

# Radio Communication



The Journal of the Radio Society of Great Britain

April 1991

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THE VOICE OF AMATEUR RADIO FOR 78 YEARS

**1st Prize  
A Gleaming New  
Ford Fiesta**



**Are you going to the NEC?  
Did you buy a lottery ticket?  
Will YOU be driving this car home?**



## The review said it all

“What a lovely transceiver” said Chris Lorek when he reviewed the TS-850S recently. He wasn’t just talking about its appearance, he was referring to the obvious lead in performance which is evident when you use a TS-850S for the first time and the supreme ease of use which is one of the hallmarks of Kenwood design.

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John Wilson G3PCY

TS-850S ..... £1,295.00  
 AT-850 Auto ATU ..... £144.82

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**N.B. for all other RSGB telephone numbers see page four.**

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# Radio Communication



## Special Pull-out Supplement

### Official RSGB NEC91 Show Guide.

Floor Plan, List of Exhibitors, RSGB Book offers (members only), New Products on display.

Bring your RadCom pull-out Guide to save buying a programme at the door.

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Radio Communication



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# RADIO SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY WHICH REPRESENTS UK RADIO AMATEURS  
Founded in 1913 incorporated 1926. Limited by guarantee  
Member society of the international Amateur Radio Union

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**UK students over 18 and under 25: £19.20** (Applications should give applicant's age at last renewal date and include evidence of student status)

**Novice Member: £11.95. Affiliated club or society/registered group**

**(UK): £30.00 (including Radio Communication): £17.95 (excluding Radio Communication)** (Subscriptions include VAT where applicable)

Membership application forms available from RSGB HQ



From the  
**Secretary's  
Office**

## DX CLUSTERS

FOR SEVERAL DECADES, groups of keen DXers have been alerting each other to rare DX stations operating on the HF bands. Traditionally this has been done on phone on a convenient VHF band, usually with omni-directional antennas so that hopefully everyone could hear each other.

Just over a year ago, modern technology started to take over when the first experimental (attended) DX Cluster node was put on the air by Ian Shepherd, G4LJF. Many more nodes have since joined the Cluster, and a national network is now beyond the embryo stage.

To understand the operation of the UK DX Cluster system, some of the jargon needs to be explained. The Cluster itself consists of a number of computers spread around the UK linked together by digital radio using AX25 (packet radio). Each computer in the Cluster is referred to as a 'node' and each node (at present) can support up to 32 end users, all connected at the same time.

When one DXer spots a DX station, he types its frequency and callsign a computer terminal which in turn sends the information to the node. At present all of the DX Clusters operate on 70.325 MHz, though this frequency is beginning to get very crowded. The node sends a message to all the other users connected to the node; it also tells its nearest neighbour node and, by this means, all the users from Kent to Cornwall to Yorkshire receive the DX 'spots', usually within a few minutes. Potentially a very large number of stations can connect to the Cluster at once. Another advantage of the Cluster is that you only have to beam at the node to be able to communicate with all the other users.

The sharing of DX information is in the very best spirit of amateur radio. Indeed, you frequently hear users calling the DX station *after* they have alerted the other users; a very sporting gesture. Of course, as with practically every other aspect of amateur radio, if this type of operating is not for you then you are free to leave it alone.

It is worth mentioning some of the many other facilities that the Cluster has to offer. You can send brief messages in real time to any station connected to your local node or any other node. You can also send messages to other Cluster users BBS style, but you are encouraged to keep such messages brief. There is far more: each node acts as a database providing a host of information from prefixes to QSL information, from propagation to bearing and distance advice.

It is not only HF enthusiasts who are using the Cluster network. VHF operators have been alerting other users to VHF openings, and Microwavers are intending to use the network this Summer to arrange tests.

There are currently eight Cluster nodes in the UK located at: Nottingham - GB7BPQ; Cheltenham, Glos - GB7DXC; Wokingham, Berks - GB7DXI; Ansty, Sussex - GB7DXS; Hemel Hempstead, Herts - GB7DXH; Chandlers Ford, Hants - GB7SMC; Crediton, Devon - GB7WDX and Wetherby, Yorks - GB7YDX. New nodes are currently planned for central London and Cambridge.

Clusters represent another of the myriad of facets within amateur radio and, as technology expands horizons within the service, are well worth a try. Good DX.

**David Evans, G3OUF**

The first day of the RSGB NEC91 show, Saturday 27 April, sees a double celebration.

## HQ News

MEMBERS WILL have now had a chance to digest the accounts for the half-year to 31 December 1990 published last month. I have had one or two queries which need an explanation.

The Annual Meeting did not eventually cost £10,408, as reported in these accounts. To produce half-year accounts promptly for reporting in *RadCom*, I have to make provision for expenditure which has been incurred, but for which precise amounts are not known. I based my provision for the AGM on the previous year's meeting which included that year's Presidential Installation. As a result, I over-provided by £4,912, leaving an actual cost of £5,496. Committee, Regional and Council meetings include the cost of the 29 separate committees, their members' travelling expenses and venue costs. A budget is decided at the beginning of each year and the chairman of each committee is charged with keeping his expenditure within that budget. Credit card charges are those incurred for the processing of those receipts that come in from credit card users.

To continue the financial theme, Council has appointed a new Honorary Treasurer, Peter Tucker, FCA, ATII, who will further strengthen the financial management of the Society's affairs.

The role of Secretary, which has previously encompassed several roles, has now been rationalised. David Evans will concentrate his energies as The Secretary, Amateur Radio. To discharge the legal and administrative responsibilities of the Society, Council has appointed John Hall, OBE, G3KVA, as Company Secretary. John has many years of experience in administration at a high level and will help substantially with my objective of improving the efficiency and response time of HQ.

We are rapidly approaching NEC Exhibition time and much effort is going towards making it a really exciting show this year, despite the recession. Most Council members will be there to talk to members, and senior members of Headquarters staff will be in attendance to answer questions and help man the stands. Most of this effort is voluntary and will not cost the Society overtime payments. This demonstrates our tremendous enthusiasm and commitment to

# Marconi and Morse

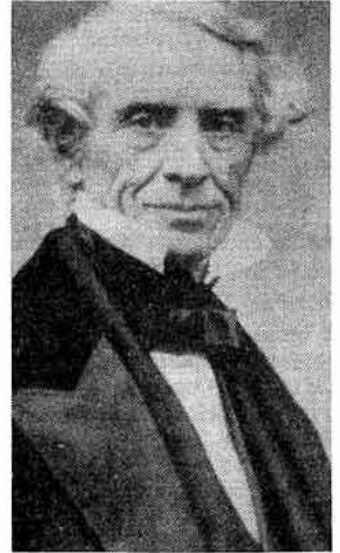
TWO HUNDRED years ago on 27 April, Samuel Finley Breese Morse was born. The inventor of the code still widely



used in both amateur and commercial circles was born in Massachusetts in 1991 and died in 1872. He was a pioneer in electromagnetic telegraphy - by wire as he was a little early for radio.

The 27th is also International Marconi Day. Born in Bologna in 1874, Marconi (who later became an RSGB member) established wireless communication over more than a mile in 1895. He proved radio could follow the curvature of the earth by spanning the Atlantic from Poldhu, Cornwall, in 1901 and establishing communication with Australia in 1918. Marconi, who was arguably the first radio amateur, was awarded the Nobel Prize for Physics.

Both occasions are marked



by special events and special stations, see this month's *HF News* and *SWL News* for details.

## New Reciprocals

RECIPROCAL LICENSING agreements have been reached between the UK Government and the governments of Kenya and Vanuatu. In each country, there is only one type of licence, equivalent to our Class A.

## Cheshire RLO

FEBRUARY'S *RADCOM* gave incorrect details of the RLO for Cheshire. Correct information is: Dave Glover, G1VJP, 216 Alder Street, Newton-Le-Willows, Merseyside, WA12 8HS. Tel 0925 225445. Apologies to Mr Glover for any inconvenience caused.

set the RSGB back on the road to surplus. On a final cheerful note, my negotiations with the Customs & Excise have borne fruit to the extent that the deemed VAT content of the Subscription has been reduced substantially. This will provide a benefit to the Society in a full year of approximately £50,000. A claim has been made in respect of previous years which is being considered by Customs & Excise as I write. I will report on developments next month.

**Philip Smith**  
General Manager

## Repeater charges

THERE IS A LIVELY discussion going on regarding the Society starting to recover from repeater groups a percentage of the cost of maintaining the national repeater network. A full explanation of the costs involved and the reason for making the change will appear in *RadCom* as soon as space permits.

## AGM Report

WE REGRET THAT space does not permit publication this month of the second part of our report on last December's RSGB Annual Meeting.

## ARDF Championships

THE FIFTH Amateur Radio Direction Finding (ARDF) World Championships took place last September in Strbske Pleso, Czechoslovakia. The event was organised by the national society, CRCC.

236 Competitors from 19 national societies from IARU Regions I and III participated. For the first time, the RSGB was represented - by G8UKT who competed in the old timers category.

The top three in all 16 categories came from only seven countries: Korea, China, the Soviet Union, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Switzerland and Hungary.

## NEWS & REPORTS More RSGB Successes

**400W CW to be permitted on HF bands**  
There is an anomaly whereby power is permitted on SSB (measured in peak power output, than on CW power is used. 400W (400W) respectively. It has been noted when the major licence revision took place two years ago, but it could not be approved at the time. Following further representations from the Society, the Radiocommunications Agency acknowledges that the anomaly exists and is hopeful that the higher power can be made available to CW operators shortly. This really is good news for HF CW operators, bringing UK licence conditions into line with those in many other countries.

**Do you remember our headline last September?**  
VLF possible  
Vertical on six  
Now turn to page six . . . .  
Remember . . . you saw it first in *Radio Communication*.

**W**E UNDERSTAND that a Gazette notice is to be published by the Radiocommunications Agency which will further enhance the conditions of the UK Amateur Radio Licences (A) and (B).

This is in response to proposals put to the RA by the RSGB over a considerable period of time. Many of the changes were detailed in *RadCom* last September when the RA agreed them in principle.

The main improvements are:

● Clarifies the position of messages sent to packet radio Mailboxes.

● Increases the power available to CW operators to that in the old 'PEP' column, ie 15dBW on the 1.8MHz band, 26dBW on the bands 3.5 - 28MHz inc, 20dBW on 50-52MHz, 22dBW on the 70MHz band, 26dBW on the 144MHz band, 16dBW on 430-432MHz, and 26dBW on the bands 432MHz and up. SSB power is not affected.

● Clarifies identification requirements for net operation

● Permits vertical polarization on the 50-52MHz band

● Permits mobile operation on the 50-52MHz band

# UK Licence Changes Effective 5 April 1991

The Gazette notice is expected to read as follows:-

The Secretary of State gives notice pursuant to subsection 1(4) of the Wireless Telegraphy Act 1949 to all those who are licensed under Amateur Radio Licence (A) or (B) which have been issued and remain in force, that, from 5 April 1991, each of such licences shall be varied so as to read as follows:-

1. Sub-clause 1(7) shall be deleted and replaced with the following:

1. (7) The Licensee may send Messages to individual amateurs but shall not send Messages (whether directly or for onward transmission by another station) for general reception by licensed amateurs other than:

(a) initial calls; or

(b) to groups of licensed amateurs as long as communication is first established separately with at least one licensed amateur in any such group; or

(c) to licensed amateurs who participate within a net and subject to the identification requirements provided for in sub-clause 7(1a) below; or

(d) messages transmitted via a mailbox or bulletin board for reception by all or any licensed amateurs who have the facility to transmit and receive RTTY or Data Transmissions.

2. In sub-clause 2(1)(b) the words "and fifth columns" shall be deleted and the word "column" substituted.

3. In sub-clause 2(1)(c) the word "sixth" shall be deleted and the word "fifth" substituted.

4. In sub-clauses 2(4)(a)(i); 2(4)(a)(ii); 2(4)(b); 2(4)(c)(i); and 2(4)(c)(iii) delete the words "carrier" or.

5. Sub-clause 2(7)(b) and 2(7)(c) shall be deleted and the following sub-clause substituted:

2(7)(b) with a peak power level which exceeds the Peak Envelope Power (PEP) level specified in the fourth column of the Schedule.

6. In sub-clause 2(9)(c) the words "Marine and" shall be deleted and the word and symbols "Marine, &c," substituted.

7. In sub-clause 7(1), there shall be inserted at the beginning thereof, the words "Subject to sub-clause (1A) below".

8. After clause 7(1), there shall be inserted the following sub-clause:

7(1A) Where the Licensee is intending to operate within a net pursuant to sub-clause 1(7)(c), the Licensee shall observe the following requirements in relation to the transmission of his call sign:

(a) he shall transmit his call sign when he first joins the net and on leaving it;

(b) subject to sub-clause 7(c) below, whilst participating in the net, he shall not be obliged to transmit his call sign when making contact with other participants;

(c) whilst participating in the net, he shall transmit his call sign;

(i) when 15 minutes have elapsed since the last transmission of his call sign; or

(ii) if he has not transmitted speech before 15 minutes have elapsed since such transmission, on the first occasion thereafter on which he transmits speech.

9. Column four of the Schedule shall be deleted and column five renumbered as column four and column six renumbered as column five.

10. In the Schedule, the entries for column two for frequency bands 50.00 - 51.00MHz and 51.00 - 52.00MHz, delete the following words:

"with horizontal polarisation only" and "Mobile or"

11. Note (a) in the Notes to the Schedule shall be deleted and the following note substituted:

(a) Maximum Power refers to the rf power supplied to the antenna. Maximum power levels will be specified by the peak envelope power (pep).

12. Notes (e)(i) and (e)(iv) in the Notes to the Schedule shall be deleted and note (e)(ii) renumbered (e)(i); note (e)(iii) renumbered (e)(ii); and (e)(v) renumbered (e)(iii).

## Licence Fee

The fees for the Amateur radio Licences A and B have been at £12 for several years. A proposal to raise the fee to £15 from 1 April is awaiting Parliamentary approval at the time of writing. This is normally a formality.

## Propagation Committee Vacancies

THE PROPAGATION STUDIES Committee has two vacancies for Full members. Anyone interested is invited to apply.

Applicants should give details of their qualifications experience and interests. The successful candidate would be expected to participate in the developing programme of PSC research, or

suggest a project of his own; to attend conventions on behalf of the committee; and to attend committee meetings, usually held in London five times per year. One of the accepted candidates must also be prepared to act as Minutes Secretary.

Write to: Chairman PSC, Geoff Grayer, G3NAQ, QTHR.

## Stolen

From Milton Keynes, late January:- Trio TS-830S, s/n 4040242; Kenwood VFO 240; s/n 1100086; Kenpro KR400 s/n SFC291 and several other items. Contact G4DRS, Biggleswade Police on 0767 312222, or any police station if you have information on this equipment.

A Starphone receiver AOR2002 s/n 09423 was stolen from Derby between 23 and 24 Feb. Anyone with information should contact John Arnold, G4NPH, on 0353 741354.

## Landline to Christian Amateurs

Affiliated Society, World Association of Christian Radio Amateurs and Listeners, reports a lively response on the nets following our news story (page 6, March). However, their Membership Secretary, Derek Chivers, G3XNX, has pointed out that his address 'fell off' the end of the article. Our apologies. G3XNX is at 51 Alma Road, Brixham, TQ5 8QR; tel 0804 54504.

## VK3 QSLs

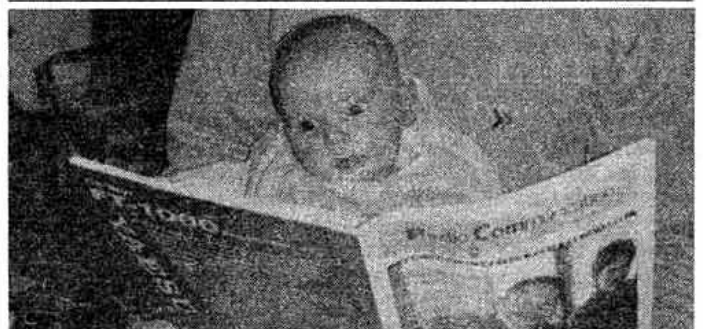
A LETTER HAS BEEN published in some UK amateur radio magazines suggesting that there is something wrong with the QSL Bureau for the VK3 district run by the Wireless Institute of Australia. The same letter was sent to *RadCom* but, on checking with our sister radio society the WIA, we were immediately assured that the bureau was working fine and that the letter was completely inaccurate.

A WIA official statement says: "All amateurs are assured that the WIA Victorian Division Inwards QSL Bureau is operating efficiently within IARU guidelines. Cards for both members and non members are accepted."

## GB2RS on Six

RSGB's NEWS service, GB2RS, is read each week by a nationwide network of volunteers on a number of frequencies and modes.

From 7 April, transmissions will commence on the six metre band. The following will transmit on 51.530MHz at the same time as their existing news transmission (144MHz or 3.5MHz):- GM0ILB, GM0JKF, GM1YZW, GM3JIJ, GM4ILS, GM4PLI, GJ0JSY, GU0ELF, GU1HTY, GI4AHD, GI8AYZ, G1DWA, G2HDR, G3LEQ, G3MEH, G3NPB, G3SMT, G3SPX, G4AFJ, G4LAA, G4RKK, G4XBT, G6HZV, G6NB, G8BQH, G8CKN, G8LVC, and G8SC. The callsign GB2RS will be used.



Pictured seated on the lap of Bob, G6ERI, three month old Rebecca Short is probably *RadCom*'s youngest 'reader'. Rebecca, daughter of Mary, G7CMS, and John, G8OQN, obviously couldn't wait to find out details of the Novice Licence. She is frequently heard on the air, usually signalling a rapid end to her Mum or Dad's conversation.

# Radio Amateurs to the Rescue

'DRAMA AT SEA - Couple rescued from sinking yacht' ran the headline in the Cape Times of 3 Jan 1991. This told the story of a Danish couple, Michele and Suzanne Debie, who owe their lives not only to the professional rescue service but also to the alertness of Alistair Campbell, ZS5MU, and Roz Nelson, ZS1JS.

Roz herself takes up the story in a letter to *RadCom* sent via RAIBC President Johnny Clinch CBE, G3MJK:-

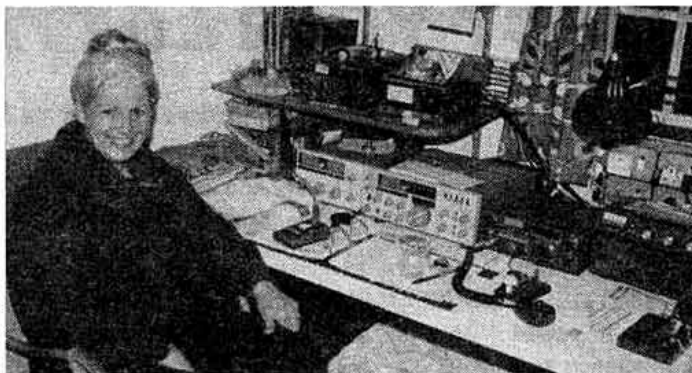
"When I joined the Durban Maritime Net as a relay station, I never dreamed of hearing a 'Mayday' call. That sort of thing is reserved for Tony Hancock with a broken pencil and no change for the electricity meter. But on 1 January 1991 it happened - what a way to start the New Year!

"The 1130Z session of the 14,316MHz net is controlled by ZS5MU, Alistair Campbell, from Umzambe, 60 miles south of Durban. I was having a chat with ZS2SM, ZS4CB and Alistair, when a lady's voice broke in with 'Emergency, Emergency'.

"Alistair responded and she told him their yacht had been knocked down three times and rolled 360° once; they were taking water and their position was 38°11'S and 30°45'E. As her signal was 57 with me, Alistair asked me to take over. She told me her name was Suzanne, and the yacht was the Danish registered *Scoop* en route from Cape Town to Australia, with Suzanne and her husband, Michele aboard. Michele had sustained a minor head wound, but apart from that they were both well. "Their plan was to find the leak and then run to the nearest port, and we were asked to keep a listening watch on the frequency in case they needed further assistance. This I readily agreed to and Suzanne signed clear. In the meantime, Alistair had been on the telephone to the Durban Port Authorities to report the emergency call.

"The position given put the *Scoop* approximately 360 miles SE of Port Elizabeth, and Alistair was asked to notify Port Elizabeth should we receive another call from the yacht.

"Back on 14MHz, we chatted and we waited, and waited and chatted. Then at 1340Z: 'Mayday, Mayday, Mayday'. Alistair



Roz Nelson, ZS1JS, who used amateur radio to save the lives of a couple shipwrecked 360 miles from the nearest land.

said 'Take it Roz, I can't hear her'. My stomach felt somewhere down around my boots and I was shaking, but as soon as I started talking I was OK.

"Suzanne gave me their present position and said the yacht was very low in the water; the water was up to the batteries and they were taking to the life raft. She confirmed they had an Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon on 121.5MHz, and they were abandoning *Scoop*.

"She said 'I have to go now, goodbye'. I said goodbye and wished her luck, the radio went silent and I had a feeling of complete inadequacy. I felt terrible, Suzanne and Michele were climbing into a rubber liferaft, 360 miles from the nearest land in a raging gale and all I could do was wish them 'Good Luck'.

"By this time, Alistair was on the telephone to Port Elizabeth Port Captain and had passed on all the relevant information.

"The amateur radio part of the drama had now come to an end but, of course, the rescue operation was just beginning. Search and Rescue operations are co-ordinated by the South African Navy and Port Elizabeth passed on all relevant information to them. Within an hour of the Mayday being reported, the deep-sea Salvage Tug the *Jon Ross* left Port Elizabeth, steaming at 20 knots, and expecting to reach the search area in 17 hours. Hercules C130 aircraft would be despatched to the area to begin the search at first light.

"The signal from the beacon was heard and the liferaft sighted at approximately 1300Z on 2 January, and Suzanne and Michele were picked up by the *Jon Ross*. They arrived back in Port Elizabeth early afternoon on 3 January, in good spirits and physically none the worse for their experience.

"Both Alistair and I received 'thank you' telephone calls from Suzanne and gleaned the following information.

"Suzanne and Michele were told of our net whilst in South America, and had been regular listeners during their trip across the Atlantic to Cape Town. Their yacht *Scoop* was a 40ft Beneateau, equipped with Satnav and all modern conveniences for comfortable and safe cruising. They left Cape Town on 26 December, bound for Melbourne and, when they called 'Emergency', had been hand steering in 50-60 knot WSW winds for 48 hours.

"The sea that rolled them over they estimated to be 25m high. During the roll, the pressure cooker had slammed into the radio severely damaging it. Michele had worked on the radio for one-and-a-half hours using copious quantities of sticky tape and string. They first called on all marine bands and received no reply and then, knowing it was during our net time, turned to 14,316MHz - eureka! - the radio was working.

"During the knock-downs and roll, the yacht took on a lot of water. When Suzanne called 'Mayday' the water was almost at the top of their last battery and she said she was terrified she would not be able to get out of the water-filled cabin.

"When the life-raft was spotted, they were just 25 nautical miles from the position given. The radio beacon was their saving grace as they were well off the normal shipping lanes and the next stop was Antarctica to the south, South America to the west and Australia to the east.

"On the amateur radio side, many were listening and heard the Mayday, but thanks to good discipline and training, everyone just listened and waited. I waited for Alistair, as net control, to pick up the call; when he could not, he handed over to someone he knew could copy the signal. If I had needed assistance I knew it would be there and waiting for the call."

The last words go to Suzanne Debie: "The real heroes of the story - the ones who saved our lives - are Alistair and Roz".

Going to the NEC?  
Staying overnight?  
Turn to page 10  
for a booking form.

## Gulf Support

THE SOCIETY recently sent the following letter to the Royal Air Force Amateur Radio Society, The Royal Signals ARS and the Royal Naval ARS:-

At the recent RSGB Council meeting, I was asked to write to express our hopes for the success and safety of those of your members currently on active service on behalf of the forces in the Gulf.

Radio amateurs have always played their part in providing appropriate technical support to the armed forces, and I am confident that those amateurs involved will give of their best, unstintingly, until peace and justice prevail.

Please convey to your members the best wishes and hopes for their safety and well being from the RSGB.

John Case, GW4HWR, President.

## WAB Contests

THIS YEAR'S events are as follows: LF phone, 19 May 0900-1800GMT; 70MHz phone, 9 Jun 1400-1800; 144MHz Phone QRP, 30 Jun 0900-1700; 144MHz phone, 15 Sep 0900-1700; 50MHz Phone, 6 Oct 1200-1800; LF CW, 3 Nov 1400-1700; HF phone, 30 Nov-1 Dec 1200-1200. Further info: G4SKQ, QTHR.

## Ham Radio Today

UNDER ITS new Editor, Sheila Lorek, G8IYA, *HRT* is actively supporting RSGB's Project YEAR initiative. In a number of positive articles, *HRT* has praised the RSGB video *Amateur Radio for Beginners* and is ready to cater for newcomers to our hobby. A particular speciality is identifying low-cost routes into amateur radio.

## Next Month's RadCom

will be extra special:-

- Better quality paper
- Better printing
- A colour section
- Launch of a new magazine
- Featuring Kits, the Novice Licence, Direction Finding and the first UK amateur in space.

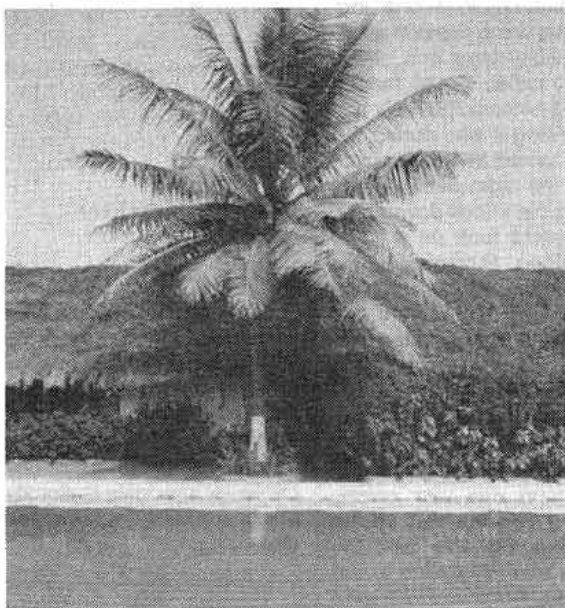
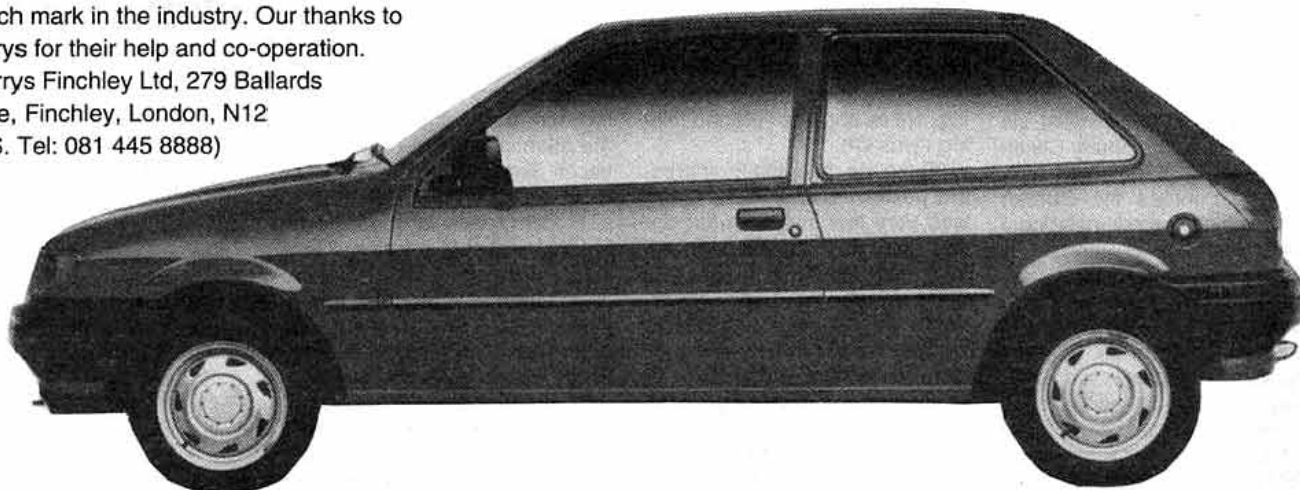
# RSGB PROJECT YEAR LOTTERY 1991

The 1991 lottery has been run in order to raise much needed funds for Project YEAR and the promotion of the Novice Licence.

The RSGB has, itself, provided some very fine prizes for this lottery and we have been very lucky in obtaining support from some of our advertisers for the rest. Full details of prizes are as follows:

● **1ST PRIZE - A BRAND NEW FORD FIESTA POPULAR PLUS**, supplied by Perrys of Finchley, at a very competitive price. The Perry Group of Companies has been selling, servicing and generally taking care of motor vehicles since just after the turn of the century, and their reputation for quality and care has, over the years, been regarded as a bench mark in the industry. Our thanks to Perrys for their help and co-operation.

(Perrys Finchley Ltd, 279 Ballards Lane, Finchley, London, N12 8NS. Tel: 081 445 8888)



● **2ND PRIZE - ONE WEEK'S EXOTIC HOLIDAY FOR TWO IN THE GAMBIA (C5)**. The lucky winner will spend one week at "Bunkoyo" The Gambian Radio Guest House, which is situated a short stroll from the beach, as guests of Ernie (C53GS) and Anna Sumption. However if the winner is not a radio amateur then it certainly doesn't matter as the Guest House caters for both amateurs and non-amateurs. We would refer readers to our very successful Gambia Competition in June 1989 Radio Communication, where this location was featured. Serenity Holidays (The Gambia Experience) have generously agreed to donate the accommodation expenses, and RSGB will pay for the air tickets. Enquiries for this and other holidays in The Gambia to: The Gambia Experience, Serenity Holidays Ltd, 17 Bell Street, Romsey, Hampshire, SO51 8GY (tel: 0794 514646).

● **3RD PRIZE - AMSTRAD VIDEO/TV OR EQUIVALENT**

● **THE PRIZE TO THE SELLER OF THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF TICKETS** will receive a Kenwood TM-241E 2m 50W Mobile Transceiver. Kenwood's latest 2m transceiver packs a mighty punch, yet it is a compact size and a real lightweight. Featuring switchable power levels, tone alert, a 'time-out' timer, 21 memory channels and multi-function scanning. Recommended price is £289. Our sincere thanks to Lowe Electronics for their superb prize!





● **THE SELLER OF THE WINNING TICKET** will receive a Kenpro KT22E 2m Handheld Transceiver, complete with nicad charger, fully synthesized vfo, thumbwheel turning with 10MHz cover on receive, tone burst and repeater shift. Worth £139, we are indebted to ARE Communications for this splendid offering.



**Runners up prizes include:**

- ✘ **Chrome on marble base pump key:** G4ZPY Paddle Keys International have presented a magnificent pump key, a truly precision instrument for the CW fans. Many thanks to Gordon Crowhurst, G4ZPY, for this excellent donation.
- ✘ **Morse Tutor:** Datong Electronics Ltd have most generously donated one of their ever popular morse tutors recognised as an invaluable aid to aspiring licensees.
- ✘ **QRP SWR Meter:** Lake Electronics Ltd have kindly provided one of their QRP SWR meters, sensitive at a 1/2W from 1-30MHz.
- ✘ **Mobile Operator's Microphone:** Heatherlite Communications Ltd have come up trumps with one of their new world-famous mobile operator's microphones.
- ✘ **Pocket size Digital Multimeter:** Cirkit Distribution Ltd are to give a pocket size digital multimeter, the popular TM5315B with AC & DC voltage ranges. DE up to 10A . R to 2000Mohms and a diode test facility.
- ✘ **Soldering Kit:** Antex Electronics Ltd have sent in one of their 240v/25W soldering kits, containing their latest iron and a spring stand.
- ✘ **Barker & Williamson 2m Band Pass Filter:** RF Engineering Ltd have donated this filter, conservatively rated at 200W continuous, or 300W PEP.

*Again, our grateful thanks to all these companies for their support and generosity.*

**MAKE SURE YOU VISIT THE RSGB BOOK STAND AND BUY YOUR TICKETS ANY TIME UP UNTIL 6PM ON SATURDAY 27 APRIL.**

**DRAW TAKES PLACE 3.30PM SUNDAY 28TH APRIL**



The draw will be made by Jim Bacon, G3YLA, star of the RSGB Project YEAR video *Amateur Radio for Beginners*. Jim is probably better known to people as the Anglia TV "Weatherman", and we are very grateful for his help and co-operation in this Project YEAR venture.

The Master of Ceremonies at this event will be Ron Broadbent, G3AAJ, of AMSAT-UK.

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## RSGB LOTTERY

It has been brought to our notice that somebody has been selling tickets issued for the previous lottery in 1988, and stubs have been received here at RSGB HQ recently. Anyone identified as being guilty of this fraudulent act will be prosecuted, and we urge members to check their tickets are dated correctly at the bottom of the ticket to the effect that the "draw takes place 28 April 1991".

*It is VITAL that you send back the ticket stubs, even if you have purchased the tickets for yourself. The address is:*

**'Lottery', RSGB, Lambda House, Cranborne Road, Potters Bar, Herts, EN6 3JE.**

# Do you have a query? Do you want an expert answer?

## ● General advice and details on local clubs, or don't know who to contact:-

Your RSGB Liaison Officer. See the *RSGB Call Book*, Jan/Feb *RadCom* or your membership card.

## ● RSGB Policy Matters (Zonal Council member):-

### Zone A (North of England):

Geoff Smith, G4AJJ, 'Greenacres', Sawdon, Scarborough, North Yorks, YO13 9DY. Tel: 0723-859845.

### Zone B (Midlands):

John Allen, G3DOT, 4 Philip Avenue, Walltham, S.Humberside, DN37 0QD. Tel: 0472-825899.

### Zone C (SE England and East Anglia):

John Greenwell, G3AEZ, 'Eastfield', Henfold Lane, Beare Green, Dorking, Surrey, RH5 4RW. Tel: 0306-77236.

### Zone D (SW England):

Peter Chadwick, G3RZP, 'Three Oaks', Braydon, Swindon, Wilts, SN5 0AD. Tel: 0666-860423.

### Zone E (Wales):

Clive N Trotman, GW4YKL, 19 Park View, Dolau, Llanharan, Pontyclun, Mid Glamorgan, CF7 9RZ. Tel: 0443-226198.

### Zone F (Northern Ireland):

Terry Barnes, G13USS, 95 Crawfordsburn Road, Bangor, Co Down BT19 1BJ. Tel: 0247-473948.

### Zone G (Scotland):

Ian Suart, GM4AUP, 37 Meldrum Mains, Glenmavis, Airdrie, Lanarkshire., ML6 0QG. Tel: 0236-65937.

## ● Antenna Planning:

Need for permission and how to apply - booklet free to members from Membership Services at RSGB HQ.

Planning application refused - RSGB Planning Panel, via RSGB HQ.

## ● Awards:

For contest award winners, please refer to the appropriate contest committee.

For other awards, enquiries and applications go to either:

HF Awards Manager - Steve Emlyn-Jones, GW4BKG, P.O.Box 20, Bridgend, Mid Glamorgan, CF35

IOTA (Islands on the Air) Awards Manager - Roger Balister, G3KMA, La Quinta, Mimbridge, Chobham, Woking, Surrey, GU24 8AR.

