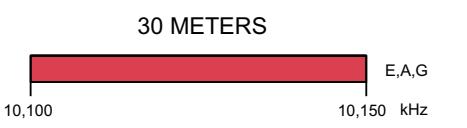
# US Amateur Bands/Power Limits



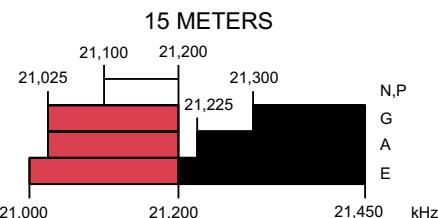
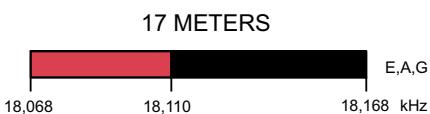
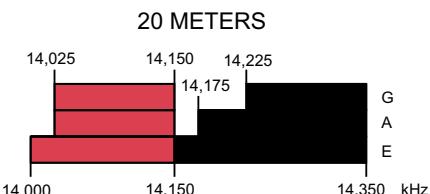
Amateur stations operating at 1900-2000 kHz must not cause harmful interference to the radiolocation service and are afforded no protection from radiolocation operations.



\* Phone and Image modes are permitted between 7075 and 7100 kHz for FCC licensed stations in ITU Regions 1 and 3 and by FCC licensed stations in ITU Region 2 West of 130 degrees West longitude or South of 20 degrees North latitude. See Sections 97.305(c) and 97.307(f)(11). Novice and Technician Plus licensees outside ITU Region 2 may use CW only between 7050 and 7075 kHz. See Section 97.301(e). These exemptions do not apply to stations in the continental US.



Maximum power on 30 meters is 200 watts PEP output. Amateurs must avoid interference to the fixed service outside the US.

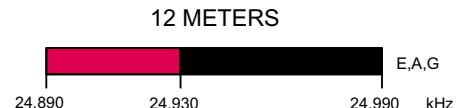


# US Amateur Bands

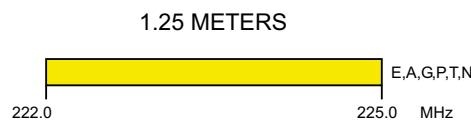
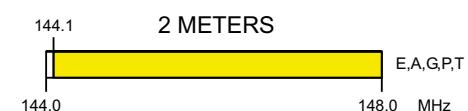
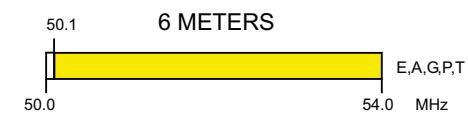
April 15, 2000

## Novice, Advanced and Technician Plus Allocations

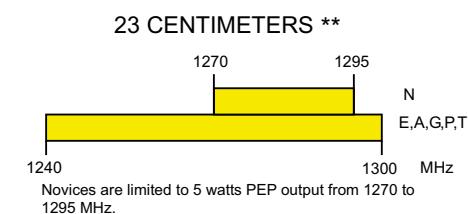
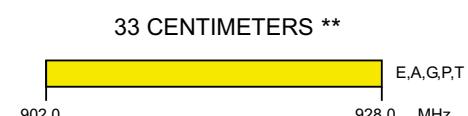
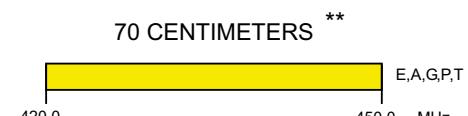
Novice, Advanced and Technician Plus licenses will not be issued after April 15, 2000. However, the FCC has allowed the frequency allocations for these license classes to remain in effect.



Novices and Technician Plus Licensees are limited to 200 watts PEP output on 10 meters.



Novices are limited to 25 watts PEP output from 222 to 225 MHz.



Novices are limited to 5 watts PEP output from 1270 to 1295 MHz.

## US AMATEUR POWER LIMITS

At all times, transmitter power should be kept down to that necessary to carry out the desired communications. Power is rated in watts PEP output. Unless otherwise stated, the maximum power output is 1500 W. Power for all license classes is limited to 200 W in the 10,100-10,150 kHz band and in all Novice subbands below 28,100 kHz. Novices and Technicians are restricted to 200 W in the 28,100-28,500 kHz subbands. In addition, Novices are restricted to 25 W in the 222-225 MHz band and 5 W in the 1270-1295 MHz subband.

Operators with Technician class licenses and above may operate on all bands above 50 MHz. For more detailed information see *The FCC Rule Book*.

## KEY

- = CW, RTTY and data
- = CW, RTTY, data, MCW, test, phone and image
- = CW, phone and image
- = CW and phone
- = CW, RTTY, data, phone, and image
- = CW only

- N = NOVICE
- T = TECHNICIAN
- G = GENERAL
- A = ADVANCED
- E = EXTRA CLASS
- P = TECHNICIAN PLUS

\*\*Geographical and power restrictions apply to these bands. See *The FCC Rule Book* for more information about your area.

Above 23 Centimeters:

All licensees except Novices are authorized all modes on the following frequencies:

- 2300-2310 MHz
- 2390-2450 MHz
- 3300-3500 MHz
- 5650-5925 MHz
- 10.0-10.5 GHz
- 24.0-24.25 GHz
- 47.0-47.2 GHz
- 75.5-81.0 GHz
- 119.98-120.02 GHz
- 142-149 GHz
- 241-250 GHz

All above 300 GHz



For band plans and sharing arrangements, see *The ARRL Operating Manual* or *The FCC Rule Book*.

## VHF/UHF/EHF Calling Frequencies

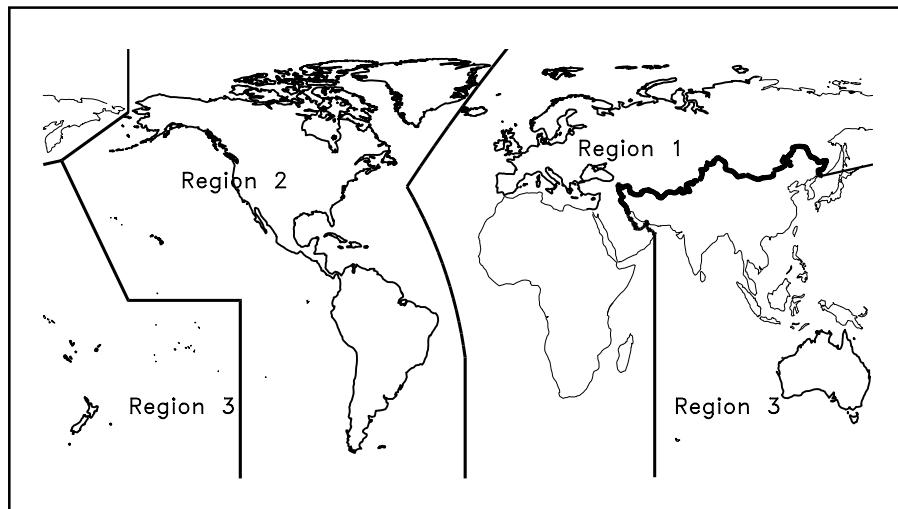
<b>Band (MHz)</b>	<b>Calling Frequency</b>
50	50.125 SSB 50.620 digital (packet) 52.525 National FM simplex frequency
144	144.010 EME 144.100, 144.110 CW 144.200 SSB 146.520 National FM simplex frequency
222	222.100 CW/SSB 223.500 National FM simplex frequency
432	432.010 EME 432.100 CW/SSB 446.000 National FM simplex frequency
902	902.100 CW/SSB 903.1 Alternate CW, SSB 906.500 National FM simplex frequency
1296	1294.500 National FM simplex frequency 1296.100 CW/SSB
2304	2304.4 2305.2 FM simplex frequency
10000	10368.1 Narrow-band

### VHF/UHF Activity Nights

Some areas do not have enough VHF/UHF activity to support contacts at all times. This schedule is intended to help VHF/UHF operators make contact. This is only a starting point; check with others in your area to see if local hams have a different schedule.

<b>Band (MHz)</b>	<b>Day</b>	<b>Local Time</b>
50	Sunday	6 PM
144	Monday	7 PM
222	Tuesday	8 PM
432	Wednesday	9 PM
902	Friday	9 PM
1296	Thursday	10 PM

## ITU Regions



The International Telecommunication Union divides the world into three regions. Geographic details appear in *The FCC Rule Book*.

# Allocation of International Call Signs

<b>Call Sign Series</b>	<b>Allocated to</b>	<b>Call Sign Series</b>	<b>Allocated to</b>	<b>Call Sign Series</b>	<b>Allocated to</b>
AAA-ALZ	United States of America	FAA-FZZ	France	OFA-OJZ	Finland
AMA-AOZ	Spain	GAA-GZZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	OKA-OLZ	Czech Republic
APA-ASZ	Pakistan	HAA-HAZ	Hungary	OMA-OMZ	Slovak Republic
ATA-AWZ	India	HBA-HBZ	Switzerland	ONA-OTZ	Belgium
AXA-AXZ	Australia	HCA-HDZ	Ecuador	OUA-OZZ	Denmark
AYA-AZZ	Argentina	HEA-HEZ	Switzerland	PAA-PIZ	Netherlands
A2A-A2Z	Botswana	HFA-HFZ	Poland	PJA-PJZ	Netherlands
A3A-A3Z	Tonga	HGA-HGZ	Hungary	PKA-POZ	Antilles
A4A-A4Z	Oman	HHA-HHZ	Haiti	PPA-PYZ	Indonesia
A5A-A5Z	Bhutan	HIA-HIZ	Dominican Republic	PZA-PZZ	Brazil
A6A-A6Z	United Arab Emirates	HJA-HKZ	Colombia	P2A-P2Z	Suriname
A7A-A7Z	Qatar	HLA-HLZ	South Korea	P3A-P3Z	Papua New Guinea
A8A-A8Z	Liberia	HMA-HMZ	North Korea	P4A-P4Z	Cyprus
A9A-A9Z	Bahrain	HNA-HNZ	Iraq	P5A-P9Z	Aruba
BAA-BZZ	China	HOA-HPZ	Panama	RAA-RZZ	North Korea
CAA-CEZ	Chile	HQA-HRZ	Honduras	SAA-SMZ	Russian Federation
CFA-CKZ	Canada	HSA-HSZ	Thailand	SNA-SRZ	Sweden
CLA-CMZ	Cuba	HTA-HTZ	Nicaragua	• SSA-SSM	Poland
CNA-CNZ	Morocco	HUA-HUZ	El Salvador	• SSN-SSZ	Egypt
COA-COZ	Cuba	HVA-HVZ	Vatican City	STA-STZ	Sudan
CPA-CPZ	Bolivia	HWA-HYZ	France	SUA-SUZ	Sudan
CQA-CUZ	Portugal	HZA-HZZ	Saudi Arabia	SVA-SZZ	Egypt
CVA-CXZ	Uruguay	H2A-H2Z	Cyprus	S2A-S3Z	Greece
CYA-CZZ	Canada	H3A-H3Z	Panama	S5A-S5Z	Bangladesh
C2A-C2Z	Nauru	H4A-H4Z	Solomon Islands	S6A-S6Z	Slovenia
C3A-C3Z	Andorra	H6A-H7Z	Nicaragua	S7A-S7Z	Singapore
C4A-C4Z	Cyprus	H8A-H9Z	Panama	S8A-S8Z	Seychelles
C5A-C5Z	Gambia	IAA-IZZ	Italy	S9A-S9Z	South Africa
C6A-C6Z	Bahamas	JAA-JSZ	Japan	TAA-TCZ	Sao Tome and Principe
* C7A-C7Z	World Meteorological Organization	JTA-JVZ	Mongolia	TDA-TDZ	Turkey
C8A-C9Z	Mozambique	JWA-JXZ	Norway	TEA-TEZ	Guatemala
DAA-DRZ	Germany	JYA-JYZ	Jordan	TFA-TFZ	Costa Rica
DSA-DTZ	South Korea	JZA-JZZ	Indonesia	TGA-TGZ	Iceland
DUA-DZZ	Philippines	J2A-J2Z	Djibouti	THA-THZ	Guatemala
D2A-D3Z	Angola	J3A-J3Z	Grenada	TIA-TIZ	France
D4A-D4Z	Cape Verde	J4A-J4Z	Greece	TJA-TJZ	Costa Rica
D5A-D5Z	Liberia	J5A-J5Z	Guinea-Bissau	TKA-TKZ	Cameroon
D6A-D6Z	Comoros	J6A-J6Z	Saint Lucia	TLA-TLZ	France
D7A-D9Z	South Korea	J7A-J7Z	Dominica		Central African Republic
EAA-EHZ	Spain	J8A-J8Z	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	TMA-TMZ	France
EIA-EJZ	Ireland	KAA-KZZ	United States of America	TNA-TNZ	Congo Republic
EKA-EKZ	Armenia	LAA-LNZ	Norway	TOA-TQZ	France
ELA-ELZ	Liberia	LOA-LWZ	Argentina	TRA-TRZ	Gabon
EMA-EOZ	Ukraine	LXA-LXZ	Luxembourg	TSA-TSZ	Tunisia
EPA-EQZ	Iran	LYA-LYZ	Lithuania	TTA-TTZ	Chad
ERA-ERZ	Moldova	LZA-LZZ	Bulgaria	TUA-TUZ	Ivory Coast
ESA-ESZ	Estonia	L2A-L9Z	Argentina	TVA-TXZ	France
ETA-ETZ	Ethiopia	MAA-MZZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	TYA-TYZ	Benin
EUA-EWZ	Belarus			TZA-TZZ	Mali
EXA-EXZ	Kyrgyzstan			T2A-T2Z	Tuvalu
EYA-EYZ	Tajikistan			T3A-T3Z	Kiribati
EZA-EZZ	Turkmenistan	NAA-NZZ	United States of America	T4A-T4Z	Cuba
E2A-E2Z	Thailand			T5A-T5Z	Somalia
E3A-E3Z	Eritrea	OAA-OCZ	Peru	T6A-T6Z	Afghanistan
+ E4A-E4Z	Palestinian Authority	ODA-ODZ	Lebanon	T7A-T7Z	San Marino
		OEA-OEZ	Austria		