VHF and Microwave Awards Manager - Ian Cornes, G4OUT, 6 Haywood Heights, Little Haywood, Stafford, ST18 0UR

## If so, here's who to contact:

Who do you contact for an answer? In most cases there is no need to consult anyone, as 90% of the answers to your questions are to be found in the 130 page Information Directory which forms part of the *RSGB Call Book*

However, if you feel a letter is the only way to get a definitive answer, are you writing to the best person? To ensure an expert response, we suggest you contact one of the following:-

## ● Band Plans and operating practices:

See the *RSGB Call-book* or March 91 *RadCom* for latest bandplans. For policy, contact the appropriate spectrum committee chairman:

HF - Dr Bob Whelan, G3PJT, 36 Green End, Comberton, Cambridge, CB3 7DY.

VHF - Peter Burden, G3UBX, 2 Links Rd, Penn, Wolverhampton, WV4 5RF.

Microwave - Mike Dixon, G3PFR, Woodstock, Gazebank, Norley, Warrington, WA6 8LL.

## ● Beacons:

HF - Alan Taylor, G3DME, QTHR.

VHF - John Wilson, G3UUT, QTHR.

Microwave - Graham Murchie, G4FSG, QTHR.

## ● RSGB Contests:

First contact the contest adjudicator (see the contest rules). For policy, contact the respective Committee Chairman:

HF Contest Committee - Dave Lawley, G4BUO, QTHR.

VHF Contest Committee - Bryn Llewellyn, G4DEZ, 110 South Avenue, Southend-on-Sea, Essex, SS2 4HU. Home: 0702-460747.

Direction Finding Committee - Brian Bristol, G4KBB, QTHR.

## ● EMC:

Advice on solving breakthrough and other electromagnetic compatibility matters:

EMC Co-ordinator (see Feb 91 *RadCom* page 55)

Committee Chairman: Bob Peace, G8SOZ.

National helpline: 0537-593449.

## ● Exhibition & Rally Committee:

Organises trade shows at NEC, VHF Convention and Woburn Rally.

Chairman: Norman Miller, G3MUV, 'Avon', Gardiners Lane, Crays Hill, Billericay, Essex, CM11 2XA.

## ● Intruder Watch:

Non-amateur service operation in exclusive amateur radio bands.

Acting Co-ordinator - Martin Atherton, G3ZAY, 41 Enniskillen Road, Cambridge, CB4 1SQ

## ● Licensing:

RSGB Policy - John Bazley, G3HCT, 'Brooklands', Ullenhall, Solihull, Warwickshire, B95 5NW

Government policy/licence conditions and interpretations - Amateur Radio Section, Room 613, Radiocommunications Agency, Waterloo Bridge House, Waterloo Road, London, SE1 8UA. Tel: 071 215 2316.

Renewals and payments - Radio Amateur Licensing Unit, Post Office Counters Ltd, Chetwynd House, Chesterfield, Derbyshire, S49 1PF. Tel: 0246 217555/217699.

## ● Membership Liaison:

Committee Chairman - Ian Suart, GM4AUP (see Zone G above).

## ● Morse Practice Transmissions (GB2CW):

Co-ordinator - Mike Thayne, G3GMS, 14 Tynedale Avenue, Monkseaton, Whitley Bar, Tyne & Wear, NE26 3BA. Tel: 091 252 6138.

## ● Novice Licence/ Project YEAR:

Hilary Claytonsmith, G4JKS, 115 Marshalswick Lane, St Albans, Herts, AL1 4UU. Tel: 0727 59318.

N.B. For details of training courses and examinations, write direct to RSGB HQ. It is essential to quote your postcode.

## ● Packet Radio:

Mailboxes - Neil Lasher, G6HIU, 40 Farm Road, Edgware., Middx, HA8 9LT

Nodes - Dave Hough, G4WRW, 1 Foxe Rd, Frampton, Cotterell, Bristol, BS17 2AE.

General enquiries - Ian Suart, GM4AUP, 37 Meldrum Mains, Glenmavis, Airdrie, Lanarkshire., ML6 0QG. Tel: 0236 65937.

## ● Propagation Studies Committee:

Chairman - Geoff Grayer, G3NAO, 'Bagatelle', 3 Southend, Brightwalton, Newbury, Berks, RG16 0BE. Tel: 0235-446511

## ● QSL Bureau:

Outgoing cards - RSGB, PO Box 1773, Potters Bar, Herts, EN6 3EP

Incoming cards - your QSL sub-manager (see p44 June 90 *RadCom*)

See also page 6 Feb 90 *RadCom* for a description of how the Bureau works.

## ● Raynet:

Group Information - Mike Barker, G8CAC.

Zonal Co-ordinator & Talk-through permits - Ian Jackson, G8RWH.

Emergency Planning & Vice Chairman - John Witts, G6BBW.

Press Officer - Ronald Cowan, GM4SRL.

Public Relations - Trevor Emery, G3KWU.

Chairman - Philip Howarth, G3YAC, 1 Clay Close Lane, Impington, Cambridge, CB4 4NE.

## ● Repeaters:

All repeater enquiries should be referred to the Repeater Zonal Co-ordinator in which the repeater is sited, as follows:- North of England - Phil Coates, G0COA. Tel: 0924 848803.

Midlands - Alan Marwood, G8SSL. Tel: 0602 202562.

SE England and E Anglia - Mike Hastings, G8ASI. Tel: 0923 265734.

SW England - Fergus McGilp, G8URB. Tel: 0635 201453.

Wales - Dave Brown, GW4NQJ. Tel: 0686 640814.

N Ireland - Dr David Hutchinson, G14FUM. Tel: 0849 464672.

Scotland - Colin Dalziel, GM8LBC. Tel: 0698 281847.

Special Projects - Dave McQue, G4NJU. Tel: 0908 378277.

TV Repeaters - Graham Shirville, G3VZV. Tel: 0525 290343.

Chairman - Geoff Dover, G4AFJ, 31 Newbold Rd, Kirkby Mallory, Leics, LE9 7QG. Tel: 0455 823344.

## ● Spectrum abuse:

Amateur Radio Observation Service Co-ordinator - Geoff Griffiths, G3STG, 11 The Grove, Asfordby, Melton Mowbray, Leics, LE14 3UF.

## ● Technical queries:

George Benbow, G3HB, 81 Anglesmede Crescent, Pinner, Middlesex, HA5 5ST.

## ● Trophies:

Mrs Hilary Claytonsmith, G4JKS. (see Novice above).

# ICOM

## ICOM... STILL THE HAM W

Visit ICOM (UK) on stand A1 at this years RSGB Convention. Hall 7, N.E.C. April 27/28th. Get some 'hands on' experience of models from the entire ICOM range which includes base station transceivers, receivers, mobiles and handhelds. BCNU!

To promote the hobby for everyone, ICOM (UK) are proud to be the only Ham manufacturer to have supported the Novice Licence Project Year by sponsoring the RSGB's 'Amateur Radio for Beginners' video available from the RSGB.

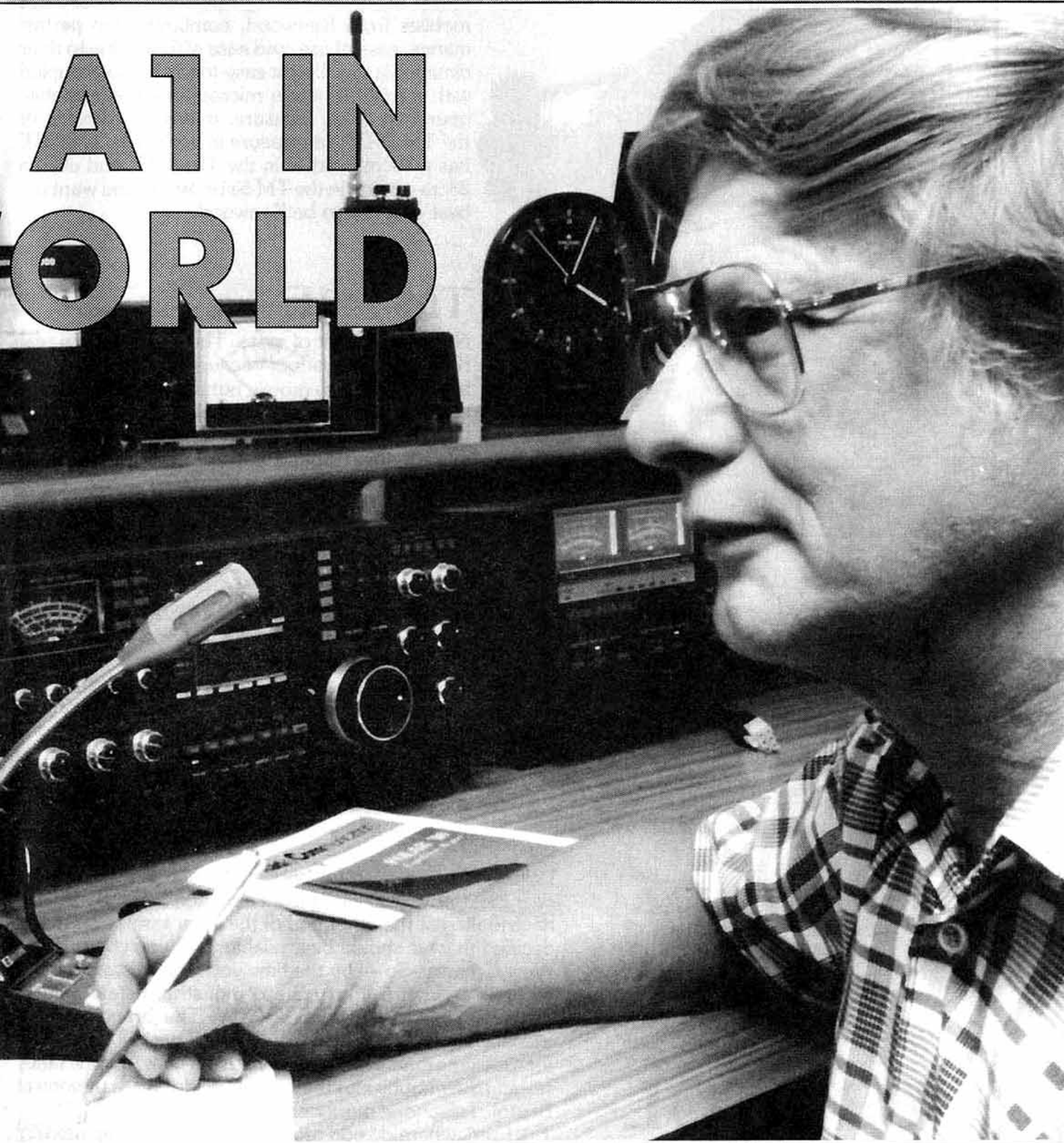
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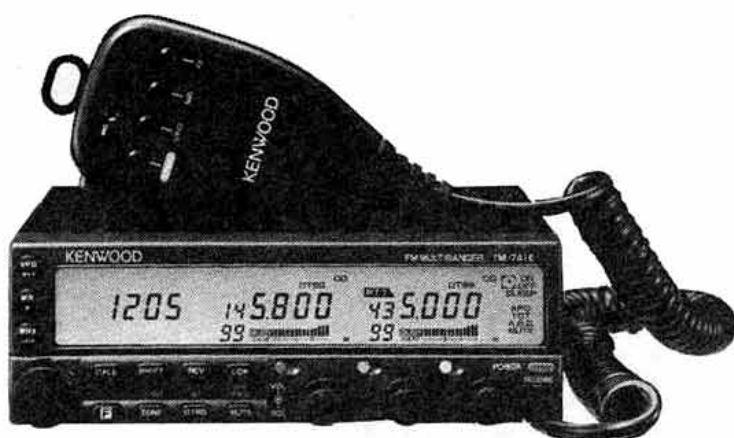
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## TS-790E £1,495

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# LOWE DOCKS AT BRISTOL

Following the successful opening of our newest branch near Heathrow (200 yards from Junction 5 of the M4), we have looked at the other end of the great tarmac strip and decided that we should be available to all you chaps in the West Country. So — by the time you read this, we should be open at Unit 6, Ferry Steps Industrial Estate, Albert Road, St Philips, Bristol BS2 0XW. The branch will be managed initially by Dave G6CXA, but we will be looking for a full time manager to take over from him. Anyone fancy turning their hobby into their job? Call in and see us soon at Bristol. Telephone number is 0272 771770.

'Ere Fred, where do you reckon Lowe will turn up next???

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# Packet radio from KANTRONICS — the acknowledged leaders

Packet radio has been expanding quickly in the past two years, and there now exists a national and international data trunking system for automatic forwarding of information. This is open to every radio amateur who has equipped himself with a personal computer and a small box of electrictrickery called a TNC, which goes between the computer and his amateur radio transceiver. Once in use, personal mail messages can be sent from one radio amateur to another, across the country or around the globe. In addition to this, bulletins and items of general interest can be sent and received, ranging from local club activities, through to AMSAT, RSGB, or ARRL news. This can all be done on an unattended basis, but you can also sit at your mighty Wurlitzer and conduct real time QSOs as in RTTY or AMTOR.

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The terms used to describe the specification are new to many amateurs, so I won't try to baffle you. Suffice it to say that packet radio is intriguing, exciting and needn't cost a great deal of money to enjoy. By purchasing Kantronics equipment you are guaranteed to get the best, and it will remain the best for years to come. For more detail, just ask for a copy of our "Packet Guide", written by Richard Hillier here at Matlock. If you want to ask questions, Richard will be happy to provide the answers.

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**KPC2400. £224.** Single port for HF/VHF/UHF operation at 300, 1200, and 2400 bps. The 2400 bps is achieved by bi-phase operation thus giving much faster traffic rates between KPC2400s. A PC file transfer programme is supplied free of charge.

**KAM. £285.** The famous Kantronics All Mode TNC. Dual port HF/VHF/UHF operation on two bands using one computer. All mode operation through the HF port includes 300 baud packet, together with AMTOR, ASCII, RTTY, CW, and We-Fax. The VHF/UHF port supports 1200 baud packet, but you can also connect the HF port to a VHF/UHF transceiver and have true all-mode on 2 and 70. Gateway between ports, and superb performance from digital filtering of input tones.

**DVR2-2. £199.** A truly neat idea in the shape of a specially designed 2 metre FM transceiver for packet radio users. Housed in the standard Kantronics case, the DVR2-2 provides crystal controlled stability on transmit and receive (supplied on 144.65) together with ultra fast switching times for high speed data transfer. 2 watts output, and needing only 12 VDC to operate. You can even plug in a microphone and use it as a talk box.

**DATA ENGINE. £328.** The "Next Generation" TNC, and typical of the Kantronics ability to be one step ahead of your needs (and one step ahead of the competition). Featuring dual-radio ports, high speed capability, it can also accommodate two internal or external modems. Supplied with AX-25 firmware and one 1200 baud modem installed. This product really needs a 200 page book to describe all it can do, so ask us about it.



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# HF NEWS

JOHN ALLAWAY G3FKM  
10 Knightlow Road, Birmingham  
B17 8QB

**T**HIS IS THE great month for all CW enthusiasts! I quote the first part of a special news release from *Morsum Magnificat* - the speciality magazine for CW enthusiasts. (Its special Spring issue looks like being very worth having and I recommend contacting *Morsum Magnificat*, 8A Corfe View Rd, Wimborne, Dorset BH21 3LZ, for details about this and updated information on special events.)

"Amateur CW stations around the world will celebrate the 200th anniversary of the birth of Samuel F B Morse, on Saturday 27 April 1991, honouring the memory of the great man, and demonstrating that amateur morse is still alive and well. The idea is simply for as many CW stations as possible to be operational that day, to exchange fraternal greetings, and generally enjoy some time on the key. If it is possible to use old-time keys or other equipment for the event so much the better, but this is not essential.

"Over the weekend, and later, a number of special CW stations or activities will be heard which will add to the interest of the occasion and the following examples will give some idea of what can be expected: K2KN will be a special station at Locust Grove, Poughkeepsie - Morse's country home from 1847 to 1871. It will be on from 1400 to 2000 on 27 April within 10kHz of 3.710, 7.110 (?), 14.050, 21.110, and 28.110MHz. Special QSLs will be issued via the ARRL bureau. A meeting at Maassluis will activate PA6MMD on the 27th. The 'Friends of S F B Morse' have a Morse Memory Day running all day (information from DJ4FP, Kaunitzstr.3, D-6682 Oestereiden, Germany)." This is, of course, not all that is being arranged . . . .

To commemorate the 200th anniversary of the birth of Samuel Morse, the First Class Operator's Club (FOC) will hold a special Jubilee activity period in which all are invited to take part. It is not intended to be a pure contest - more of a celebration of morse code and its use in world-wide

communication. It will run from 0000, 27 April (the actual anniversary date), until 2400, 5 June, and will involve all bands 1.8 to 28MHz (except WARC bands) CW only.

All licensed operators are invited to join in and contact as many FOC members as possible during the period. Send RST, and if you are a member of a CW club its initials as well (e.g 599 GQRP). The score is the total number of QSOs and any convenient log sheets may be used. Entries must reach Peter Miles, G3KDB, P.O.Box 73, Lichfield, Staffs, WS13 6UJ, by 5 July 1991.

A specially engraved paddle will be the prize for the station who contacts the greatest number of FOC members in the 40-day period.

## CONTESTS

### THE YURI GAGARIN CONTEST

0000 to 1600 14 April

This year's contest marks the 30th anniversary of the first flight into space by Yuri Gagarin. CW only with activity confined to the band segments 3.510 - 3.560, 7.005 - 7.100, 14.000 - 14.060, 21.010 - 21.150, and 28.010 - 28.200MHz. Single operator multi or single band, and multi-operator multi-band single transmitter sections. Exchange RST plus ITU zone. QSOs with own continent count one point, with others three. The multiplier is the sum of ITU zones from all bands. Logs must be sent by 1 June 1991 to Contest Committee, Radio Sport Federation of the USSR, PO Box 88, Moscow.

### SP DX CONTEST

1500 6 April - 1500 7 April

1.8 to 28MHz CW only. Note that on 3.5 and 14MHz activity must be confined to the IARU Region 1

contest-preferred segments (3.500 - 3.560 and 14.000 - 14.060MHz). Send RST, plus serial QSO number from 001. Polish stations will send RST, plus two letters indicating their province. QSOs with Polish stations count three points. Each province counts as a multiplier - but only once irrespective of the band. Final score is total QSO points multiplied by provinces worked. Single-operator single and multi-band, and multi-operator multi-band sections, as well as a listener category. Send logs to PZK, SPDX Contest Committee, P.O.Box 320, 00-950 Warsaw, Poland, not later than 30 April 1991.

### ARI INTERNATIONAL CONTEST

2000 4 May to 2000 5 May

Worldwide - single-operator CW, SSB, and mixed, multi-operator single (mixed) and listener (mixed) classes. 1.8 to 28MHz (no WARC bands) obeying IARU bandplans. You must stay for a minimum of 10 minutes on each band used. Send RS(T) plus serial number. Italians send RS(T) and two letters to show their province. Multipliers are Italian provinces (95 in all) and DXCC countries (except I and IS) per band. Usual log requirements and declaration sheet should be sent within 30 days to ARI Contest, Via Scarlatti 31, 20124 Milano, Italy. European entrants working at least 250 Italian stations receive a special T-shirt! I have copies of rules (SASE please). In the 1990 contest, G4PKP was the only UK entrant and scored 455,312 points in the single-operator SSB section.

### MORSE MEMORY WEEK

0000 20 April until 2400 26 April

Another 'special' this time from AGCW-DL. CW only using hand-

keys, bugs, and electronic keyers but **not** keyboards. Normal QSOs (not contest type) exchanging RST, QTH, and names, and each counts five points. If you score 40 points or more you will receive a special QSL, and for 200 or more a special award. Post logs no later than 20 May to Stephan Forka, Jochstrasse 13, D-8100 Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany.

### EAST TO WEST QRP WEEKEND 1990

This event, held on 28 to 30 September 1990, proved to be an outstanding success with more than 50 logs received and many more QRP stations than that active. The organisers - the OK QRP and G-QRP clubs, were particularly pleased to receive logs from every country in eastern Europe, showing that the aim of bringing east and west Europe together in QRP friendship had been fully achieved.

The leader in Area A - eastern Europe - was UA3MBJ, the runner-up SP5SDA (using a single 14.060MHz crystal), and the third place went to OK2BMA. The leader in Area B, western Europe, was G3JFN, who received the key paddle kindly donated by G4ZPY Paddle Keys. Runner up was SM6BSK, and third place went to DK5VD.

Many very useful suggestions were received from entrants, and these will be acted on in preparing the rules for the 1991 event, which will reflect the advent of a much more united Europe, and also cater for DX contacts to and from stations outside Europe and Asiatic Russia. The dates will be 27 to 29 September, 1991, and the revised rules will be published shortly. Any station prepared to use 5W or less of CW can take part in the event, which is designed to show the close unity of QRP operators throughout the world. The joint organisers are OK1CZ and G8PG.

## DX NEWS

WF1N (TOGETHER with NT11, K1SCN, and KA1DIG) will be on the air from the island of Martha's Vineyard from 12 to 15 April. They will be on SSB only. Martha's Vineyard is in Dukes County, Massachusetts and if you are an IOTA fan it is NA-46. KV4AD is now in **Saba Is** as PJ8AD and is on both 18 and 24MHz.

VP8CFM is located on **S Orkney Is** and seems to like list operations on 14.256MHz in the late evening. He should be there for two years or so. The 32nd



Jim Russell, G3OKQ of Surrey, operating VR6JR and VR200PI/JR from Pitcairn Island. Jim logged close to 13,000 contacts from Pitcairn from January to June 1990, including the first VR6 operation on 6m.

Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition left for Antarctica last November for a two year tour of duty. Eleven are licensed amateurs, and they expect to be on the air from Syowa Base as 8J1RL and 8J1RM from Asuka Observation Base. Most likely time for them to be on the air is between 0930 and 1030 and most likely bands 7, 14, or 21MHz. OE8NOK/ZL5 was located on the Ross Islands in Antarctica but has now moved to Gondwana Station near Terra Nova Bay. 4K1ADQ will be in Antarctica until 31 January next year. According to the *Long Island DX Bulletin* ZS7ANT often shows on the low end of 10MHz from 1200.

VQ9AY will be in the **Chagos Is** for a few more months and is often to be found on 14.188MHz at 1800 on Wednesdays. Former RSGB HF committee member G4JVG is now in **Papua New Guinea** and will be there for several years. At the time of writing, his callsign is not known but it may be P29BL or P29DC. Steve will probably be found near 3.798, 7.085, 14.185, 21.285, or 28.495MHz. In spite of the many problems in **Lebanon**, OD5SK manages to keep a regular sked with KB5RA on 28.510MHz at 1200 each Saturday.

According to *DXpress* an American-Soviet team will be going to **Franz Josef Land** between 4 and 29 April - no other details given. 7S3OWG is a special call given to promote the city of Ostersund for the 1998 Winter Olympic Games. Another special call will be 3A200SM which will be on CW this month from **Monaco** joining in with the Samuel Morse celebrations.

At the time of writing, W4IBB was on from **Ethiopia** as ET2A. He was scheduled to be there for two months and may just still be on the air. He appears to be properly licensed. If you are looking for **Togo** or **Central African Republic** try 21.360MHz at 1315 on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday when 5V7SA and TL8HW meet their QSL manager WB4LFM. They listen for others after they have finished their business. G4ZYQ says that they sometimes QSY to 28.610MHz and that Steve, 5V7SA, will give CW QSOs on request. If you hear C9MKT, this will be SM7DZZ who is going back to **Mozambique** and already has equipment available there and a promise of a licence. The latest on FT4WC (**Crozet Is**) is that he appears every Friday first on 14.115MHz at 1700, and then at 2000 on 14.160 or 14.260MHz. On Sundays he uses 14.143MHz at 2100.

**DXPEDITIONS**

THERE IS A rumour of action from **Clipperton Is** in the near future. *RSGB DX News Sheet* quotes the Japanese lady operator who recently appeared as T31KY as saying that she hoped to be there in April and *QRZ DX* as mentioning an expedition going there during May.

A group of Japanese amateurs is likely to be on **Christmas Is** between 2 and 9 April on all bands 1.8 to 144MHz SSB and CW. Callsigns will be VK6BFU, BFV, BFW, BFX, BFY, and BFZ all with the /VK9X suffix, and VK9AG.

News of Kirsty and Jim Smith's current movements unfortunately arrived too late to be included in last month's column. When Jim telephoned me in late February he said that arrival in Dacca was expected to be on 10 March. If all has gone according to schedule, the two week stay should be over. However, delays do occur so it may still be worth looking for him from **Bangladesh**. The next move might be to **Bhutan** where they should arrive by 1 May and again stay for two weeks. An important point raised by Jim, particularly with reference to his S2 visit, is that he does *not* appreciate multi-band multi-mode QSOs and is more interested in giving more people a new country. Those who make needless duplication of contacts may find difficulties with QSL cards . . . .

Not really a DXpedition but an unusual activity - this time from a raft sailing from Calcutta to Indonesia and back via the Bay of Bengal, Andaman Sea, Malacca Strait, and Indian Ocean. The trip is due to begin on 17 February and should last about 120 days on its 5,000km journey. Its aims are to "spread the message of goodwill and amity amongst the people in general and more particularly amongst the people of India and South East countries". It will also investigate ocean and sea currents. The raft is called the *Sarathi* and the venture is being organised by the Barrackpur ARC - VU2NSA. VU2MFY and VU2NSA/MR will be the operators and the frequencies to be used 7.050, 14.150, and 21.225MHz (plus or minus 5kHz).

PY5AKW, PS7KMN, PS7AB, of the Natal DX Group, together with DJ9ZB, PT7AA, and JH1AJT, are planning an expedition to **St Peter and Paul Rocks** probably early in May. PY1BKY may be going there a little earlier.

F6BQV, FE1JCG, FD1LGV, FC1MPQ, FC1MUT, and FC1RAM will be on **Molene Is** off

**BBAND REPORTS**

A good response this month and thanks therefore to G2HKU, GM3CSM, G3's GVV, ING, KSH, GW3WWN, GM4CHX, G4DXW, GW4KGR, G4's MUW, NXG/M, XAH, and ZYQ, G0's DUS/M, JZA, KDS, and NLM, and the UK DX Packet Cluster (with the help of G4PDQ). CW stations in *italics*.

- 1.8MHz**
- 0100 OY9JD, 9L1US
- 7MHz**
- 0300 XQ0X
- 0800 K5MA, VK9LM, ZK1YL
- 2300 S01A, 9M6UY
- 14MHz**
- 0400 T31KY, VP5DM, XQ0X, ZL
- 0600 T30DQ, XF0C
- 0800 A35KB, FO0IGS/
- 0900 ZK2XA, OE8NOK/ZL5, 4K4POL
- 1200 VY2VN
- 1400 BV4QA
- 1500 SV2ASP/P, T30DS, 9M8FH
- 1600 BV2GR, J28NU, T21CE
- 1700 BY1QH, KL7PJ
- 1900 BZ1AB, FK8FB, T30CT, T31AF, 4K2/UV3CC
- 2000 T30RD, VK9LM, 9Q5QL
- 2100 BZ4AA, KH2N, LU/G3POI, ST0DX, ZD8VJ
- 2200 KL7GU, ST0DX, ZW0MI
- 2300 VE7GCK/A7, VP8CEX, ZS8MI, 9M6UY
- 21MHz**
- 0800 BY1PK, FO4DL, 3X1SG, 9M6HS
- 0900 FK8DH, ZK1s XD, XX, 3D2s AG, QB
- 1000 AL7KC, J5CVP/P, VS6UK, ZY0RK
- 1100 BZ4DFJ, JD1BFQ (Iwojima), VK9LM, 5W1IU
- 1300 BV2TA
- 1400 AP2JZB, UT0U/UB4MN
- 1500 XW8KPL
- 1600 ET2A, S79KMB, 7Q7RM
- 1700 D68JM, T30DS, VQ9AY, ZD9s BV, CO, 3C1EA, 9U5QL
- 1800 A41JR, AH6HB, ZD9CS
- 1900 HK0/N3JT, KL7GU, VP8CEO, 9M6GB
- 2100 HF0POL, KL7/N6FM, PJ9LS, TL8FL
- 28MHz**
- 0800 A61KR, JH0BBE/JD1 (Ogasawara), JT1BG, RAOFA, ZK1XX
- 0900 BV2AL, BY5RA, C56/G3VPW, H44MB, 8J8WUS
- 1000 BY4AA, HL5QY, XU0CW, 9L/HB9BEI, 9U5QL
- 1100 A71AL, P43AM, T30DR, VK6ADP, YK1AO
- 1200 C9EC, JT1BG, ST0DX, XW8KPL, 4K2/UV3CC
- 1300 BV2s AL, AV, FB, BZ4DFJ, HH2JR, J6LQC, 5V7SA
- 1400 VE3FNL/A7, JW9VDA, ZW0MI, 7X5VBK
- 1500 A22AA
- 1600 AP5H, HS0AIT, KL7HGY, OX3KN, VK9LM
- 1700 FH5EJ, AA5LY/KH4, PY0FF, TA3D, TY2LS, W6-W7
- 1800 C56/G3YJH, FO4NR, KL7XD, NH6WZ, V29DA, XF0C, ZD8DX
- 1900 D68AM, FO0FGS, XQ0X, ZF2QC
- 2000 All W districts

**QTH CORNER**

- A92** QSL Bureau, PO Box 22381, Muharraq, Bahrain.
- BV2TA** PO Box 112116, Taipei, Taiwan.
- C9EC** via DF3EC, Achim Rogman, Frankenstr.34, D-4190 Kleve, Germany.
- ET2A** WB2WOW, 625 Rater Rd, Wayne, N.J. 07470, USA.
- JD1BFQ** JA4BTY, Tohshi Kurokawa, 8053-2 Hara, Hichihonimatsu, Kamo, Hiroshima, Japan.
- T21CE** DJ9ZB (see below).
- T30DS** DJ9ZB, F.Langner, Carl Kistnerstr 19, D-7800 Freiburg, Germany.
- V51KG** PO Box 1232 Swakopmund, Namibia.
- WF1N** Anthony Spino, 47 Madison Av, Waterbury, CT 06706, USA.
- Y11BGD** ON7LX, Carina Ramon, Zeldijkweg 3, B-8021 Loppem, Belgium.
- 9Q5QL** (see 9U5QL).
- 9U5QL** YASME Foundation, Box 2025, Castro Valley, Calif, 94546, USA.

**1991 28MHz COUNTRIES TABLE**

G0JZA	144	(SSB)	G4YNG	32
G4MUW	86		G4XAH	27 (RTTY)
G4DXW	70		G4ZYQ	20
GM4CHX	58		G4NXG/M	20
G0DUS/M	54			

the west coast of France between 4 and 12 May. They will have the special callsign TW3M, and will be on 3.5, 7, 14, 21, 144 and 432MHz on CW and SSB. Cards go to FE1JCG.

**DEADLINE**

ONCE MORE, I have to thank

*DXpress* (PA3CXC), *DX NL* (DL3RK - who I am sorry to say is ill), the *Long Island DX Bulletin* (W2IYX), *RSGB DX News Sheet* (G4DYO), and the *Lynx DX Group Bulletin* (EA2KL).

Please let me have everything for **June** issue by **24 April**. Thanks.

# Propagation NEWS

Compiled from reports supplied by G3FKM, G3FPK and the Propagation Studies Committee

**T**HE PROPAGATION Studies Committee would like to thank all those who wrote to John Spurling, G4AQI, expressing their views on the two formats for the monthly frequency prediction data, published in the November and December issues of *RadCom*.

52% wished the numeric format to remain, 37% wished to change to the new graphic format, 7% were happy with either presentation, and 4% were happy with neither presentation. The main points which emerged from the responses were: the graphic presentation was too small to convey the desired quantitative information, as well as being optically disturbing to some read-

ers, although it did provide 'at-a-glance' information; the numeric presentation was used by many for furthering their understanding of propagation phenomena, some by plotting graphs relative to time and solar cycle, etc., although it was admitted that the presentation could be improved by returning the print size to a full page and re-introducing the three colour presentation.

In response to the wishes of the majority, the PSC has decided to continue with the numeric presentation, although ways for improving this presentation will continue to be sought.

## HF

**THIS MONTH**, G8KG says "Just when it began to look as though the steady rise in average solar indices in late 1990 and early this year was about to level off, there was a dramatic increase late in January which took the provisional daily solar flux values to a peak of 367 sfu on 30 January. This was the highest value so far recorded in Cycle 22 and was only exceeded on one day (10 November 1979) during Cycle 21, and for only a very few days in the

past 45 years. In due course the active area responsible for this peak passed behind the Sun but by 24 February; the daily values were again above 300 sfu and the 27-day running average had risen to 251, the highest value for more than thirty years.

During this same period the geomagnetic field continued in the rather stable phase which emerged in the latter part of 1990. In January, the average of the daily Boulder A-index remained below 8 and the increase during February has so far been very small. As a result, MUFs were high and there were good to excellent propagation conditions on the HF bands on most days.

It remains to be seen how long this pattern of behaviour will last - it is not unusual for there to be a subsidiary peak in the cycle sometime during its fifth year. At all events it looks as though the 1990/91 DX season will prove to have been one of the better ones.

## 50MHZ

**THE JANUARY REPORT** from Ray Cracknell, G2AHU, confirms that it was a quiet month geomagnetically, the 25th being the

only day with good auroral propagation. However, minor auroral events were reported by GM3WOJ on 8, 11, 15 and 24th. He suggests: "This was surprising as solar activity towards the end of January increased markedly." One explanation could be that the interplanetary magnetic field was of a north polarity, as mentioned in the *GB2RS* news broadcast on 3 February.

By 28 January, the sunspot count at Boulder, Colorado, reached 418; the highest value so far this cycle, up to the middle of February. This brought some fine F-layer openings to the Americas; eg G6KP worked across the Atlantic with just 4W and a dipole on the 24th.

During January, neither Z23JO nor ZS6LN reported any signals being received from the British Isles. A few Mediterranean beacons were copied on rare occasions. G2AHU comments: "There is nothing unexpected in this which is a seasonal effect at the height of summer in the southern hemisphere." Propagation over this path should have improved by the time these notes are being read, as the vernal equinox will have passed.

## HF F-LAYER PROPAGATION PREDICTIONS FOR APRIL 1991

The time is represented vertically at two-hour intervals 00(00)GMT for each band, ie 00=0000, 02=0200, 04=0400 etc. The probability of signals being heard is given on a 0 (indicated by a dot) to a 9 scale; the higher the number the greater the probability with 1 meaning 10 to 19 per cent of days, and so on. Additionally 50MHz F-layer and 1.8MHz openings are indicated by a plus (+) sign in the 28 and 3.5MHz columns.