Continued on [next page](#).

# Allocation of International Call Signs

Continued from [previous page](#).

<b>Call Sign Series</b>	<b>Allocated to</b>	<b>Call Sign Series</b>	<b>Allocated to</b>	<b>Call Sign Series</b>	<b>Allocated to</b>
T8A-T8Z	Palau	ZBA-ZJZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	5VA-5VZ	Togo
T9A-T9Z	Bosnia and Herzegovina	ZKA-ZMZ	New Zealand	5WA-5WZ	Western Samoa
UAA-UIZ	Russian Federation	ZNA-ZOZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	5XA-5XZ	Uganda
UJA-UMZ	Uzbekistan	ZPA-ZPZ	Paraguay	5YA-5ZZ	Kenya
UNA-UQZ	Kazakhstan	ZQA-ZQZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	6AA-6BZ	Egypt
URA-UZZ	Ukraine	ZRA-ZUZ	South Africa	6CA-6CZ	Syria
VAA-VGZ	Canada	ZVA-ZZZ	Brazil	6DA-6JZ	Mexico
VHA-VNZ	Australia	Z2A-Z2Z	Zimbabwe	6KA-6NZ	South Korea
VOA-VOZ	Canada	Z3A-Z3Z	Macedonia (Former Yugoslav Republic)	6OA-6OZ	Somalia
VPA-VQZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2AA-2ZZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	6PA-6SZ	Pakistan
+ VRA-VRZ	China—Hong Kong	• 3DA-3DM	South Africa	6TA-6UZ	Sudan
VSA-VSZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	• 3DN-3DZ	Brazil	6VA-6WZ	Senegal
VTA-VWZ	India	3AA-3AZ	Zimbabwe	6XA-6XZ	Madagascar
VXA-VYZ	Canada	3BA-3BZ	Macedonia (Former Yugoslav Republic)	6YA-6YZ	Jamaica
VZA-VZZ	Australia	3CA-3CZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	6ZA-6ZZ	Liberia
V2A-V2Z	Antigua and Barbuda	3EA-3FZ	Monaco	7AA-7IZ	Indonesia
V3A-V3Z	Belize	3GA-3GZ	Mauritius	7JA-7NZ	Japan
V4A-V4Z	Saint Kitts and Nevis	3HA-3UZ	Equatorial Guinea	7OA-7OZ	Yemen
V5A-V5Z	Namibia	3VA-3VZ	Swaziland	7PA-7PZ	Lesotho
V6A-V6Z	Micronesia	3WA-3WZ	Fiji	7QA-7QZ	Malawi
V7A-V7Z	Marshall Islands	3XA-3XZ	Panama	7RA-7RZ	Algeria
V8A-V8Z	Brunei	3YA-3YZ	Chile	7SA-7SZ	Sweden
WAA-WZZ	United States of America	3ZA-3ZZ	China	7TA-7YZ	Algeria
XAA-XIZ	Mexico	4AA-4CZ	Tunisia	7ZA-7ZZ	Saudi Arabia
XJA-XOZ	Canada	4DA-4IZ	Viet Nam	8AA-8IZ	Indonesia
XPA-XPZ	Denmark	4JA-4KZ	Guinea	8JA-8NZ	Japan
XQA-XRZ	Chile	4LA-4LZ	Norway	8OA-8OZ	Botswana
XSA-XSZ	China	4MA-4MZ	Poland	8PA-8PZ	Barbados
XTA-XTZ	Burkina Faso	4NA-4OZ	Yugoslavia	8QA-8QZ	Maldives
XUA-XUZ	Cambodia	4PA-4SZ	Sri Lanka	8RA-8RZ	Guyana
XVA-XVZ	Viet Nam	4TA-4TZ	Peru	8SA-8SZ	Sweden
XWA-XWZ	Laos	* 4UA-4UZ	United Nations	8TA-8YZ	India
XXA-XXZ	Portugal	4VA-4VZ	Haiti	8ZA-8ZZ	Saudi Arabia
XYA-XZZ	Myanmar	4XA-4XZ	Israel	9AA-9AZ	Croatia
YAA-YAZ	Afghanistan	* 4YA-4YZ	International Civil Aviation Organization	9BA-9DZ	Iran
YBA-YHZ	Indonesia			9EA-9FZ	Ethiopia
YIA-YIZ	Iraq			9GA-9GZ	Ghana
YJA-YJZ	Vanuatu	4ZA-4ZZ	Yugoslavia	9HA-9HZ	Malta
YKA-YKZ	Syria	5AA-5AZ	Sri Lanka	9IA-9JZ	Zambia
YLA-YLZ	Latvia	5BA-5BZ	Peru	9KA-9KZ	Kuwait
YMA-YMZ	Turkey	5CA-5GZ	United Nations	9LA-9LZ	Sierra Leone
YNA-YNZ	Nicaragua	5HA-5IZ	Haiti	9MA-9MZ	Malaysia
YOA-YRZ	Romania	5JA-5KZ	Israel	9NA-9NZ	Nepal
YSA-YSZ	El Salvador	5LA-5MZ	International Civil Aviation Organization	9OA-9TZ	Democratic Republic of Congo
YTA-YUZ	Yugoslavia	5NA-5OZ	Colombia	9UA-9UZ	Burundi
YVA-YYZ	Venezuela	5PA-5QZ	Liberia	9VA-9VZ	Singapore
YZA-YZZ	Yugoslavia	5RA-5SZ	Nigeria	9WA-9WZ	Malaysia
Y2A-Y9Z	Germany	5TA-5TZ	Denmark	9XA-9XZ	Rwanda
ZAA-ZAZ	Albania	5UA-5UZ	Madagascar	9YZ-9ZZ	Trinidad and Tobago

## Notes:

- Half series

\* Series allocated to an international organization

+ Provisional allocation in accordance with S19.33

## FCC-Allocated Prefixes for Areas Outside the Continental US

<i>Prefix</i>	<i>Location</i>
AH1, KH1, NH1, WH1	Baker, Howland Is
AH2, KH2, NH2, WH2	Guam
AH3, KH3, NH3, WH3	Johnston I
AH4, KH4, NH4, WH4	Midway I
AH5K, KH5K, NH5K, WH5K	Kingman Reef
AH5, KH5, NH5, WH5 (except K suffix)	Palmyra, Jarvis Is
AH6-7, KH6-7, NH6-7, WH6-7	Hawaii
AH7K, KH7K, NH7K, WH7K	Kure I
AH8, KH8, NH8, WH8	American Samoa
AH9, KH9, NH9, WH9	Wake, Wilkes, Peale Is
AHØ, KHØ, NHØ, WHØ	Northern Mariana Is
AL, KL, NL, WL	Alaska
KP1, NP1, WP1	Navassa
KP2, NP2, WP2	Virgin Is
KP3-4, NP3-4, WP3-4	Puerto Rico
KP5, NP5, WP5	Desecheo

# **DX Operating Code**

## **For W/VE Amateurs**

Some DXers have caused considerable confusion and interference in their efforts to work DX stations. The points below, if observed by all W/VE amateurs, will help make DX more enjoyable for all.

- 1) Call DX only after he calls CQ, QRZ? or signs SK, or voice equivalents thereof. Make your calls short.
- 2) Do not call a DX station:
  - a) On the frequency of the station he is calling until you are sure the QSO is over (SK).
  - b) Because you hear someone else calling him.
  - c) When he signs KN, AR or CL.
  - d) Exactly on his frequency.
  - e) After he calls a directional CQ, unless of course you are in the right direction or area.
- 3) Keep within frequency band limits. Some DX stations can get away with working outside, but you cannot.
- 4) Observe calling instructions given by DX stations. Example: 15U means "call 15 kHz up from my frequency." 15D means down, etc.
- 5) Give honest reports. Many DX stations depend on W/VE reports for adjustment of station and equipment.
- 6) Keep your signal clean. Key clicks, ripple, feedback or splatter gives you a bad reputation and may get you a citation from the FCC.
- 7) Listen and call the station you want. Calling CQ DX is not the best assurance that the rare DX will reply.
- 8) When there are several W or VE stations waiting, avoid asking DX to "listen for a friend." Also avoid engaging him in a ragchew against his wishes.

## **For Overseas Amateurs**

To all overseas amateur stations:

In their eagerness to work you, many W and VE amateurs resort to practices that cause confusion and QRM. Most of this is good-intentioned but ill-advised; some of it is intentional and selfish. The key to the cessation of unethical DX operating practices is in your hands. We believe that your adoption of certain operating habits will increase your enjoyment of Amateur Radio and that of amateurs on this side who are eager to work you. We recommend your adoption of the following principles:

- 1) Do not answer calls on your own frequency.
- 2) Answer calls from W/VE stations only when their signals are of good quality.
- 3) Refuse to answer calls from other stations when you are already in contact with someone, and do not acknowledge calls from amateurs who indicate they wish to be "next."
- 4) Give everybody a break. When many W/VE amateurs are patiently and quietly waiting to work you, avoid complying with requests to "listen for a friend."
- 5) Tell listeners where to call you by indicating how many kilohertz up (U) or down (D) from your frequency you are listening.
- 6) Use the ARRL-recommended ending signals, especially KN to indicate to impatient listeners the status of the QSO. KN means "Go ahead (specific station); all others keep out."
- 7) Let it be known that you avoid working amateurs who are constant violators of these principles.

W1AW's schedule is at the same local time throughout the year. The schedule according to your local time will change if your local time does not have seasonal adjustments that are made at the same time as North American time changes between standard time and daylight time. From the first Sunday in April to the last Sunday in October, UTC = Eastern Time + 4 hours. For the rest of the year, UTC = Eastern Time + 5 hours.

#### **Morse code transmissions:**

Frequencies are 1.818, 3.5815, 7.0475, 14.0475, 18.0975, 21.0675, 28.0675 and 147.555 MHz.

Slow Code = practice sent at 5, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 10, 13 and 15 wpm.

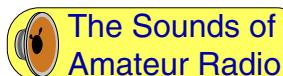
Fast Code = practice sent at 35, 30, 25, 20, 15, 13 and 10 wpm.

Code practice text is from the pages of *QST*.

The source is given at the beginning of each practice session and alternate speeds within each session. For example, "Text is from July 1992 *QST*, pages 9 and 81," indicates that the plain text is from the article on page 9 and mixed number/letter groups are from page 81.

Code bulletins are sent at 18 wpm.

W1AW qualifying runs are sent on the same frequencies as the Morse code transmissions. West Coast qualifying runs are transmitted on approximately 3.590 MHz by W6OWP, with K6YR as an alternate. At the beginning of each code practice session, the schedule for the next qualifying run is presented. Underline one minute of the highest speed you copied, certify that your copy was made without aid, and send it to ARRL for grading. Please include your name, call sign (if any) and complete mailing address. Send a 9 x 12-inch SASE for a certificate, or a business-size SASE for an endorsement.



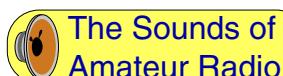
Here's a short excerpt from a slow-speed Morse Code-practice transmission.

#### **Teleprinter transmissions:**

Frequencies are 3.625, 7.095, 14.095, 18.1025, 21.095, 28.095 and 147.555 MHz.

Bulletins are sent at 45.45-baud Baudot and 100-baud AMTOR, FEC Mode B. 110-baud ASCII will be sent only as time allows.

On Tuesdays and Fridays at 6:30 PM Eastern Time, Keplerian elements for many amateur satellites are sent on the regular teleprinter frequencies.



Listen to a Baudot RTTY transmission from W1AW.

#### **Voice transmissions:**

Frequencies are 1.855, 3.99, 7.29, 14.29, 18.16, 21.39, 28.59 and 147.555 MHz.

#### **Miscellanea:**

On Fridays, UTC, a DX bulletin replaces the regular bulletins.

W1AW is open to visitors from 10 AM until noon and from 1 PM until 3:45 PM on Monday through Friday. FCC licensed amateurs may operate the station during that time. Be sure to bring your current FCC amateur license or a photocopy.

In a communication emergency, monitor W1AW for special bulletins as follows: voice on the hour, teleprinter at 15 minutes past the hour, and CW on the half hour.

Headquarters and W1AW are closed on New Year's Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and the following Friday, and Christmas Day.

<b>W1AW SCHEDULE</b>												
Pacific	Mtn	Cent	East	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri				
6 AM	7 AM	8 AM	9 AM		Fast Code	Slow Code	Fast Code	Slow Code				
7 AM-1 PM	8 AM-2 PM	9 AM-3 PM	10 AM-4 PM	Visiting Operator Time (12 PM - 1 PM closed for lunch)								
1 PM	2 PM	3 PM	4 PM	Fast Code	Slow Code	Fast Code	Slow Code	Fast Code				
2 PM	3 PM	4 PM	5 PM	Code Bulletin								
3 PM	4 PM	5 PM	6 PM	Teleprinter Bulletin								
4 PM	5 PM	6 PM	7 PM	Slow Code	Fast Code	Slow Code	Fast Code	Slow Code				
5 PM	6 PM	7 PM	8 PM	Code Bulletin								
6 PM	7 PM	8 PM	9 PM	Teleprinter Bulletin								
6 <sup>45</sup> PM	7 <sup>45</sup> PM	8 <sup>45</sup> PM	9 <sup>45</sup> PM	Voice Bulletin								
7 PM	8 PM	9 PM	10 PM	Fast Code	Slow Code	Fast Code	Slow Code	Fast Code				
8 PM	9 PM	10 PM	11 PM	Code Bulletin								

## ARRL Procedural Signals (Prosigs)

In general, the CW prosigs are used on all data modes as well, although word abbreviations may be spelled out. That is, "CLEAR" might be used rather than "CL" on radioteletype. Additional radioteletype conventions appear at the end of the table.

### Situation

check for a clear frequency  
seek contact with any station  
after a call to a specific named station or to indicate the end of a message  
invite any station to transmit  
invite a specific named station to transmit  
invite receiving station to transmit  
all received correctly  
please stand by  
end of contact (sent before call sign)  
going off the air

<b>CW</b>	<b>Voice</b>
QRL?	Is the frequency in use?
CQ	CQ
AR	over, end of message
K	go
KN	go only
BK	back to you
R	received
AS	wait, stand by
SK	clear
CL	closing station

### Additional RTTY prosigs

SK QRZ—Ending contact, but listening on frequency.  
SK KN—Ending contact, but listening for one last transmission from the other station.  
SK SZ—Signing off and listening on the frequency for any other calls.

## The RST System

### Readability

- 1—Unreadable.
- 2—Barely readable, occasional words distinguishable.
- 3—Readable with considerable difficulty.
- 4—Readable with practically no difficulty.
- 5—Perfectly readable.

### Signal Strength

- 1—Faint signals, barely perceptible.
- 2—Very weak signals.
- 3—Weak signals.
- 4—Fair signals.
- 5—Fairly good signals.
- 6—Good signals.
- 7—Moderately strong signals.
- 8—Strong signals.
- 9—Extremely strong signals.

### Tone

- 1—Sixty-cycle ac or less, very rough and broad.
- 2—Very rough ac, very harsh and broad.
- 3—Rough ac tone, rectified but not filtered.
- 4—Rough note, some trace of filtering.
- 5—Filtered rectified ac but strongly ripple-modulated.
- 6—Filtered tone, definite trace of ripple modulation.
- 7—Near pure tone, trace of ripple modulation.
- 8—Near perfect tone, slight trace of modulation.
- 9—Perfect tone, no trace of ripple of modulation of any kind.

If the signal has the characteristic steadiness of crystal control, add the letter X to the RST report. If there is a chirp, add the letter C. Similarly for a click, add K. (See FCC Regulations §97.307, Emissions Standards.) The above reporting system is used on both CW and voice; leave out the "tone" report on voice.

## Q Signals

These Q signals most often need to be expressed with brevity and clarity in amateur work. (Q abbreviations take the form of questions only when each is sent followed by a question mark.)

- QRA What is the name of your station? The name of your station is \_\_\_\_\_.  
QRG Will you tell me my exact frequency (or that of \_\_\_\_)?  
Your exact frequency (or that of \_\_\_\_\_) is \_\_\_\_\_ kHz.  
QRH Does my frequency vary? Your frequency varies.  
QRI How is the tone of my transmission? The tone of your transmission is \_\_\_\_\_ (1. Good; 2. Variable; 3. Bad).  
QRJ Are you receiving me badly? I cannot receive you. Your signals are too weak.  
QRK What is the intelligibility of my signals (or those of \_\_\_\_)? The intelligibility of your signals (or those of \_\_\_\_\_) is \_\_\_\_\_ (1. Bad; 2. Poor; 3. Fair; 4. Good; 5. Excellent).  
QRL Are you busy? I am busy (or I am busy with \_\_\_\_). Please do not interfere.  
QRM Is my transmission being interfered with? Your transmission is being interfered with (1. Nil; 2. Slightly; 3. Moderately; 4. Severely; 5. Extremely.)  
QRN Are you troubled by static? I am troubled by static \_\_\_\_\_ (1-5 as under QRM).  
QRO Shall I increase power? Increase power.  
QRP Shall I decrease power? Decrease power.  
QRQ Shall I send faster? Send faster (\_\_\_\_ WPM).  
QRS Shall I send more slowly? Send more slowly  
          (\_\_\_\_ WPM).  
QRT Shall I stop sending? Stop sending.  
QRU Have you anything for me? I have nothing for you.  
QRV Are you ready? I am ready.  
QRW Shall I inform \_\_\_\_\_ that you are calling on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz? Please inform \_\_\_\_\_ that I am calling on  
\_\_\_\_\_ kHz.  
QRX When will you call me again? I will call you again at \_\_\_\_\_ hours (on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz).  
QRY What is my turn? Your turn is numbered \_\_\_\_\_  
QRZ Who is calling me? You are being called by \_\_\_\_\_ (on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz).  
QSA What is the strength of my signals (or those of \_\_\_\_)?  
The strength of your signals (or those of \_\_\_\_\_) is \_\_\_\_\_ (1. Scarcely perceptible; 2. Weak; 3. Fairly good; 4. Good; 5. Very good).  
QSB Are my signals fading? Your signals are fading.  
QSD Is my keying defective? Your keying is defective.  
QSG Shall I send \_\_\_\_\_ messages at a time? Send \_\_\_\_\_ messages at a time.  
QSK Can you hear me between your signals and if so can I break in on your transmission? I can hear you  
between my signals; break in on my transmission.  
QSL Can you acknowledge receipt? I am acknowledging receipt.  
QSM Shall I repeat the last message which I sent you, or some previous message? Repeat the last mes-  
sage which you sent me [or message(s) number(s) \_\_\_\_].  
QSN Did you hear me (or \_\_\_\_\_) on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz? I did hear you (or \_\_\_\_\_) on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz.  
QSO Can you communicate with \_\_\_\_\_ direct or by relay? I can communicate with \_\_\_\_\_ direct (or by relay  
through \_\_\_\_).  
QSP Will you relay to \_\_\_\_? I will relay to \_\_\_\_\_  
QST General call preceding a message addressed to all amateurs and ARRL members. This is in effect  
“CQ ARRL.”  
QSU Shall I send or reply on this frequency (or on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz)? Send or reply on this frequency (or \_\_\_\_\_  
kHz).  
QSV Shall I send a series of Vs on this frequency (or on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz)? Send a series of Vs on this fre-  
quency (or on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz).  
QSW Will you send on this frequency (or on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz)? I am going to send on this frequency (or on \_\_\_\_\_  
kHz).

Continued on [next page](#).

## **Q Signals**

Continued from [previous page](#).

- QSX Will you listen to \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz? I am listening to \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz.
- QSY Shall I change to transmission on another frequency? Change to transmission on another frequency (or on \_\_\_\_\_ kHz).
- QSZ Shall I send each word or group more than once? Send each word or group twice (or \_\_\_\_\_ times).
- QTA Shall I cancel message number \_\_\_\_? Cancel message number \_\_\_\_
- QTB Do you agree with my counting of words? I do not agree with your counting of words. I will repeat the first letter or digit of each word or group.
- QTC How many messages have you to send? I have \_\_\_\_\_ messages for you (or for \_\_\_\_\_).
- QTH What is your location? My location is \_\_\_\_\_
- QTR What is the correct time? The correct time is \_\_\_\_\_
- QTV Shall I stand guard for you? Stand guard for me.
- QTX Will you keep your station open for further communication with me? Keep your station open for me.
- QUA Have you news of \_\_\_\_? I have news of \_\_\_\_.