Time / GMT	28MHz	24MHz	21MHz	18MHz	14MHz	10MHz	7MHz	3.5MHz
000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122
024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802
** EUROPE	..123332..	..134554..	..36777873.	..1677788862	435766667897	876433334689	863111.12478	53.....4+
MOSCOW	..233333..	..145655..	..377888841	21168888873	755876667898	988888445799	98831112578	+4.....25+
MALTA	..111111..	..123333..	..4566673.	..267778862	43267777997	987754445799	998532112478	+52.....24+
GIBRALTAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ICELAND	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
** ASIA	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
OSAKA	..122.....	..13441..	..25543211.	..253334331	..31.14674	.....1462	.....13.	.....
HONGKONG	..1345542.	..2556664.	..25556773.	1..133348662	2.....1.14786	1.....1.1475	.....252	.....
BANGKOK	..2456653.	..35667751.	..1245558841	1..113337873	3.....1.14787	3.....1.1477	1.....255	.....
SINGAPORE	..3566663.	..45777761.	..1245558841	2..123337874	4.....1.14788	3.....1.1478	.....255	.....
NEW DELHI	..35666641.	..45677621.	..2335557541	212113336774	63.....1.14788	62.....1.1478	4.....257	.....
TEHERAN	..46677641.	..16677862.	1.3544568853	42523237886	864.....1.14799	852.....1.1578	73.....257	4.....
COLombo	..45777641.	..14677872.	1.2335558883	421113337886	73.....1.14799	71.....1.1578	4.....257	4.....
BAHRAIN	..5677751.	..1666778731	214533558874	535211237887	974.....1.4799	861.....1.1588	73.....257	4.....
CYPRUS	..4677761.	..1688888841	213887888974	646766778997	987543446899	985211113689	862.....1.1368	+3.....35
ADEN	..577888631	211666778853	534533458987	866211236899	985.....1.4799	972.....1.1468	74.....257	4.....
** OCEANIA	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SUVA/S	.....	..11221..	..2333441.	..23323583.	..1531.1363.	..41.....14.	.....1.....	.....
SUVA/L	42.231...75	5414521...186	444773211485	235863222662	..373..264.	..4.....41.	.....1.....	.....
WELLINGTON/S	..111.....	..123311..	..23444432.	..1453335641	..2631.14651	..13.....13.	.....1.....	.....
WELLINGTON/L	32.11...24	54232...46	664641...77	456751...275	12573...562	..241...43.	.....1.....	.....
SYDNEY/S	..234531..	..4566531..	..167555642.	..2663346652	..431.14774	..1.....1462	.....23.	.....
SYDNEY/L	..2.....12	11..41...34	3222631...07	322463111187	1.1541..2474	..21.....351	.....12.	.....
PERTH	..46773..	..1577742.	1.247555421.	312263335541	51..3..14784	3.....1576	.....254	.....
HONOLULU	.....	.....	.....	.....	..2331.1551.	..341.....1.	.....11.	.....
** AFRICA	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SEYCHELLES	..566776531	211666778754	534433558887	865211238899	984.....4799	961.....1488	73.....257	4.....
MAURITIUS	1..578888742	311667778865	644534558988	875212336899	984.....3799	961.....1479	83.....257	5.....
NAIROBI	2..577888854	421666778976	854633458999	986411136899	9861.....3799	984.....1479	861.....257	54.....
HARARE	31..578888865	631666788987	874743458999	997611136899	9983.....3799	996.....1478	873.....157	54.....
CAPETOWN	2..378889975	4..687778988	72.865557999	95.842236899	99361...3799	8973...478	7751...157	442...24
LAGOS	42.377889975	751586678998	985763337999	997841115899	99861...2799	8974...478	6751...157	452...24
ASCENSION Is	32..78677754	652287667886	885575335899	997762113689	99973...689	89741...378	7751...57	442...24
DAKAR	22.167888874	542287667986	875575334899	997763112799	99973...589	99741...268	7751...47	442...24
LAS PALMAS	.....46777741	11.1668888873	432488888996	76468777898	998865545799	99864222489	88731...258	+4.....25
** S. AMERICA	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
StH SHELTLAND	..18888974	1.....2778986	51.....4557998	731.13235889	986331..2678	89741...346	6851...14	352.....
FALKLAND Is	21.....3888873	4311..5778886	774425557898	997633235689	999731..2368	89741...137	7752...14	452.....
R DE JANEIRO	11.....7866885	431117766885	774446534698	997753212489	999731..169	98741...48	8752...16	542.....
BUENOS AIRES	11.....5887883	331116777785	664435554588	987843232379	99974...58	99741...27	8752...4	552.....
LIMA	..1..666652	1.....32776664	432253553357	764463331137	998641...16	79741...3	5752...1	252.....
BOGOTA	..1555652	1.....1366564	321134543356	654353311137	898641...6	89741...3	5752...1	252.....
** N. AMERICA	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
BARBADOS	..5666652	1.....26666674	432146533377	764454311158	998641...27	89741...5	7752...2	452.....
JAMAICA	..444541	..1555553	31..23543346	64223321127	887541...5	79741...2	4752...2	52.....
BERMUDA	..2444541	..3555663	31..14543466	642234321257	887541...26	89741...4	5752...1	252.....
NEW YORK	..123331	..1344552	2.....2443465	521113232247	875431...16	68741...3	4752...2	42.....
MEXICO	..123331	..244442	2.....1.344333	421121232113	675431...1	37741...1	1552...42	.....
MONTREAL	..12233.	..233442	2.....2344465	421.12232356	775321...26	68741...3	3652...42	.....
DENVER	.....1.	.....1121	1.....12233	31.....23123	55431...1	36741...1	352...2	.....
LOS ANGELES	.....11.	.....2221	1.....14332	21.....24212	34322...2	14741...1	252...2	.....
VANCOUVER	.....	.....	.....1111	11.....2112	23322...21	3641...1	141...1	.....
FAIRBANKS	.....	.....	.....1.111.	.....21112211	122331..3311	1341...1	11.....	.....

The provisional mean sunspot number for February 1991 issued by the Sunspot Data Centre, Brussels was 167.5. The maximum daily sunspot number was 223 on 21 February and the minimum was 117 on 6 February. The predicted smoothed sunspot numbers for April, May and June, were respectively: (classical method) 124, 122, 120; (SIDC adjusted values) 115, 112, 110.

# VHF/UHF NEWS

NORMAN FITCH G3FPK  
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CR8 1EZ

**T**HROUGHOUT THE many years that I have been writing VHF columns, I cannot recall such a long period when there was no major opening to report. Activity has reached an all time low and the arctic weather in the first half of February probably kept many operators out of their shacks, particularly those who use lofts, garages and garden sheds.

Nevertheless tropospheric openings do occur, often along weather fronts, but few people seem to take advantage of them. Distant beacons appear at reasonable strengths for an hour or two, but CQ calls in their directions rarely result in QSOs.

## REPORTING

IT SEEMS THERE have been complaints of not enough DX content in this column. Leaving aside 50MHz, there are three points here: (i) If tropo conditions are very poor, average stations will not be able to work very far. (ii) If nobody bothers to come on when there is a lift there will be no activity to report, and (iii) if operators do not report any DX QSOs they did manage to make, I cannot publish anything.

Reports are very valuable, even in long periods of poor conditions. For example, we need to record that, on a particular day for a certain period, beacon DL0PR on 144.910MHz was 10dB above its usual strength in London, even if nobody worked any German stations in that area.

It is excellent practice to note in your log the weather conditions at such times, eg "Warm front from northern OZ to Cornwall, moving east." When similar conditions occur in the future you will be better prepared to listen for a possible, if fleeting, opening.

When there is a big opening to, say, Poland and Czechoslovakia, it is not necessary to send a list of every station contacted. But if it is more convenient for you to send photocopies of your log pages, then highlight the better, best or unusual QSOs. Examples might be a rare square, a station

running very low power or one outside the main area of the opening. This last is particularly useful when reporting Sporadic-E events.

Reports are always welcome and avidly read, all the more so if they are unambiguously presented, so here are a few suggestions. Always write your name, address and callsign on the first page and your callsign on any other loose sheets. Report separately for each band; not necessarily on separate sheets, just different paragraphs or blocks. To avoid confusion when submitting table entries, always give your current totals.

## REPEATERS

THE SPRING EDITION of *FM News*, the publication of the Central Scotland FM Group, is a neat, A5 production edited by Dennis Cram, GM3NIG. The contents include the minutes of last year's AGM, the group's constitution and accounts, some technical and humorous contributions, a list of the committee members and some adverts.

As an outsider, I would like to know what repeaters the group operates, where they are and on what channels. A diligent search through its 24 pages failed to reveal these data in this issue - apart from a reference to callsigns in an agenda item of the 1991 AGM. There were no current status reports on any of their repeaters so one assumes they were all working normally? The Secretary of the group is Alasdair Fraser, GM3AXX, who is QTHR.

## DX NEWS

BRUNO MONTEL, FC1MPQ, has sent brief details about a proposed DXpedition. He wrote: "We are a group of OMs from Mantes-la-Jolie, near Paris, and we will be on Molene Island in the far west of France during the period 4 to 12 May." The rest of the team consists of FC1MUT, FC1RAM, FD1LGV, FE1JCG and F6BQV and they will use the special call TW3M. Operation will be on 144 and 430MHz and HF. The QSL manager is FE1JCG. I cannot find this island in my atlas and no locator was given.

## METEOR SCATTER

IN THE FEBRUARY *VHF/UHF News* I reported the demise of the British Meteor Society but have since received a letter and information about the International Meteor Organisation (IMO) from its Vice-President, Alastair

McBeath. Founded in 1988, the IMO "... has set up six Commissions to encourage and coordinate data collection and analysis for all types of meteor observation worldwide." These include Radio and Computer categories, the Director of the former being Jeroen Van Wassenhove from Nazareth in Belgium.

The IMO publishes a bi-monthly journal called *WGN* accumulating to 220 pages in the year, and an annual Meteor Shower Calendar. Its administrative office is in Mechelen, Belgium and if anyone wants further information, drop me a line with an SASE. Mr McBeath mentioned a book *Meteor Showers - A Descriptive Catalogue* by G W Knokk (Enslow Publishers Inc., 1988).

The next major meteor stream is the Lyrids which the IMO and BMS calendars suggest should peak on 22 April. The RA (Right Ascension) of the radiant is 271°, the DEC (Declination) is +34° and the stream velocity at atmospheric encounter is 49km/s. The ZHR (Zenithal Hourly Rate) is variable, anything from 30 to 113 being reported this century.

Suggested prime times for the usual four directions are: NE/SW around 0200 and 0930; E/W around 0400; NW/SE around 2300 and 0700 and N/S around 0000 and 0800, all times UTC. The radiant is above a middle UK horizon from 1830, through midnight to 1400.

The Eta Aquarids, associated with Comet Halley, is a useful stream which is at its best from 3-5 May. Its RA/DEC are 336/-2° respectively and it hits the atmosphere at 66km/s. The radiant rises/sets at 0200/1300 and suggested best times are: NE/SW around 0600; E/W around 0800; NW/SE around 0930 and N/S around 0500 and 1100.

## NOCTILUCENT CLOUDS

MR McBEATH noticed the paragraphs on noctilucent clouds in the February *VHF/UHF News* and mentioned a book, *Noctilucent Clouds* by M Gadsden and W Schroder (Springer-Verlag, 1989). He also referred to a shorter paper about them by Gadsden published in the *Quarterly Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society*, vol 27, pp 351-366 in 1986.

## MOONBOUNCE

MOST VHF/UHF operators have to wait patiently for spells of good conditions before they can work some real DX. These frequently

occur at inconvenient times, so we miss them; this is particularly true of short Es events and aurores and in any case, they tend to be rather unpredictable.

If you are really determined to work some DX, there are two modes which offer opportunities to try by advance planning. The first is by MS communication, which occurs via the E-layer at around 90-100km altitude, so it doesn't much matter what is happening in the troposphere. Skeds can be made to suit the convenience of the two partners, choosing times and dates, particularly in major showers, to give the best chance of completion.

The second is via EME, using the moon as a passive reflector. Computer programs enable us to locate our satellite to within a few degrees and calculate when it is nearest to Earth, ie at perigee. We can also compute the path losses under normal conditions to see if a QSO is possible.

Recent correspondence has revealed a growing interest in EME mode by amateurs with well engineered stations, so I make no apologies for devoting space to it. There are several specialist publications dealing exclusively or partially with EME. One of the best is the *2 Meter EME Newsletter* published by John Carter, K0IFL, whose QTH is: PO Box 554, Union, MO 63084, USA. (Tel: 0101 314 742 4879). The quarterly *Dubus* magazine has an EME section, too; see note on page 21 in the January *RadCom*.

*2M Direct*, published by Mark Turner, G4PCS, includes EME information and the February issue features the second article in his 'The ups and downs of EME propagation' series. This episode covers apogee and perigee, libration and Doppler shift, although his calculation of the latter at 144MHz is somewhat adrift!

All the activity reported in the February issue was on 144MHz. The following QSOs were completed, (r) indicating random ones: On 19 January, Andy Cook, G4PIQ (JO01MU)/W5UN. 20th, Calum MacPherson, GM0EWX (IO67UL)/WC2K; Keith Kerr, GM4YXI (IO87WI)/KB8RQ(r). 21st, GM0EWX/SP5EFO; G4PIQ/K2GAL. 23rd, GM0EWX/K45AIH; GM4YXI/K2GAL(r); Nick Peckett, G4KUX (IO94BO)/K2GAL(r). 24th, GM4YXI/W5UN(r); G4KUX/W5UN(r); G4PIQ/W5UN and K2GAL.

On 25 Jan, John Regnault, G4SWX (JO02PB), reported quite good conditions but not much activity. He completed random QSOs with K2GAL, ZS6ALE, W7HAH, UA9FAD,

SM2CEW, N1BUG, SM5FRH and PA3FOC. GM4YXI worked W7HAH in just six minutes. Next day G4SWX reported lots of one-way propagation and random QSOs with UA1ZCL, SM5CFS, HB9CRQ and KB8RQ; G4PIQ/KB8RQ; David Law, G0LBK (IO93JK)/K9MRI, K2GAL and KB8RQ(r); Martin Platt, G4XUM (IO82AX)/SM5FRH, N1BUG and KB8RQ, all (r).

On 27 Jan, G4SWX found conditions very difficult with a two hour 'black out' and rapid fading, the only complete QSOs being with N1BUG(r) and HB9SV; GM0EWX/DL5MAE; GM4YXI/UA1ZCL and HB9SV; G0LBK/KI3W, KD8SI and PA0JMV. 28th, G4SWX/N1BUG(r) and K2GAL on SSB. 30th, GM0EWX and GM4YXI both worked IN3TWX. 31st, GM0EWX/PA0JMV. 1 Feb, G4XUM/OK1MS (r). 2nd, G4XUM/KB8RQ (r) and

WB5LBT(r). 3rd, G4KUX/KB8RQ in 15min.

**50MHZ**

THE 28TH ISSUE of *Six News* which I mentioned last month, includes a 'Gripes and Groans' page wherein UK Six Metre Group members air their grievances. Roger Horne, G4HBA, suggests trying FM nets for local QSOs when there is no DX on the low end. He complains about those who use 50.110MHz for MS working and suggests they use the allocated frequencies. These are 50.300 and 50.350MHz for CW and SSB respectively.

Elsewhere in this issue it is stated; "...that 50.150MHz is being proposed by the VHF Committee..." for MS use. This is absolutely untrue and Chairman Peter Burden, G3UBX, confirms it has never been proposed or

discussed. More disinformation via packet radio?

Congratulations to Geoff Brown, GJ4ICD, who I believe to be the first European 50MHz operator to complete his DXCC. His 100th country was PT7NK (HI06) worked at 1118 on 1 Feb. Since then, he has worked two more; KG6UH/DU1 (PK04) at 1002 on the 6th and TL8MB (JJ94) at 1052 on the 10th. The PT7 is QRV daily, 1100-1200UTC on 50.105MHz.

Geoff reports the 9L1 beacon being received daily from mid-January. On the 30th, 1044-1225, the FY7 beacon was S4; 1200-1345, PZ1AP, PT7NK, VE1YX and W1-4, 8 and 9 stations were heard. On 1 Feb he worked KP2A, 9Y4VU and PZ1AP. On the 2nd, the ZD8, 9L1, ZS5SIX and PT7 beacons were copied in the morning, also 3X1SG and 6W1QC.

Video on 46.171MHz from VK4 was copiable for an hour in the morning of the 3rd with TR8CA worked and other Africans heard. On the 4th he worked PY0FF (HI36) at 1218; Africans were heard later. VK3OT and VK3AMV(?) were heard under the QRM on the morning of the 5th and a pile-up was heard on VK3OT on the 8th. Next morning at 0830, KE9A/DU3 (PK05) brought square number 436.

Paul Turner, G4IJE (ESX) added 3X1SG, KG6UH/DU1 and TL8MB for new countries in February but hadn't worked PT7NK by the 16th. He often calls CQ on 50.200 SSB when the band is dead but gets few replies. He wonders why people seem to prefer to listen to white noise on 50.110MHz? He notices that newcomers to the band assume 50.110MHz is a local calling channel whereas it is the *inter-continental* calling frequency.

Paul Newcombe, G6YZC (YSS), wrote that all QSLs for his ZB0W operations last June have been despatched. Between 17 and 31 Jan, G8YDZ (ATM) made 259 transatlantic QSOs, proof of the huge advantage of having an ocean over which to propagate. Terry Chaplin, G1UGH (SFK), reported a short opening to the USA on 3 Feb, 1540-1600 and worked 9L1US (IJ38) for a new country and square at 1218 on the 16th.

The opening to VE and eastern USA on 9 January seemed confined to G8YDZ and GJ4ICD, nobody else hearing anything. GJ4ICD suggests this phenomenon is due to the marine aspects of these stations. G2AHU reports that: "Similar effects were noted with TEP (transequatorial propagation) from Zimbabwe to the

Mediterranean when working 5B4WR in Limassol on the sea front, SV1DH in Athens and F9BG in Marseilles. It was ascribed to marine ducting of signals falling short of the land and which were only received for a short distance inland, with a clean cut off at about 50ft above sea level."

**70MHZ**

G6YZC LEFT HIS 70MHz transmitter, 100W amplifier and 6-element Yagi with ZB0T last summer. If you work Mark on 50MHz, it might be worth a QSY to 70MHz in the summer. Ian Cornes, G4OUT (SFD), operated in the 27 Jan and 10 Feb legs of the Cumulatives. He worked G4SJB/P in the first leg but he was not heard in the second. No EIs, GDs or GMs were heard.

**144MHZ**

FROM REPORTS in *2M Direct*, auroras were recorded on 18, 20, 24, 25 and 31 Jan and 1 and 2 Feb. On 18 Jan, GM4YXI copied the GB3LER, OY6 and SK4 beacons at up to S8, 1940-2000. On the 20th, Tony Jones, GW4VEQ (GDD), worked GMs, 1849-1903. On the 24th, G4KUX contacted GMs around 1737 while Andy Stevens, GM4IPK (SLD), best DX were OH3VJ (KP21) and OH1NC (KP10) from 1710 at QTEs 25-30°. Other areas worked were DL, G, GM, LA, SM6 and SM7.

On the 25th, Andy contacted OK1GEH (JO65) at 1803 using 5W, while G, LA, OZ and SM stations were heard, 1800-1900. On the 31st, GW4VEQ worked GMs, 2138-2203, and next day Tony reported an event 1900-0200 in which he worked GMs and SM4KYN (JO79). G4KUX worked LA0FX (JP40) at 1830, and from 0000 on the 2nd Nick contacted ES2XM (KO20), OZs and SMs.

There was some tropo at the end of January. 23rd, G4PIQ worked HE7SNR (JN36) at 1938. 25th, GM4YXI copied beacons GB3VHF, DL0PR and OY6VHF at 1930. 27th, G4KUX worked into JN03, 06 and 37, 1120-1515, while G4SWX contacted stations in JN03, 16 and 59. 28th, GW4VEQ worked over to JO20, 21 and 30, 2147-2304 and on 2 Feb, G4XUM worked FF6KBF (JN18) at 1506.

**DEADLINES**

THAT'S ALL THERE'S room for I'm afraid, so please note the deadline for **June**, which is **25 April** and for **July**, **30 May**.

**LOCATOR SQUARES TABLE**

Starting date: 1-1-1979

Callsign	50MHz	144MHz	430MHz	1.3GHz	Total
G4RGK	121	311	145	52	629
G1LSB	73	176	144	-	393
G3IMV	319	446	125	51	941
GJ4ICD	437	264	119	59	879
G4XEN	66	301	115	6	488
G6HKM	269	224	112	48	653
G4TIF	222	204	111	-	537
G4PIQ	-	278	105	-	383
G1KDF	309	184	104	39	636
G0GMB	-	198	103	-	301
G4SSO	-	261	98	-	359
G4MUT	142	155	94	34	425
G8ATK	74	144	94	52	364
G8LHT	113	185	93	14	405
G1GEY	-	170	92	22	284
G0CUZ	-	350	73	-	423
G4DEZ	116	249	62	54	481
G1SWH	201	166	62	9	438
G0EVT	142	213	57	-	412
GJ6TMM	109	151	52	-	312
G6MXL	52	97	48	20	217
G6ODT	-	29	47	-	76
G1WPF	20	114	37	-	171
G8PYP	206	120	34	-	360
GM4CXP	50	201	32	-	283
G6MEN	67	54	27	3	151
GMOGDL	-	88	23	-	111
G0NFH	113	78	18	9	218
G1CEI	11	77	18	-	106
GW6VZW	238	143	6	-	387
G1TCH	99	95	6	-	200
G4IJE	385	338	5	2	730
G7CLY	-	100	2	-	102
G8HCV	309	233	-	-	542
G0OFE	264	152	-	-	416
G0JHC	332	48	-	-	380
G4SWX	-	347	-	-	347
GM4YXI	-	340	-	-	340
G4DHF	-	331	-	-	331
G4YTL	-	269	-	-	269
GU7DHI	187	68	-	-	255
G0HVQ	176	71	-	-	247
G3FPK	-	244	-	-	244
GW4VEQ	-	241	-	-	241
GW4FRX	-	232	-	-	232
GM0GEI	224	-	-	-	224
G8XTJ	101	121	-	-	222
G1SMD	115	106	-	-	221
G4DOL	-	219	-	-	219
G1UGH	112	94	-	-	206
GW4VXX	81	120	-	-	201
G4XBF	-	172	-	-	172
GM1XOG	145	-	-	-	145
G4TGK	-	139	-	-	139
GM1BVT	92	23	-	-	115
GM1ZVJ	35	48	-	-	83
GMOCLN	-	81	-	-	81
GW7EVG	-	22	-	-	22

No satellite, repeater or packet radio QSOs. Band of the month 430MHz.



# SWL NEWS

**BOB TREACHER BRS 32525**  
93 Elibank Road, Eltham, London  
SE9 1QJ

**F**OR LISTENERS interested in radio teletype (RTTY), the British Amateur Radio Teledata Group (BARTG) have advised that their VHF contest will be on Sunday 14 April from 0900-1400. Logs should go to G4SKA.

## SAMUEL MORSE

TO MARK THE 200th Anniversary of the birth of Samuel Morse on 27 April, there are several events planned of interest to listeners who specialise in the reception of CW (see also page 17). The First Class Operators' Club (FOC) will be holding a special all band Jubilee Activity period on 27 April. G3KDB will, I am sure, receive listener logs with interest. The European CW Association's 'Worked EUCW' Award will be launched on 27 April, with a certificate depicting the map of Europe at the time of Samuel Morse. The requirements for listeners are confirmation from 100 different stations who are members of EUCW clubs, over three different amateur bands, with a total of 20 stations heard on each band. The total must include at least three members of six different EUCW clubs. To encourage activity on Bicentennial Day, up to 40 stations heard on 27 April will count as double. Full details of the Award can be obtained by sending 2 International Reply Coupons (IRCs) to the Awards Manager, Gunther Nierbauer, DJ2XP, Illingerstr 74, D-6682 Ottweiler, Germany.

## MARCONI DAY

THIS YEAR, the event will be held from 0001-2359 on 27 April. I am aware of 14 stations that will be specially active which will have a particular Marconi connection, or will be operated from sites used by Marconi and his associates in the early days. The special stations will be: K1VV/IMD, VE1IMD, VO1IMD, E12IMD, IY4FGM, GB0IMD, GB4IMD, GB2IMD, IY0TCI, IY1TTM, ZS6IMD, DA0IMD, GB2MDI and GB4MDI. Last year, 16 listeners success-

fully applied for the associated Award. This year, it will be necessary to log 10 of these 14 stations. All claims must go to PO Box 100, Truro, Cornwall TR1 1RX with a £1.50 fee (£2 for licensed amateurs). Usual log data will be required, but listeners must ensure that they log the time heard and the stations being worked.

Activity is promised on all bands from 3.5 through to 144MHz. Members requiring more information can write to the Cornwall Radio Amateur Club (GX4CRC) at PO Box 100, Truro.

## XMAS QUIZ

I ONLY HAD a few entries for the quiz this year, perhaps because it wasn't as straightforward as it seemed. One entry in particular, from Philip Davies G1EMD, deserves a mention. He spent a great deal of time researching the answers, and presented them in tabular form which I have reproduced. Different sources quote different details, but the DARC list tends to quote dates' . . . up to the last day of . . . , while the Geoff Watts list quotes' . . . prior to the 1st day of . . . . As Philip said in his letter, the break-up of FF8 and FQ8 is anything but straightforward with subsequent changes in country name and prefix to add to the confusion. The only answer Philip really had trouble with was the date for Minerva Reef. My source has the

date as 16 July 1972, so I have used that one.

## HF NEWS

GOOD TO HEAR this month from Stan Porter ORS45992/CT. More established readers will remember reports from Stan while he was at his listening post in Malawi. Stan enters a table score for 1990 of 568, with his All Time score standing at 1162. He now uses an FRG8800 with a 144MHz converter. It appears that the CW part of getting a licence in Portugal has been scrapped, but full CT citizenship is required. Stan is applying at the first opportunity.

Another sending a 1990 table score is Philip Davies G1EMD. He offers a score of 497 (perhaps I published the final 1990 table a month too soon). Albert Tideswell, BRS48462, writes after a lengthy absence to update his loggings on 3.5MHz. Albert is now up to 296 All Time, with the latest ZS9S, PY0FF HL1SX, K4SXT/DU3, YA0RR, VQ9CQ and TL8CK.

Lastly on HF, let us take a quick look at what's been on in the last month. Most of the following is courtesy of Robert Small BRS8841. The best on offer appear to have been: 28MHz - VE7BGM/A7, C9EC, FR4AE, WU0Z/HZ, TR8GL and 8Q7CR. 21MHz - seemingly the best band in the last few weeks - BZ4CJ, JF2POF/JD1, VQ9AY, VS6TW, 5W1IU and 9Q5US. 14MHz - had

been showing signs of improvement - VE3SNL/A7, FR5BT, T21CE, VK0KC, Y90ANT, ZL0ADN/ZL7, 3DA0BX and 9U5QL. Nothing of any great note has been reported on 7MHz, but 3.5MHz has seen good openings to the USA with strong signals heard from mid-evening until after sunrise. W6s have been heard after 0000.

## VHF NEWS

FIRSTLY, THANKS TO Ela, G6HKM, for writing to reveal that the station I had heard on 50MHz on 21 November was 3X1SG. 50MHz has stirred with some interesting F2 and TEP propagation during the month in review. Mick Toms BRS31976 caught several openings - 3X1SG on 2 February, K1LKQ, VE3CTT (FN07), KJ4E, K8EFS (EN72), K0BI/8, WA4LOX (EL87), all between 1505 and 1615 on 3 February; and TU4DH and 9L1US on 10 February.

## FINALE

NEWS AND VIEWS for the June issue should be with me no later than **Tuesday 9 April**. Photographs of shacks, or anything photographed by listeners which would interest listeners would be most appreciated. It appears that most of the photographs sent in recently have not been of sufficiently good quality to be reproduced.

### THE ALTERNATIVE QUIZ ENTRY RECEIVED FROM PHILIP DAVIES, G1EMD

OLD PREFIX	OLD COUNTRY	LAST DATE OLD PX (DARC)	FIRST DAY NEW PX (G.WATTS)	NEW PREFIX	NEW COUNTRY
AC4	TIBET	31 MAY 74	31 MAY 74 (1.6.74)	BY0	CHINA
CN2	TANGIER INTERNATIONAL ZONE	30 JUN 60	01 JUL 60	CN2	MOROCCO
FF8	FRENCH WEST AFRICA	06 AUG 60	07 AUG 60		
	1. DAHOMEY		01 AUG 60	TD8/TY	DAHOMY/BENIN
	2. UPPER VOLTA		05 AUG 60	TV8/XT	VOLTA/BURKINA FASO
	3. FRENCH SUDAN		20 JUN 60	TZ	MALI
	4. NIGER		03 AUG 60	5U	NIGER
	5. SENEGAL		20 JUN 60	6W	SENEGAL
(FT4)	6. COTE D'IVOIRE		07 AUG 60	TU	COTE D'IVOIRE
(FF7)	7. MAURITANIA		20 JUN 60	5T	MAURITANIA
FQ8	FRENCH EQUATORIAL AFRICA	16 AUG 60	17 AUG 60		
	1. CONGO MOYEN		15 AUG 60	TN	CONGO
	2. GABON		17 AUG 60	TR	GABON
	3. UBANGUI CHARI		13 AUG 60	TL	CENTRAL AFRICAN RP
	4. TCHAD		11 AUG 60	TT	CHAD
15	ITALIAN SOMALILAND	30 JUN 60	01 JUL 60	T5	SOMALI REPUBLIC
KR6	RYUKYU ISLANDS (US)	14 MAY 72	15 MAY 72	JR6 (AA-NZ)	JAPAN
KS4	SWAN ISLANDS (US)	31 AUG 72	01 SEP 72	HR6	HONDURAS
PK4	SUMATRA (DUTCH)	30 APR 63	01 MAY 63	YB & YC 4-5-6	INDONESIA
UN1	KARELIA (USSR)	30 JUN 60	01 JUL 60	UA1-N	RSFSR (RUSSIA)
VO	NEWFOUNDLAND & LABRADOR	31 MAR 49	01 APR 49	VO1 VQ2	(NEWFOUNDLAND)
VS9H	KURIA MURIA ISLES	30 NOV 67	30 NOV 67 (1.12.67)	A4	(LABRADOR) PROVINCES OF CANADA
ZC5	NORTH BORNEO (BRIT)	15 SEP 63	16 SEP 63	9M6	OMAN (SULTANATE OF OMAN)
ZC6	PALESTINE (after 14.5.48 was Jerusalem Demil Zone & also Gaza)	01 JUL 68 (30.6.68)*	01 JUL 68	4X & 4Z (Golan Hts - /YK)	SABAH EAST MALAYSIA ISRAEL (Gaza - /SU)
1M	MINERVA REEF	15 JUN 72	16 JUL 72	A 35	TONGA

NB \* To be consistent dates shown in brackets would be more appropriate.



**T**HE BOOKLET detailing how to become a Novice Licence Instructor can now be obtained from RSGB Headquarters. Write to:- Sylvia Manco, RSGB, Lambda House, Cranborne Road, Potters Bar, Herts, EN6 3JE, enclosing an A5 SAE with 27p in stamps.

### CALLING THANET YOUTH

ROSS COLLINS writes to inform readers of an Electronics and Radio Club for Youth which has been going for some years on the Isle of Thanet in East Kent. The leader is Dr Ken Smith, G3JIX, one time member of the RSGB's Education Committee, and now Senior Novice Instructor for Kent.

The average age of members is 13 and activities include building direction finding receivers [see next month's *RadCom* for a feature on DF - Ed], and studying for the Radio Amateurs' Examination and the Novice RAE.

A number of Club members went on a Youth Hostels cycle tour round the New Forest and Isle of Wight where they visited the Wireless Museum at Arretton Manor.

The club newsletter is called



One hundred Isle Of Man scouts recently held a 'Go For a Million' camp at Peel City campsite and amongst the activities was an amateur radio station, GB2MSR, set up by Denys Hall, GD4OEC. An interview with Denys and the scouts was broadcast on Manx Radio, and the Isle of Man Courier printed this photograph.

## SENIOR INSTRUCTORS LIST UPDATE

(See February 1991 Novice News for the full list)

County	Name	Callsign	Home Tel No.
Avon	Mr G J Bennett	G4LJO	0934 843507
Berks	Mr R J Redding	G3VMR	0628 24929
Cornwall	Mr A H Hammett	G3VWK	0726 882758
Camb	Mr G M Phillips	G0KRB	0954 781813
Devon	Mr P W Thornhill	G6ZKQ	0364 43433
Dyfed	Mr A J Jones	GW4VPX	0559 35485
E Sussex	Mr R C Gornall	G7DME	0424 444466
Gtr Manchester	Mr F Delaney	G4GKT	0942 894182
Hants	Mr P Steed	G6GTM	0705 371677
Herts	Mr J Wedderburn	G4JOV	0582 765821
Kent	Dr K L Smith	G3JIX	0304 812723
Leics	Mr D J Harries	G4WYN	0530 417307
Norfolk	Mr D J Buddery	G3OEP	0493 662323
Northumberland	Mr M Stott	G0NEE	0661 32020
Notts	Mr K C Simmonds	G1NBL	0602 810785
Suffolk	Mr C Muddimer	G1GPD	0787 77004
W Sussex	Mr P G Howard	G0AFN	0243 543399
Wilts	Mr A Anderson	G0BFM	0380 812450

*TECnician* [send me a copy please Ross - Ed], and anyone interested in joining or helping should write to Ross Collins, 37 Royal Rd, Ramsgate, Kent.

### GB2BHS

A SPECIAL EVENT station which will be on the air from Balshaw's High School, Leyland, on 27 April as part of the school's Annual Spring Fair. This is an important date, being the 200th anniversary of the birth of Samuel Morse, inventor of the famous code, and International Marconi Day.

The school, first established as a grammar school in 1782 by Sir Richard Balshaw, is now a mixed comprehensive with 850 pupils aged 11 to 16.

Amateur bands at LF and HF will be used as well as 144MHz FM from 11am. The operators would like to make as many contacts as possible, particularly with ex-pupils and ex-staff, or other schools. Accurate and useful

PHOTOGRAPH: ISLAND PHOTOGRAPHICS

Short Wave Listener (SWL) reports would be particularly welcome. A special QSL card is being printed bearing the school crest.

### DAYTON SCHOLARSHIP

THE DAYTON Amateur Radio Association in Ohio grants annual scholarship awards worth \$1500 to licensed amateurs graduating from high school. Eight awards are available and there are no restrictions on licence class or planned course of study.

### SCOUT/GUIDE RADIO OFFICERS

BOTH SCOUTS and Guides have strong connections with amateur radio. John Hughes, G4KGT, is the Scout Association's National Adviser for Amateur Radio. His address is 74 Fairacres, Prestwood, Gt Missenden, Buckinghamshire, HP16 0LF. A scout net can be found on Saturday mornings on 3.740MHz.

The Girl Guide Association's Amateur Radio Coordinator is Jennifer Jackson, G8WWO, Castle Lodge West, Halifax Road, Todmorden, Lancs, OL14 5SQ.

### K2BSA

THE NATIONAL Headquarters' station of the Boy Scouts of America, K2BSA, is to have a new station at Camp Wisdom in southwest Dallas County. The site is the highest in the area and several aerial towers are planned. Thanks to sponsorship, a high powered station will be built capable of using a wide variety of frequencies and transmission types.