### **ARRL QN Signals**

- QNA\* Answer in prearranged order.
- QNB Act as relay between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- QNC All net stations copy. I have a message for all net stations.
- QND\* Net is Directed (Controlled by net control station.)
- QNE\* Entire net stand by.
- QNF Net is Free (not controlled).
- QNG Take over as net control station
- QNH Your net frequency is High.
- QNI Net stations report in. I am reporting into the net. (Follow with a list of traffic or QRU.)
- QNJ Can you copy me?
- QNK\* Transmit messages for \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.
- QNL Your net frequency is Low.
- QNM\* You are QRMING the net. Stand by.
- QNN Net control station is \_\_\_\_\_. What station has net control?
- QNO Station is leaving the net.
- QNP Unable to copy you. Unable to copy \_\_\_\_\_.
- QNQ\* Move frequency to \_\_\_\_\_ and wait for \_\_\_\_\_ to finish handling traffic. Then send him traffic for \_\_\_\_\_.
- QNR\* Answer \_\_\_\_\_ and Receive traffic.
- QNS Following Stations are in the net.\* (follow with list.) Request list of stations in the net.
- QNT I request permission to leave the net for \_\_\_\_\_ minutes.
- QNU\* The net has traffic for *you*. Stand by.
- QNV\* Establish contact with \_\_\_\_\_ on this frequency. If successful, move to \_\_\_\_\_ and send him traffic for \_\_\_\_\_.
- QNW How do I route messages for \_\_\_\_\_?
- QNX You are excused from the net.\*
- QNY\* Shift to another frequency (or to \_\_\_\_\_ kHz) to clear traffic with \_\_\_\_\_.
- QNZ Zero beat your signal with mine.

**\*For use only by the Net Control Station.**

### **Notes on Use of QN Signals**

These QN signals are special ARRL signals for use in amateur CW nets *only*. They are not for use in casual amateur conversation. Other meanings that may be used in other services do not apply. Do not use QN signals on phone nets. *Say it with words*. QN signals need not be followed by a question mark, even though the meaning may be interrogatory.

## CW Abbreviations

Although abbreviations help to cut down unnecessary transmission, make it a rule not to abbreviate unnecessarily when working an operator of unknown experience.

AA	All after	GN	Good night	RTTY	Radioteletype
AB	All before	GND	Ground	RX	Receiver
AB	About	GUD	Good	SASE	Self-addressed, stamped envelope
ADR	Address	HI	The telegraphic laugh; high	SED	Said
AGN	Again	HR	Here, hear	SIG	Signature; signal
ANT	Antenna	HV	Have	SINE	Operator's personal initials or nickname
BCI	Broadcast interference	HW	How		
BCL	Broadcast listener	LID	A poor operator	SKED	Schedule
BK	Break; break me; break in	MA, MILS	Milliamperes	SRI	Sorry
BN	All between; been	MSG	Message; prefix to radiogram	SSB	Single sideband
BUG	Semi-automatic key	N	No	SVC	Service; prefix to service message
B4	Before	NCS	Net control station	T	Zero
C	Yes	ND	Nothing doing	TFC	Traffic
CFM	Confirm; I confirm	NIL	Nothing; I have nothing for you	TMW	Tomorrow
CK	Check			TNX-TKS	Thanks
CL	I am closing my station; call	NM	No more	TT	That
C LD-CLG	Called; calling	NR	Number	TU	Thank you
CQ	Calling any station	NW	Now; I resume transmission	TVI	Television interference
CUD	Could	OB	Old boy	TX	Transmitter
CUL	See you later	OC	Old chap	TXT	Text
CW	Continuous wave (i.e., radiotelegraph)	OM	Old man	UR-URS	Your; you're; yours
DE	From	OP-OPR	Operator	VFO	Variable-frequency oscillator
DLD-DLVD	Delivered	OT	Old timer; old top		
DR	Dear	PBL	Preamble	VY	Very
DX	Distance, foreign countries	PSE	Please	WA	Word after
		PWR	Power	WB	Word before
		PX	Press	WD-WDS	Word; words
ES	And, &	R	Received as transmitted; are	WKD-WKG	Worked; working
FB	Fine business, excellent	RCD	Received	WL	Well; will
FM	Frequency modulation	RCVR (RX)	Receiver	WUD	Would
GA	Go ahead (or resume sending)	REF	Refer to; referring to; reference	WX	Weather
GB	Good-by	RFI	Radio Frequency Interference	XCVR	Transceiver
GBA	Give better address	RIG	Station equipment	XMTR (TX)	Transmitter
GE	Good evening	RPT	Repeat; I repeat; report	XTAL	Crystal
GG	Going			XYL (YF)	Wife
GM	Good morning			YL	Young lady
				73	Best regards
				88	Love and Kisses

## ITU Recommended Phonetics

A — Alfa (AL FAH)  
 B — Bravo (BRAH VOH)  
 C — Charlie (CHAR LEE OR SHAR LEE)  
 D — Delta (DELL TAH)  
 E — Echo (ECK OH)  
 F — Foxrot (FOKS TROT)  
 G — Golf (GOLF)  
 H — Hotel (HOH TELL)  
 I — India (IN DEE AH)  
 J — Juliet (JEW LEE ETT)  
 K — Kilo (KEY LOH)  
 L — Lima (LEE MAH)  
 M — Mike (MIKE)  
 N — November (NO VEM BER)  
 O — Oscar (OSS CAH)  
 P — Papa (PAH PAH)  
 Q — Quebec (KEH BECK)  
 R — Romeo (ROW ME OH)  
 S — Sierra (SEE A/R RAH)  
 T — Tango (TANG GO)  
 U — Uniform (YOU NEE FORM or OO NEE FORM)  
 V — Victor (VIK TAH)  
 W — Whiskey (WISS KEY)  
 X — X-Ray (ECKS RAY)  
 Y — Yankee (YANG KEY)  
 Z — Zulu (ZOO LOO)

Note: The **Boldfaced** syllables are emphasized. The pronunciations shown in the table were designed for speakers from all international languages. The pronunciations given for "Oscar" and "Victor" may seem awkward to English-speaking people in the U.S.

## ARRL Log

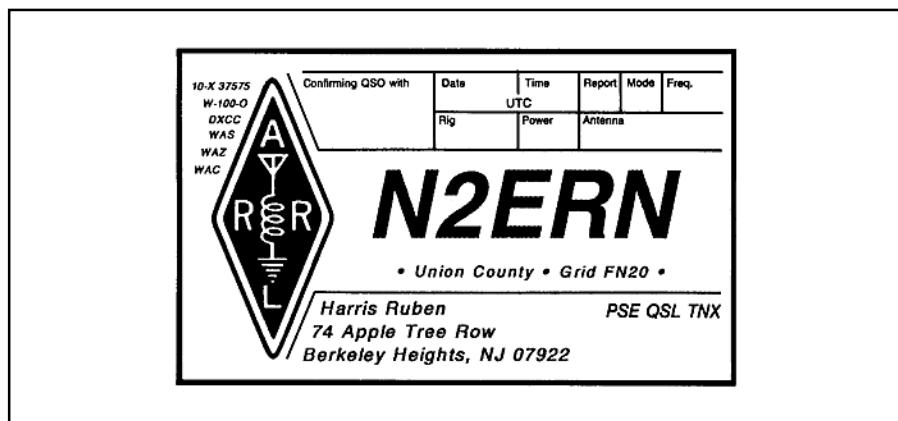
ARRL Log									
ARRL Log									
ARRL Log									
See inside front cover. <b>FIXED</b> Output in Watts. UTC recommended. <b>VARIABLE</b> RST. See back inside cover. This column may also be used for contest-exchange info received.									
DATE	FREQ.	MODE	POWER	TIME	STATION WORKED	REPORT SENT	REPORT REC'D	TIME OFF QTH	COMMENTS
28 JUL	146.52	FM	10	0430	WA1CCR				Wallingford ERIC NEW CONVERTER WORKS!
3 OCT	7.0	CW	150	2319	WAGVFF	001	322	Comma Cos	CALIFORNIA QSO PARTY
				22	N6OJ	002	157	SONO	
				24	K6NA	003	331	SD	
				31	NGOP/M	004	117	CALAV	
9 OCT	28.6	SSB	1 kW	0301	JA1OCA	59	57	Tokyo	Isao Buro ✓
				1545	EA9GD	551	579	Melilla	Jose Box 348 ✓✓
				56	GOØDX	599	599	SOMALIA	I2YAE ✓
5 Nov	3.8i0.2	SSB	150	0030	W9NA	59+	59+	Wausau, WI	Reno
9 Nov	21	CW	10	1642	G4BUE	339	449	1657	1 watt!

The ARRL Log is adaptable for all types of operating—ragchewing, contesting, DXing. References are to pages in the ARRL Log.

## ARRL Operating Awards

<b>Award</b>	<b>Qualification</b>
Friendship Award	Contact 26 stations with calls ending A through Z.
Rag Chewer's Club	A single contact $\frac{1}{2}$ hour or longer
Worked All States (WAS)	QSLs from all 50 US states
Worked All Continents (WAC)	QSLs from all six continents
DX Century Club (DXCC)	QSLs from at least 100 different countries
VHF/UHF Century Club (VUCC)	QSLs from many grid squares
A-1 Operator Club	Recommendation by two A-1 operators
Code Proficiency	One minute of perfect copy from W1AW qualifying run
Old Timers Club	Held an Amateur Radio license at least 20 years prior
ARRL Membership	ARRL membership for 25, 40, 50, 60 or 70 years

## ARRL Membership QSL Card



The ARRL membership QSL card. This example is from Harris Ruben, N2ERN, who designed the card. Your card would reflect your own call sign and address; awards and VUCC grid-square are optional. ARRL does not print or sell the cards. Inquire with printers who advertise in the *QST* Ham Ads.

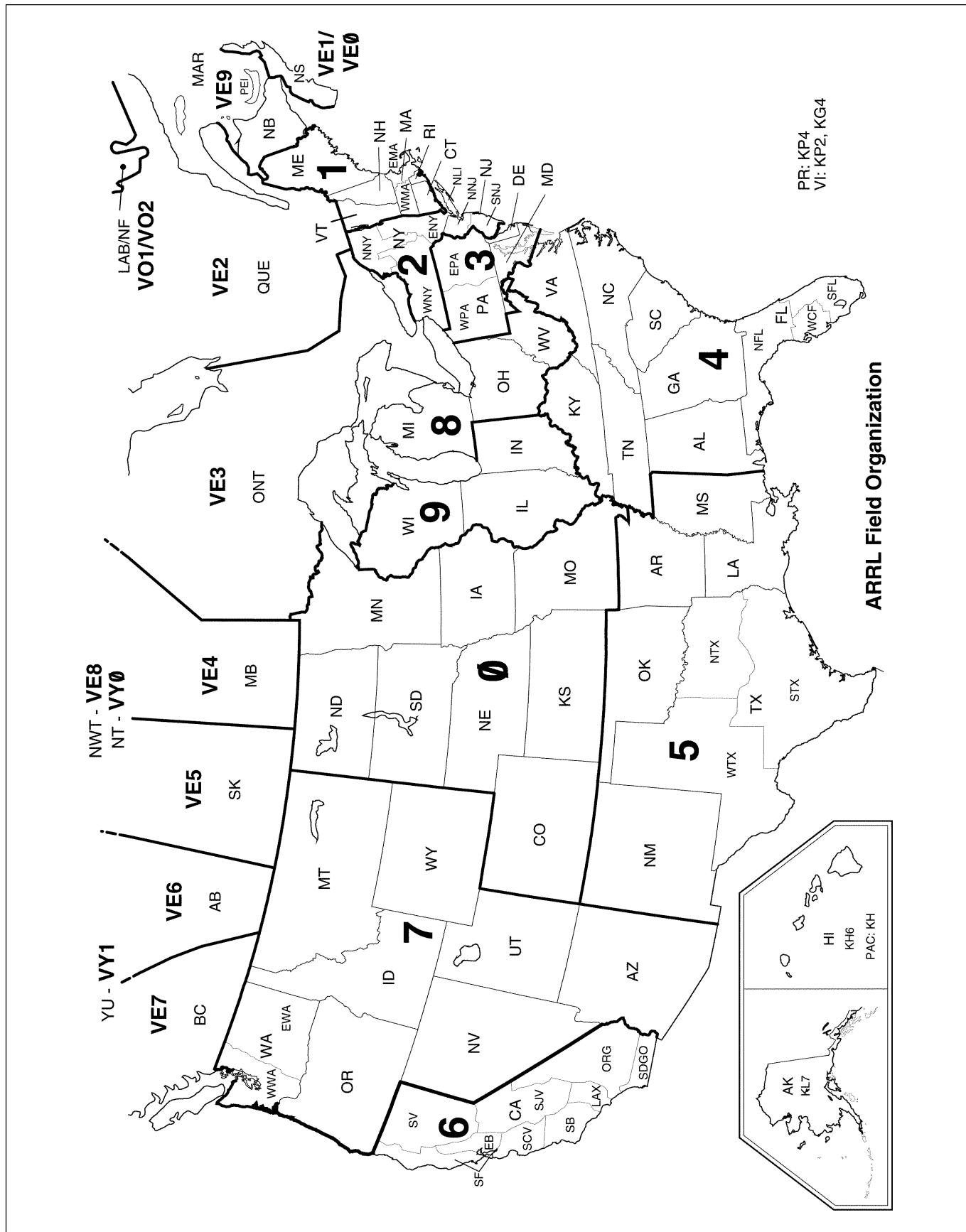
## Mode Abbreviations for QSL Cards

### **Abbreviation Explanation**

CW	Telegraphy
DATA	Telemetry, telecommand and computer communications (includes packet radio)
IMAGE	Facsimile and television
MCW	Tone-modulated telegraphy
PHONE	Speech and other sound
PULSE	Modulated main carrier
RTTY	Direct-printing telegraphy (includes AMTOR)
SS	Spread Spectrum
TEST	Emissions containing no information

Note: For additional information on emission types refer to latest edition of *The FCC Rule Book*.