The log cabin style building will be large enough to hold educational events involving scouting

and amateur radio. The station will be the centre of an amateur radio network of 29 scout associations throughout the world.

### PUBLICATIONS

RSGB's PROJECT YEAR (Youth into Electronics via Amateur Radio) involves, amongst other things, a series of books. The first three of these are: *Getting Started in Amateur Radio* by Victor Brand, G3JNB; *Novice Licence Examination - Sample Questions and Answers*, by Esde Tyler, G0AEC, and the *Novice Student's Notebook*, by John Case, GW4HWR.

*Getting Started* will be available for the first time at our National Amateur Radio Exhibition (see centre section this month). It provides an introduction to amateur radio, then describes electronic components and how to build a simple radio, finally leading the reader into how to go about becoming a short-wave listener, and deciphering the jargon of amateur radio. The book refers to the various ways in which to gain more information, for instance by buying *Practical Wireless*, or *Ham Radio Today*, and how the RSGB can help the budding licensee or SWL.

*Questions and Answers* will be on sale shortly, possibly at the NEC show. It should prove invaluable both for Novice students and their Instructors.

The *Student's Notebook*, the official text book of the RSGB Novice Licence Training Course, can be obtained already from RSGB Sales (see pages 78/79) and will be on sale at the NEC.

More books are planned and we will bring you news of them first in *Novice News*.

Watch next month's *RadCom* for details of an exciting new RSGB publication aimed at beginners of all ages.

## CALLING ALL SCHOOLS

RSGB's PROJECT YEAR (Youth into Electronics via Amateur Radio) Coordinator, Hilary Clay-tonsmith, G4JKS, has compiled a list of schools interested in Amateur Radio. Some have been active for many years; others are newcomers. If you know of any other schools which are not on the list below, and which run school Radio Clubs, please contact Sylvia Manco at RSGB HQ.

**Belfast Royal Academy**, Belfast. Contact - Noel Moore, G17CMC, 164 Ardenlee Avenue, Belfast, BT6 0AE. Club call G17DAW.

**Oulder Hill Community Sch**, Rochdale. Contact - Chris Jenkins, G7BIG, QTHR.

**Brookwood F&M Sch**, Woking. Contact - Peter Irwin, G0KLR, QTHR. Club call G0NIW.

**Park High School**, Colne. Contact - Mike Crawshaw, G4BLH, QTHR. Club call C4CPS.

**Bigyn CP Sch**, Llanelli. Contact - Rowland Rees, GW7EPO, QTHR.

**Donaldsons Sch for Deaf**, Edinburgh. Contact David Milne, GM1YXM, QTHR.

**The Blue Coat C of E Sch**, Coventry. Student contact - Simon Glanville, G7DCY, QTHR.

**Looe Sch**, East Looe. Contact John Bond, G1ZHH, QTHR. Club call G6RLS.

**King's Sch**, BFPO 113. Contact - Paul Budge, GW0MGO/DA1GP (not in Call Book). For forces personnel children stationed in Germany. Club call DA1KI.

**Frensham Heights Sch**, Rowledge, Surrey. Contact - Dick Jones, G0EUV, QTHR. Club call G4FHR.

**Harrogate Ladies Coll**, Harrogate. Contact - Richard Horton, G3XWH, QTHR. Club call G0HCA.

**Marshlands Primary Sch**, Old Goole. Contact - Richard Sugden, G0GLZ.

**Royal Grammar Sch**, Guildford. Contact - Frank Bell, G7CND, QTHR.

**Barlborough Hall Sch**, Chesterfield. Contact - Rev. Peter McArdle, G0DAG, QTHR.

**Brunel Coll of Technology**, Ashley Down, Bristol, BS7 9BU.



# RSGB NEC91

**A GREAT FAMILY DAY OUT!**

**Admission £1.50 for under 16s**

**Accompanied children under 12 are admitted free!**

Contact - D R Heald, G0KJI, Mahe, School Lane, Chew Stoke, Avon, BS18 8UY. Club call G5FS.

**Alford Academy**, Alford, Aberdeenshire, AB3 8JE. Contact - Iain Reid, GM0MYV, QTHR.

**Orwell Park Sch**, Ipswich. Contact - Paul Whiting, G4YQC, QTHR

**Bidbury Middle Sch**, Fraser Rod, Bedhampton, Havant, Hants, PO9 3EF. Contact - Brian Cracknell (not in Call Book).

**Strathallan Sch**, Forgandenny, Perth, PM2 9EG. Contact T S Goody, GM0MXZ, QTHR.

**Penrhos Coll**, Colwyn Bay, LL28 4DA. Contact - H McCook, GW7FTG, QTHR.

**Earlshaton High Sch**, Dewsbury. Contact - Ian Jones, G4MLW, QTHR. Club call G0HSE.

**Box Hill Sch**, Dorking. Contact - Nick Perfect (not in Call Book).

**Lampeter Comp Sch**, Lampeter. Contact - Allan Jones, GW4VPX, QTHR.

**Pindar Sch**, Scarborough. Contact - J C Thompson-Woollons, G10SP, QTHR.

**Warwick Sch**, Warwick. Contact - Ted Walker, G0KAQ, QTHR.

**King Edwards Sch**, Birmingham. Contact - D C Rigby, G4SKE.

**Old Swinford Hospital Sch**, Stourbridge. Contact - C S Williamson, G4CVK (not in Call Book)

**Canterbury High Sch**, Canterbury. Contact - A Beaumont, G7FWF (not in Call Book).

**Downside Sch**. Contact G0NFU (not in Call Book)

**Tonbridge Sch**, Tonbridge. Contact - R J Hughes, G4AJS, QTHR.

**John Kitto Sch**, Plymouth. Contact T J Field, G0MQD, QTHR.

**Keith Grammar Sch**, Keith, Banffshire. Contact - L Alexander, GM0MGV, QTHR.

**Preston Sch**, Yeovil. Contact - C Douglas, G0HDJ.



Simon Kahn (RS89043), passed the Radio Amateurs Examination last year when he was aged 11. A pupil at The Manchester Grammar School, Simon operates on packet radio and HF SSB whilst supervised by his father, Keith, G3RTU. He hopes to start a Novice course soon with his brother Daniel (aged 9) so that he can operate without supervision until he reaches 14. Daniel is already learning morse code.

**Long Croft Sch**, Beverley. Contact - Duncan Heathershaw, G4MFG.

● QTHR = Address can be found in the latest RSGB *Call Book*.

## BELFAST ROYAL ACADEMY

THE BELFAST Royal Academy Amateur Radio Club is the only school club in Northern Ireland affiliated to the RSGB. It came into existence following the success of three pupils and their teacher Mr Moore, (now G17CMC), in the May 1988 Radio Amateur's Examination.

Interest in amateur radio increased so that membership of the club soon reached double figures. The school's own call-sign, G17DAW, arrived in January 1989.

Most lunchtime meetings of the club involve FM and SSB operation on the 144MHz band, but this has proved somewhat restricting since few local amateurs operate at lunchtime. HF operation would, of course, solve this problem.

Other club activities include constructional work, computer assisted Morse tuition and expeditions.

Requests for donations of equipment have been made amongst local amateurs, in local newspapers and in the amateur radio press, but this has met with limited success. The school has assisted with the purchase of radio textbooks, magazines and the annual licence fee.

The three licensed pupils have now progressed to further education, pursuing engineering courses. It is expected that their interest in radio will continue to assist them with their studies.

Mr Moore supports the RSGB's Project YEAR and has no doubt that amateur radio can promote an interest in electronics which can not only benefit the individual, but in time, the electronics industry.

If any member can assist the Academy, they should contact Mr Moore at Belfast Royal Academy, Cliftonville Road, Belfast, BT14 6JL.

## NOVICE NUMBERS

JUDGING BY the number of people enrolled on RSGB Training Courses, it seems likely that over a thousand novice licences will be issued in the first year. Most students are young, though all age groups are represented. The first call signs - prefixed by the number '2' - should be heard within three months.



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STR11	HF6V Radial Kit	33.50	3.00
MPS	Mounting Post HF6 & HF2	6.00	2.00
20MRK	HF2V 20M Add on Kit	33.50	2.00
30MRK	HF2V 30M Add on Kit	33.50	2.00
TBR160S	160M Add on Kit for HF6 & HF2	64.48	3.00
SC3000	30-512MHz Scanner Vertical	63.99	4.00
2MCV	3dB 2M Colinear	53.99	3.00
2MCVS	5dB 2M Colinear	63.99	3.00
HF5B	5 Band Mini Beam	234.15	—

## CUSHCRAFT (USA)

124WB	Cushcraft 124WB VHF Beam Ant	37.08	4.00
153CD	Cushcraft 15-3CD 3E1 25M Beam	140.06	8.00
154CD	Cushcraft 15-4CD 4E1 15M Beam	181.57	8.00
203CD	Cushcraft 20-3CD 3E1 20M Beam	238.91	—
204CD	Cushcraft 20-4CD 4E1 20M Beam	328.70	—
215WB	Cushcraft 15E1 2M Yagi Antenna	98.99	8.00
4218XL	18 Element 2M Boomer	121.90	8.00
A3SS	Cushcraft 3 Ele Tribander SS	324.02	—
A4S	Cushcraft 4 Ele Beam Antenna	391.95	—
A50-6	Cushcraft 6M 6 Ele Beam Antenna	182.51	8.00
AP8	8 Band Vertical	164.76	8.00
ARX2B	Cushcraft VHF Vertical Antenna	45.59	3.00
ARX450B	Cushcraft VHF Beam	42.84	3.00
AV3	Cushcraft AV3 Trapped Vert Ant	75.00	8.00
AV5	Cushcraft AV5 Trapped Vert Ant	151.80	8.00
DW3	10, 15 & 20M Dipole	159.01	4.00
D3W	10, 12 & 17M Dipole	159.01	4.00
LAC1	Cushcraft Lightning Arrestor	6.58	1.00
LAC2	Cushcraft Lightning Arrestor	6.58	1.00
R45K	R4 to R5 Conversion Kit	35.01	4.00
R5	Cushcraft 1/2 Wave Vert 10-20M	259.01	—
TEN3	3 Element Monobander	115.03	4.00
A3WS	Cushcraft 3Ele 18/24MHz Yagi	246.87	—

## MFJ (USA)

MFJ1274	Packet Radio Terminal	204.25	3.00
MFJ1278	Multi Mode Data Controller	228.49	3.00
MFJ16010	Random Wire Tuner	45.08	2.50
MFJ1701	6-way Antenna Switch	39.30	2.00
MFJ1704	4 Position Ant Switch	66.41	2.50
MFJ202B	RF Noise Bridge	63.20	2.00
MFJ204B	Antenna Noise Bridge	84.31	2.00
MFJ250	1KW Dummy Load	56.21	3.50
MFJ260	300W Dummy Load	32.57	2.00
MFJ401B	Econo Keyer Kit	59.21	3.00
MFJ407B	Electronic Keyer	78.73	3.00
MFJ422B	Electronic Morse Key Bench	146.25	3.00
MFJ422BX	Electronic Morse Keyer W/O Bench	76.46	3.00
MFJ482B	Grandmaster Memory Keyer	92.77	3.00
MFJ484C	Grandmaster Memory Keyer	162.32	3.00
MFJ722	CW/SSB Filter	76.46	2.50
MFJ723	C/W Filter	48.54	2.50
MFJ752C	Tunable Filter	104.42	3.00
MFJ815	SWR Meter 2KW	78.74	2.50
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MFJ901B	200 Watt ATU	70.05	2.50
MFJ910	Mobile Matcher	22.30	2.50
MFJ931	Artificial Ground	86.61	3.50
MFJ941D	300 Watt Basic Tuner	105.40	3.50
MFJ945C	Versa Tuner 11 Mobile	97.37	3.50
MFJ949D	De Luxe 300W ATU	168.82	3.50
MFJ962B/C	1.5KW ATU	258.84	—
MFJ986	1.5KW Roller Inductor Tuner	279.62	—
MFJ989C	3KW Roller Inductor Tuner	368.17	—

## LOADS & SWITCHES

T35	Toyo 30W 1-500MHz Dummy Load	10.20	2.00
T100	Toyo 100W 1-500MHz Dummy Load	45.00	2.00
T200	Toyo 200W 1-500MHz Dummy Load	64.00	2.00
DL1	Texpro 1.5KW 160-10M Dummy Load	75.00	2.00
K52	Koyo Coaxial Switch 2 way 1.0KW	28.89	2.00
S20N	Koyo Coaxial Switch 2 way 1.0KW 1-1000MHz 'N'	32.86	2.00
SA450M	Toyo Coaxial Switch 2 way 2.5KW 1-500MHz S0239	18.50	2.00
SA450N	Toyo Coaxial Switch 2 way 2.5KW 1-500MHz 'N'	26.00	2.00
DRAE UHF	UHF 3 position Antenna Switch 'N'	24.15	2.50
DRAE VHF	VHF 3 position Antenna Switch 'S0239'	18.69	2.50

## VSWR/PWR METERS

W160	Koyo 15/60W 2M In-Line VSWR/	32.91	2.00
W544	Koyo 7/40/400W 140-460MHz	107.00	2.00
W560M	Koyo 3/20/200 1.8-520MHz	99.90	2.00
W570	Koyo 5/20/200 1.8-1300MHz	124.75	2.00
K20	Koyo 15/50W 2M	24.60	2.00
K100	Koyo 2KW 1.8-60MHz	79.98	2.00
K200	Koyo 200W 1.8-60MHz	61.55	2.00
K400	Koyo 200W 140-525MHz	63.65	2.00
YM1E	Toyo 120W 3.5-1500MHz	32.00	2.00
T435	Toyo 200W 2M & 70cm VSWR/Wattmeter	67.77	2.00

## ICOM

		Price (incl VAT)	P/P
IC765	HF All Band, General Coverage, Rx	2,499.00	—
IC-751A	HF All Band, General Coverage, Rx 12V	1,500.00	—
IC-735	HF All Band, General Coverage Rx 12V	979.00	—
IC-726	HF All Band, General Coverage Rx +6M	989.00	—
IC-725	HF All Band, General Coverage Rx 12V	759.00	—
IC-505	6M Transceiver, SSB/CW 12V	529.00	—
IC-2SE	2M FM Handportable with Nicad/charger	275.00	—
IC-2SET	2M FM Handportable Keypad entry DTMF	295.00	—
IC-2CE	2M FM Handportable with Nicad/charger	265.00	—
IC-228E	2M FM Mobile 25W 20 Memo 12V	365.00	—
IC-228H	2M FM Mobile 45W 20 Memo 12V	385.00	—
IC-290D	2M SSB/FM/CW 25W 5 Memo 12V	559.00	—
IC-275H	2M Transceiver SSB/FM/CW 100W 12V	1,039.00	—
IC-4SE	70CM FM Handportable inc Nicad/charger	310.00	—
IC-4SET	70CM FM Handportable keypad entry DTMF	310.00	—
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IC-R100	Wideband Receiver	499.00	—
IC-R71E	General Coverage Receiver	855.00	—
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TS140	HF 9 Band General Cover TX/RX	862.00	—
TS680S	HF/6M TX General Cover RX	985.00	—
TS440	9 Band TX General Cover RX	1,138.81	—
PS50	H/Duty PSU	222.49	—
AT230	All Band ATU/Powermeter	208.67	—
TH25	NEW 2M H/Held	238.00	—
TH45	NEW 70cm H/Held	269.00	—
TH75	NEW 2m/70cm H/Held	398.00	—
TH205	2M H/Held	215.26	—
TH215	2M H/Held Keyboard	252.13	—
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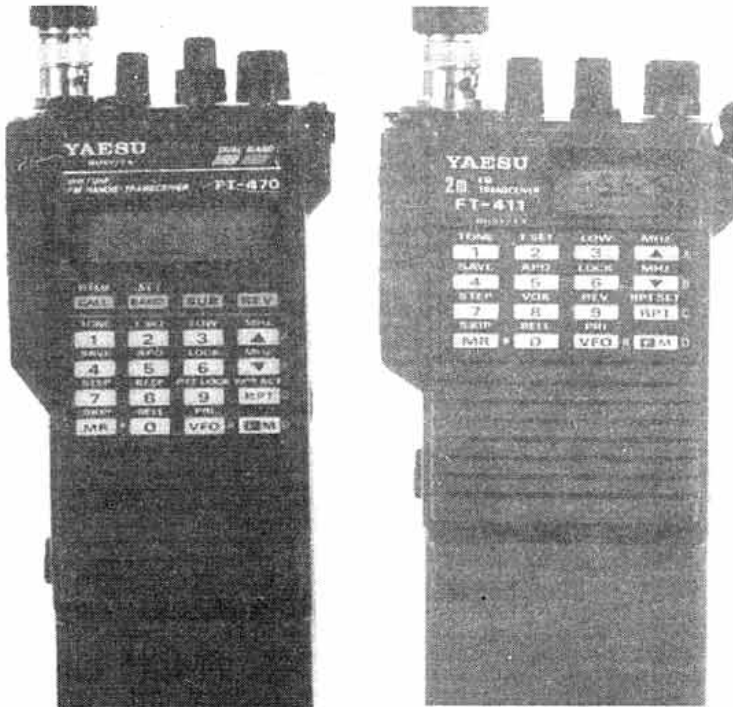
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## ANALYSING GROUND-PLANE AND SLEEVE ANTENNAS

TT, NOVEMBER 1987, pp836-837 included an item 'The groundplane dissected' that referred to the computer (NEC) study by Melvin Weiner of a "Monopole element at the centre of a circular ground plane whose radius is small or comparable to a wavelength" (*IEE Trans on Ant & Prop*, May 1987). This indicated the vertical radiation patterns of quarter-wave elements with varying forms of circular (radial) ground planes, introducing the novel concept of a GPA with a ground-plane of zero-extent.

The zero-extent concept was followed-up by Dr Brian Austin, G0GSF, who ran it to earth (no pun intended) in the book *Monopole Elements on Circular Ground Planes* by M M Weiner *et al* (Artech House, 1987). This resulted in TT (March 1988) reproducing a diagram of the Weiner form of zero-extent GPA, showing the use of lossy ferrite toroids (beads) around the coaxial feeder cable, providing a choke against the flow of outer-braid current. This description, unfortunately, left unanswered the question of the return current, and I received no further comments on this potentially interesting form of antenna until recently Peter Chadwick, G3RZP, mentioned the Artech book as a source of reference.

The GPA, particularly for VHF, remains of considerable interest not only to radio amateurs (for whom it provides one of the most popular simple antennas on HF) but also for professional users. This interest is reflected in 'Sleeve Antenna with Ground Wires' by Mitsuo Taguchi *et al* (*IEEE Trans Ant & Prop*, January 1991, pp 1-7). This presents a detailed mathematical and experimental analysis of a sleeve antenna, a monopole antenna with ground wires (ie the GPA with wire radials) and a sleeve antenna with ground wires.

Among the information presented in this paper is some useful information on the input impedance of a GPA with the radials at different sloping angles (Fig 1). The authors note that the input impedance depends on the length of the ground wires (radials) and their inclination, making it easy to match the antenna to a 50Ω feeder by adjusting these parameters, adding: "Since the input resistance of this antenna with inclined ground wires decreases considerably for some feeder lengths, the mismatch of impedance with the feeder and degradation of radiation characteristics arise."

The sleeve antenna is much less popular with amateurs than the GPA although long featured in the handbooks. It normally consists of a monopole with a quarter-wave extension surrounding the feeder cable; the idea of adding radials to the sleeve, as described in the IEEE paper, is new to me, but it is concluded that a sleeve antenna with ground wires combines the advantages of both a sleeve antenna and a Brown GPA: "The input impedance of the sleeve antenna with ground wires can be easily changed by adjusting the length, inclination angle, and position of the ground wires. The directivity is not sensitive to these parameters when the lengths of the ground wires are less than 0.2λ.

# TOPICS

PAT HAWKER G3VA

"The input impedance is 50Ω and the actual gain is about 2.1dBi when the length of the sleeve is 0.2λ, the length and inclination angle of the ground wires are 0.1λ and 0°, and the distance of the ground wires from the feed point is 0.025λ. The current induced on the feeder of the sleeve antenna can be reduced at the design frequency of the *sperrtopf*."

The experimental UHF (340MHz) model antennas used by the Japanese authors include a 'quarter-wave *sperrtopf*, to suppress or reduce the RF current feeding back down the outer braid of the coaxial feeder cable. This appears to be some form of tuned, coaxial stub forming, in effect, an RF choke on the outer braid. Unfortunately, no details of the construction of such a *sperrtopf* is given in

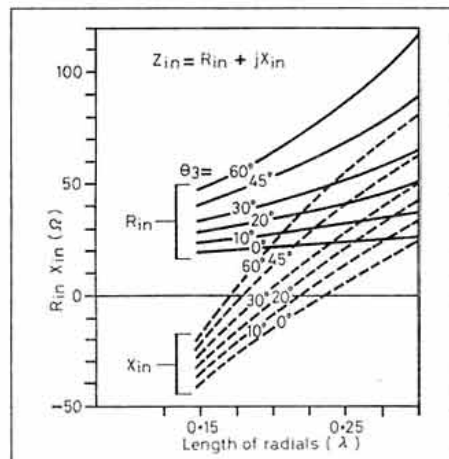


Fig 1: Calculated input impedance of a quarter-wave ground-wave type antenna with varying lengths of radials for different downward inclinations.

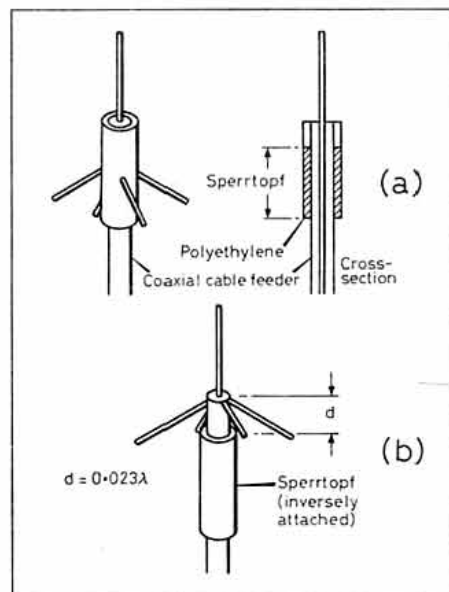


Fig 2: Test antennas as used by Mitsuo Taguchi *et al*. (a) Sleeve antenna with ground wires (radials). (b) Monopole with ground wires (i.e. GPA), the *sperrtopf* appears to be a form of coaxial stub arranged to suppress RF currents on the outer-braid of the coaxial cable feeders.

the paper, but the reader is given a reference to the Japanese-published book *VHF Antennas* by H Uchida and Y Mushiake, Tokyo 1955, p192. Of the sleeve antenna without ground wires, it is considered difficult to match this antenna to a 50Ω feeder, so that it "is usually constructed with a matching circuit such as a coaxial impedance transformer." Fig 2 shows details of the 340MHz test antennas.

Of the quarter-wave monopole with ground wires in the horizontal direction, it is concluded that the input resistance is near 20Ω even if the length of the ground wires is increased up to 0.3λ: "It increases as the ground wires are inclined below horizontal and their lengths are increased. The input reactance varies towards inductive as the lengths of the ground wires are increased.

The so-called Brown antenna (ie the ground-plane antenna as originally described in the 1930s by Dr George Brown of RCA - G3VA), which is a monopole antenna with quarter-wavelength horizontal ground wires, has a directive gain of 1.61dBi. The gain increases slightly as the ground wires are inclined in the downward direction. When the angle of inclination is 60°, the gain increases to 2.11dBi, which is about the same gain as a half-wave dipole.

The antenna can be matched with a 50Ω feeder if the ground wires are about 0.17λ long and are directed 60° downwards. The gain is then improved by about 0.5dB compared with the horizontally directed quarter-wavelength ground wires. However, the current induced on the surface of the feeder is not small compared with the current on the antenna. Without a *sperrtopf*, the input resistance seems to depend on the length of the feeder, and is smaller than the value calculated by neglecting the effect of feeder if the ground wires are inclined downwards. This creates an impedance mismatch and results in performance degradation." I wonder if any reader can provide fuller details of the (clearly useful) *sperrtopf*?

## IF-DERIVED AGC WITH PLESSEY ICS

JAN-MARTIN NOEDING, LA8AK, has in the past not used the well-known Plessey 600/1600 series of integrated-circuit device because of his dislike of AF-derived AGC. He believes that Plessey adopted this system because of the excessive broadband noise produced at the IF-output when, for example, three SL612 (1612) devices are connected in series. This noise tends to 'overload' a normal AGC circuit. G8LRH referred to this effect in *DUBUS* (1983) in connection with the ICOM IC402 transceiver, and SM6HYG encountered the problem when using three SL612 devices in series.

He cured the broadband noise problem in one of his receivers by fitting an extra crystal filter in front of the last IF stage - an excellent solution that has been advocated several times in TT in reference to the Drake R4C receiver (see August, October 1984, July 1986 etc). Professional communications receivers often tackle the problem of broadband noise produced in the IF chain by using a 'roofing filter' early in the chain and the

## TECHNICAL TOPICS

placing the main SSB/CW filters further down the chain.

LABAK comments: "I suspect that the same problem of IF broadband noise found in the Drake R4C receiver exists also in the ICOM IC735 and IC740, and possibly many other receivers, since friends with these transceivers tell me there is a background noise which does not disappear even when the incoming signals are strong. But I wonder why such problems are apparently seldom, if ever, mentioned in the equipment reviews in the amateur-radio periodicals? Too often, they appear to be trying to help the manufacturers sell their equipment rather than helping the discerning amateur decide which equipment to buy". [An accusation which cannot be directed at RadCom's top reviewer, Peter Hart, G3SJK - Ed]

LABAK has since written further on the problem that manufacturers tend to persist in retaining circuit techniques that can result in less-than-ideal and even mediocre performance in successive models extending over a number of years. I hope to digest his comments another month.

But to return to the topic of IF-derived AGC and an arrangement that, even though an SL621 is fed from a DC signal, control is directly detected from the IF signal. Old-time valve designers may recall that a double-diode valve was commonly used to provide separate audio envelope detection of AM signals and IF detection in order to provide delayed-AGC. In contrast, the usual SL621 AGC device is controlled only from the product-detected audio signal.

LABAK writes: "Recently, I needed a simple circuit to use with my FT-902 transceiver to give an indication of the signal-to-noise ratio. The circuit functions of the SL620/621 were studied and it seemed worth trying another approach to using this AGC-generator device. My circuit is shown in Fig 3. Results seem fairly good, about what might be expected from a circuit with AGC control on only one stage."

"To obtain a higher output voltage swing and additional gain, an extra transistor buffer amplifier is used. I am puzzled why nobody else seems to have thought about using a similar arrangement since it enables the SL621 to be used for AM, FM and CW/SSB, which I feel is an important consideration. Instead of using this negative-going envelope-detector, the AGC-generator may be connected to some positive detector circuit, with the current mirror-connected to the input of the SL621 (SL1621) in which case the input (pin 1) stays at about +1.05 to 1.1V for varying RF input levels."

## LOW-RESISTANCE EARTHING

IN COMMENTING ON THE 'lazy man's multibander' HF-antenna contributed by George Cripps, G3DWW, (TT, January 1991), I expressed surprise at the absence, in the diagram he sent along, of an earthing point at the antenna end of the coaxial feeder cable. In this type of quarter-wave inverted-L type of antenna, the real earth provides the missing quarter-wave section. I also emphasised that the loss-resistance of such an earth not only reduced radiation efficiency but could also result in a misleadingly low VSWR on the feeder.

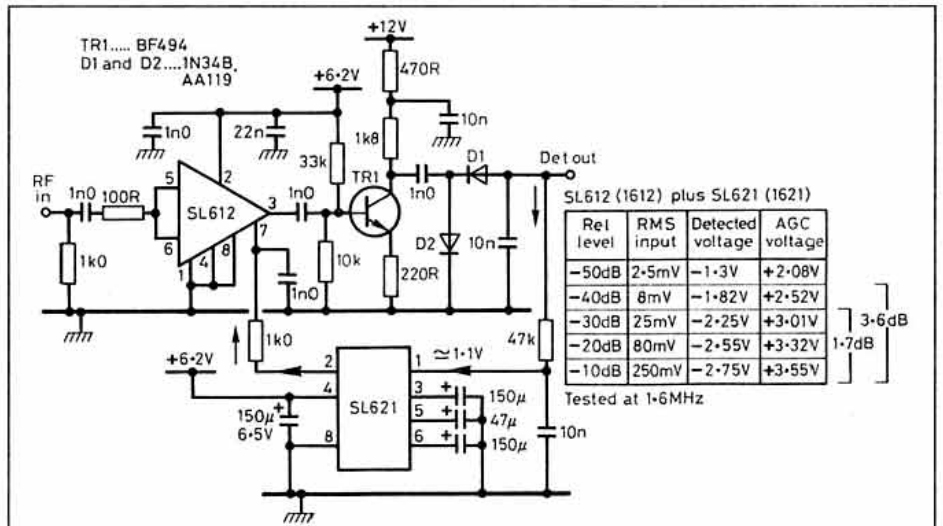


Fig 3: LABAK's method of obtaining IF-derived AGC with Plessey SL600/SL1600-series of receiver ICs.

## KEYING A QRP TRANSMITTER

THE NUMBER OF PUBLISHED designs for compact QRP CW transceivers, with outputs ranging from about one to ten watts, has increased recently with TT featuring some of the basic circuitry for both receiver and transmitter sections. It is also possible to use such rigs to provide the drive for higher power amplifiers such as those based on low-cost switching FETs. However, an essential feature of such equipment is to provide the necessary control circuits needed to provide shaped keying waveforms, sidetone and transmit/receive (T/R) switching. TT has included (March 1991) the superhet receiver section of the 14MHz 5W transceiver described by Gary Breed, K9AY in his two-part article in QST, December 1990 and January 1991. The transmitter section in Part 2 uses an NE602 to convert the common VFO to signal frequency, followed by an LM6321 as buffer amplifier, 2N3866 as driver and the popular MRF475 bipolar transistor as power amplifier. His control circuits (Fig 4) are built on the transmitter board, providing sidetone, shaped keying of the LM6321 and 2N3866 and the T/R switch. Such control circuits could find other applications in this general class of equipment.

K9AY describes the functions as follows:

"T/R switching is done by keying a 2N3906 transistor (TR4) which drives an RC network through a blocking diode. The rapidly charged RC network turns on TR5, pulling in the T/R relay. The discharge time of the RC network is controlled by a trimmer pot (DELAY) that can be set for the desired hold-in time. The relay is a small DIP-outline DPDT unit. One set of contacts switches the antenna and the other feeds power to the NE602 (transmitter) and the receiver-muting circuit.

"Keying begins with two sections of a CD4001 CMOS quad NOR gate (IC3). Its 12V output drives a TIP110 Darlington-pair power transistor (TR3) that switches DC to the LM6321 buffer and 2N3866 driver stages. A series-R, shunt-C network to ground from the keying transistor's base shapes the keyed waveform. . . The sidetone is generated in IC3A and IC3B which form a keyed square-wave oscillator. The component values shown yield a roughly 800Hz note with a 12V supply which assists in zero-beating incoming signals. Some variation in pitch occurs with different CD4001s and changing supply voltage. The oscillator's high output level is attenuated by a 470K resistor in series with the 5K SIDETONE LEVEL control."

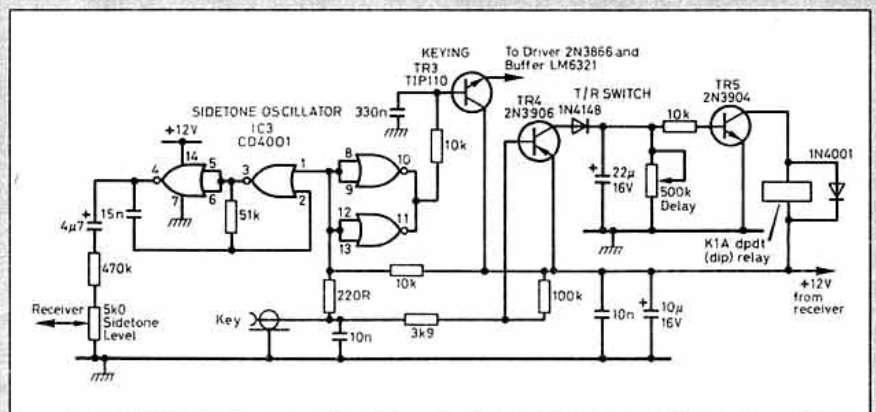


Fig 4: Control circuits of K9AY's QRP transceiver providing sidetone, shaped keying waveform and T/R switch.

In the follow-up letter, G3DWW agreed with my comments but added that in fact he does have a good RF earth connection at the antenna end of the feeder, though he omitted this in his diagram. His earth comprises a spike about 2ft from the end of the coaxial cable, paralleled to three 4ft earth spikes at the end of 20ft radials buried about 2in under his lawn. One radial runs directly under the horizontal run of the antenna.

Even so, he has measured the DC earth resistance as roughly  $20\Omega$ , which he assumes could be limiting the radiation efficiency to roughly 50% - a quite reasonable and practical figure for such a simple multi-band antenna. This assumes that the RF loss resistance is the same as the DC resistance, an assumption that is probably pessimistic in view of the presence of the radials; in practice the efficiency may be appreciably higher than he suggests. Incidentally, it is yet another indication that the use of elevated quarter-wave-resonated radials (possibly much reduced in size by the use of inductive loading as suggested by G6XN, or by the adaption of DL1VU's 'sardine tin opener' folding technique as a counterpoise rather than a top-loading system; see G4LQI's *Eurotek* column in the February *RadCom*, p45) is likely to prove superior to the use of earth spikes alone. It may, however, still be advisable to earth the system to reduce damage from nearby lightning strikes.

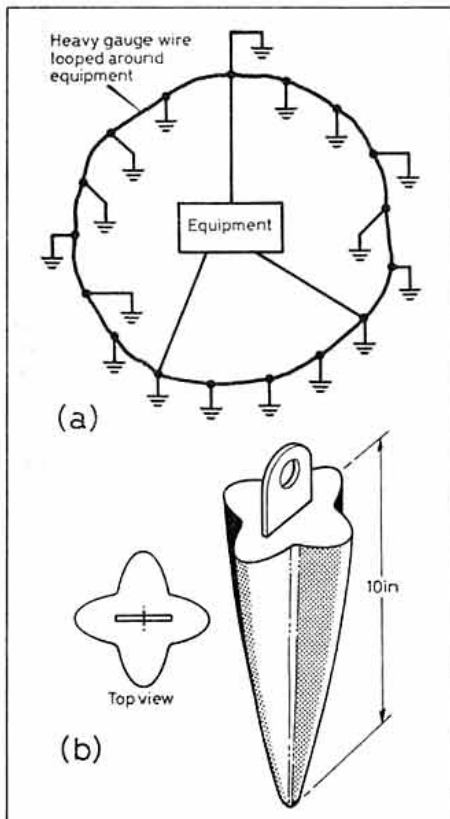


Fig 5: Surface-wire-ground (SWG) system as used by US Army. The SWG wire is looped around the equipment and earthed at 15 to 18 points, using the 10in ground stakes of cruciform shape with connecting bolt at top as shown in (b).

In practice, a DC earth resistance of  $25\Omega$  probably represents a better than average figure for amateur radio earthing in typical residential areas. A useful item on 'improved grounding techniques' appears in the new

column by Bill Orr, W6SAI 'Radio Fundamentals; things to learn, projects to build and gear to use' which started in *CQ*, December 1990, p85. This is based on an article in the American military-communications magazine *Signal* (March 1988), brought to W6SAI's notice by George Riddle, W6FMZ.

*Signal* reported earth measurements made by the US Army Materials Systems Analysis Activity outfit in various parts of the USA. They found that measurements using a single 6ft earth rod (of the type used by the US military for over 50 years) ranged from  $13\Omega$  in moist soil at Fort Story, Virginia, to over  $7000\Omega$  at Fort Lewis, Washington. The US military regards  $10\Omega$  as the upper limit of acceptability, presumably requiring the use of multiple earth rods for virtually all installations.

The W6SAI item continues: "Continued testing on various grounding schemes led to the surface-wire-ground (SWG) technique. The early SWG consisted of a number of 6in-long stakes used to secure a 100ft-long, 1/8in dia, cable to the earth in a straight line. In the final design, the wire length is reduced to 70ft, the wire being grounded along its length by 15 stakes, each 10in long. The wire is looped around the equipment, and three heavy connecting wires ground the equipment to the SWG as in Fig 5.

"The short ground stake is a tapered, star-shaped design (Fig 5(b)) that provides enhanced soil contact and can easily be inserted into or removed from the ground.

"The SWG has been tested against a conventional 6ft ground rod in a number of locations in the continental United States, Alaska and Germany. In all cases, the SWG offered improved performance, with values ranging from 2:1 to 10:1 better than the ground rod."

### 144MHZ HAND DOPPLER DIRECTION-FINDER

UK AMATEURS SEEM TO have rather lagged behind those of some other countries in developing direction-finding equipment for VHF rather than for 1.8MHz "ground-wave" signals. *TT* (September 1990, p34) included details of a compact highly directional "miniature electromagnetic-coupled foxing (MEF) antenna, intended to be implemented as a gun-type hand-held system for use with a 'straight' field-strength-type receiver (*TT*, March 1991) as a 144MHz 'sniffer' system developed by John Willisroft, ZS6EF, and originally described in *Radio-ZS* (February & March, 1990).

More recently, ZS6EF has described (*Radio-ZS*, combined November/December 1990 issue) a very different form of 'ultimate 144MHz direction-finder' for which he claims the following advantages: (1) simple to build; (2) high accuracy; (3) works with any 144MHz receiver/transceiver; (4) does not need attenuators; and (5) takes you right to the transmitter.

He believes that "this piece of equipment is very close to the ideal direction-finding tool." It works with any FM hand-held receiver (factory-built or home-made) or transceiver (provided this is not used in the transmit mode with the doppler D/F antenna) without requiring an S-meter or any connections to be

made inside the receiver. It can be used at night without lights and without adjustment of controls. ZS6EF considers that it is the most accurate VHF D/F equipment he has yet seen and also the most simple to build: Fig 6.

Unlike the more usual form of direction-finding based on swinging a directional antenna for minimum or maximum signal strength, his system represents a hand-portable adaption of the doppler D/F system which depends on the slight difference in path lengths from a hidden transmitter to two similar antennas connected to a receiver via an electronic change-over switch: Fig 7.

The switch connects each antenna to the receiver in turn at a rate of about 500Hz. Provided the whole system is balanced with equal feeder paths, when the path lengths are the same, Fig 8(a), the signals from each antenna will be identical in frequency and phase. But only a very small swing of the doppler antenna structure, Fig 8(b), will result in the signals presented to the receiver input being delayed and advanced at the switching rate. In effect, the receiver then 'sees' a frequency (phase) modulated signal and emits a 500Hz audio tone, which vanishes when the path lengths are identical. ZS6EF points out that the null point is very accurately defined, although as with a 1.8MHz loop without a sense antenna, the bearing does not indicate whether the transmitter is in front or behind the observer. However, the user need take only a few steps to the right or left, again find the null resulting in a heading a little to the left or right of the first heading, from which the direction as well as the bearing can be deduced.

How far it is necessary to walk sideways to establish a 'base line' depends on the distance from the transmitter, but ZS6EF suggests this need not be more than about 12 or 15 metres even if the transmitter is up to 40km distant, though this seems to me incredible with such a simple hand-held antenna and I wonder if this was a misprint for 4km. If the receiver tone is not a clean one but appears to contain a wobble or a high tone superimposed on the switched tone, this is an indication of multipath reflections; it will usually be possible to overcome this (except possibly in urban areas) by moving a short distance to a new position.

The electronic switch together with two broadband FET pre-amplifiers are built on a small piece of double-sided PCB (Fig 9) and fitted inside a standard electric-wiring junction box, taking care that the whole system is balanced. Mark/space ratio of the switch is adjusted by R3 (20K trimpot) preferably using an oscilloscope but quite possible by using a local transmitter.

While the antenna elements could be full-size half-wave dipoles, this would result in a rather bulky unit. ZS6EF shortens his element lengths from 1000mm to about 450mm by spiral winding the elements on 6mm dowel, making it easier to run through bushes or store the antenna in a car boot, as well as providing a convenient form of balun transformer.

The structure is made using two 20mm-diameter conduit T-pieces with inspection covers; one 20mm round junction box with an outlet each side and one on the bottom in the

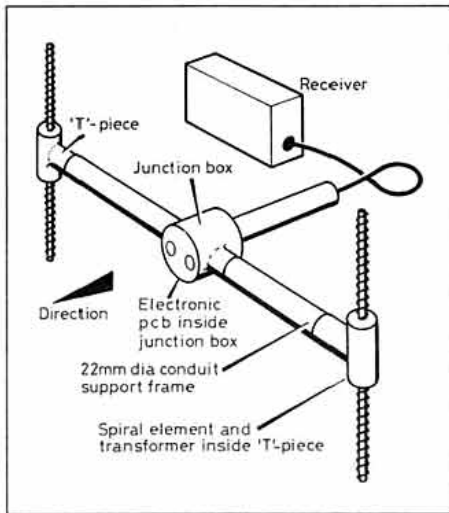


Fig 6: ZS6EF's hand-held 144MHz doppler direction finder.

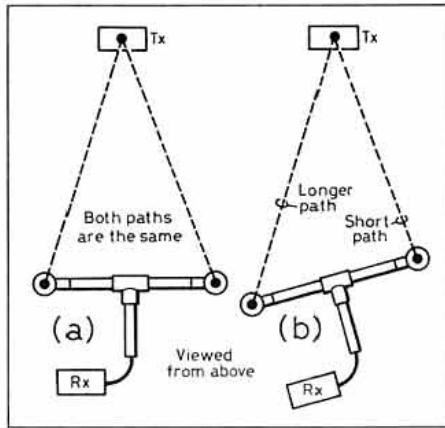


Fig 8: Principles of the doppler D/F. (a) Equal path lengths to the transmitter produce no 500Hz tone in the FM receiver, providing an accurate 'null'. (b) When the path lengths differ, even only slightly, the receiver 'sees' a phase-modulated signal and produces 500Hz tone.

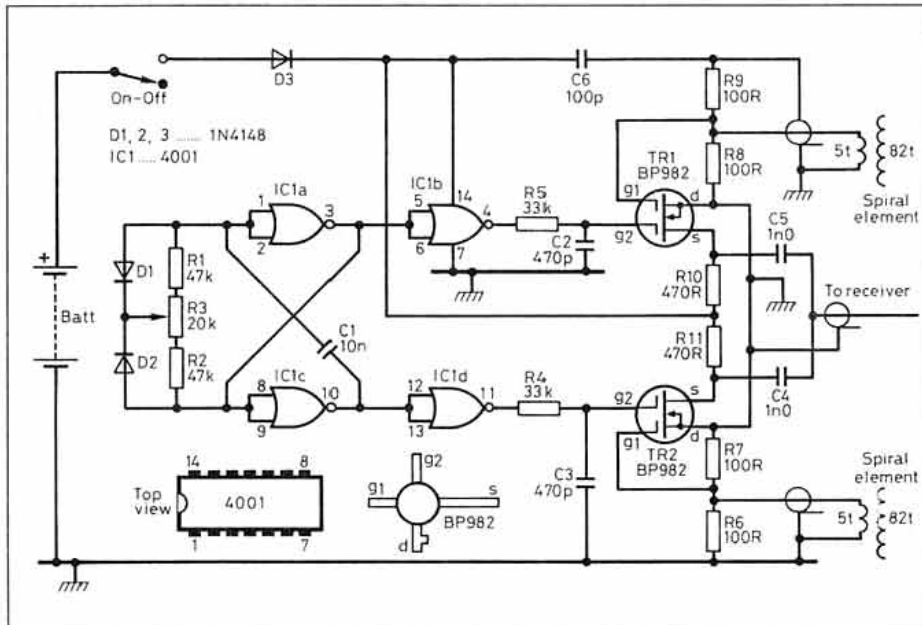


Fig 7: The 500Hz electronic switch and FET pre-amplifiers contained within the junction box of the doppler D/F.

middle; one round junction box to be used as a lid; three pieces of 20mm conduit tube each 300mm long; two lengths of 6mm dowel 450mm long; 1.5m of 50-ohm 6mm coaxial cable; a BNC coax connector; two 5mm by 40mm brass machine screws; four metres of 0.8 or 1.1mm copper wire for the antenna elements; one double-sided PCB; plus the electronic components.

The two elements are made by winding 82 turns of 0.8 or 1.1mm wire onto a 6mm wooden dowel 450mm long evenly spaced. Larger dowel will not resonate correctly as the ratio of interturn capacitance and the inductance must be correct. Elements must be balanced, the spiral construction allowing a transformer to be easily wound around the centre. The transformer consists of 5 turns around the exact centre of the element: Fig 10. Exact tuning of the elements to the required frequency is necessary to optimise the efficiency of the spiral elements. This can be accomplished by taking a grid dip meter exactly in the physical centre of the element and adjusting the turns until the element is on

145.5MHz (or the required frequency). Antenna elements will cover the whole 144MHz band if dipped at the centre of the band. Cover the elements with varnish once the complete unit has been tested and found satisfactory.

**WIDEBAND AMPLIFIERS AND A WARTIME NFD**

ONE MURKY AFTERNOON in mid-November 1941, I arrived at Hanslope Park where the 'special intercept station' of Special Communication Unit No 3 then comprised half-a-dozen HRO receivers in the corn bins of a small granary, plus a few nondescript random length wire antennas (plus one low quarter-mile or so long Beverage antenna pointing towards Norway). I had been unwillingly plucked out of 'Box 25 Discrimination', to which I had been originally assigned, on the grounds that I had been one of the first of the new VI special enlistments unwise enough to have passed the 'A' (25WPM) Morse reception test on entry. Hence, it was deemed that I should face the discomforts of the 'country

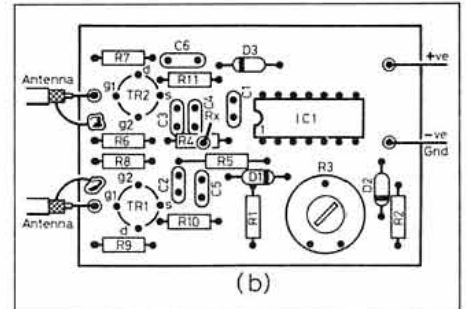
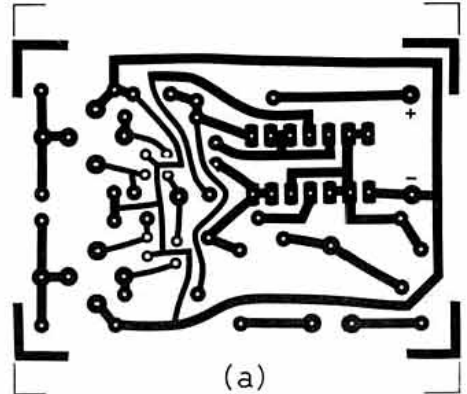


Fig 9: (a) Solder side of the PCB looking from the top. This is produced on double-sided board leaving the component side as a ground plane. Solder all ground pins on both sides of the board. The coaxial feeder cable is connected to component side (b).

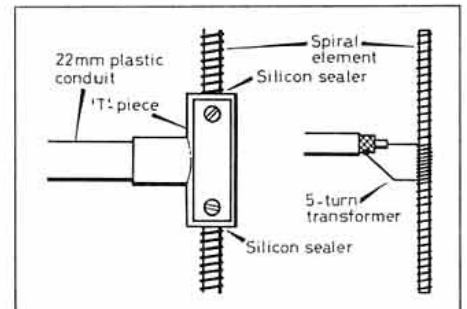


Fig 10: Constructional details of the spirally-wound antenna elements and coupling transformers (which must be wound over the electrical centre of the dipole elements).

farmyard', as the Park was known, rather than live in billets in Barnet.

The granary soon gave way to the Lodge. Meanwhile, the large receiving station (demolished only a few years ago) was still being built. It finally became operational in May 1942, furnished with a magnificent set of rhombic antennas (8 - 16MHz), vee beams (4 - 8MHz) plus a set of drooping wire antennas suspended from catenary wires on four poles placed around the building. Each of the rhombic/vee-beam antennas, which together covered all points of the compass, was fed into a unique-design of wide-band amplifier, each with ten outlets that each could be patched into any of the 66 HRO receivers. The amplifiers and patching sockets were all assembled in the centre of the building in a metal structure that many years later was destined to be condemned to destruction on the grounds that it resembled a French street pissoir.

The antenna farm was largely the creation of Robin Addie, G8LT, as a member of Major Keen's SCU3 Engineering Section, aided by 'Digger' Buick, G3XJ, and his riggers. The



wide-band amplifiers were the pride and joy of Dud Charman, G6CJ, who obtained leave of absence from his professional work at EMI to design and build the initial models at the Park, assisted by Jimmy Mathews, G6LL. It should be remembered that at the time only very limited experience had been gained in the design of highly-linear wideband amplifiers for radio engineering, although G6CJ had been involved in pre-war pioneering work on the distribution of TV signals over cable. The WBAs he developed used 807 transmitting valves as small-signal amplifiers to achieve the required linearity and isolation between the receivers. The HRO had a particularly strong HF local oscillator voltage that leaked out via its antenna terminals and could cause interference problems when a number of receivers were operated in close proximity.

G6CJ's WBAs proved extremely successful, so much so that I believe that the Canadian Professor Bayly, who had been brought secretly to the UK to advise on radio communications and cryptology, tried to persuade Dud to join him in North America after the war.

G6CJ, in describing his work on the WBAs in *OT News*, No 20, January 1991, writes: "With the filter amplifiers the maximum gain-bandwidth is determined by the input and output capacitances of the valves. About 15pF for the input and 3pF for the output. The filters incorporate such capacitances in the shunt elements and enabled an impedance transformation to get a little extra gain. A gain of about 10dB per stage could be achieved from Long Wave to about 15MHz in the amplifiers developed for the TV distribution system. An ordinary receiving valve could cope with the input from a large antenna over this band, but a power valve was needed to feed a large number of outlets without interaction or cross modulation products.

"The popular 807 did this job very well . . . Within the specified two months, the design work was done for three octave-band amplifiers and construction well under way . . . They even improved the signal-to-noise ratio of the HRO receivers (the use of maximum possible impedance at the grid of the first stage meant that the stages had optimum noise factor although that phrase was yet to be invented) . . . The whole system was screened and no complaint was ever heard about interference between the receivers (provided they were connected to the beam antennas through the WBAs, see below - G3VA), or about (spurious) signals that 'weren't there' . . . In 40 years of radio engineering this was the job which gave me the most satisfaction".

What G6CJ may not have appreciated was that each operator was given key switches that connected one of the drooping wire antennas to his receiver directly. But let Gerry Openshaw, G2BTO, take up the story. He was another of the 100-plus pre-war amateur Voluntary Interceptors who spent many months at the 'country farmyard'. He later departed for the buried metal tanks, of the Special Communications network of Alcock-type HF D/F stations to which the special intercept stations passed the signals of the Geheimen Funkmeldedienstes (Secret Radio Reporting Service) of the German Abwehr. A fuller description of his wartime experiences with SCU3 'Wartime NFD' appeared

in *OT News*, No:15, October 1989. He writes:

"Some 100 pre-war radio amateurs, plus Post Office and ex-marine radio officers, took over the first SCU purpose-built intercept station (in May 1942) and brought it to life. Each operating position contained two HRO communication receivers, with a control panel enabling different antennas to be switched in, receiver outputs paralleled or divided one to the left and the other to the right earpiece. It could also be fed through to the D/F network linked by land lines to stations as far apart as Thurso in the far north of Scotland, St Erth near Penzance in Cornwall, Belfast, and Wymondham in Norfolk.

"For less demanding use, each set had its own 'long wire' antenna which comprised some 30-ft of wire or so passing through window ducts and then slanting upwards at about 45° to the supporting wires slung between the poles, thus comprising many antennas in close proximity, producing an interference problem that we soon learned to turn to our advantage.

"The local oscillator in the HRO radiates well when the set is directly connected to an antenna. By using the selector switch on the bay's control panel as a Morse key it was soon found that operators on the same shift

could 'work' one another late at night when the Abwehr operators were safely asleep. It was 'real DX' to make contact with one of the operators at the opposite end of the station, 'locals' were the neighbouring bays. One HRO provided the 'transmitter', tuned to 455kHz below the frequency to which the 'receiver' HRO was tuned; then call TEST (UK amateurs were forbidden to call CQ from about 1925 until the resumption of activities in 1946). At around 0300-hours, with few 'skeds' and the higher frequencies 'dead', the 28MHz band would spring to life. In June 1942, one genius, realizing that in peacetime he would be at NFD, called Test NFD, and soon others joined in with their own call signs or, if not pre-war amateurs, taking on the role of the DX stations. I well remember working a 'W6' and, then, the shift over, finding a home-made QSL card on the pillow of my bunk!"

G2BTO does not mention one cruel but possibly justified practical joke played on one bumptious young operator whose many excesses included boasting that he could copy anything the German or Italian operators could send. Keyed tone from a Morse key on the 'concentrator' console, (normally used to communicate with the D/F network) could be fed into the operators' headphones.

**VFO TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION WITH THERMISTORS**

JOHN BEECH, G8SEQ, in a note also prepared for *Sprat*, describes a practical way he hit upon a couple of years ago to compensate for temperature drift of free-running oscillators. This is based on the use of an NTC thermistor (resistor showing a steep reduction in ohmic value with increasing current/temperature) rather than the usual NPO ceramic capacitors (or, if you are lucky enough to have one, the rather expensive Oxley Tempatrimmer, nominal capacity 6.5pF with temperature coefficient variable from + to - 2000 parts per million, or the less costly Oxley Thermo Trimmer with a nominal capacitance of 2.5pF with temperature coefficient variable from + to - 1000ppm).

G8SEQ shows that for varicap (electronic tuning diode) tuned VFOs, an NTC thermistor can be arranged to overcome either positive or negative frequency drift by controlling the voltage applied to the diode (Fig 11). For oscillators not tuned by varicaps, it is still possible to use the technique by fitting one across the tuned circuit. He writes: "As the temperature increases, the resistance of R<sub>1</sub> decreases, thus reducing the voltage at point A. This causes the varicap to increase its capacitance, thus reducing the frequency of the tuned circuit and correcting positive drift (ie where the oscillator drifts higher in frequency with increasing temperature).

"To correct negative drift, the thermistor and preset should be connected in series with the top half of the potentiometer forming the main tuning control. the action is then reversed.

"The preset resistor is used to adjust the amount of effect that the thermistor has on the tuned circuit. If the correct thermistor is chosen, the drift can actually

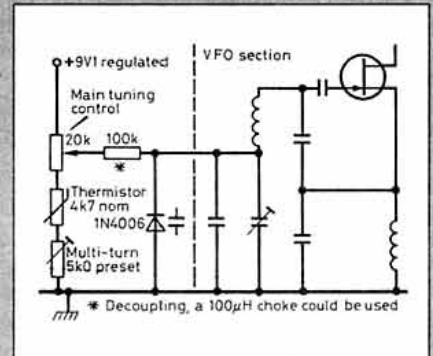


Fig 11: G8SEQ's temperature compensated VFO using an NTC thermistor to adjust the voltage across the electronic tuning diode.

be reversed within the range of the preset resistor; ideally the turnover point should be about the mid-range point of the multi-turn preset.

"I used a Spectrol ten-turn pot and a disc-type thermistor (Farnell KED 4721C7) to compensate an 8.3MHz VFO which was tripled and then doubled to 50MHz. Originally this drifted at the rate of about 100Hz per second at the output frequency with an almost imperceptible temperature increase. After compensation the frequency only changed by about 30Hz in a five minute period."

G8SEQ wonders whether this is a genuinely new idea. He has never seen it described in print and such an application is not mentioned in the Mullard (Philips) Technical Handbook 3, Part 1f, dealing with thermistor applications. He would be interested to discover if he can claim originality or whether he has only re-invented a wheel already used in TV tuners or somesuch!

Late one night, the operator in the bay next to the victim pretended to tune into a priority service and then claimed that the CW was too fast for him to copy. He passed over his headphones to the unsuspecting victim, with other participants standing by either to take their turn at sending the spurious 'traffic' or to snatch each message from the hapless victim as soon as it was complete, ostensibly to rush it to the teleprinter room for transmission to Bletchley Park, but in reality to fall about laughing as the concentrator 'station' continued for several hours to bat out a long series of messages. The victim was so bemused that he did not even twig what was going on when finally the QTCs lapsed into plain language such as 'Roses are red . . . etc'. I never learned when the penny finally dropped.

**RF AFFECTS TEST METERS, ELECTRONIC REGULATORS ETC**

RECENTLY, I DECIDED to check the dynamic regulation of the external 300V PSU that powers the buffer/frequency-multiplier stages of my ancient Labgear LG300 CW transmitter with the aid of a conventional (analogue/Russian-made) multi-testmeter. To my surprise, when I pressed the Morse-key, the volts dropped steadily downwards virtually to zero volts - yet the transmitter showed its normal PA current and usual RF output. It took time for the penny to drop. I use an ended 'long-wire' antenna with the ATU located a few feet away from the transmitter with the result that there is a good deal of RF floating around (though not, I hope, sufficient to constitute a serious health hazard).

Eventually, I realised that the meter leads were picking up enough RF to affect greatly the measurements made on a fairly sensitive meter. This was quickly confirmed by repeating the measurements while running the transmitter into a dummy load (electric light bulb, suitable for CW but not for SSB because of the large difference in resistance between cold and hot filaments). This showed the PSU regulation was reasonable for the application.

At the time, I felt this was an unusual problem unlikely to affect many others. However, in *QST's Hints & Kinks* (January 1991, p36), Charles P Baker, W2KTF, draws attention to this problem. On his 144MHz mobile transceiver, the nominal 12V reading dropped by nearly a volt when he keyed the transmitter on. Convinced that this was not actually happening, he by-passed his multimeter for RF and it then indicated the correct 12V when the transmitter was on or off.

W2KTF writes: "A multimeter can give strangely erroneous readings in the presence of an RF field, or when ultrasonic audio energy is present in the DC or low-audio circuit under test. This effect can be especially severe when the meter test leads pick-up RF energy. Modern multimeters include protective diodes across the terminals of their meter movements. This arrangement can allow rectification even when the meter rectifier is disabled (as when the meter selector switch is set to a DC voltage or current range). Indication of an abnormal voltage change, such as (false) evidence of poor voltage

regulation in a well-regulated supply, is one possible result of this. If the multimeter includes a protective solid-state circuit-breaker 'RF in the meter' may cause the breaker to false.

"A by-pass capacitor - a component that allows RF to pass while blocking DC - across the multimeter's test-lead terminals is an almost certain cure for these problems. Try 0.01µF at HF, or 0.001µF at VHF (be sure the working voltage of the capacitor is greater than the voltage expected in the circuit under test). Repositioning the multimeter test leads may also help where direct RF pick-up is a problem."

David Newkirk, WJ1Z, the *Hints & Kinks* editor, adds: "The high-gain sensing circuitry in electronically regulated power supplies may also be RF sensitive, so if you measure unexpectedly weird shifts in regulated-supply output with transmitter keying, your voltmeter may not be at fault. Trying a meter of different design (or a passive voltage/current indicator, such as a lamp or LED, capable of indicating relative level shifts) can help you determine whether the fault lies in the instrument or the circuit under test."

As mentioned above, the traditional electric light bulb can no longer be considered a satisfactory form of low-cost dummy load except for ancient transmitters. However Lorin Knight, G2DXK, has discovered a practical, if unusual, low-cost substitute for a high-power 50Ω dummy load in the form of an old Morphy Richard electric iron discarded from its usual domestic chores.

He writes: "All I had to do was replace the three-pin plug with a PL259 plug, taking the brown wire to the centre pin and the blue and green/yellow wires to the body of the plug. On test, the measured VSWR proved to be: 3.7MHz - 1.3:1; 7.1MHz - 1.8:1; 14.2MHz - 1.1:1; 21.2MHz - 2.3:1; 29MHz - 1.0:1. Not quite as good as a Heathkit 'Cantenna' but a lot cheaper!

"It is advisable to turn the knob on the iron to 'hot' in order to prevent the thermostat cutting out when the iron starts to get warm - however it takes a continuous two or three hundred watts of RF to make the iron really hot." But watch out if you're caught dashing away with a smoothing iron that has not been discarded, if I can be excused what these days might be construed as a sexist remark.

**TIPS & TOPICS**

**Prevention of Corrosion in Antennas**

Contact between copper and aluminium, for example in an antenna, can result in corrosion and, therefore, a poor electrical connection. According to Karel Barton (*Protection against atmospheric corrosion*, published by John Wiley, 1976), "contact between copper and aluminium should be avoided at all costs!". However, the author goes on to say that stainless steel causes no trouble. I suggest that a stainless steel washer between the copper cable and the aluminium of an antenna element may well reduce the likelihood of corrosion, especially if used with a stainless steel bolt. It is wise to add other precautions such as the application of grease, lanolin (my favourite) or RTV silicone rubber. If RTV silicone rubber, use the type that does

not give off acetic acid (vinegar-type) fumes. - Dick Biddulph, G8DPS.

**100W UHF Power FET**

Although there are state-of-the-art bipolar power transistors capable of providing 200W output per device up to about 850MHz, it has proved extremely difficult to develop such high power VMOS FETs for frequencies above about 100MHz. However, Hitachi have introduced a 2SK1640 device which can deliver 100W up to 860MHz with a drain power efficiency of the order of 48%, and a typical gain of 8dB (compared with 5-6dB for UHF power bipolars). The 2SK1640 is being marketed for UHF TV broadcasting and professional communications, rather than amateur-radio budgets. Nevertheless, it is interesting to note that the device is based on a proprietary lateral, rather than a VMOS-type vertical, structure of the drain substrate and thus represents a development which may come to influence lower-cost device. It is claimed by Hitachi that lateral structures have inherently superior high frequency characteristics and that the simple source grounding is particularly useful in common-source push-pull configurations.

**Feedback**

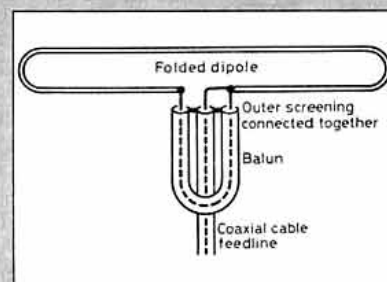
Some errors crept into recent *TT* items: In Fig 7 (February), C2 for the ceramic resonator oscillator of the QRP transmitter should have been a 375pF variable capacitor (as in Fig 6) and not a 30pF trimmer in order to achieve the pulling range 3.52 to 3.59MHz. The text and caption to Fig 11 (February) suggested that VK2BRD's heavy-current 28V PSU could deliver over 30A but a more realistic continuous load would be the 20A shown on the diagram.

*TT*, January, p34, wrongly showed a field strength of 0dBu as equal to 1mV/m instead of the correct 1µV/m.

Apologies also to those readers who have submitted interesting but still unpublished items over recent months. Pressure on space (and time) frequently makes it necessary to delay preparing material, particularly longer items with a number of drawings that would lose value by drastic pruning. Also, over the past year, our long-suffering Editor has been forced to hold over or omit quite a few items prepared for publication. Quarts and pint bottles.

**ERRATUM**

IN THE MARCH issue of *Technical Topics* (page 32) we inadvertently gave the wrong diagram for Fig 9. We apologise for this and show the correct diagram below.



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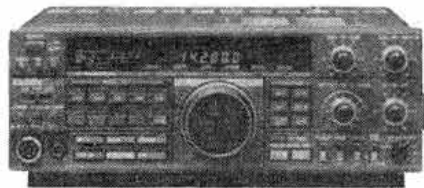
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# Antenna to Ionospheric Matching

By Vladimir Ademov

**T**HE AUTHOR HAS made an academic study of amateur radio antennas and has come to the following conclusions.

1. The antenna should be efficient, enabling communication with any part of the world using the lowest attenuation which path propagation conditions will allow.
2. The antenna should be able to operate on any of the high frequency bands allocated for amateur radio.
3. The antenna should be unobtrusive because most amateur radio operation is from suburban sites.

## THE PROBLEM

EXISTING METHODS of obtaining antenna efficiency is to use a horizontal antenna as high as possible. This produces multiple vertical lobes, some of which have a low enough angle to match into long distance ionospheric propagation conditions; this results in a considerable waste of radio frequency energy. The author has observed the most commonly used method of overcoming this inefficiency is to use a gain array, normally a Yagi-Uda. This in turn makes the antenna large and obtrusive. Further, designing such a structure to operate on more than one frequency band results in compromise. Another method is to use a vertical antenna. Although the angle of radiation of a vertical antenna is low, it has only one lobe and will only match a limited set of ionospheric conditions. In addition, a considerable proportion of the radio frequency energy is absorbed in the surrounding earth and nearby metal objects. Vertical antennas are also more susceptible to man-made noise.

## HYPOTHESIS

THE AUTHOR HAS noted that the vertical angle of radiation is determined by interaction with the ground. The horizontally polarized image in Fig 1 is in antiphase and cancels the radiation along the earth's surface. At appreciable wave angles the path length from the image is greater by a distance of:

$$2h \sin \theta$$

resulting in a phase difference of:

$$4h \sin \theta / \lambda \text{ radians.}$$

The image of a vertically polarized antenna (Fig 2), is in phase and supports radiation along the surface.

Matching the transmitter to the antenna is well documented. However, matching the antenna to the ionosphere has been ignored in the literature, or dismissed as insignificant. All that is required is an antenna system whose main vertical angle of radiation is controllable.

How can this be done? In the case of vertical polarization over a hypothetical per-

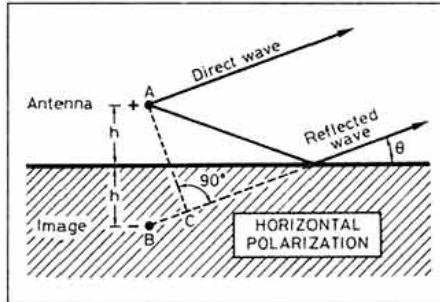


Fig 1: Horizontal polarization.

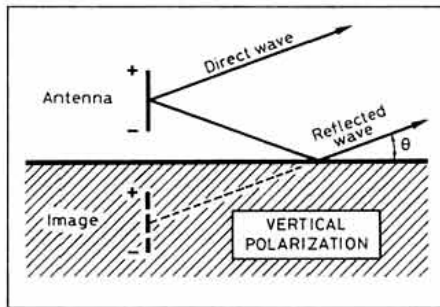


Fig 2: Vertical Polarization.

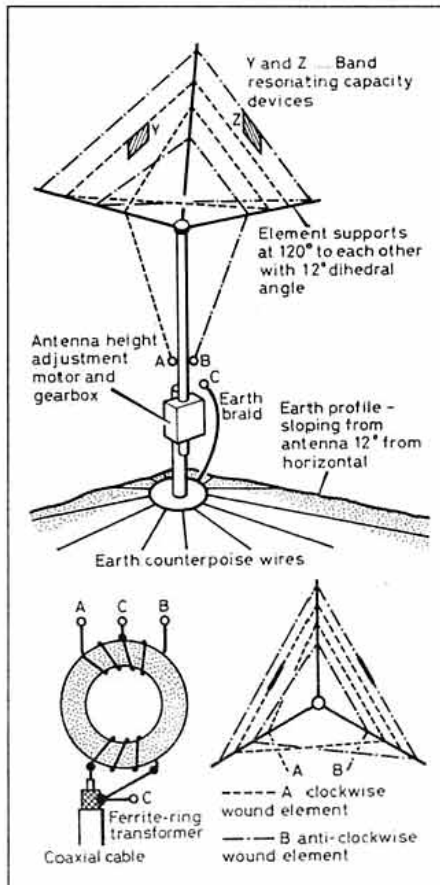


Fig 3: Antenna construction details.

fect earth, the 'optical' nature of these waves can be clearly seen. The author believes that this earth/antenna interaction can be exploited to match the antenna optimum ionospheric propagation. This hypothesis is testable as follows:

1. Modifying the profile of the earth where the earth currents are greatest.
2. Modifying the profile of the antenna.
3. Adjusting the height of the antenna to operate in conjunction with 1 and 2. The hypothesis predicts that the exact angle of radiation can be produced to suit the ionospheric propagation path in use to exploit the chordal hop propagation phenomenon.

## SOLUTION AND DESIGN METHODOLOGY

THE DESIGN EVOLVED BY the author is illustrated in Fig 3. It comprises two counter-clockwise triangular coil configurations on the same support. Although most of the element length appears horizontal, the polarization is vertical because the elements are in fact large diameter coils; the same principle as the DDRR antenna. The system is made to resonate on the appropriate bands by the use of capacity elements; often referred to as 'hats' in literature but the author found the devices illustrated more effective.

The elements are fed by a matching system, invented by the author, and known as Y-front matching. The Y, formed by V wires connecting the elements and the braid to the counterpoise, is connected using a ferrite ring transformer illustrated in Fig 3. For the purpose of experimental work a wire earth system was arranged. A manual system of height adjustment was devised with suitable counterweights to allow easy adjustment. The maximum field strength at specific vertical angles could then be measured.

## RESULTS

THE ANTENNA WAS ENERGIZED using a transmitter/receiver sounding system devised by the author. A pulse of radio frequency energy was transmitted and any returned energy was displayed on an oscilloscope. As expected, short range signals were reflected back from the ionosphere when the antenna's height was low.

As the height of the antenna was increased these short range signals disappeared. At one critical height a weak signal was observed having a 77mS delay, and is illustrated in Fig 4.

This weak signal was found to be the transmitted signal having travelled round the world in a chordal hop mode with very little at-

*continued on page 52*

# The Fifth-Method Stabilised Oscillator

The conclusion of a two part article by Klaus Spaargaren, PA0KSB.

**A** BRIEF EXPLANATION is given below of the main circuit blocks; descriptions of conventional frequency divider chains etc are not given.