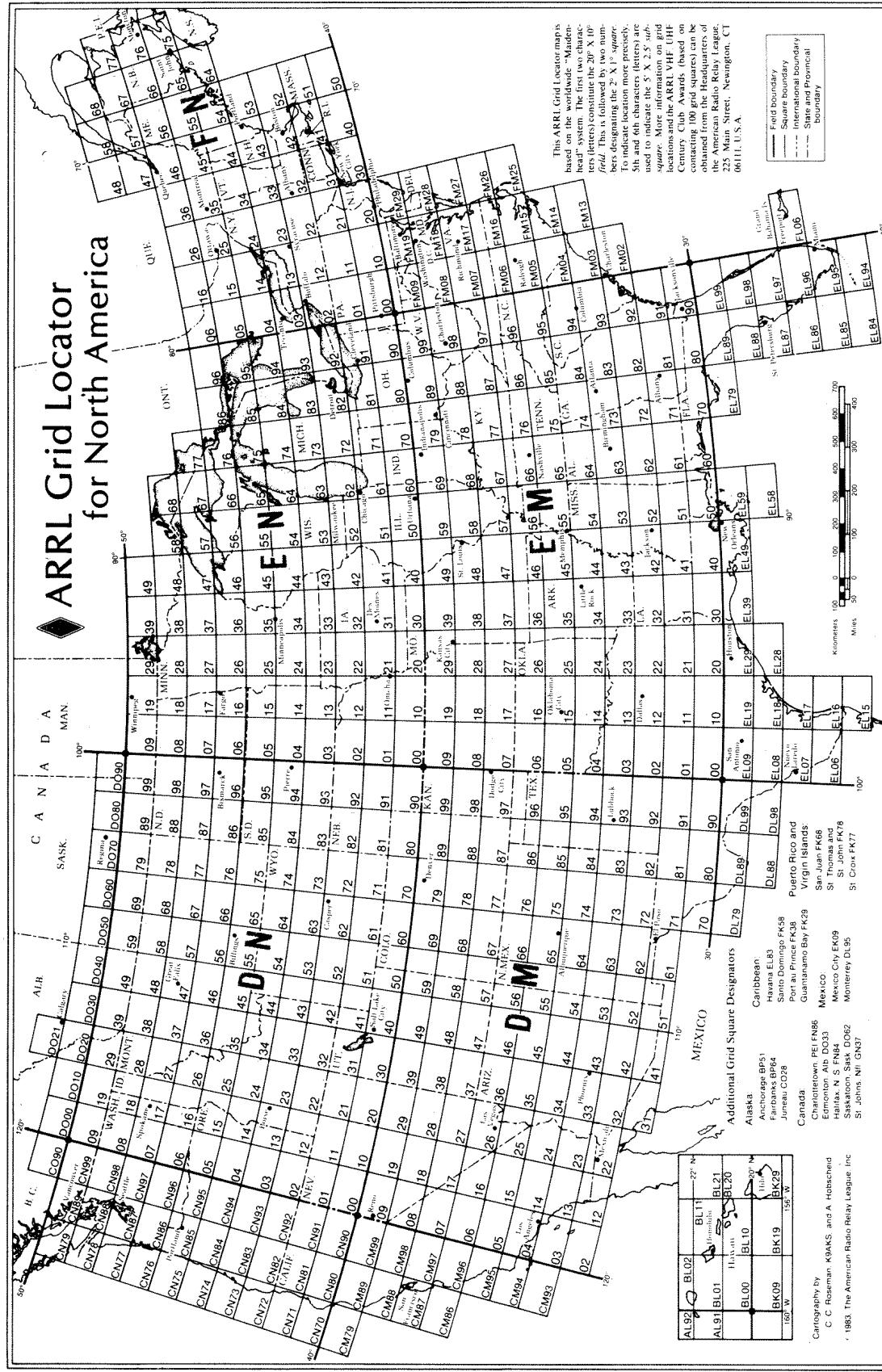
# US/Canada Map



A map showing US states, Canadian provinces and ARRL/RAC Sections.

# ARRL Grid Locator Map for North America

This and a World Grid Locator Map are available from ARRL.



## References 30.83

## **Operating Aids for Public Service**

ARRL HQ makes available the following free operating aids for public service communications:

<i>Public Service Communications Manual</i>	FSD-235
ARRL numbered radiograms	FSD-3
Sample emergency plan	FSD-27
ARES registration form	FSD-98
Amateur message form	FSD-218
Emergency Reference information	FSD-255
Field Organization Brochure	FSD-300

This entire Public Service Package can be obtained by sending a large (9 x 12-inch) envelope with First-Class postage for 6 ounces.

## **Principles of Emergency Communication**

- 1) *Keep the QRM level down*: Remain silent unless called upon. There are only two reasons to check into an emergency net: (1) You have a bona fide emergency; (2) the Net Control Station (NCS) is requesting help that only you can provide.
- 2) *Monitor established emergency frequencies*: Many areas have established emergency frequencies that should be monitored for possible distress calls.
- 3) *Avoid spreading rumors*: Transmit only facts, not speculation. Do not repeat messages unless so authorized by the originator, and then only word for word.
- 4) *Authenticate all messages*: Any messages of an official nature should be written and signed.
- 5) *Strive for efficiency*: You are more effective as part of a team than as a lone individual.
- 6) *Select the mode and band to suit the need*: Advantages of several modes are listed below.
- 7) *Use all communications channels intelligently*: The object is to protect lives and property. Use emergency or normal communications channels where available.
- 8) *Don't broadcast*: Our job is to communicate for, not with, the general public. See §97.113 of *The FCC Rule Book* for details.

### ***Advantages of Various Amateur Modes for Emergency Communications***

#### ***CW***

- 1) Less QRM in most amateur bands.
- 2) Privacy of communications (less easily understood by the public).
- 3) Simpler transmitting equipment.
- 4) Greater accuracy than voice in record communications.
- 5) Longer range for a given transmitter power level.

#### ***Voice***

- 1) More practical for portable and mobile work.
- 2) More widespread availability of operators.
- 3) Faster communication for tactical or "command" purposes.
- 4) More readily appreciated and understood by the public.
- 5) Official-to-official and phone-patch communication.

#### ***Packet/AMTOR/PACTOR/CLOVER***

- 1) Less QRM in most amateur bands.
- 2) Privacy of communications (less easily understood by the public).
- 3) More widespread availability of operators.
- 4) Greater speed and accuracy of record communication than any other modes.

## **ARES Personal Checklist**

The following represents recommendations of equipment and supplies ARES members should consider having available for use during an emergency or public-service activity.

- 1) ARES Identification Card
- 2) FCC Amateur Radio License
- 3) Radio Gear
  - rig (2 meters)
  - microphone
  - headphones
  - power supply/extr batteries
  - antennas with mounts
  - spare fuses
  - patch cords/adapters (BNC to PL259/RCA phono to PL259)
  - SWR meter
  - extra coax
- 4) Writing Gear
  - pen/pencil/eraser
  - clipboard
  - message forms
  - logbook
  - note paper
- 5) Personal Gear (short duration)
  - snacks
  - liquid refreshments
  - throat lozenges
  - personal medicine
  - aspirin
  - extra pair of prescription glasses
- 6) Personal Gear (72-hour duration)
  - foul-weather gear
  - three-day supply of drinking water
  - cooler with three-day supply of food
  - mess kit with cleaning supplies
  - first-aid kit
  - personal medicine
  - aspirin
  - throat lozenges
  - sleeping bag
  - toilet articles
  - mechanical alarm clock
  - flashlight with batteries/lantern
  - candles
  - waterproof matches
  - extra pair of prescription glasses
- 7) Tool Box (72-hour duration)
  - screwdrivers
  - pliers
  - socket wrenches
  - electrical tape
  - 12/120-V soldering iron
  - solder
  - volt-ohm meter
- 8) Other (72-hour duration)
  - hatchet/ax
  - saw
  - pick
  - shovel
  - siphon
  - jumper cables
  - 3/8-inch rope
  - highway flares
  - extra gasoline and oil

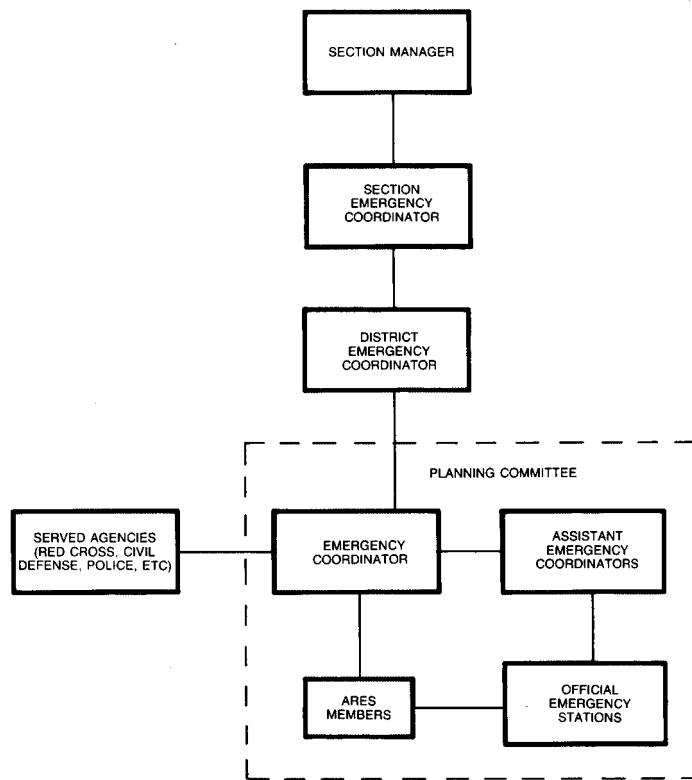
## ARES/RACES

The Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES) and the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES) are the umbrella organizations of Amateur Radio public services. ARES is sponsored by ARRL (although ARRL membership is not required for participation) and handles all kinds of public-service activities. RACES is administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and operates only for civil preparedness and in times of civil emergency. RACES is activated at the request of a state or federal official.

The ARRL advocates dual membership and cooperative efforts between ARES and RACES whenever possible. RACES rules now make it possible for ARES and RACES to use the same frequencies, so that an ARES group also enrolled as RACES can "switch hats" from ARES to RACES and RACES to ARES as the situation develops. In many areas, however, the two organizations exist separately. Contact local ARRL Leadership Officials to determine the situation in your area.