## SAMPLE-AND-HOLD PHASE DETECTOR (FIG 3)

A bridge with four Schottky diodes is used as a switch driven by nanosecond-wide pulses derived from the 10kHz reference frequency. To obtain the fast pulses, the positive edges of the output of an HCT fast-CMOS circuit are differentiated by an RC network at the base of the BFR96 transistor which amplifies the resulting short pulses. Ferrite transformer T1 is used to provide voltage isolation and feeds the bridge in the correct phase. The RC circuit in series with the drive signal serves a dual purpose: it supplies a negative bias voltage for the bridge, shortening its conduction time still further. The 47pF capacitor forms the hold capacitor.

In a sample-and-hold circuit the sampled voltage must remain constant until the following sample; the sample capacitor must be small enough to be quickly charged in the short time available; on the other hand a relatively large value is to be preferred with respect to the 'hold' requirement. The solution used here was originally applied some 25 years ago in sampling oscilloscopes; the first fast sample-and-hold circuit is followed by a slower second one which stores the buffered voltage of the first stage in a much larger value capacitor. The arrangement shown has been found to work very well; the pulses are

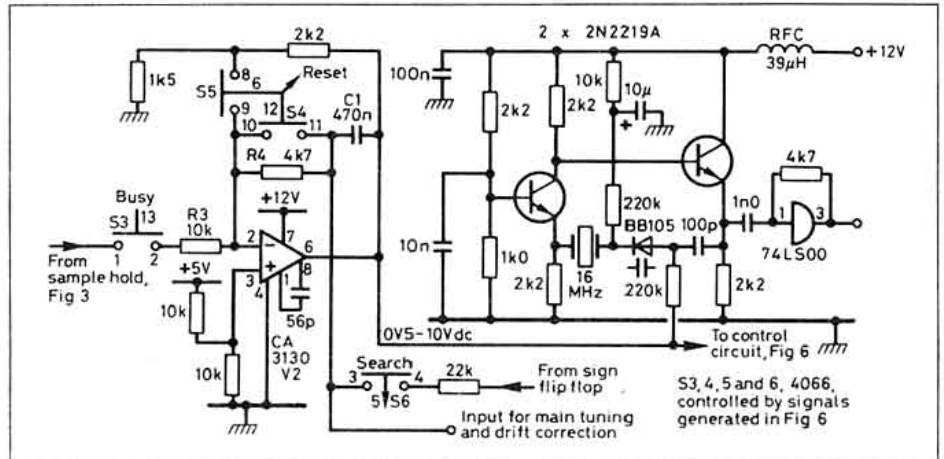


Fig 4: The 16MHz VXO and controller V2

short enough to permit operation up to 50MHz while operation is still satisfactory with sampling frequencies below 100Hz.

## THE VXO AND V2 CONTROLLER (FIG 4)

I achieved good results with a circuit analogous to the well-known Butler overtone crystal oscillator circuit. The crystal operates here in series resonance at its fundamental frequency and can be 'pulled' by some 15kHz by means of a BB105 variable-capacitance diode. Cheap 'computer crystals' with fundamental frequencies between about 15 and 20MHz have been found to work well. In the hold mode, the output of the V2 controller can be adjusted by feeding current into the hold

capacitor C1. This current is in the form of short 'up' and 'down' (positive and negative-going pulses) derived from an optical light interrupter used as the main frequency tuning control. Other functions of this circuit block should be clear and will not be described further in this article.



## 23MHZ VCO AND V1 CONTROLLER (FIG 5)

Conventional oscillator and buffer circuits are used in this section. The signal power output is sufficient to drive the balanced mixer of a 14MHz receiver. Two varicaps are used to control the frequency. CV1 has a range of about 30kHz and forms part of the actual PLL loop. CV2 can vary the frequency over a range of some 500kHz (or more if required); it is fed by an integrator that obtains its input from the same source that drives CV1 and can change the frequency only slowly. The result is that in steady-state operation the voltage on CV1 is 5V so it operates always at the same point of its non-linear characteristic. This means that the gain of the VCO (voltage to frequency relationship) does not change much over the full range, with the result that the dynamic PLL control characteristics are similarly more or less the same over the tuning range.

The circuitry associated with the zener diode around V1 avoids 'reset wind up' of the integral term of the P + I controller after start up.

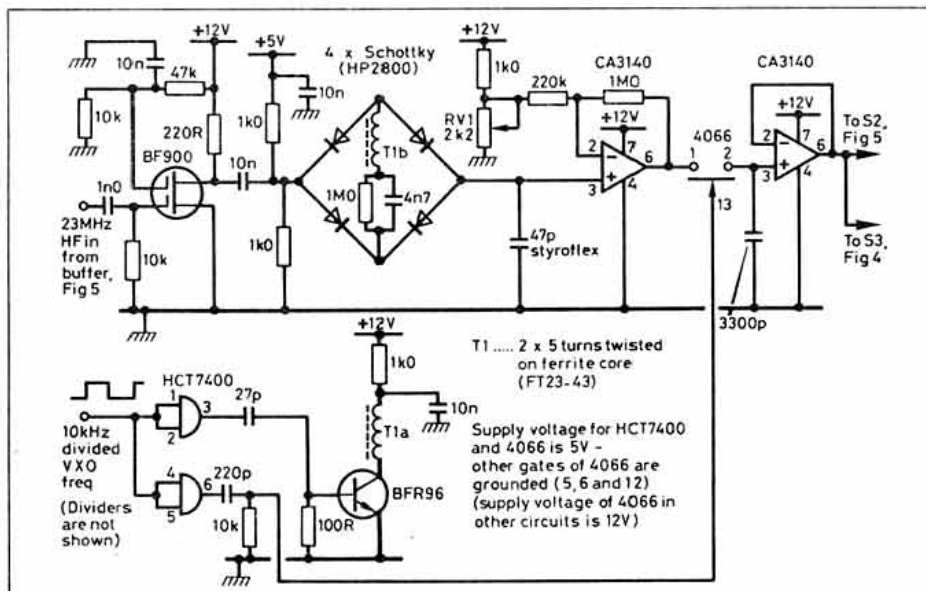


Fig 3: Circuit diagram of the sample and hold arrangement

**CONTROL CIRCUITRY (FIG 6)**

In case the VXO control voltage exceeds 10V, one of the detectors reacts and the 4013 indicates to the flip-flop stores whether this happened at high or low output. This enables the search circuit to be steered in the opposite direction so avoiding finding again the same locking point that has just been left. Also a timer with a 4017 counter is started, driven by a 4011 gate used as a free running oscillator at about 50Hz. This stops always in the '9' position; its decoded outputs are used to control CMOS switches in other parts of the circuit to obtain the desired functions.



**DRIFT CORRECTION (FIG 7)**

As indicated earlier, a huff and puff stabiliser can meet this requirement. Here, however, drift correction is provided by means of a 'D' flip-flop. Readers who have previously experimented with D flip-flops and have observed their behaviour on an oscilloscope will have no difficulty in understanding their operation. Those without that experience often require lengthy explanations; here I will be brief:

Clocking takes place at 20Hz derived from a crystal oscillator (not the VXO). When the 20Hz is not exactly 'in phase' with the 23MHz signal on the D input, the output will be a difference frequency that can vary between 0 and 10Hz. The circuit can be considered as a digital version of a sample-and-hold circuit. However, no phase information is available so that only frequency control can be applied. Diode pumps at both outputs of the flip-flop operate as simple frequency-to-current converters; another pump operates at 20Hz and generates a signal with opposite polarity. The analogue signals are fed into the hold capacitor, C-1 in Fig 4.

A stable operating point is obtained when both analogue signals are equal, which occurs at about 5Hz. So drift correction of the 23MHz frequency takes place at 20Hz intervals. In practice, the arrangement shown is dimensioned such that stable operation results; the residual ripple frequency modulation of the VCO is so small that it cannot be heard. A huff and puff type stabiliser always swings a small amount around its stable point; this circuit does not.

**CONCLUSIONS**

I USED THE 23MHz OUTPUT from my experimental system as the injection signal for a 14MHz receiver having a balanced front-end mixer. I found it one of the best oscillator systems that I have ever used for that purpose. It has excellent stability with only a minimum of unwanted effects. The fact that the tuning rate can easily be adjusted between only a few and many kHz per knob revolution is an additional feature not found in many other systems. I hope that many experimenters will become just as enthusiastic as I am once they have tried and perhaps further developed the system. □

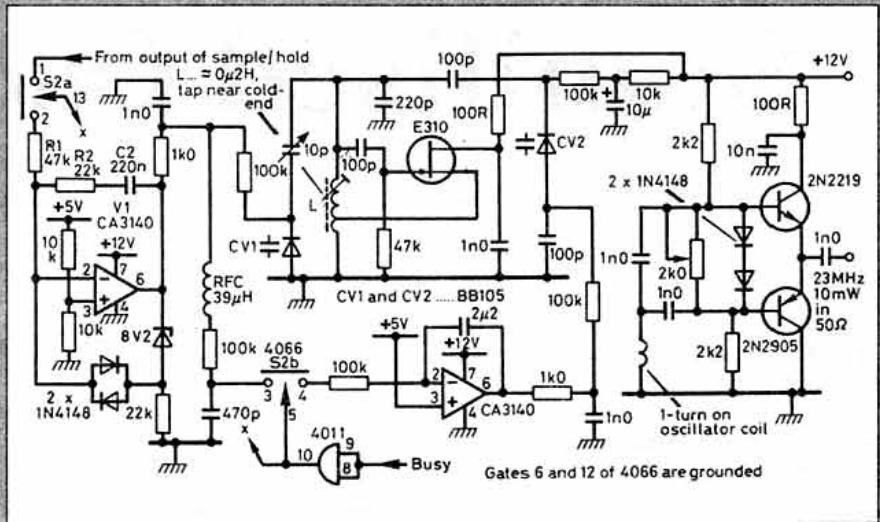


Fig 5: The 23MHz VCO and controller V1

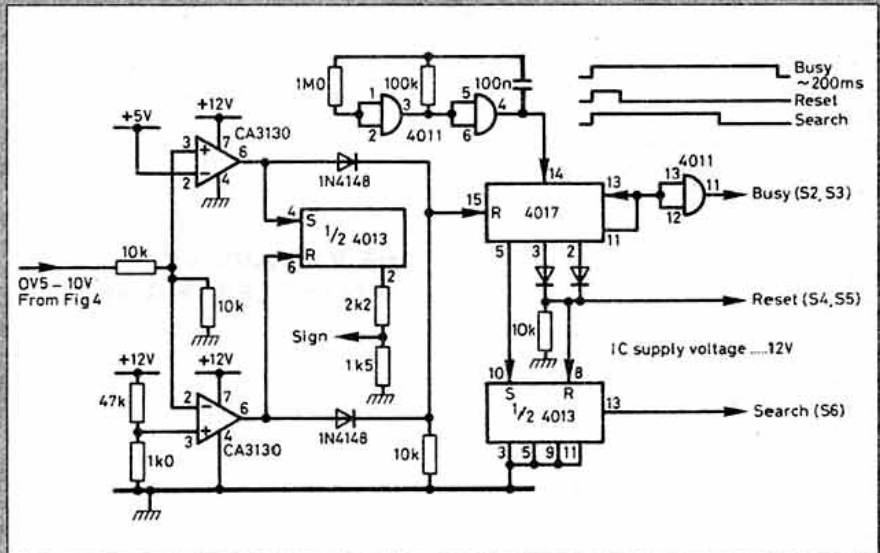


Fig 6: Control circuitry

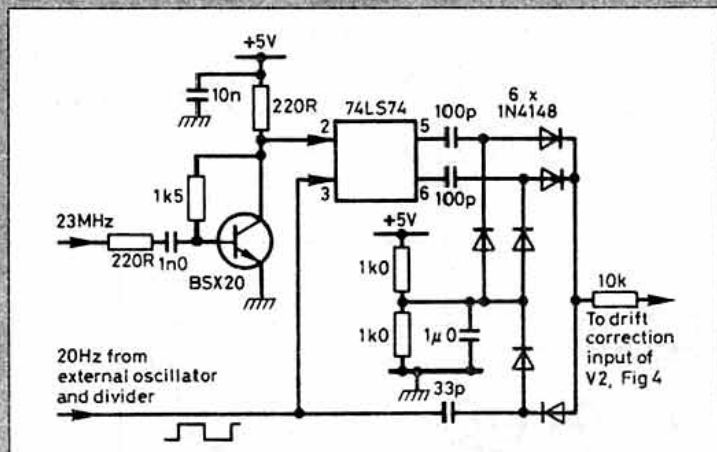


Fig 7: Drift control circuit using a D flip-flop

# Improving Direct Conversion Receiver Design

by Nic Hamilton\*, G4TXG

**S**EVERAL YEARS AGO, the Shefford and District Amateur Radio Society started a club project to build a 2m direct conversion (DC) transceiver. This article is the one I would have liked to have had when we started work. It explains the various ailments that can afflict the DC Rx, and suggests some cures. DC receivers are not toys: G3WRJ managed to work Finland, 2000km away, using the club project rig on 144MHz. The KISS principle [1] has much to recommend it, and many designs for DC receivers work well. However, given some attention to design, the DC receiver can rival the performance of the best communications receivers.

Please do not look at this article's length and think "if there's that much in the DC receiver that can go wrong, I'm not building one." DC receivers are fun and simple to build. However "you don't get owt for nowt", and, for a given level of performance, the fewer components you use, the more critical to the design each component becomes. Quite apart from this, the superheterodyne receiver is not without its own selection of complex ailments. A quick look at a dual conversion superhet's spurious signal mixing chart will be quite enough to convince you of that. The problems of DC receivers can be divided into the following categories: bandwidth, local oscillator radiation, hum and microphony. Each of these will be treated in turn, and finally some suggestions for mixer designs and their attendant diplexers will be made.

## BANDWIDTH

FOR SIMPLICITY'S SAKE, the single mixer detector is the best choice for the radio

amateur DC receiver. This gives an 'IF' bandwidth twice that of the equivalent superhet; RF input signals both higher and lower than the local oscillator frequency cause an audio output. This degrades the noise figure of the Rx by up to 3dB when receiving SSB or CW signals, and gives a rather peculiar effect when tuning through a crowded HF band. However, this is not a problem on VHF where the bands are usually sufficiently clear.

The double 'IF' bandwidth also means that Double Sideband (DSB) signals such as AM are difficult to receive, though it is possible to phase lock the local oscillator (LO) to the incoming carrier if the receiver is DC-coupled. A quadrature phase-locked DC Rx would work well for AM broadcast reception on HF.

By using complex phasing techniques, 'genuine' SSB reception is possible, and the best demodulator choice for this seems to be the Weaver method [2]. Unfortunately, this demodulator puts a narrow notch in the middle of the audio passband, and this, with its attendant phase distortion, means that the best demodulator for CW reception probably uses the phasing method.

Making simple DC receivers for use on FM is not easy. I once built one which was quite successful at demodulating local 2m repeaters, but it definitely did not like fluttery signals from mobile stations; the PLL would drift off and sulk for long periods during the contact. My advice is to stick to SSB. And that's my personal bias out in the open.

## HUM DUE TO THE AF AMPLIFIER

IN THE SUPERHET, MOST of the gain is in the IF stages which pick up no hum. By

contrast, the AF amplifier of a DC Rx is very sensitive to mains hum (Fig 1) because it has a voltage amplification of 100,000 (100dB). It should be designed with its own 300Hz - 3kHz filtering which will prevent the amplifier from picking up much of the 50Hz fundamental, but will not filter out harmonics above 250Hz. Power supply rectifiers generate harmonics of 50Hz, so good supply decoupling is essential around the first few stages of the audio amplifier. The mixer and the first audio amplifier should be mounted on the same board, and the connections between them should be as short as possible.

This is how to find the source of hum in receivers with diode mixers. First stop the local oscillator; either pull the crystal out and check that the oscillator stops, or disconnect the LO supply. With no LO drive, the mixer will go high impedance which will leave the audio amplifier without an input load. Simulate the mixer in operation by connecting a 50Ω resistor across the mixer AF output. If the hum stops, the fault is RF hum and does not lie in the AF amplifier. If the receiver carries on humming, add more supply decoupling components and try to eliminate any earth loops.

Suspect any inductors in the low pass filter between the mixer and the first AF amp, especially the ones with inductances in excess of 0.5mH. Try rotating inductors for minimum hum. As a last resort, try Mu-metal screening.

The easiest way out of hum problems is to run the receiver from an external power supply or, preferably, a battery. Toroidal mains transformers tend to have less flux leakage than the conventional types, so they are preferable for internal mains power supplies. If the AF output from the receiver is to be connected to any other equipment, for example a modem, use an isolating audio output transformer. This will help avoid earthing troubles.

## MICROPHONY DUE TO THE AF AMPLIFIER

MICROPHONY IS the tendency of component parts of the Rx to act like a microphone. A typical DC Rx, when tapped lightly on the chassis with a screw-driver, will give a loud crackle or a booming noise in the headphones. This is why most DC Rxs use headphones rather than a loudspeaker: the vibrations in the receiver cabinet caused by a loudspeaker are too great for feedback to be prevented. This would manifest itself as a

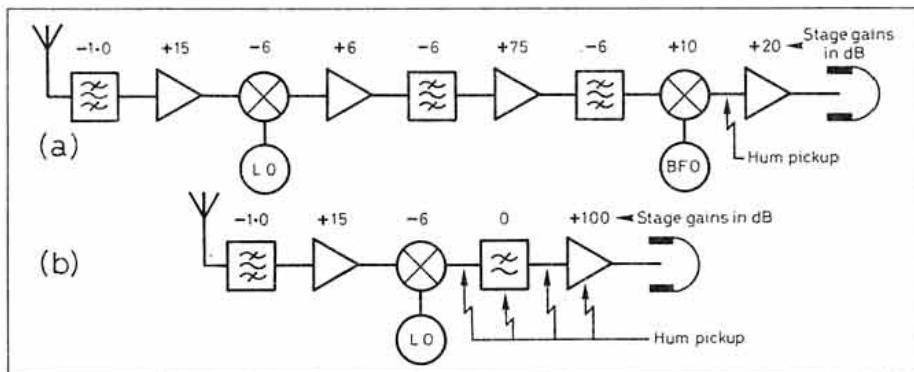


Fig 1: Gain distribution in VHF receivers: (a) Superhet; (b) DC

loud whistle from the speaker if the volume control were turned up to anything louder than a whisper. Using headphones eliminates the mechanical feedback path and has the secondary advantage of requiring less AF gain, making it easier to keep the audio stages stable. The other problem is that loudspeaker coils produce quite a high AF magnetic field which can couple directly back to the first AF stage and so cause feedback by a magnetic path. Microphony on DC Rx audio boards is easy to track down. Stop the LO and put a 50Ω resistor across the mixer as above, and tap each component in turn while listening to the Rx output. If none of the components is microphonic, the cause is RF microphony, and the fault does not lie with the audio board. Otherwise, the components usually at fault are the largest value capacitors or inductors between the mixer and the input of the first AF amplifier transistor or IC.

Ceramic capacitors are completely unsuitable for this job; the dielectric is slightly piezoelectric. This makes the capacitor work as a surprisingly good microphone; in fact this is exactly how crystal microphones work. Moulded polycarbonate capacitors (eg the PMC2R series available from STC) are more suitable, being only very slightly microphonic. Tantalum bead capacitors perform quite well, but have wide tolerances on the nominal capacitance. Ferrites are slightly magnetostrictive; this means that their magnetic field varies when they are vibrated. So, to avoid microphony, do not use cores with high inductance factors.

For inductors of more than 0.1mH, use screened air-cored coils if the magnetic hum field is low enough. RM series inductor cores can be used with caution, and are less likely to pick up hum (but are relatively expensive). Do not attempt to use toroids to make inductors of 0.5mH or greater; they are either too microphonic or else require an impossibly large number of turns.

## LOCAL OSCILLATOR RADIATION

LOCAL OSCILLATOR radiation is the big problem of DC receivers. In a superhet, the LO is prevented from reaching the antenna by the selectivity of the RF input stage (Fig 2a). In a DC receiver, the LO is running at the same frequency as the incoming RF from the antenna, so it is impossible to filter it out (Fig 2b).

Here's an example of what can happen. I knew one of two amateurs who were friends, they both built 80m DC Rxs using kits of a popular brand. The LO radiation from these was so strong and distinctive that each could tell when the other was listening to the band and, of course, they could tell what the other chap was listening to. You may look on this with an indulgent smile, until I tell you that they lived over a mile apart.

On VHF, the problem is just as bad; a powerful and continuous carrier radiated within 2kHz of a calling frequency will not be popular with local radio amateurs. Apart from a requirement to be kind to your neighbours, a radiating LO will degrade your own receiver's performance; more about that later.

There are two ways the LO can escape to the antenna: by conduction or by radiation.

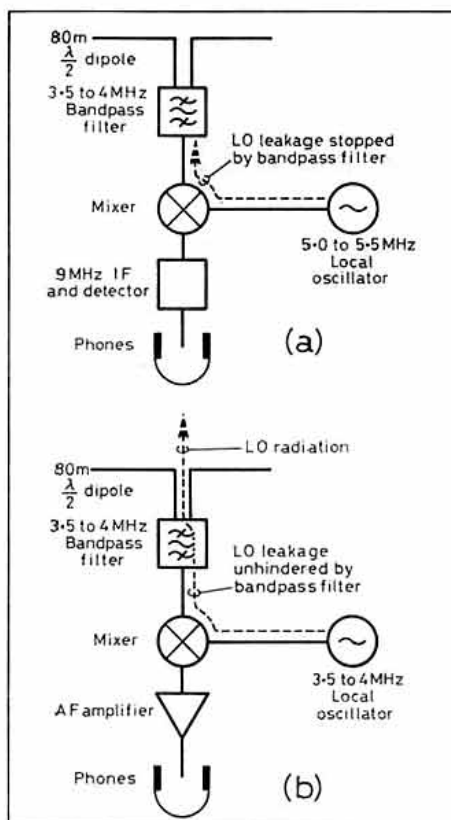


Fig 2: (a) LO leakage, the superhet receiver; (b) LO leakage, the ring mixer DC receiver

## Conduction

No mixer is perfect, and manufacturers usually specify 30 to 40dB isolation between the LO and RF connections. If there is no pre-amplifier, this signal is conducted back through the filter to the antenna, as in figure 2b. If there is a preamp, the leakage is attenuated. Unless special designs are used, the attenuation of the leakage depends on the feedback circuit determining the amplifier's gain.

This can be either an actual circuit, or just the internal feedback capacitance of the active device (transistor or IC). In either case, the reverse attenuation is usually only a few dB greater than the amplifier's forward gain. This relationship is important, and will be mentioned later. Reference 3 discusses the reverse signal leakage of various types of amplifier. One way to reduce conducted leakage would be to insert an isolator between the preamplifier and the mixer. As ferrite isolators are expensive at VHF and unobtainable for the HF bands, the best solution is to use a grounded gate high-current FET stage (Fig 3).

With this circuit, instead of the forward gain being determined by feedback, it is determined by the severe mismatch between the transistor's high drain impedance and the drain load of about 100Ω. The result is that the gain of this circuit is zero forwards and -40dB backwards. This allows the RF from the antenna to reach the mixer, but will reduce the level of conducted mixer leakage reaching the antenna. Another advantage of the circuit is that it offers a broadband 50Ω termination to the mixer's RF input connections up to 300MHz.

The circuit's third order intercept point of +20dBm/tone is high enough for most applications. Note that the specification for the

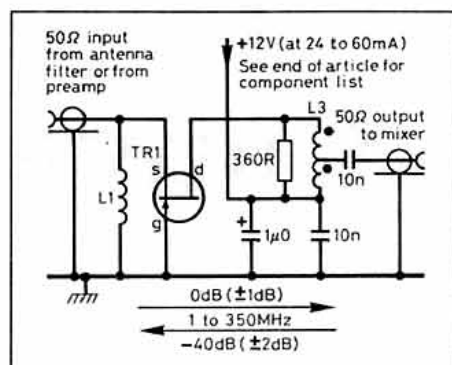


Fig 3: A broad-band 'isolator' to reduce LO radiation from the antenna.

FET allows the drain current to be between 24 and 60 mA. At 60mA, the power dissipated by T1 would be 0.72W, which exceeds the 0.5W maximum specified for the device. I have not blown a FET this way yet, but the squeamish can, if they like, put a resistor in series with L1 to reduce the drain current to 42mA if necessary.

## Radiation

Some local oscillator power will be radiated from the LO compartment, the connections to that compartment, and the connections to the mixer. Some of this power will escape directly from the receiver, and some will be received by the high Q tuned circuit(s) at the Rx input. From there, the signal can be conducted to the antenna. The only cure for this is sensible receiver layout and attention to screening.

The LO must be mounted in a separate box. Use feed-through filters or capacitors for all non-RF connections to the LO board. The LO connection to the mixer must be kept short. If RF connectors are not used on the LO box, the outer of the LO output coax should be connected to the LO compartment wall at the point where the cable passes through. It may be necessary to use double-screened or solid-outer coaxial cable for the RF connections. To make extra screening for coax cable: remove the outer braid from a thicker coax cable and thread the thinner cable inside, stretch the extra screen tight and solder it to the connector body at both ends. This works for RG174 (use UR43 outer) and UR43 (use UR67 outer).

## RF MICROPHONY

MOST OF THE MICROPHONY problems of DC receivers stem not from the audio board, but from the RF components, and specially any high Q tuned circuits in the path between the antenna and the mixer. Some of the LO power arriving here by either conduction or radiation will pass back to the mixer. This LO leakage signal is mixed with the original LO signal, and this gives a standing DC (direct current) voltage on the output of the mixer. Typical values for the leakage power and resultant DC voltage at the mixer output are shown in Fig 4a. Note that the values of DC voltage are for the reflected leakage component only; the actual voltage measured at the mixer output will generally be larger than the values shown.

Suppose that the front-end tuned circuit is now knocked with a screw-driver. The wobble of the coil in the tuned circuit will cause its



resonance frequency to wobble, and so the amplitude of the leakage signal at the pre-amplifier input will change in sympathy. This causes a wobble in the standing voltage at the mixer output, which is passed through the audio amplifier and appears as a loud clang in the headphones. Because mixers also work as phase sensitive detectors, microphony is caused by both phase and amplitude variations of the LO leakage.

An alternative way of looking at the problem is that the LO leakage appears to the Rx as a carrier at exactly the LO frequency, and with a signal strength 60dB or so above the noise floor. Knocking the input tuned circuit will phase and amplitude modulate this carrier slightly, and, though the resulting sidebands are many decibels below the carrier level, the carrier is so strong that the sidebands have enough energy to rise well above the receiver noise floor, and thus appear as a clang in the headphones. The effect is the same as tuning an AM receiver to a strong signal from a crystal calibrator, switching the BFO off, and turning the RF/IF and AF gain controls fully up. Those that have used AM on HF will remember that this generally results in a deafeningly loud shriek from the receiver due to mechanical feedback from the loudspeaker. The crystal calibrator output of the AM receiver was giving the same effect as the LO leakage of the DC Rx.

The only way to reduce this effect is to

reduce the LO leakage somehow. For microphony due to LO radiation, screening is the only answer. For microphony due to conducted LO leakage, use the FET 'isolator' shown in figure 4, from which it can be seen that, although a preamplifier reduces LO radiation from the antenna, it is of little use in reducing RF microphony.

If there is a significant radiated component to the LO leakage, any modulation of the RF field inside the DC Rx will affect the LO leakage at the mixer, so any of the wiring inside or near the Rx can seem to be microphonic. Intermittent connections of any sort will cause a loud crackling noise in the headphones. Examples of intermittent connections are loose circuit-board fastening screws, or the intermittent connection of the screw to the chassis due to the paint-work not being scraped away underneath the screw-head. It is better to earth circuit-boards with a proper earth wire and to use insulating circuit-board supports.

Tuned circuits are most prone to microphony when they resonate at the LO frequency. Other contributory factors are high local oscillator leakage, high circuit Q, and poor mechanical stability of the components. In a DC receiver it is very noticeable that the sensitivity to microphony reaches a peak at the resonance frequency of the tuned circuits. The phase variation due to a mechanical shock is at a maximum here, as is the

circuit's ability to receive or radiate energy from the LO. (Tune for maximum microphony, and you won't be too far off!).

The electro-mechanical performance of a tuned circuit can be improved by providing the coils with a tight-fitting former; for VHF inductors, wind the coil on a mandrel with a slightly smaller radius than the final former. Use plenty of varnish to hold the turns in place and fix the coil former firmly to the board. Air-spaced trimmer capacitors are preferable to the foil or ceramic types. (Remember microphony can also be caused by an oscillating pre-amplifier!).

If all that I have said about RF microphony sounds a bit far-fetched, do the experiment I did to convince myself of its reality. Dig out your old DC receiver. Make a series resonant tuned circuit for the band that the receiver works on. Connect the tuned circuit by a length of coax to the receiver's antenna socket. Switch the receiver on and tap the tuned circuit. The higher the receiver frequency band, the more probable it is that the receiver will make the tuned circuit microphonic. I expect that over 50% of all DC receivers will have this fault.

**RF HUM**

THE ORIGINS OF RF HUM are explained in Reference [4], which lists the characteristic faults of DC Rxs. The LO radiation leaks from the Rx into nearby wiring. Because this wiring is connected either directly or indirectly to power rectifiers that are switching on and off, the RF impedance of the wiring varies throughout the 50Hz mains cycle. This modulates the LO radiation, giving it 50Hz sidebands. The radiation then finds its way back into the receiver front-end. The signal is then demodulated, causing a 50Hz related buzz in the headphones.

The cure for this is to stop LO signal radiating from the receiver cabinet. All connections to the Rx, such as the power supply and the headphones, should be RF grounded to the receiver case using decoupling capacitors appropriate to the LO frequency.

To find the source of RF hum, make a probe as in Fig 5. This is a screened loop. When the diode is conducting, the loop is made. When the diode is not conducting, the loop, to RF eyes, does not exist. It therefore makes RF hum at the AF oscillator frequency. Wave the probe around in the receiver. Where the whistle is loudest, the leakage is greatest.

One other possible problem is included here because its mechanism is the same as RF hum, even though it sounds different. If the decoupling of the headphone lead is insufficient, its RF impedance can vary with the audio waveform, and this can cause the Rx to oscillate at audio frequencies (Fig 6). This effect is easily mistaken for AF amplifier instability. In receivers with AGC, it manifests itself as a slow popping noise. An isolating audio output transformer will help to cure this.

On VHF, LO radiation from the antenna feeder can be a cause of hum, so use a high quality low leakage feeder from the Rx to a point well away from mains supplies; from that point to the antenna, cheaper cable can be used. If cable screening is a problem, the coaxial socket on the Rx should be an N-type

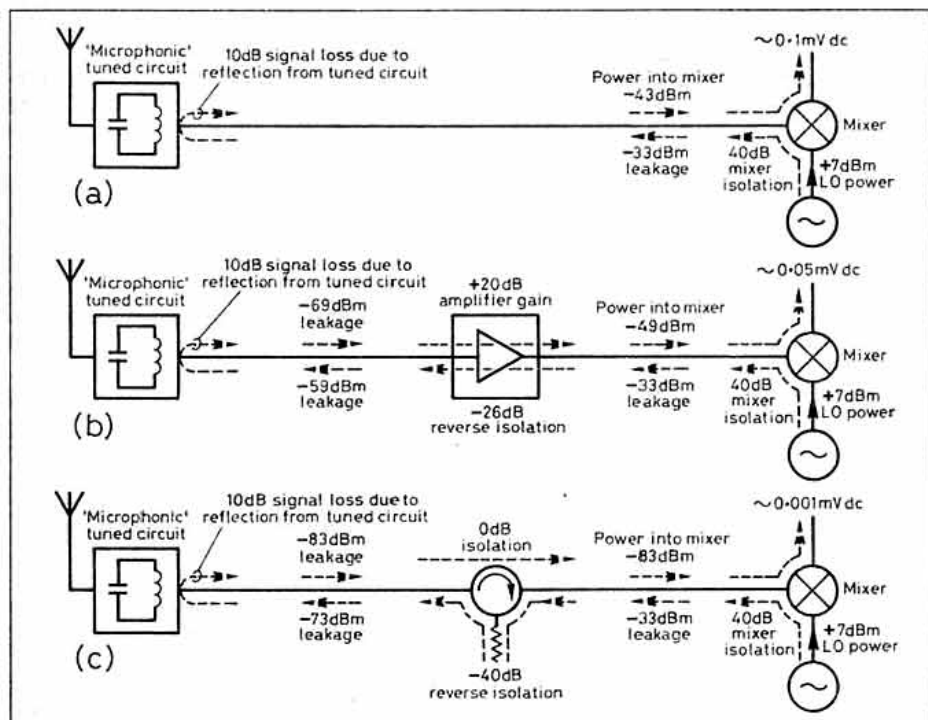


Fig 4: (a) High LO leakage gives RF microphony; (b) Poor RF microphony suppression by a preamp; (c) RF microphony suppression with an isolator.

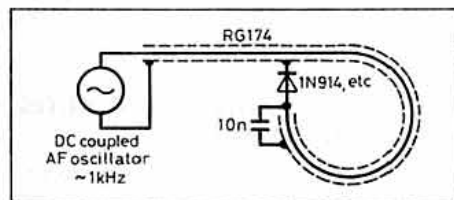


Fig 5: Probe for tracing RF hum.

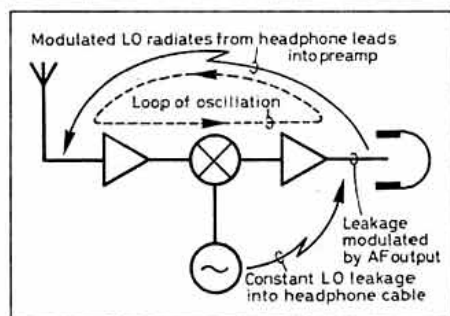


Fig 6: RF feedback causing apparent AF instability.

or TNC. Because of the RF hum problem, DC Rxs do not work well on the higher frequency bands (20m and up) with either set-top antennas, or long-wire antennas connected directly to the back of the set. If the mixer balance is poor, hum can be caused by direct demodulation of LO hum sidebands; make certain that the LO power supply is ripple-free.

**MIXERS FOR DC RECEIVERS**

USE A BROAD-BAND MIXER to avoid microphony: mixers using high Q tuned circuits should be avoided. In addition, the mixer should have a high second order intercept point. If this is not high enough, high-powered HF AM signals will be rectified directly to AF, and the Rx will operate as a broad-band AM detector [5] of both the RF and LO inputs. Our first VHF receiver was very good at this; it picked up all the stations on the 7MHz broadcast band at the same time.

This limits the choice of mixer to those with some inherent balance. Do not even attempt to use a mixer with a single bipolar/FET/diode. Trying to make a satisfactory DC receiver with a self-oscillating mixer would probably be a passport to madness. Circuit balance cancels out second order distortion; push-pull power amplifiers cancel out their second harmonics using this effect.

Of course, the broadband AM detector effect is not apparent in the superhet because the AF component is removed by the IF filter. Beam deflection mixer valves are certainly worth some experimentation. One way of avoiding LO radiation is not to make the frequency in the first place.

This the main advantage of the sub-harmonic anti-parallel diode mixer as propounded by RA3AAE [6]. This mixer has its oscillator drive at half the standard LO frequency; the LO leakage can then be stopped by the input bandpass filter. Of course, the second harmonic of the oscillator is now at the RF frequency, so the sub-harmonic mixer reduces LO radiation and all its attendant problems by an amount equal to the suppression of the second harmonic with respect to the fundamental.

Unfortunately, the RA3AAE sub-harmonic mixers do not have as good a strong-signal handling performance as ring mixers. The other disadvantage is that the ratio of RF-in to wanted-product-out, known as the conversion loss, is very dependant on LO drive level, and also depends slightly on the shape of the LO waveform. The rectifying action of the diodes in a sub-harmonic mixer generates harmonics of the LO. So, unless care is taken with diode balance, the level of leakage at twice the LO frequency appearing at the RF port can be similar to that of a ring mixer. A variant [6] of the RA3AAE type of switching harmonic mixer is shown in Fig 7. Its conversion loss is about 6.5dB. This is similar to the figure obtained with the narrow-band mixers of Reference 7, which operate in a similar way. The third order input intercept point of the mixer in Fig 7 is about +3dBm/100W.

Using transmission line transformers gives the mixer a wide bandwidth, and a high degree of balance is achieved by using the Siemens surface-mounted BAS40-04 dual

diode (the size is only 3 by 1.4mm, so be careful not to lose them).

With a perfectly balanced circuit, all even order harmonics of the LO cancel, and there would be no LO leakage at the RF frequency. In practice, the leakage at the RF frequency due to the LO is smaller than -50dBm. The 'AF' bandwidth is 0 to 1MHz.

The rise in conversion loss at high frequencies is mostly due to the diode capacitance: this can be reduced by using four BA481s; by doing this, and by using higher frequency transformers, the conversion loss at 70cm is reduced to 7.5dB, but the circuit balance is not as good as with the BAS40-04s. One of the quad (meaning four diodes in a single package) mixer diodes, such as the HP 5082-2830 from Farnell, can also be used in this circuit.

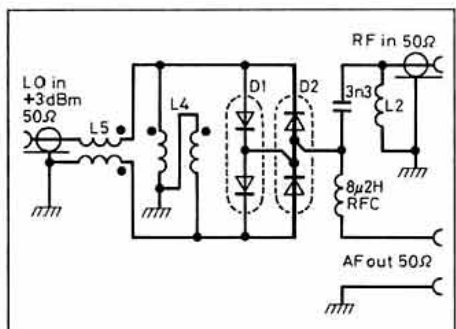


Fig 7: A broad-band sub-harmonic mixer; conversion loss is shown in Table 1.

Frequency (MHz)	Conversion Loss (dB)
1.9	6.5
30	6.9
70	7.4
144	7.8
432	11.6

Table 1

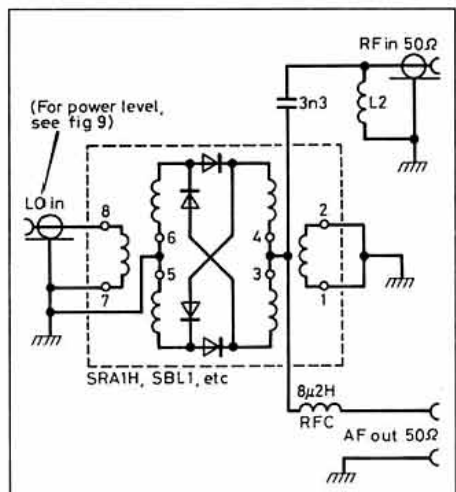


Fig 8: A broad-band sub-harmonic mixer using the SBL1 or SRA1H

For those that do not wish to wind transmission line transformers, or solder surface-mounted devices, help is at hand. It is possible to make a half-frequency sub-harmonic mixer using standard diode ring mixers of most types, eg SBL1 or SRA1H. They work well, provided that the maximum reception frequency is less than 200MHz. The circuit is

shown in Fig 8, which can be used as a replacement for Fig 7.

The circuit works because pins 1 and 2, which would normally be connected to the RF input, are shorted to earth. The shorted primary winding has the effect of shorting all the connections of the transformer secondary together. A little thought, and mental shuffling of diodes, then suffices to show that the mixer is now the equivalent to the circuit of Fig 7.

Above 200MHz, the mixers in Fig 8 work to a degree, but the amount of LO drive required varies wildly from one frequency to the next. This is probably due to the fact that the shorting of the transformer primary does not produce a very good short on the secondary at high frequencies, and some resonance effects start to creep in.

For use above 200MHz, the mixer in Fig 7 is much more reliable. As has been mentioned before, the LO drive power for sub-harmonic mixers must be carefully optimised to provide minimum conversion loss. Fig 9 shows a graph of the drive levels required to achieve a conversion loss of 8dB for the mixer in Fig 7, and for either an SRA1H or an SBL1 when used in the circuit of Fig 8. Within the upper and lower contours, the conversion loss will be less than 8dB.

**AF FILTERING FOR DC RECEIVERS**

THE AF FILTERING IN A DC receiver provides the selectivity, in effect performing the same function as the crystal filter in a superhet. To protect the AF amplifier from large unwanted signals above 4kHz, this filtering should be done as soon after the mixer as possible.

When viewed from this aspect, the ideal place to put the AF filter is between the mixer and the first audio amplifier. In this position, the filter must be a passive inductor-capacitor (LC) type, because resistor-capacitor (RC) filters are too lossy. Unfortunately, high value inductors & capacitors in this position tend to pick up AF hum and microphony.

Filters after the first AF amplifier can, of course, be either active or passive. There is thus an engineering tradeoff to be made, based on the number and power of the signals within about 100kHz of the wanted signal. On the lower HF bands, adjacent signals are large, so good filtering is important. On VHF, unless the next-door neighbour uses the same band as you, adjacent signals are smaller. This allows the designer to concentrate on achieving lower levels of hum and microphony by putting more of the filtering after the first AF amplifier. For similar reasons, either the SRA1H or SBL1 used as a conventional ring mixer is a good choice for the lower HF bands; both have good strong signal handling capacity. In contrast, the sub-harmonic mixers with their lower leakage, but lower signal handling capacity, are good choices for the VHF bands.

**DIPLEXERS FOR THE MIXERS OF DC RECEIVERS**

IN GOOD RECEIVER DESIGNS, all the connections to the diode mixer are properly terminated. This prevents signals being reflected

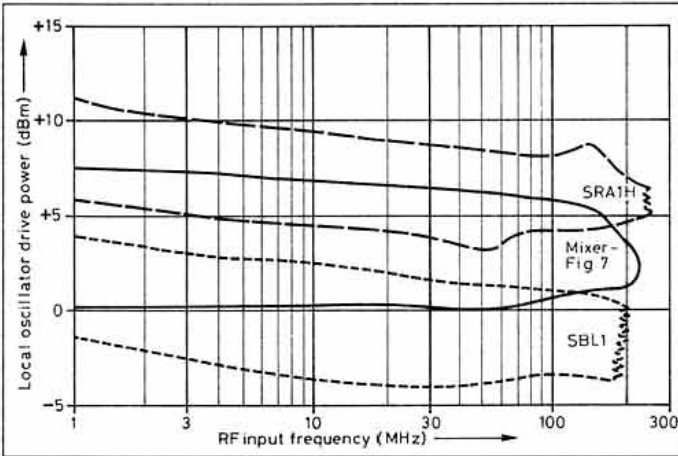


Fig 9: LO drive power requirement of the various sub-harmonic mixers.

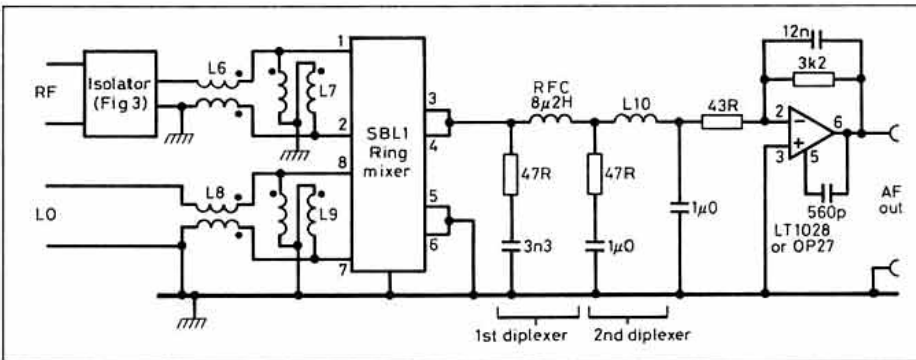


Fig 10: Mixer, diplexers and first AF stage for an HF receiver.

back into the mixer which would spoil its intermodulation performance. Although a completely broadband termination is desirable, it is especially important that two frequency bands at the mixer IF/AF output are terminated. They are LO + RF and LO - RF.

Take, as an example, a 7MHz DC Rx with an RF filter having a 0.5MHz bandwidth centred on 7MHz. For this receiver, the two important frequency bands for termination at the output of the mixer would be 13.5 to 14.5 MHz (LO+RF) and 0 to 0.5 MHz (LO-RF). Unfortunately, we wish to put our audio filter in this part of the circuit, and the filtering falls within the mixer's termination sensitive zone of 0 to 0.5 MHz. Consequently, if a filter is to be used between the mixer and the first AF amplifier, it must be of the sort called a diplexer. This is a network of various lossless filters which, if correctly terminated, gives a constant input impedance at one or more of the network's connections. This constant input impedance side is connected to the mixer output.

Each of the sub-harmonic mixers in Figs 7 and 8 uses a diplexer to separate the 'AF' out from the RF in. This is the simplest form of diplexer, and consists of the 8.2µH RF choke and the 3.3nF capacitor. More complicated diplexers can be designed from the information in Annex A.

Fig 10 shows a mixer/first AF stage for use on HF. It has an SBL1 mixer, two diplexers and an AF amplifier. The first diplexer uses the same components as the sub-harmonic mixers. It ensures a good match for the LO + RF frequencies and has a crossover frequency of 1MHz. The second diplexer has a crossover frequency of 4kHz to provide AF filtering. The capacitor between L10 and the 43Ω resistor is included to provide extra filter-

ing. It does causes an impedance mismatch at 5kHz, but this is not too serious when compared to the difficulty of winding the extra inductor that would be required to give a perfect diplexer.

The transformers on the LO and RF ports of the SBL1 reduce the LO leakage by providing extra mixer balance. As long as the AM noise on the LO is low enough, the LT1028 (Maplin) will provide a lower noise figure than the OP27.

**CONCLUSION**

THIS ARTICLE HAS A MORAL for the de-

signer of direct conversion receivers: "Keep your local oscillator under control on a short lead at all times, and never let it out in public." The higher the Rx frequency, the more the effort that must be made to achieve this. This frequency dependence is due to two effects. Firstly, the amount of signal radiated by short wires increases with increasing frequency, so causing increased LO leakage at high frequencies. Secondly, the noise power from the antenna decreases with increasing frequency; so that, for a given level of LO leakage, hum and microphony sidebands will be more apparent above the noise at higher frequencies, because the antenna noise is less there.

To reduce LO leakage, use a separate well screened LO compartment with properly filtered supply and control lines. Use a non-resonant balanced mixer and an isolator stage to keep the mixer's LO leakage away from tuned circuits in the pre-amp or input filter. To reduce the hum level, use an external power supply unit and try to stop LO leakage from radiating from the receiver's case.

To help stop microphony, use a solid style of construction, and mount all RF circuitry on double sided printed circuit board. You will find that the DC receiver is one of a very select group of radio circuits that actually works better in a box than when it is bird's-nest built. Finally, there is the coward's way out; use a preamp with 40dB gain. This will drown microphony and hum in a flood of front-end noise. It will also degrade your receiver's dynamic range by 30dB or so.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

THE AUTHOR THANKS THE other members of the club project team for their help. They are Dick G3WRJ, Hugh G0LGV and Pete G8EMJ.

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- [1] 'Keep it Simple: Direct-conversion HF receivers', Pat Hawker, G3VA, IERE Conference on Radio Receivers and Associated Systems, IERE Proceedings No.40 July 1978, pp137-148

**COMPONENT LIST**

Note: Ls 1 to 10 are wound using 38SWG wire. Use 'Road Runner' wiring pencil wire, Farnell order code 148-730. This is a pack of 4 colours of self-fluxing polyurethane coated wire; prolonged heating with an iron will burn through the insulation. DO NOT INHALE THE FUMES! It is thus much easier to solder than the traditional enamelled sort, where the insulation must be scraped off. The Scientific Wire Co. sell bifilar red/green flat twin in 38SWG with an unspecified characteristic impedance close to 50Ω. Use of this wire simplifies the winding of small transformers.

- D1,D2 Siemens BAS40-04 dual Schottky diodes (Electrovalue)
- L1,L2 10 turns of wire on a Siemens B64290 K36 X83 toroid (Electrovalue). Space turns evenly round the core.

- L3, L4, Bifilar winding; two strands of wire
- L5,L6, twisted together to about 1 complete twist per mm. 8 turns on
- L7, L8, same former as L1 & L2. Use two
- L9 colours.
- L10 2.5mH; 157 turns of wire random wound on Phillips former 4322-021-34510 (replaces old Mullard DT2467); DC winding resistance 4.2Ω for 38 SWG. Use core type 4322-022-75240 (replaces old No. LA4148) and two DT2498 core clips (all from STC). No adjuster is used. Hold turns in place with varnish after final assembly.
- TR1 Siliconix U310 (from Piper Communications). Solder transistor can to circuit board ground-plane as a heat-sink. The can is internally connected to the gate, so the gate lead can be cropped off.

- [2] 'Direct conversion SSB receivers', SR Al-Araji & W Gosling, *The Radio & Electronic Engineer*, March 1973, pp209-215
- [3] 'A new negative feedback amplifier', Victor Koren, *RF Design*, Feb 1989, pp54-60
- [4] *Handbook for the Radio Amateur*, ARRL, 1986, p12.8
- [5] *Radio Receivers*, W Gosling, pp177-178, Pub. Peter Peregrinus Ltd. 1986 for IEE
- [6] *Technical Topics*, G3VA, *Radio Communication*, April 1977, pp290-291, based on article by RA3AAE
- [7] 'Twin-diode mixer - a new microwave mixer', Jim Dietrich, WA0RDX, *Ham Radio*, October 1978, pp84-86
- [8] 'Matching Circuits for Schottky Ring Mixers', J.Kestler, DK1OF, *VHF Communications*, 1/1976, pp13-18

**ANNEX A:**

**The design of HP/LP diplexers with more than two components**

The standard formulae used until now by the radio amateur in designing diplexers are given in Reference 8. This gives the design data for LP/HP diplexers using one inductor and one capacitor. These have the disadvantage that the transition between the passband, through the crossover frequency, and into the stopband is rather slow. For example, if a simple diplexer has a crossover frequency of 4kHz, the loss due to the filtering of the lowpass side is still 1dB at about 2kHz.

Much more rapid transitions can be achieved by using HP and LP filters with more than one component each. These diplexers can be designed from the standard tables of LC filter element values contained in Al Zverev's *Handbook of Filter Synthesis* (1967) which have been reproduced by almost every subsequent book on filters. The trick is to use

the values for Butterworth T filters with a source impedance of zero Ohms. Some of these data are shown below; from them HP/LP diplexers of up to 10 components can be made. Bandpass/bandstop filters could also be made by applying the usual transformations.

To denormalise, multiply all capacitors by C and all inductors by L.

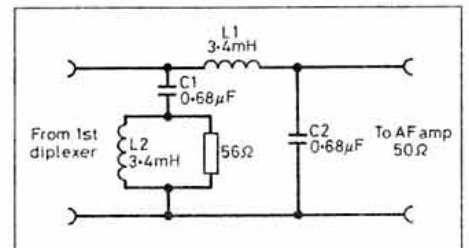
eg. Design a perfect four-component diplexer to replace the second diplexer in Fig 10.

choose  $f_c = 3.3\text{kHz}$  and  $R_o = 50$ ,  
so calculate  $C = 0.965\text{ F}$  and  $L = 2.41\text{mH}$   
from the table

$$C1 = C2 = 0.7071C = 0.68\mu\text{F}$$

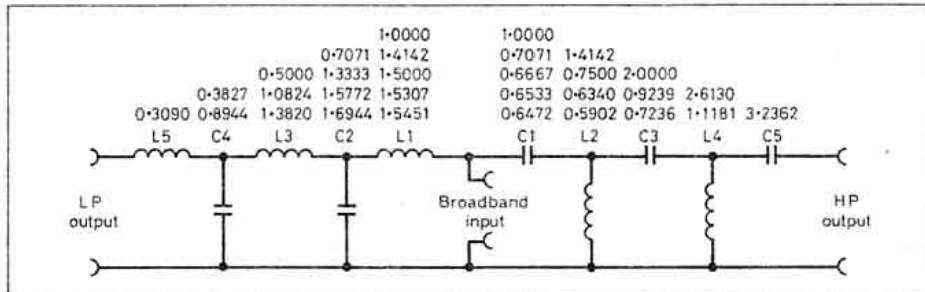
$$\text{and } L1 = L2 = 1.4142L = 3.4\text{mH}$$

so the circuit for the diplexer is:



\* 78 High Street, Henlow, Beds. SG16 6AB

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# LOWE DOCKS AT BRISTOL

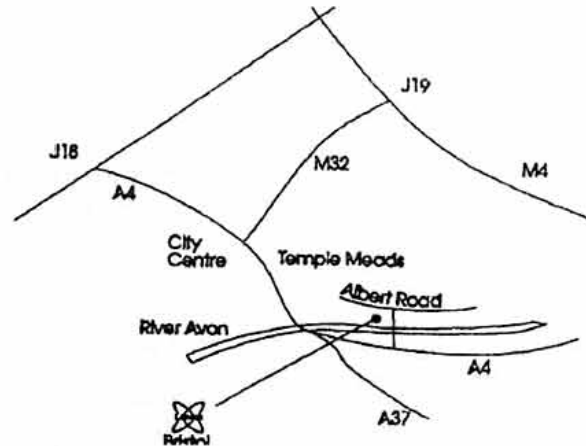
In addition to Heathrow, we have now opened our latest centre in Bristol to serve the South West.

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TRANSLATED AND EDITED  
BY ERWIN DAVID, G4LQI

**W**E LIVE IN A HOUSE with two floors plus loft. The transmitting antenna is a 21m (69') wire stretching from the 11m (36') high chimney-top feed-point to a 5m (16') pole in the back yard. The counterpoise consists of wires from the feed point along each rafter down to gutter level on the opposite side of the house. The inner of 3m (10') of 120Ω coax is connected to the antenna, the outer to the counterpoise. The coax is fed by an all-band ATU in the loft-level shack. The VCR is located on the first floor, below the counterpoise.

The NEC VCR had proved bothersome from the day my son brought it into the house. When I was on 80 and 40m, the picture was distorted on play-back and 10m RF switched the machine off completely, both from record and play-back. I took it as a challenge to make the monster RFI-proof, not only for my usual 2W but for the more common HF output of 100W.

**FIRST SUCCESS**

THE 10m INTERFERENCE entered the VCR through the SCART cable. Pulling this connector eliminated the effect. With a braid breaker at the VCR antenna socket and the mains filter installed, there was no RFI from Tx outputs of up to 2W on 40m, 10W on 80m and 100W on all bands 10 - 30m and on 160m (75W into the antenna on 1.8MHz).

After the SCART cable had been wound several turns through a large ferrite core, it could be reconnected without ill effects on 10m, though not reliably so at 100W. Coiling the coax from the VCR to the TV through a similar core also helped.

**DIRECT PICK-UP**

DURING PLAY-BACK, the antenna coax is not used. When pulled out, RFI was reduced, but only if the cable was removed more than 5 to 10cm (2 - 4") away from the VCR. This convinced me that direct pick-up of the RF field, in spite of the metal VCR cabinet, was the source of the remaining problem. Articles by Pauli and Schwarzbeck, DL1BU, suggested that better shielding was the key to further improvement. I designed a U-shaped aluminium shell corresponding to the top, bottom and back panels of the VCR. Through holes made in the back panel of the shell I inserted two bulkhead coax connectors and an IEC-style three-wire mains connector with integral mains filter. I also made holes for additional cables. Inside the shell I installed two coax jumpers to the VCR antenna input and output sockets and a mains socket connected to the output of the filter.

Two facts emerged. Firstly, the braid breaker was useful only when used outside the shell. Secondly, the integral mains filter, which did not have a choke in the earth lead, did not do any filtering unless the mains earth lead was disconnected [don't leave it that way! - G4LQI]. So the IEC connector/filter was discarded and replaced by three 120μH 2A ferrite-rod chokes installed inside the shell, which was connected to mains earth on the VCR side of the earth lead choke. [Warning - insulation and connectors must be suitable for 240V mains wiring! - G4LQI]. With this

**RFI-PROOFING THE VCR IN MY OWN HOME** from articles by Hans-Joachim Brandt, DJ1ZB, originally in *cq-DL*, of June 1989 and October 1990

mains filtering, I could finally transmit on 80 and 40m at 100W with only a minor effect on the picture. On 80m the braid breaker was no longer required.

I replaced the 120μH units with a single bifilar 2x2.5mH choke in the live and neutral leads, and a 2x7mH unit with its windings in parallel in the earth lead. At 100W on 40m, the picture now was completely clean without the braid breaker; on 80m very slight streaking remained. Touching the controls on the front panel of the VCR, however, spoilt all: the picture just collapsed!

In order to operate the Tx and observe the picture at the same time, I locked my automatic keyer to send very slow dots. That way I alternately got pictures with and without RFI.

To eliminate the streaking on 80m I tried a braid breaker and mains filtering on the TV receiver, but without success. What finally did the trick was the addition of PCB side panels

to the shell. They reach from the front of the shell two-thirds toward the back panel, permitting hand access to the space between the back panels of VCR and shell. [Again - beware of the mains voltage - G4LQI].

**POSTSCRIPT**

AS MY SON AND HIS VCR have moved out again, I could not finalise the shielding of the SCART cable. I had intended to retain the ferrite ring between the back panels, and to screen the cable outward from where it passes through one of the extra holes in the back of the shell (with the braid connected to the shell at that point).

Later, I used a calibrated field strength meter to measure over 15V/m on 80 and 6V/m on 40m, ie much higher than the latest German EMC specs of 3V/m in the critical 2 - 8MHz range. Note that field strengths can change drastically simply by adding, removing or re-routing extension flexes or lamp cords. This is one explanation why RFI can come and go for no apparent reason. Also, structural steel, mains wiring, TV antenna cables, even CH radiators and rain gutters with their down spouts can pick up and re-radiate RF; this was worst on 160m where up to 80V/m was measured near the ends of such parasitic field disturbers.

**A HAPPY SEQUEL**

THE HAM GRAPE VINE does work and industry has taken notice; the Sanyo Company sent me a VCR, their model VHR-5200G with the request to test it where my son's VCR had been!

At 100W Tx output, it was unconditionally clean on all bands except 80m where the field strength was highest. On that band the VCR behaved like a loop antenna; an orientation could be found where there was no RFI; swivelling the unit 90° either way produced considerable RFI. The orientation coincided with maximum pick-up in a real receiving loop when the plane of the loop was parallel to the side panels of the VCR. To eliminate all RFI, I had to resort to the external shell and cover at least one-third of the VCR's front panel with a metal shield connected to the shell.

To test the susceptibility of the SCART connector I touched, while transmitting, a 4m (13') pick-up wire to each pin in turn. There was no effect. Play-back through the SCART cable was also RFI-free. However, when transmitting on 10m the cable picked up energy which affected the picture. Two pairs of split ferrite blocks (Amidon 2X-43-151) were installed on the cable, one turn on each block, near the TV's SCART connector; that cleared the problem.

**CONCLUSIONS**

THESE EXPERIMENTS yield some indication of what it takes for VCRs to be compatible with HF transmitters: a metal cabinet with good contact along the seams; good contact of UHF and SCART cable braids where they pass through that cabinet, and adequate filtering of mains leads. Some of the latest VCRs incorporate these features. Others can benefit from the fixes described in this article.

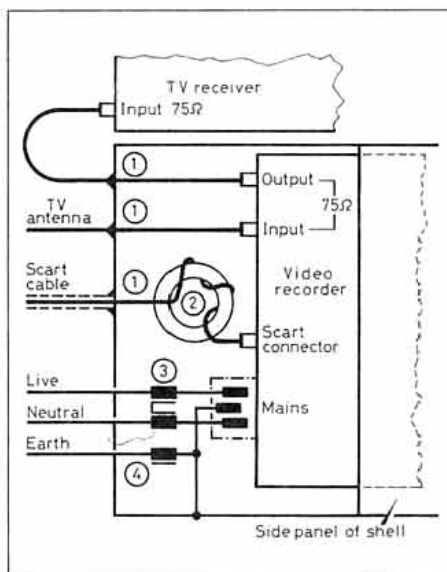


Fig 1: The important spots on the back: (1) Good contact between braid and shell. (2) Ferrite ring choke for the SCART cable. (3) Bifilar mains choke. (4) Earth lead choke.

# The TFH Antenna

by Richard Q Marris, G2BZQ

**T**HE CONVENTIONAL short vertical helical HF Antenna is well documented. It is usually 6-8ft high and helically-wound. Invariably it has an umbrella type top hat, of several feet diameter, and an elaborate groundplane system is required. There is an even distribution of voltage/current throughout its length, and it is a very efficient short radiator.

However, you do not get something for nothing, so let us look at the drawbacks:-

- 1 It is invariably a single band affair.
- 2 It is very narrowband, but very efficient within that narrow band.
- 3 Having a very low impedance it requires a matching unit located at its base.
- 4 It requires an extensive  $\lambda/4$  diameter radial groundplane system, which usually means a lot of digging up of lawn and garden to accommodate it.
- 5 Since the antenna with its ATU must be situated in the middle of the groundplane, it will be located out of doors, whilst you are comfortably located indoors with the Tx/Rx, the two being joined together with coax.
- 6 Because of 4 & 5, above, any ATU adjustment means rushing out of doors, and back indoors repeatedly to make normal loading adjustments.

So what is the answer? Well, the ideal seemed to be a short vertical helically-wound HF antenna, between six and eight feet high, using a normal ground system, usable over several HF bands, not narrowband, and with loading adjustments carried out near the operating position. In addition, an even current/voltage distribution throughout the whole antenna, which the conventional short vertical has proved to be effective.

The TFH fulfils this specification. It is a multi-band antenna; can be used indoors on a single simple base, or discreetly erected on the wall outside, with wall pipe clips. It is ideal for portable use or can be taken on holiday, with a small rig.

Fig 1 shows the antenna configuration. L1 is the short helical winding, and L2 is the single wire feeding from the ATU. The ATU,

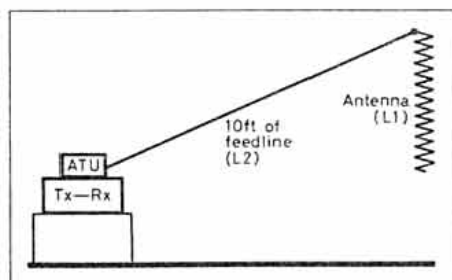


Fig 1: Basic configuration of the top loaded helical antenna.

**The TFH (Top Fed Helical) is a multi-band HF TX antenna only 2 metres long, designed for indoor, discrete outdoor, portable or holiday use.**

(Fig 2) is an 'LC' type. It is invariably used in the configuration shown, with the option in certain cases of reversing it to CL configuration. The ground system I use is a convenient waterpipe. A metal window frame has been used as an experiment.



## CONSTRUCTION Antenna

The antenna is wound on a 2m length of 2in inside diameter (i/d) (2.25in outside diameter (o/d)) grey polypropylene downpipe using 106ft of single strand 1/0.6mm grey PVC-covered 1.2mm o/d wire.

At the top of the pipe, fit a 4mm socket as shown in Fig 3a. Drill a small hole adjacent to the socket, push through the wire end and solder to the socket. Wind the wire, evenly spaced, to a total winding length of 45in using approximately 4 turns per inch. It is convenient to put pieces of tape around the coil at intervals to hold the wire temporarily. The last few turns at either end should be secured to the pipe with cyanoacrylate adhesive. *This adhesive should be handled with extreme care, as it sets in about 3 seconds, with an indestructible joint.* After final testing, the pieces of tape are removed, and the turns coated with a clear lacquer.

The simple wooden base (Fig 3a) is made of 12in x 12in x 0.5in heavy wood with a 12in long square section 'prong' on which the antenna pipe can be slipped. For outdoor use, the wire turns should be coated with marine varnish, and the 4mm socket replaced with an insulated hard soldered connection. For mounting on a wall outside a window (Fig 3b), two plastic pipe brackets are used, making an inconspicuous antenna.

## The ATU

The ATU consists of a tapped coil and 500pF

variable capacitor as Fig 2. This is mounted inside a convenient metal case.

The inductance L3 is wound on a 4.5in length of 1.25in o/d paxolin tube using 95 turns of 18 gauge enamelled copper wire, tapped at 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 20 - 12 - 5 - 5 - 5 turns. The taps on the prototype are adjusted with a clip, but a rotary switch could be used, or the tap soldered for monoband use. Good clearance is required between the coil and the metal box, but otherwise the layout is not critical. A short length of RG58 50Ω coaxial feedline connects the ATU to the Tx/Rx.

The feedline L2 is a 10ft length of PVC covered 24/0.2mm stranded wire. One end is terminated with a 4mm plug (to antenna), and the other a coaxial plug (to ATU).

## OPERATION

THE ANTENNA SHOULD BE located clear of metal objects, and electricity supply wiring. It should be in a position to enable feedline L2 to be taken in the clear to the ATU, eg the centre of the room. If mounted on pipe brackets outside the window, as Fig 3b, it should be kept clear of any metal pipes or in-wall metal-work.

The antenna is usable on 80, 40 and 20m over the whole of each band. It has been loaded successfully on 160m though not tried on the air.

It is essentially a low power device (up to 25W or so), and in the interests of safety it is suggested that a maximum of 10W output should be used indoors.

In operation, connect the ATU in the LC mode; select the band, and then adjust L3 tap and C1 for maximum received signal strength. Only a minor adjustment of C1 may be necessary on transmit for Tx loading.

The antenna has been used mostly on 80m CW, obtaining excellent results with a 10W transmitter using a Pi output.

Setting up at 3550kHz gives a usable bandwidth of over 100kHz, from 3500 to 3600, without readjustment of C1. Further small adjustments of C1 enable the whole

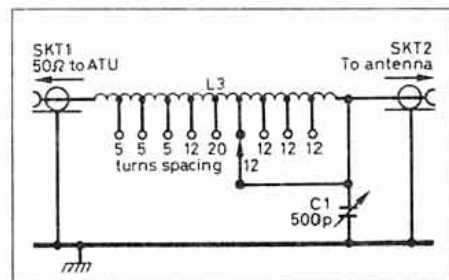


Fig 2: A simple 'LC' or 'CL' aerial tuning unit, which is invariably used in the configuration shown.

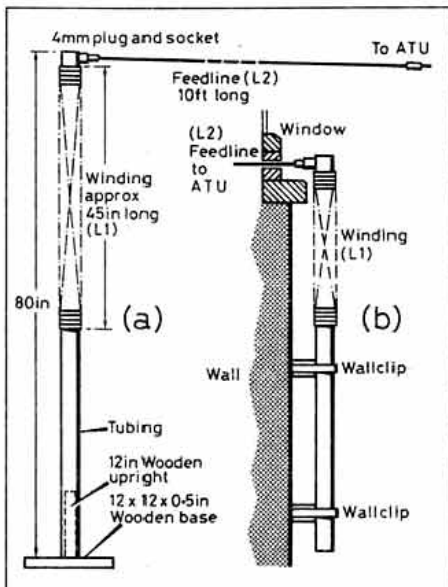


Fig 3: Construction details of the TFH antenna (a) self supporting or (b) wall mounted.

band 3500 - 3800kHz to be used in approximately 100kHz segments. No harmonic content or TVI has been detected.

Careful checking indicated that the voltage/current distribution on the helical coil L1 is even over the whole length, as per target specification, and this holds good on 80, 40 and 20m. On 160m, the ATU should be tried in both the LC or reversed CL modes.

The antenna is a very low cost, convenient, transportable device breaking down into Helical L1; wood base and plug-in feedline L2, plus ATU. It takes only a couple of minutes to set up or break down. High rise building dwellers, with antenna restrictions or difficulties, should find the configuration of Fig 3b useful, with the rig and ATU just inside the window. If the window frame is metal, it can be tried as the ground (it worked at this QTH), or a convenient water pipe could be used. Otherwise, a  $\lambda/4$  insulated counterpoise lying on the floor would suffice. Metal gas pipes or electric conduit should not be used as a ground. An existing good HF all band ATU can be tried in lieu of Fig 2.

### PARTS LIST

- L1 Single strand 1/0.6mm PVC covered 1.2mm o/d wire. (eg 1 kV RMS, 1.3 amps - grey - Marco Trading CBL/EW1/Grey) wound on 2m of polypropylene downpipe 2 inch i/d, 2.25in or 57mm o/d, (eg grey - OSMA 20MF282 or similar)
- L2 10ft of 24/0.2mm PVC covered stranded wire 2mm o/d
- L3 18-gauge enamel covered wire, wound on 1.25in o/d x 4.5in long paxolin former
- C1 Airspaced good quality 500pF variable capacitor with knob
- Optional Wall Clip Pipe brackets, (eg grey OSMA 20MF281 or similar)
- SK1/SK2 Coaxial sockets (Identical)
- 4mm plug and socket.



# Book Reviews

## WIRELESS THE CRUCIAL DECADE (History of the British wireless industry 1924-34)

by Gordon Bussey.

Volume 13 in the IEE's History of Technology series. Published 1990 by Peter Peregrinus Ltd, 125 + x pages (hard covers). Price £29.

THIS NEW BOOK well outlines (but without circuit diagrams) the development of domestic wireless sets, primarily for medium and long waves, from a time when crystal sets, earphones, ebonite panels, triode valves run from accumulators and HT batteries, with readily available (if high cost) components encouraging home construction, through a decade to an era of mass-produced sets with a stamped out metal chassis, selective receivers based on superhet circuitry (though many British and European firms were still marketing 'straight' sets in 1934), multi-electrode valves, moving-coil loudspeakers (often mains-energised) running from the electric supply mains (still often DC mains). The author is well-known in the growing volume of nostalgic publications featuring early (rather than vintage) radio sets. In this volume, he draws very heavily on the editorial and advertisement columns of the once-weekly Wireless World. Virtually all the illustrations consist of advertisements reproduced from that publication.



Gordon Bussey shows clearly that most of the important developments came to Europe from America, gradually forcing down the very high prices of equipment produced in garage-type workshops paying (or avoiding paying) the original 'BBC' patent royalties, until, by the mid-1930s, production was in the hands of the large electrical firms with wooden cabinet furniture firms as sub-contractors. Surprisingly, no reference is made to the restrictive influence of the then all-powerful BVA (British Valve Association) which kept the retail price of British valves so high - and led us in the following years to welcome, as soon as import restrictions were lifted, the appearance of American valves and American communications receivers at more reasonable prices. There is disappointingly little on the commercial history of the industry.