ARES officials operate under the ARRL Section Manager. **Figs A and B** show the Section and the local ARES structures, respectively.

The Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Services (RACES) comprises certain Amateur Radio operators and stations that are registered with civil defense organizations or licensed as RACES stations by the FCC. RACES frequencies are normally shared with the Amateur Radio Service, but in times of civil emergency and for limited periods of testing and practice RACES operation is limited to the frequencies shown below. During times of official RACES operation, RACES stations may only contact other RACES stations and certain other stations as listed in §97.407(c). Official RACES operation does not allow radio contact with the general amateur population.

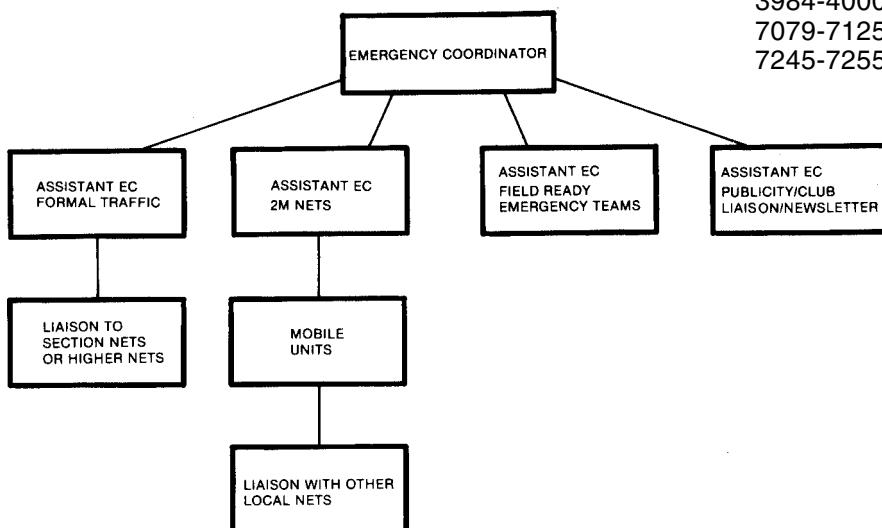


**Fig A—Section-level ARES structure.**

## Dedicated RACES Operating Frequencies

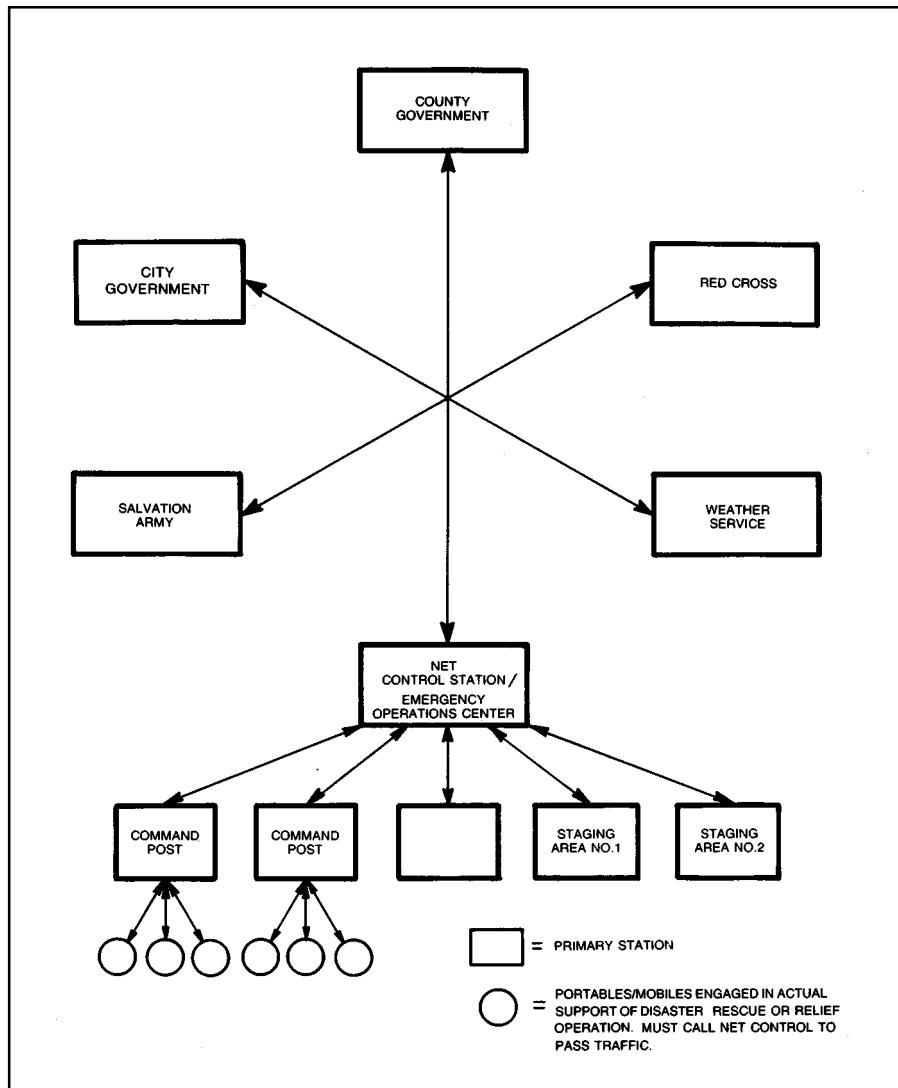
RACES frequencies are shared with amateurs except in certain emergencies. See *The FCC Rule Book* (§97.407) for details on RACES operation.

<b>kHz</b>	<b>MHz</b>	<b>MHz</b>
1800-1825	10.100-10.150	50.350-50.750
1975-2000	14.047-14.053	52.000-54.000
3500-3550	14.220-14.230	144.50-145.71
3930-3980	14.331-14.350	146.00-148.00
3984-4000	21.047-21.053	222.00-225.00
7079-7125	21.228-21.267	420.00-450.00
7245-7255	28.550-28.750	1240.00-1300.00
	29.237-29.273	2390.00-2450.00
		29.450-29.650

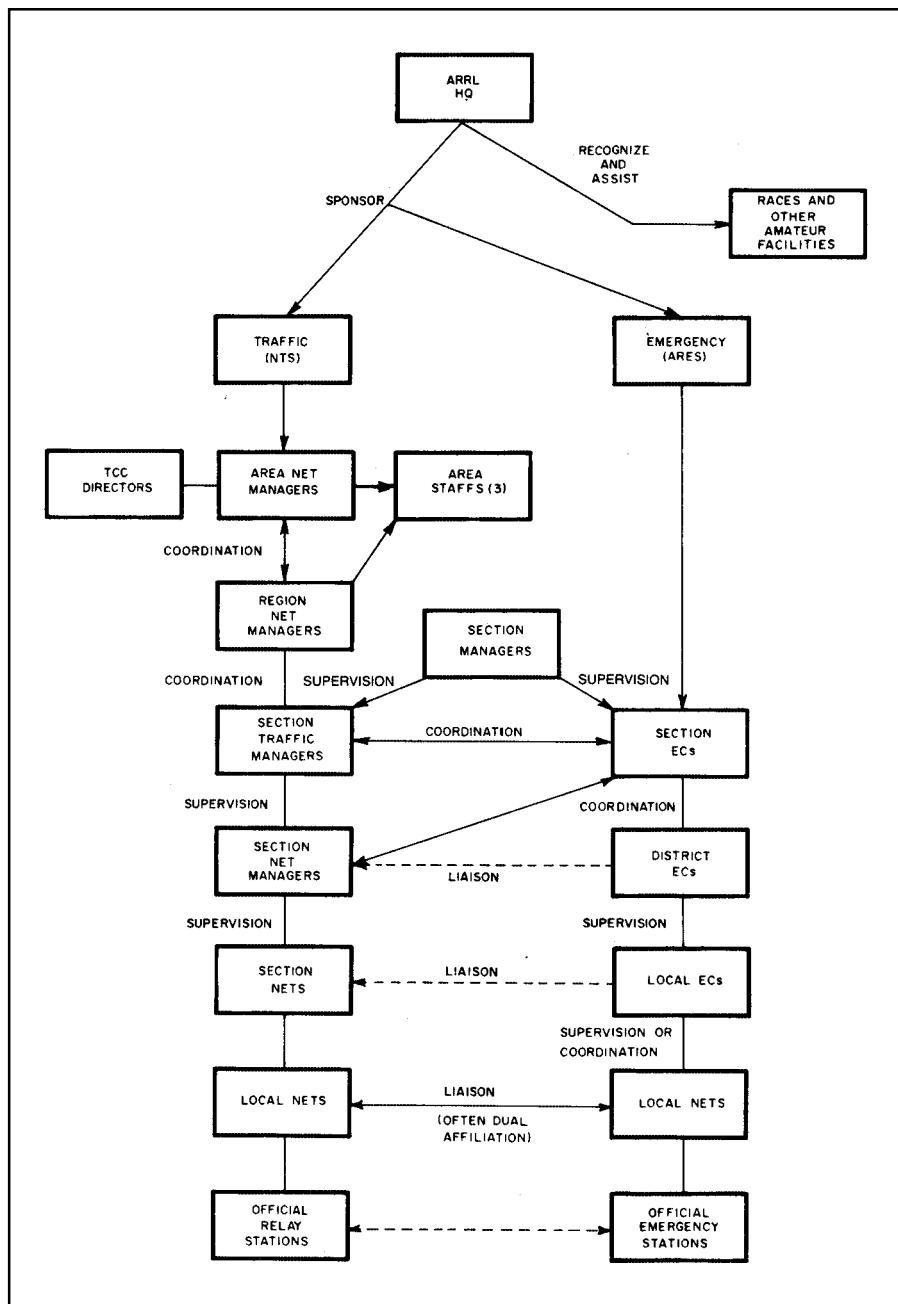


**Fig B—Local ARES structure for a county, city or other area of coverage.**

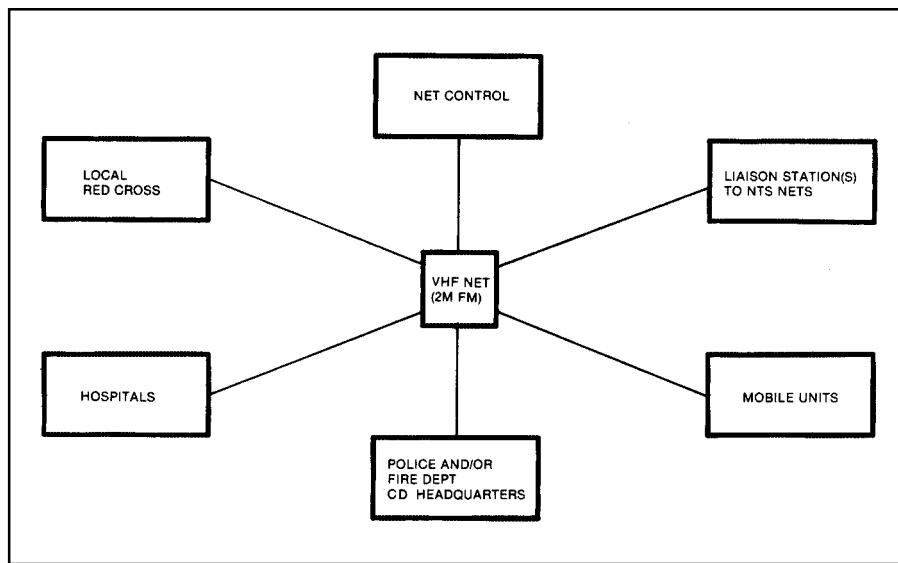
## The Interaction Between the EOC/NCS and the Command Post(s) in a Local Emergency



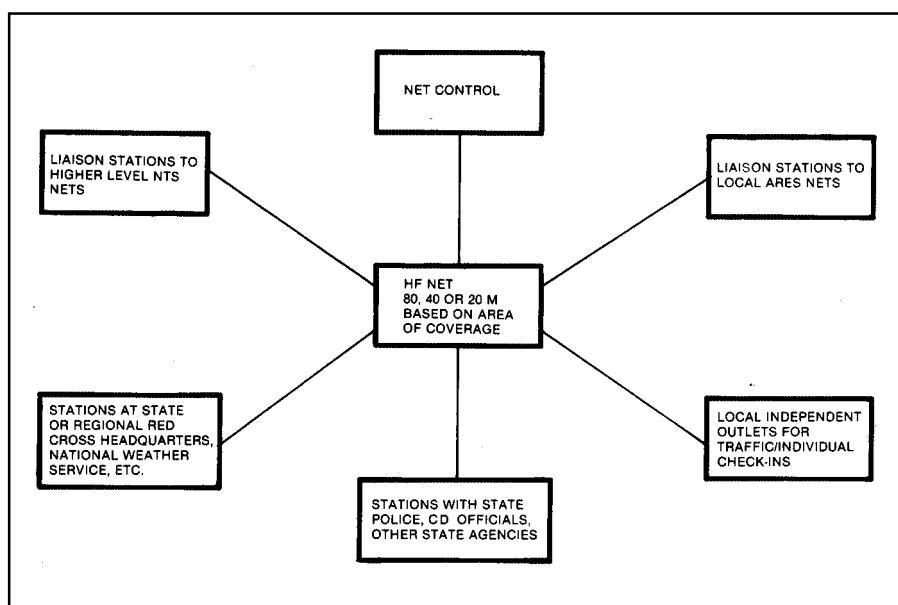
## Organization and Interaction of ARES and NTS



## Typical Station Deployment for Local ARES Net Coverage in an Emergency



## Typical Structure of an HF Network for Emergency Communication



# Amateur Message Form

Every formal radiogram message originated and handled should contain the following component parts in the order given.

## I PREAMBLE

- a. Number (begin with 1 each month or year)
- b. Precedence (R, W, P or EMERGENCY)
- c. Handling Instructions (optional, see text)
- d. Station of Origin (first amateur handler)
- e. Check (number of words/groups in text only)
- f. Place of Origin (not necessarily location of station of origin)
- g. Time Filed (optional with originating station)
- h. Date (must agree with date of time filed)

## II ADDRESS (as complete as possible, include zip code and telephone number)

## III TEXT (limit to 25 words or less, if possible)

## IV SIGNATURE

## CW MESSAGE EXAMPLE

I NR 1 R HXG W1AW 8 NEWINGTON CONN 1830Z JULY 1  
a b c d e f g h

II DONALD SMITH AA  
164 EAST SIXTH AVE AA  
NORTH RIVER CITY MO 00789 AA  
733 4968 BT

III HAPPY BIRTHDAY X SEE YOU SOON X LOVE BT  
IV DIANA AR

Note that X, when used in the text as punctuation, counts as a word.

**CW:** The prosign AA separates the parts of the address. BT separates the address from the text and the text from the signature. AR marks end of message; this is followed by B if there is another message to follow, by N if this is the only or last message. It is customary to copy the preamble, parts of the address, text and signature on separate lines.

**RTTY:** Same as cw procedure above, except (1) use extra space between parts of address, instead of AA; (2) omit cw procedure sign BT to separate text from address and signature, using line spaces instead; (3) add a CFM line under the signature, consisting of all names, numerals and unusual words in the message in the order transmitted.

**PACKET/AMTOR BBS:** Same format as shown in the cw message example above, except that the AA and AR prosigns may be omitted. Most amtor and packet BBS software in use today allows formal message traffic to be sent with the "ST" command. Always avoid the use of spectrum-wasting multiple line feeds and indentations.

**PHONE:** Use prowords instead of prosigns, but it is not necessary to name each part of the message as you send it. For example, the above message would be sent on phone as follows: "Number one routine HX Golf W1AW eight Newington Connecticut one eight three zero zulu July one Donald Smith Figures one six four East Sixth Avenue North River City Missouri zero zero seven eight nine Telephone seven three three four nine six eight Break Happy birthday X-ray see you soon X-ray love Break Diana End of Message Over. "End of Message" is followed by "More" if there is another message to follow, "No More" if it is the only or last message. Speak clearly using VOX (or pause frequently on push-to-talk) so that the receiving station can get fills. Spell phonetically all difficult or unusual words—do not spell out common words. Do not use cw abbreviations or Q-signals in phone traffic handling.

## PRECEDENCES

The precedence will follow the message number. For example, on cw 207 R or 207 EMERGENCY. On phone, "Two Zero Seven, Routine (or Emergency)."

**EMERGENCY**—Any message having life and death urgency to any person or group of persons, which is transmitted by Amateur Radio in the absence of regular commercial facilities. This includes official messages of welfare agencies during emergencies requesting supplies, materials or instructions vital to relief of stricken populace in emergency areas. During normal times, it will be *very rare*. On cw, RTTY and other digital modes this designation will always be spelled out. When in doubt, *do not* use it.

**PRIORITY**—Important messages having a specific time limit. Official messages not covered in the Emergency category. Press dispatches and other emergency-related traffic not of the utmost urgency. Notification of death or injury in a disaster area, personal or official. Use the abbreviation P on cw.

**WELFARE**—A message that is either a) an inquiry as to the health and welfare of an individual in the disaster area b) an advisory or reply from the disaster area that indicates all is well should carry this precedence, which is abbreviated W on cw. These messages are handled *after* Emergency and Priority traffic but before Routine.

**ROUTINE**—Most traffic normal times will bear this designation. In disaster situations, traffic labeled Routine (R on cw) should be handled *last*, or not at all when circuits are busy with Emergency, Priority or Welfare traffic.

## Handling Instructions (Optional)

**HXA**—(Followed by number.) Collect landline delivery authorized by addressee within . . . . . miles. (If no number, authorization is unlimited.)

**HXB**—(Followed by number.) Cancel message if not delivered within . . . . . hours of filing time; service originating station.

**HXC**—Report date and time of delivery (TOD) to originating station.

**HXD**—Report to originating station the identity of station from which received, plus date and time. Report identity of station to which relayed, plus date and time, or if delivered report date, time and method of delivery.

**HXE**—Delivering station get reply from addressee, originate message back.

**HXF**—(Followed by number.) Hold delivery until . . . . . (date).

**HXG**—Delivery by mail or landline toll call not required. If toll or other expense involved, cancel message and service originating station.

For further information on traffic handling, consult the Public Service Communications Manual or the ARRL Operating Manual, both published by ARRL.

# A Simple NTS Formal Message

THIS IS A FORMAL MESSAGE. FORMAL MEANS THAT THE MESSAGE FOLLOWS A PRE-ESTABLISHED FORM OR CONVENTION. A FORMAL MESSAGE CONTAINS ALL THE NECESSARY "RECORDEKEEPING" ELEMENTS THAT ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP A HISTORY OF THE MESSAGE AS IT IS SENT THROUGH THE NTS. ALL FORMAL MESSAGES CONSIST OF FOUR PARTS: THE PREAMBLE, THE ADDRESS, THE TEXT AND THE SIGNATURE.

RADIOGRAM								
NUMBER	PRECEDENCE	HX	STN OF ORIGIN	CHECK	PLACE OF ORIGIN	TIME FILED	DATE	
347	R	E	K7ABT	25	PHOENIX AZ		DEC 4	
<b>TO:</b> ALBERT M COUSINS 337 W 38TH STREET BRIDGEPORT CT 06645 TELEPHONE NO. 203 334 5678								
<b>DEAR</b> DEAR DAD ARRIVED SAFELY 339TH COMPOSITE BOMB GROUP FLAGSTAFF DECEMBER 2ND X TELL SHERRY IM OK X PHONE 602 345 9876 SEND FLAK JACKET LOVE								
BILLY 043 89 9078								

EACH OF THE ELEMENTS OF THE FORMAL MESSAGE HAS CERTAIN FORMAT REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST BE MET IN ORDER TO AVOID CONFUSION ON THE AIR AS THE MESSAGE IS SENT, AND ALSO TO ASSURE THAT A SENDER-TO-RECEIVER TRACE CAN ALWAYS BE DONE ON THE MESSAGE.

## Handling Instructions

HXA—(Followed by number.) Collect landline delivery authorized by addressee within \_\_\_\_\_ miles. (If no number, authorization is unlimited.)

HXB—(Followed by number.) Cancel messages if not delivered within \_\_\_\_\_ hours of filing time; service originating station.

HXC—Report date and time of delivery (TOD) to originating station.

HXD—Report to originating station the identity of station from which received, plus date and time. Report identity of station to which relayed, plus date and time, or if delivered report date, time and method of delivery.

HXE—Delivering station get reply from addressee, originate message back.

HXF—(Followed by number.) Hold delivery until \_\_\_\_\_ (date).

HXG—Delivery by mail or landline toll call not required. If toll or other expense involved, cancel message and service originating station.

An HX prosign (when used) will be inserted in the message preamble before the station of origin, thus: NR 207 R HXA50 W1AW 12...(etc). If more than one HX prosign is used they can be combined if no numbers are to be inserted; otherwise the HX should be repeated, thus: NR 207 R HXAC W1AW... (etc), but: NR 207 R HXA50 HXC W1AW...(etc). On phone, use phonetics for the letter or letters following the HX, to ensure accuracy.

## ARL Numbered Radiograms

The letters ARL are inserted in the preamble in the check and in the text before spelled out numbers, which represent texts from this list. Note that some ARL texts include insertion of numerals. *Example:* NR 1 R W1AW ARL 5 NEWINGTON CONN DEC 25 DONALD R SMITH AA 164 EAST SIXTH AVE AA NORTH RIVER CITY MO AA PHONE 733 3968 BT ARL FIFTY ARL SIXTY ONE BT DIANA AR.

### **Group One—For possible “Relief Emergency” Use**

ONE	Everyone safe here. Please don't worry.	NINETEEN	Request health and welfare report on _____. (State name, address and telephone number.)
TWO	Coming home as soon as possible.	TWENTY	Temporarily stranded. Will need some assistance. Please contact me at _____.
THREE	Am in _____ hospital. Receiving excellent care and recovering fine.	TWENTY ONE	Search and Rescue assistance is needed by local authorities here. Advise availability.
FOUR	Only slight property damage here. Do not be concerned about disaster reports.	TWENTY TWO	Need accurate information on the extent and type of conditions now existing at your location. Please furnish this information and reply without delay.
FIVE	Am moving to new location. Send no further mail or communication. Will inform you of new address when relocated.	TWENTY THREE	Report at once the accessibility and best way to reach your location.
SIX	Will contact you as soon as possible.	TWENTY FOUR	Evacuation of residents from this area urgently needed. Advise plans for help.
SEVEN	Please reply by Amateur Radio through the amateur delivering this message. This is a free public service.	TWENTY FIVE	Furnish as soon as possible the weather conditions at your location.
EIGHT	Need additional _____ mobile or portable equipment for immediate emergency use.	TWENTY SIX	Help and care for evacuation of sick and injured from this location needed at once.
NINE	Additional _____ radio operators needed to assist with emergency at this location.		Emergency/priority messages originating from official sources must carry the signature of the originating official.
TEN	Please contact _____. Advise to standby and provide further emergency information, instructions or assistance.		
ELEVEN	Establish Amateur Radio emergency communications with _____ on _____ MHz.	FORTY SIX	Greetings on your birthday and best wishes for many more to come.
TWELVE	Anxious to hear from you. No word in some time. Please contact me as soon as possible.	FIFTY	Greetings by Amateur Radio.
THIRTEEN	Medical emergency situation exists here.	FIFTY ONE	Greetings by Amateur Radio. This message is sent as a free public service by ham radio operators here at _____. Am having a wonderful time.
FOURTEEN	Situation here becoming critical. Losses and damage from _____ increasing.	FIFTY TWO	Really enjoyed being with you. Looking forward to getting together again.
FIFTEEN	Please advise your condition and what help is needed.	FIFTY THREE	Received your _____. It's appreciated; many thanks.
SIXTEEN	Property damage very severe in this area.	FIFTY FOUR	Many thanks for your good wishes.
SEVENTEEN	REACT communications services also available. Establish REACT communications with _____ on channel _____.	FIFTY FIVE	Good news is always welcome. Very delighted to hear about yours.
EIGHTEEN	Please contact me as soon as possible at _____.		

Continued on [next page](#).

## ARL Numbered Radiograms

Continued from [previous page](#).

FIFTY SIX	Congratulations on your _____, a most worthy and deserved achievement.	SIXTY FOUR	Arrived safely at _____. Arriving _____ on _____. Please arrange to meet me there.
FIFTY SEVEN	Wish we could be together.	SIXTY FIVE	DX QSLs are on hand for you at the _____ QSL Bureau. Send _____ self-addressed envelopes.
FIFTY EIGHT	Have a wonderful time. Let us know when you return.	SIXTY SIX	
FIFTY NINE	Congratulations on the new arrival. Hope mother and child are well.	SIXTY SEVEN	Your message number _____ undeliverable because of _____. Please advise.
*SIXTY	Wishing you the best of everything on _____.	SIXTY EIGHT	Sorry to hear you are ill. Best wishes for a speedy recovery.
SIXTY ONE	Wishing you a very merry Christmas and a happy New Year.	SIXTY NINE	Welcome to the _____. We are glad to have you with us and hope you will enjoy the fun and fellowship of the organization.
*SIXTY TWO	Greetings and best wishes to you for a pleasant _____ holiday season.		
SIXTY THREE	Victory or defeat, our best wishes are with you. Hope you win.		

\* Can be used for all holidays.

Note: ARL numbers should be spelled out at all times.

## How to be the Kind of Net Operator the Net Control Station (NCS) Loves

As a net operator, you have a duty to be self-disciplined. A net is only as good as its worst operator. You can be an exemplary net operator by following a few easy guidelines.

1) *Zero beat the NCS.* The NCS doesn't have time to chase all over the band for you. Make sure you're on frequency, and you will never be known at the annual net picnic as "old so-and-so who's always off frequency."

2) *Don't be late.* There's no such thing as "fashionably late" on a net. Liaison stations are on a tight time-table. Don't hold them up by checking in 10 minutes late with three pieces of traffic.

3) *Speak only when spoken to by the NCS.* Unless it is a bona fide emergency situation, you don't need to "help" the NCS unless asked. If you need to contact the NCS, make it brief. Resist the urge to help clear the frequency for the NCS or to "advise" the NCS. The NCS, not you, is boss.

4) Unless otherwise instructed by the NCS, *transmit only to the NCS.* Side comments to another station in the net are out of order.

5) *Stay until you are excused.* If the NCS calls you and you don't respond because you're getting a "cold one" from the fridge, the NCS may assume you've left the net, and net business may be stymied. If you need to leave the net prematurely, contact the NCS and simply ask to be excused (QNX PSE ON CW).

6) *Be brief when transmitting to the NCS.* A simple "yes" (C) or "no" (N) will usually suffice. Shaggy dog tales only waste valuable net time.

7) *Know how the net runs.* The NCS doesn't have time to explain procedure to you. After you have been on the net for a while, you should already know these things.

## Checking Your Message

Traffic handlers don't have to dine out to fight over the check! Even good ops find much confusion when counting up the text of a message. You can eliminate some of this confusion by remembering these basic rules:

- 1) Punctuation ("X-rays," "Querys") count separately as a word.
- 2) Mixed letter-number groups (1700Z, for instance) count as one word.
- 3) Initial or number groups count as one word if sent together, two if sent separately.
- 4) The signature does not count as part of the text, but any closing lines, such as "Love" or "Best wishes" do.

Here are some examples:

- Charles J McClain—3 words
- W B Stewart—3 words
- St Louis—2 words
- 3 PM—2 words
- SASE—1 word
- ARL FORTY SIX—3 words
- 2N1601—1 word
- Seventy-three—2 words
- 73—1 word

Telephone numbers count as 3 words (area code, prefix, number), and ZIP codes count as one, ZIP + 4 codes count as two words. Canadian postal codes count as two words (first three characters, last three characters.)

Although, it is improper to change the text of a message, you may change the check. Always do this by following the original check with a slash bar, then the corrected check. On phone, use the words "corrected to."

# Tips on Handling NTS Traffic by Packet Radio

## ***Listing Messages***

- After logging on to your local NTS-supported bulletin board, type the command LT, meaning List Traffic. The BBS will sort and display an index of all NTSXX traffic awaiting delivery.

## ***Receiving Messages***

- To take a message off the Bulletin Board for telephone delivery to the third party, or for relay to a NTS Local or Section Net, type the R command, meaning Read Traffic, and the message number. R 188 will cause the BBS to find the BBS message number 188. This RADIOGRAM will look like any other, with preamble, address, text and signature; only some additional packet-related message header information is added. This information includes the routing path of the message for auditing purposes; e.g., to discern any excessive delays in the system.
- After the message is saved to the printer or disk, the message should be KILLED by using the KT command, meaning Kill Traffic, and the message number. In the above case, at the BBS prompt, type KT 188. This prevents the message from being delivered twice. Some of the newer BBS software requires use of K rather than KT.
- At the time the message is killed, many BBSs will automatically send a message back to the station in the FROM field with information on who took the traffic, and when it was taken!

## ***Delivering or Relaying A Message***

- A downloaded RADIOGRAM should, of course, be handled expeditiously in the traditional way: telephone delivery, or relay to another net.

## ***Sending Messages***

- To send a RADIOGRAM, use the ST command meaning Send Traffic. The BBS will prompt you for the NTS routing (0611@NTSCT, for example), the message title which should contain the city in the address of the RADIOGRAM (QTC 1 Dayton), and the text of the message in RADIOGRAM format. The BBS, usually within the hour, will check its outgoing mailpouch, find the NTSCT message and automatically forward it to the next packet station in line to the NTSCT node. Note: Some states have more than one ARRL Section. If you do not know the destination ARRL Section ("Is San Angelo in the ARRL North, South or West Texas Section?"), then simply use the state designator NTSTX.

\*Note: While NTS/packet radio message forwarding is evolving rapidly, there are still some gaps. When uploading an NTS message destined for a distant state, use handling instruction "HXC" to ask the delivering station to report back to you the date and time of delivery.

## ***We Want You!***

Local and Section BBSs need to be checked daily for NTS traffic. SYSOPs and STMs can't do it alone. They need your help to clear NTS RADIOGRAMs every day, seven days a week, for delivery and relay. If you are a traffic handler/packeteer, contact your Section Traffic Manager or Section Manager for information on existing NTS/packet procedures in your Section.

If you are a packeteer, and know nothing of NTS traffic handling, contact ARRL HQ, your Section Manager or Section Traffic Manager for information on how you can put your packet radio gear to use in serving the public in routine times, but especially in time of emergency!

And, if you enjoy phone/CW traffic handling, but aren't on packet yet, discover the incredible speed and accuracy of packet radio traffic handling. You probably already have a small computer and 2-meter rig; all you need is a packet radio "black box" to connect between your 2-meter rig and computer. For more information on packet radio, see *Practical Packet Radio*, published by the ARRL.

# Templates

Template packages are available for many ARRL Handbook projects and some text discussions. They may include full-size etching patterns, more-detailed information on the subject, the author's corrections or updates and other useful information. They are updated as new information is received at ARRL Headquarters.

All of these template packages are available on this CD-ROM in the \TEMPLATE directory. With *Acrobat Reader* installed, simply open the \TEMPLATE\INDEX.PDF file on the CD-ROM to read any of the templates. You also can open an individual template file using the file name in the table below. These files are located in the \TEMPLATE\PDF directory of the CD-ROM.

Template packages are also available in hard-copy form from the Technical Secretary, ARRL HQ, 225 Main St, Newington, CT 06111-1494, USA. The minimum handling charge is \$2 for ARRL members and \$4 for nonmembers. The cost is higher for some larger packages. If you live in the US, enclose a check or money order made out to ARRL. A self-addressed 9 x 12 envelope will help expedite your request. For requests from outside the US, call 860-594-0278 (8 AM - 4 PM Eastern time). The fax number is 860-594-0259.

<b>Template Reference Chapter and Topic</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>PDF File Name</b>	<b>Hard-Copy Cost</b>
11—A Series-Regulated 4.5- to 25-V, 2.5-A Power Supply	Sabin Power Supply	SABINPS	\$2/\$4
11—A 13.8-V, 40-A Power Supply	13.8-V, 40-A Power Supply	13V40APS	\$2/\$4
11—28-V, High-Current Power Supply	28-V Power Supply	28VSUP	\$2/\$4
13—A 2-M Brick Amp for Handhelds	2-M Brick Amp for Hand-holds	BRICK	\$2/\$4
13—Pi and Pi-L Network Tables	Wingfield Tables	HBKMATCH	\$3/\$5
16—Crystal-Filter Evaluation	Crystal Filter Evaluation	XFEVAL	\$2/\$4
16—A Continuously Variable Bandwidth Audio Filter	Bramwell Variable Audio Filter	BRAMWELL	\$2/\$4
17—NB Match Diagrams	NB Match	NBMATCH	\$2/\$4
17—A Rock-Bending Receiver for 7 MHz	Rock Bending Receiver	RBR	\$2/\$4
17—The NorCal Sierra: An 80-15 M CW Transceiver	NorCal Sierra	SIERRA	\$3/\$5
17—A Broadband HF Amplifier	Kossor Amp	KOSSOR	\$2/\$4
22—Vintage Radio T/R Adapter	T/R Switch	TRSW	\$2/\$4
22—Quick and Easy CW with Your PC	Taggart CW Interface	TAGGART	\$2/\$4
22—An Expandable Headphone Mixer	Headphone Mixer	HEADMIX	\$2/\$4
22—Audio Break-Out Box	Spencer Audio Break-out Box	SPENCEBO	\$2/\$4
22—An SWR Detector Audio Adapter	Spencer Audible SWR Adaptor	SPENCSWR	\$2/\$4
22—A Trio of Transceiver/Computer Interfaces	Interfaces	IFACE	\$2/\$4
22—TR Time-Delay Generator	N6CA TR Time-Delay Generator	N6CA-TR	\$2/\$4
23—Frequency Coordination and Band Plans	Repeaters	RPTRS	\$2/\$4
23—Mode-S Receive Converter	S-Band Converter	S-BAND	\$2/\$4
23—L-Band Satellite Antenna/Amplifier	Krome Amp	KROME	\$2/\$4
23—Azimuth and Elevation Information	EME	EME	\$2/\$4
23—An Active Attenuator for VHF-FM	Eenhoorn Active Attenuator	EEN-ATT	\$2/\$4
26—A Marker Generator with Selectable Output	Marker Generator	MARKGEN	\$2/\$4

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# Templates

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<b>Template Reference Chapter and Topic</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>PDF File Name</b>	<b>Hard-Copy Cost</b>
26—Measure Inductance and Capacitance with a DVM	Rainbow Inductance Meter	LMETER	\$2/\$4
26—A Six-Digit Programmable Frequency Counter and Digital Dial	Six Digit Programmable Frequency Counter/Digital Dial	COUNTER	\$2/\$4
26—A Calibrated Noise Source	Sabin Noise Source	SABINNS	\$2/\$4
26—A Noise Bridge for 1.8 Through 30 MHz	RX Noise Bridge	RXBRIDGE	\$2/\$4
27—Bench Equipment	Dip Meter Sources	DIPS	\$2/\$4
27—Signal Generator	Crystal Controlled Signal Source	XTALSRC	\$2/\$4
30—Pi-Network Resistive Attenuators (50 Ω)	Step Attenuator	STEPATT	\$2/\$4