He does, however, show that in 1926 the average price of a four-valve (triodes) battery set was £38, with a replacement valve costing say £1.50, at a time when a skilled worker was lucky to earn perhaps £5 per week.

For those of us who first became aware of the wonders of wireless in this crucial period, this book (despite its very high price) provides an interesting and informative read. It is perhaps fitting, in view of the recent history of the late-lamented British radio-manufacturing industry that this book has been printed (to high standards) in Singapore. **G3VA**

## UHF COMPENDIUM Parts 3 and 4

Edited by Karl Weiner, DJ9HO

403 pages, published by DARC Veriag, ISBN 3-88692-010-0

THE UHF COMPENDIUM is a monumental effort by DJ9HO to compile the best of West Germany's amateur VHF, UHF and microwave knowledge into print. Originally a private venture, publication has now been taken over by DARC, the West German National Radio Society. The series appears initially in German as UKW-Unterlage, with subsequent English translations. The combined Parts 1 and 2 have been available for some years, and the latest English-language volume combines parts 3 and 4.

The UHF Compendium does not contain instructions for building exact duplicates of complete items of equipment. With a few exceptions, it is primarily a source of ideas for circuit modules based on the direct experience of the original developers. Although there is plenty of information in the form of circuit diagrams, sketches, photographs, PC layouts and text, you are still expected to work out the less important details for yourself. This is a realistic approach, because most experimentally-inclined amateurs like to use materials that are to hand, and seldom attempt to duplicate a design in exact detail.

Newcomers to VHF, UHF and microwave construction would probably feel in need of a little more information than the UHF Compendium provides. Even so, the series is well worth buying as a source of information, and for its many examples of electronic and constructional techniques. From the photographs, it soon becomes clear that equipment doesn't need to look pretty to work well!

The most enjoyable way to read this book is to flip the pages until something catches your attention. Among the huge variety of VHF, UHF and microwave designs and ideas, notable items include: a large family of power amplifiers for 144MHz and particularly 432MHz, based on the 2C39 and similar triodes in ones, twos and threes; many ideas for pre-amplifier transverters and power-amplifier chains for the middle microwave bands; equipment for receiver intermodulation testing on 144MHz and 432MHz; a relatively simple spectrum analyser for 0-1.8GHz; a trailer-mounted mini-shack (why not?); and an astonishing 10GHz SSB transverter built into the battery compartment of an IC202.

We British are often unaware of technological developments in countries using languages other than English, so it is a particular pleasure to see such a mine of information coming from a country other than Britain or the USA. Unfortunately, the English-language volumes of the UHF Compendium appear 2-3 years after the original versions in German, and thus are not quite so state-of-the-art. As a result, many British amateurs who have become fans of the series are already struggling through UKW-Unterlage Teil 5, German-English dictionaries in hand - and a good thing too. After having caught up with Parts 1-4 in English, you may want to do the same. **G3SEK**

# Cirkit TESTING



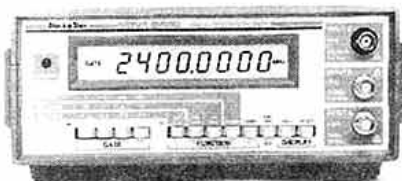
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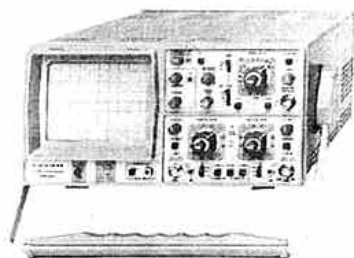
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# A Digital Frequency Display for the Modular Transceiver

by Mike Grierson, G3TSO

**S**OME THREE YEARS AGO I developed a Modular Transceiver for the amateur bands [1]. One of the major problems encountered in such a project is that of presenting the actual frequency of operation. In years gone by, the use of an Eddystone 898 dial may well have partly solved the problem, but it still had to be accurately calibrated; an arduous task to say the least. With the advent of digital electronics, the digital frequency display

has become commonplace on almost all commercial designs providing the ability to read off the frequency to an accuracy of at least 100Hz.

Since publishing my article on the Modular Transceiver, over 180 amateurs have started to construct the project and many have asked for the details of the digital frequency display shown on the photograph of the original equipment. The prototype counter used a mixing process where the 9MHz carrier oscill-

ator (CO) was mixed with the local oscillator (LO) output, and filtered to produce a signal at the actual operating frequency. This signal was amplified and prescaled before being counted in a commercial FC177 digital frequency display module.

During the development of the transceiver, the prescaler IC became obsolete with no suitable alternative available. For this reason, the digital display design was not published at the time.

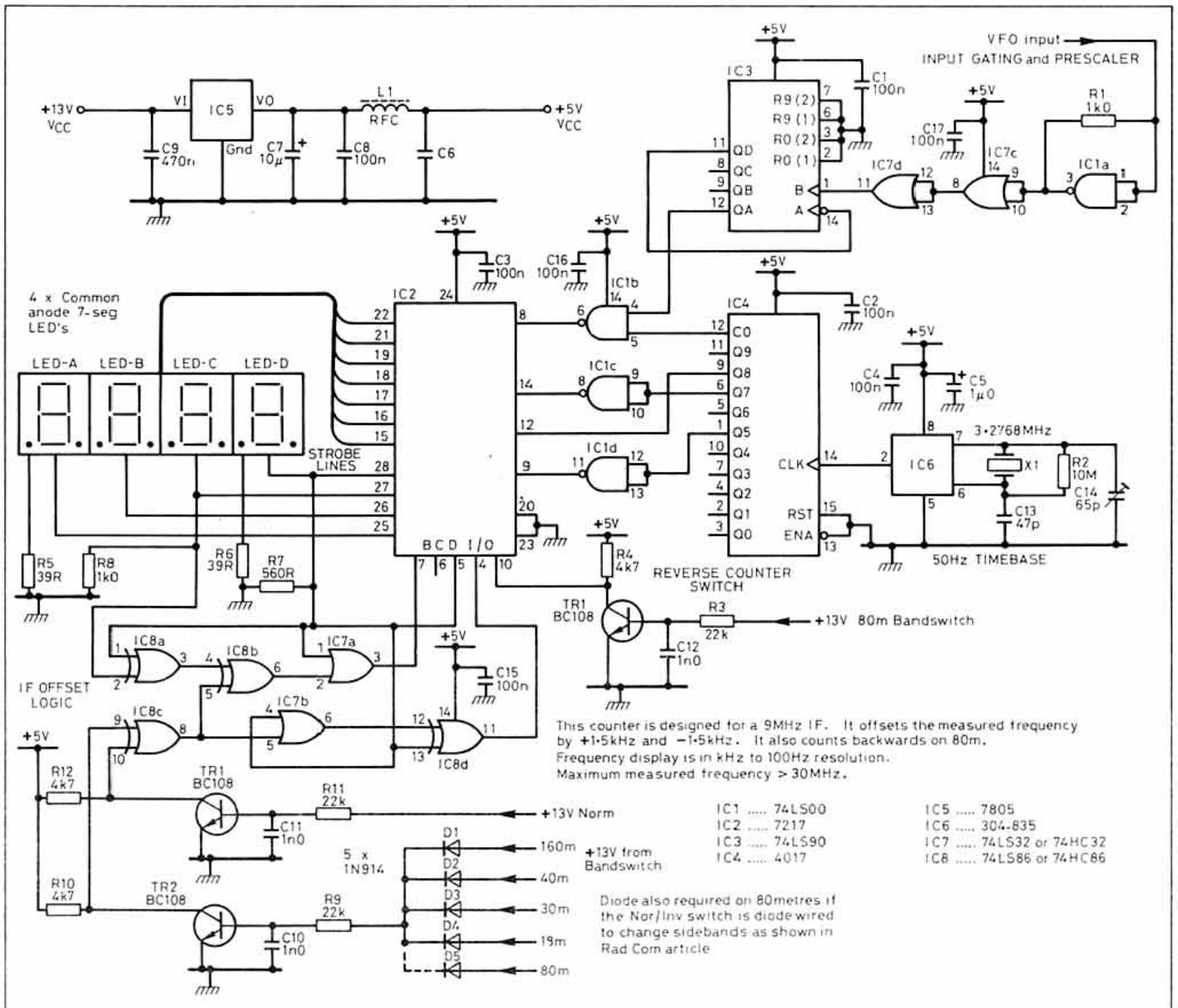


Fig 1: Digital Frequency Display unit for the G3TSO Modular Transceiver.

## FREQUENCY DISPLAY

The mixing type display is not very elegant in electronic terms and proved something of a nightmare to build, so an alternate system was sought. Ideally by reading the LO frequency directly, and either adding or subtracting the IF frequency, it is possible to display the operating frequency by reference only to the LO frequency. In commercial equipment this is commonplace.

However, the offset programming is usually achieved with a dedicated counter chip made specifically for the equipment that it is to be used in, and the IF offset data held in ROM (read only memory). For home constructors this can present an insurmountable problem.

There are several dedicated counter ICs readily available, and it was an article in the US magazine *Ham Radio* [2] which made me aware of an Intersil IC that could be externally programmed to offset the displayed frequency. One major shortcoming is that it is only a four bit counter with a quoted upper frequency of 2MHz, though it will typically work up to 5MHz.

As it can only display four digits, and we require to display to an accuracy of 100Hz, then the display will only be capable of displaying up to 999.9kHz. On reflection, surely this is all we require? The analogue dial on the famous FT101 was only calibrated in kHz, the MHz being determined by reference to the bandswitch. After all, if we don't know which band we are on, resolution down to 100Hz is meaningless!

The Intersil 7217 is available in the UK from Radiospares [3] and Farnell; the price is quite reasonable at slightly less than £10. There are two versions of the IC available, the 7217 which drives a multiplexed common anode display and the 7217A which is the same IC, but capable of driving a common cathode display. The only major difference is the pin connections. Radiospares only sell the 7217, whilst Farnell sell both varieties.

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

THE FREQUENCY DISPLAY UNIT is illustrated in Fig 1. The timebase is supplied by a Radiospares 50Hz timebase IC comprising a 3.2768MHz oscillator and a divide by  $2^{16}$  divider, IC6.

The 50Hz signal is fed directly to IC4, a 4017 decade counter which provides the outputs to drive the Store, Reset and Load Counter inputs of the 7217, IC2. IC1, a 74LS00 quad Nand gate is used to buffer the outputs. The count input is gated with the output of IC3, a 74LS90 decade counter. IC3 acts as a prescaler increasing the frequency range of the 7217 by a factor of 10, ie to 20MHz, but typically up to 50MHz.

In the G3T50 Modular Transceiver, the highest frequency to be read is 21MHz, or 27.5MHz if the WARC bands have been included. The local oscillator is fed directly to IC1a, a Nand gate wired as an inverting buffer. This was initially fed directly to the prescaler, but it was discovered that further buffering was required in order to read the higher frequency signals. If the counter fails to operate on 10 metres it is most probably due to insufficient LO signal.

Two gates were left over on the IF offset logic, so IC7c/IC7d were inserted in series

with the input signal. This had the effect of increasing the sensitivity and hence frequency range of the counter. In extreme cases some extra amplification may be required and the use of a SL560 may solve the problem.

The display is a common anode LED display and can be made up from four, 7-segment LEDs, or can be a complete four bit multiplexed display unit; the Radiospares low current 0.3in discreet displays made by Hewlett Packard are ideal. The displays are wired in parallel with a strobe line activating each display in sequence.

The current consumption of LEDs is high (around 250mA) and may not be very attractive for portable operation, in which case an LCD type display may be substituted as shown in Fig 2. This requires the addition of a 7211AIPL interface IC available from Farnell costing a little under £4. It is fed from the BCD output pins 4-7 on the 7217 and buffering of the logic with 20k resistors is recommended in the data sheet.

The Modular Transceiver, in common with any equipment having a 9MHz IF and a 5MHz VFO, suffers from the problem that the VFO will tune backwards on 80 metres. This is because the VFO is subtracted from the IF rather than added to it. Fortunately, the 7217 is provided with the ability to count in either direction, up or down. By arranging the counter to count down, the frequencies on 80 metres will be correctly displayed. This is achieved by taking pin 10 on the 7217 to ground using Q1 a switching transistor, turned on by the +13V signal from the 80m position of the bandswitch.

## IF OFFSET SWITCHING

THE MAJOR ADVANTAGE OF the 7217 is the ability to program a frequency offset anywhere in the counter range. As the counter is only going to display kHz one may wonder why we should even wish to offset the IF, as the 9MHz will not appear on the display. In fact, if the IF were exactly 9MHz (Fig 3a) there would be no need to apply any offset at all. However, whilst the IF centre frequency is 9MHz the actual carrier frequencies are 9.0015 and 8.9985 MHz requiring an offset of 1.5kHz either side of the centre frequency. 1.5kHz can be added to the counter but cannot be subtracted, so it is necessary to add 998.5kHz instead to achieve the correct display.

Programming the 7217 is achieved by providing a binary number at the BCD input

port, (pins 4, 5, 6 and 7). This is normally achieved by hard-wiring diodes from the strobe pins to the BCD input pins as illustrated in Fig 3. For simplicity, a diode placed between pin 28 and pin 7 will add one to the count on the Least Significant Bit (LSB) - hundreds of Hz. A diode between pins 28 and 6 will add two, pin 5 will add four and pin 6 will add eight. In-between numbers can be obtained by wiring two diodes from the strobe pin to say, pins 7 (+1) and pin 5 (+4), the total addition being  $1 + 4 = 5$ . Any offset can be programmed in, in this way.

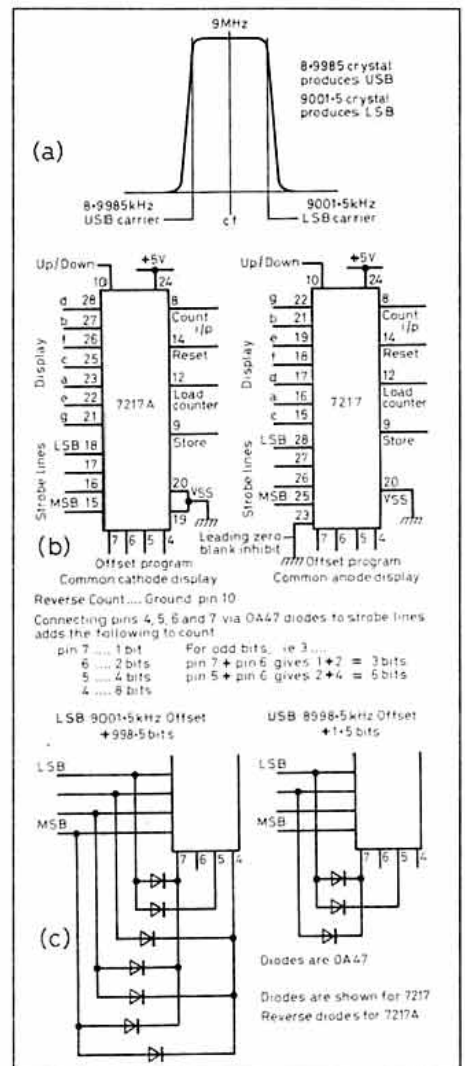


Fig 3: a) USB and LSB oscillator positions b) 7217 pin connections c) 7217 diode logic

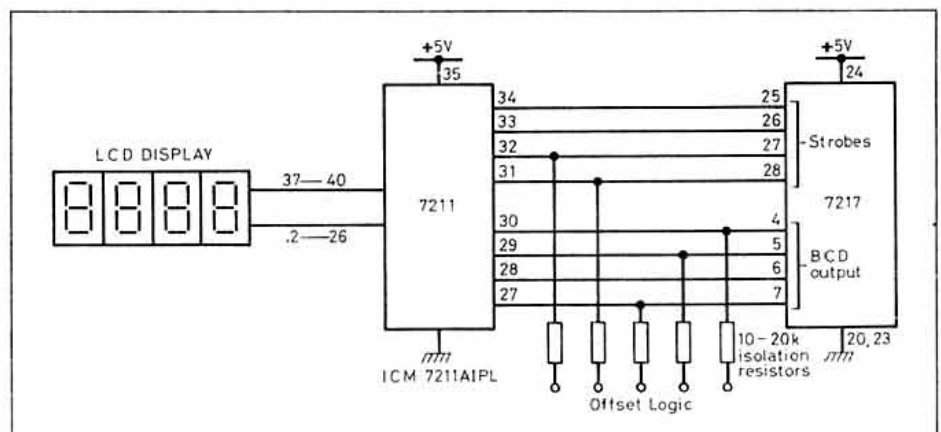


Fig 2: LCD display interface for the Digital Frequency Display.

Band	NORMAL					INVERT				
	Output	IC8c pin 10	IC8c pin 9	IC8c pin 8	f c offset	Output	IC8c pin 10	IC8c pin 9	IC8c pin 8	f c offset
160	LSB	0	0	0	LSB	USB	1	0	1	USB
80	USB	0	1	1	USB	LSB	1	1	0	LSB
40	LSB	0	0	0	LSB	USB	1	0	1	USB
20	USB	0	1	1	USB	LSB	1	1	0	LSB
15	USB	0	1	1	USB	LSB	1	1	0	LSB
10	USB	0	1	1	USB	LSB	1	1	0	LSB
30	LSB	0	0	0	LSB	USB	1	0	1	USB
18	LSB	0	0	0	LSB	USB	1	0	1	USB
12	USB	0	1	1	USB	LSB	1	1	0	LSB

Normal = +13V USB  
Invert = +13V LSB

\* Diode logic was shown on G3T50 Modular transceiver to change sidebands on 80m making normal = LSB

Table 1

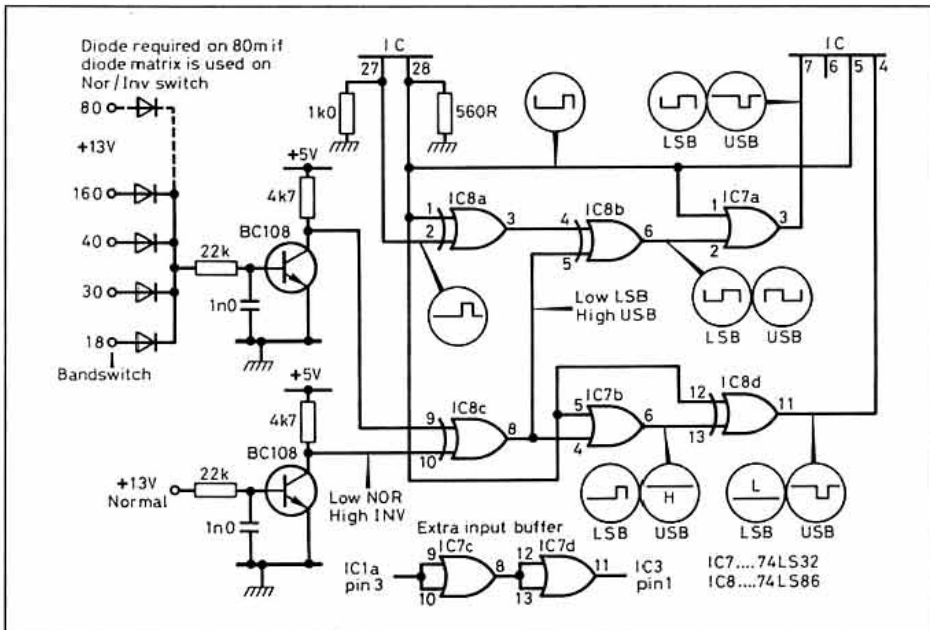


Fig 4: Logical generation of IF offsets for programming the 7217 IC

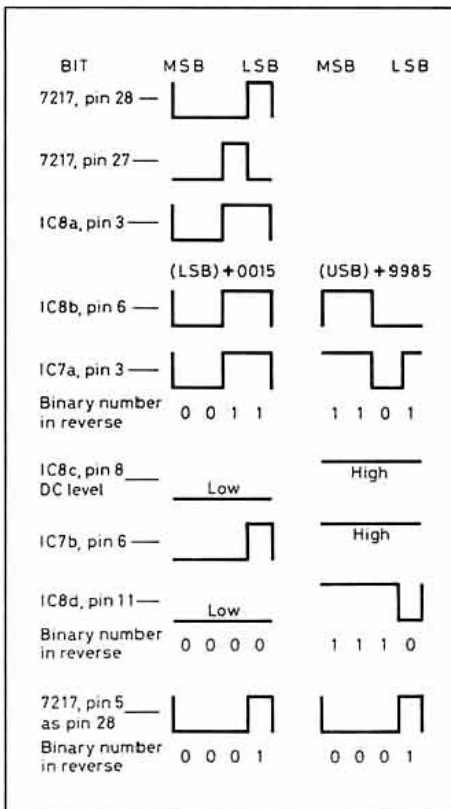


Fig 5: Timing diagram showing combination of strobe signals to generate binary numbers.

Pin	4	5	6	7	
Bit	3	2	1	0	
Digit	0	0	1	0	= 5
	1	1	0	0	= 8
	2	1	0	0	= 9
	3	1	0	0	= 9
Digit	0	0	1	0	= 5
	1	0	0	0	= 1
	2	0	0	0	= 0
	3	0	0	0	= 0

Decimal Offset 9985

0015

Table 2

Diode matrices are shown for both USB and LSB operation. In practice it is necessary to switch between offsets and this can be accomplished in one of two ways, either the diodes can be switched by miniature relays, or a combination of logic gates can be arranged to swap two binary numbers applied to the counter BCD input.

Table 1 illustrates the sideband switching logic necessary to determine which IF offset is required. This may seem somewhat complicated, but it should be borne in mind that the sideband selected on the exciter is not necessarily the one that is transmitted, due to sideband inversion in the mixing process. Table 1 also shows which sideband is transmitted for a given band and the setting of the Normal/Invert switch, which switches the sideband CO signals.

The +13V signals from the bandswitch are fed to the base of Q2 on those bands where sideband inversion occurs, in order to change the offset. The +13V Normal signal is fed to the base of Q3 causing a change of offset when this signal is removed in the Invert position. The logic levels obtained from Q2 and Q3 are fed to IC8c, an Exclusive OR (EOR) gate, which produces either a low output for the USB offset or a High for the LSB offset. This ensures that the correct offset occurs whatever position the transceiver switches are placed in.

Table 2 shows the binary numbers which must be loaded into the counter in order to achieve the correct offsets. The 'BITS' correspond to pins 4 to 7, the BCD input ports, whilst the DIGITS correspond to the strobe lines on pins 25 to 28. A timing diagram is shown at Figs 4 & 5, illustrating how the strobe signals are combined and gated to produce the binary count necessary to offset the counter. The bit pattern can be observed on a double beam oscilloscope at pins 4, 5 and 8. Synchronisation is taken from pin 28 at the trailing edge of the LSB strobe. The scan commences with the MSB strobe, digit 3, and finishes with the LSB strobe, digit 0.

IC8a combines the timing strobes from pins 28 and 27 of the 7217, whilst IC8b combines the resultant signal with a level shift from the sideband logic circuit, the final bit pattern at pin 7 is determined by ORing in IC7a the outputs from pin 28 and IC8b.

Pin 28 is also fed to IC7b where it is ORed with the offset shift signal before being recombined with the same signal in IC8d, it then feeds pin 4 on the 7217. Pin 5 requires the same binary signal on both offsets and is coincident with the LSB strobe signal, it is therefore connected directly to pin 28. Pin 6 remains unconnected as it requires a zero input for both offsets. Resistors R7 and R8 serve to pull down the strobe lines to ensure that they return to a logic 0 level. R7 is lower in value as it pulls down pin 28 and pin 5. These resistors may not be necessary if IC7 and 8 are the 74HC series CMOS devices.

The logic is more difficult to explain than to construct. The tables and illustrations serve two purposes, if the offset switching does not work first time, its operation can be followed through, in order to determine where the problem lies. Secondly, the experimenter who may wish to derive different offsets for his particular design, can develop a feel for the way it works and modify it to suit his own particular requirements.

### CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRUCTION OF THE counter can be largely left to the individual, as the space available may vary considerably. In most cases the display will be mounted vertically whilst the counter logic may be mounted at right angles directly behind the counter. A suitable PCB layout is shown at Figs 6 & 7, where all the components have been placed on a PCB measuring only 3.25in by 2in.

A double sided board is used with the groundplane on the upper surface which makes decoupling easier and may reduce noise. All ICs should be decoupled with a

continued on page 54

# Antenna to Ionospheric Matching

continued from page 36

tenuation. Obviously, this angle of radiation only has to be modified slightly to allow communication with any part of the globe.

The final design will have the height remotely controlled by an electric motor and gear box. The control unit for this height system can then be calibrated in terms of distance, with appropriate corrections for propagation conditions, of course.



The author and his assistant demonstrating the use of his equipment in the back garden of his home.

The reader will note that no data is given regarding feed impedance, relative polar diagrams and antenna dimensions following normal practice in some literature describing experimental work. If the reader feels that this has raised more questions than it has answered then he should be philosophical; there is still a wide open field for the experimenter.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

THE AUTHOR USED THIS hypothesis to complete his BA (FFLED) at the Academy of Ionospheric Research (AIR), Bionik, MASS, ably assisted by Miss Con StRude MA(y) BE and IV Shotitov, L'Accademie des Sciences de Sans Serif.

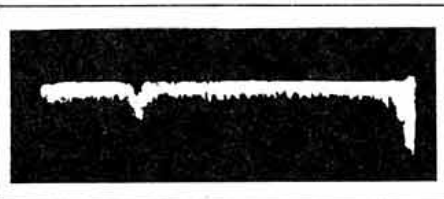


Fig 4: Oscillogram of echo signal.

## CONCLUSIONS

THESE EXPERIMENTS PROVED completely the author's hypothesis and a patent for the antenna design has been applied for.

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# An Assembly of Constructors

PHOTOGRAPHS: G3JKD



G3JFH, Chairman of Cheltenham Amateur Radio Association, presenting the winner's cup to Peter, G4ENA. L to r: G3JFH, G3VKV and G4ENA.

**C**HEL TENHAM Amateur Radio Association is fortunate in having amongst its members some very good designers and constructors, ensuring that the annual constructors' contest is always a delight to those who like to see 'home brew' at its best.

Last year's contest was no exception. Among the entries

were offerings from Mike Grierson, G3TSO, and Peter Asquith, G4ENA, whose designs will be familiar to readers of *Radio Communication*.

The contest was won by Peter, G4ENA who exhibited a spectrum analyser. Second was Mike, G3TSO with his miniature 3.5MHz transceiver, while in third place was Graham Jones, G3VKV with a 10GHz portable transceiver.

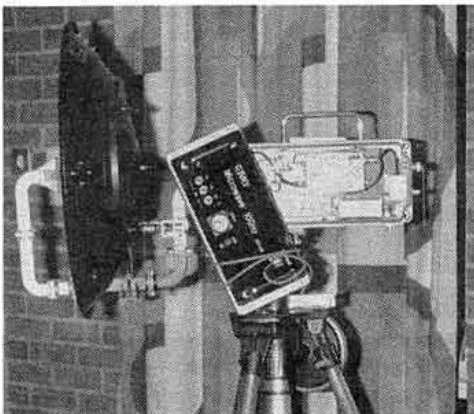


G4ENA, making an adjustment to his spectrum analyser while G3TSO and G8JAY look on.



Left: G3VKV, demonstrating the finer points of his 10GHz portable transceiver (L to r: G3VKV and G3NKS).

Bottom left: Inside the G3VKV 10GHz transceiver.



G3TSO (centre), discussing entries with G3JFH. From left to right: G8JAY, G4ENA, G3TSO, G3JFH and G4OV.

# A Digital Frequency Display for the Modular Transceiver

continued from page 51

100nF capacitor at the 5V VCC pin. Leads should be kept to a minimum length especially between the counter and display units. IC5, the voltage regulator, gets very warm and must be mounted on the main chassis for good heat dissipation. For low power or portable operation the consumption of the display can be greatly reduced by using a LCD readout in conjunction with a suitable interface IC. The Intersil ICM72112AIPL available from Farnell at about £4 is ideal and is fed from the

strobe lines and the BCD output port. It may be necessary to insert series resistors of between 10 and 20k ohm between the offset logic and the BCD input port when using the 7211.

## CONCLUSION

THE COUNTER described was developed primarily for the G3TSO Modular Transceiver to provide a simple but accurate frequency readout. Its simplicity makes it suitable for other home construction projects, or even for adding to older commercial designs. The LED displays consume quite a lot of current, but for lower power consumption it is possible to feed a LCD display from the 7217, provided a suitable buffer is inserted between the display and the counter.

Considerable help has been received from other amateurs during the testing of this design and special thanks go to Jim, G4KKF, who designed and tested the logic circuit for the generation of the offset data. Reports from those amateurs who have already installed the counter into their transceivers, indicate that it is not noisy, provided the supply line is adequately decoupled.

The cost of building this project is likely to be less than £20 representing a saving over the cost of a mixing type counter combined with the price of a FC177 module. The use of a LCD display will only add a small additional cost of about £5, but produce a considerable saving in power.

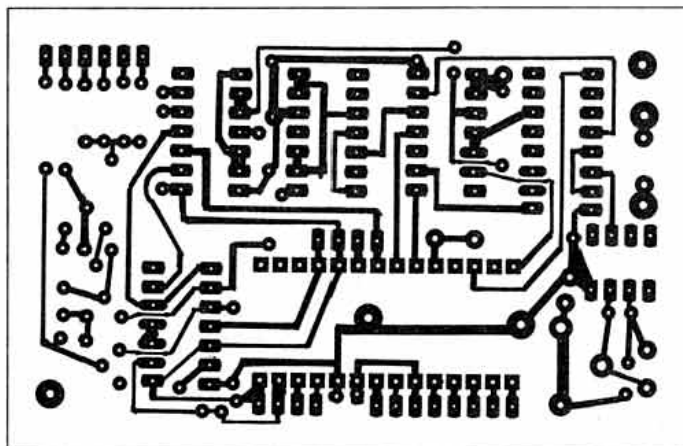


Fig 6: PCB layout for the frequency counter unit.

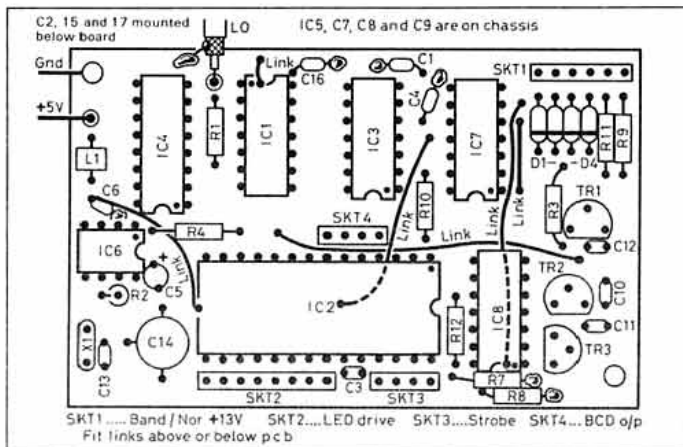


Fig 7: Component layout for the Digital Frequency Counter.

### COMPONENTS LIST

Qty	Reference	Part
1	IC5	LM7805
1	C9	470n Ceramic
1	C7	10µF Tant
9	C1,C2,C3,C4,C6,C8,C15,C16,C17	100n Ceramic
1	L1	RFC 1mH approx
1	LED	See text
1	IC2	See text
1	IC1	7217 (Radiospares)
1	IC7	74LS00
1	R1	74LS32/74HC32
1	IC6	50Hz Timebase
1	X1	1K .25W
1	R2	304-835 (Radiospares)
1	C13	3.2768MHz
3	C12,C10,C11	10M .25W
3	R3,R9,R11	47p Ceramic
3	Q1,Q2,Q3	1n Ceramic
3	R4,R10,R12	22K .25W
1	IC8	BC108
2	R5,R6	4K7 .25W
1	R7	74LS86/74HC86
1	R8	39R .25W
1	C5	560R .25W
1	IC3	1K .25W
1	IC4	1µF Tant
5	D1,D2,D3,D4,D5	74LS90
1	C14	4017
		1N914
		65pF Trimmer

## REFERENCES:

- [1] Modular Multiband Transceiver, M J Grieron, G3TSO, *Radio Communication*, Oct Nov 1988
- [2] The Pepperdyne Receiver, *Ham Radio*, Nov 1988
- [3] Radiospares data sheet 307 - 749

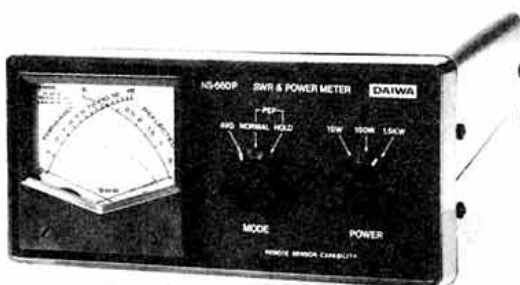
● Badger Boards have the kit and components available for this project at £32 inc VAT and p&p. The pcb is available at £4. As the display type may vary considerably, no design has been produced for a display board. Please contact Badger Boards at the address on page 52 for further details.

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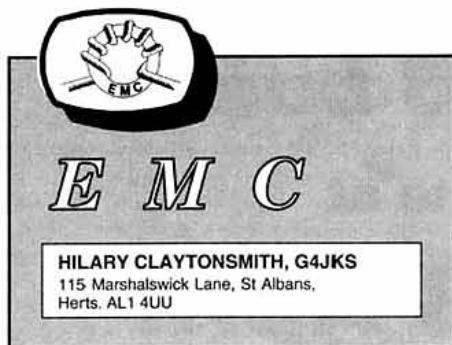
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## AMAZING HOW PRESSURE PAYS OFF ISN'T IT?

FOLLOWING A MEETING held in Brussels in December 1990 between representatives of the European Commission (DG111) and Member States, the Commission is likely to propose that there be a number of amendments to the EMC Directive (89/336/EEC). The most amazing of these is that there is likely to be a transition period of 4 years ending on 31 December 1995! I am sure the news was greeted with whoops of joy by a large number of people in the electronics industry who have adopted an ostrich-like stance since the mention of the dreaded 1992 date. However, the reaction of those in industry who have diligently planned and redesigned with the aim of meeting the required standards by the prescribed date can probably be surmised.

What will happen during this 4 year period? Obviously some electronics industries will think that this gives a few more years to do nothing. However, the more enlightened will start to take the whole concept of EMC and the need for control seriously.

Manufacturers will, during this period, have the option of conforming to the Directive which comes into effect from 1 January 1992 or to continue to comply with existing national regulations. All products which conform to the Directive and which carry the CE mark (Fig 1) should be allowed to circulate freely throughout the community. During the transition period, the regulations which pertain in each member state prior to 1 January 1992 will continue to apply until 31 December 1995, when they will be repealed. Those products which do not conform with the Directive, but comply with the regulations of the country of origin, will be required to comply with the regulations of the countries in which they are being marketed.

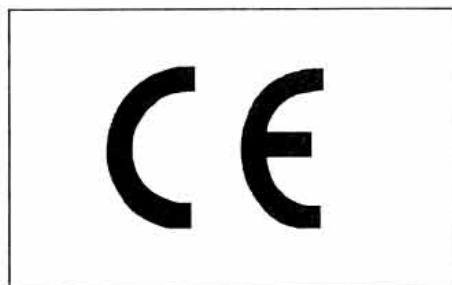


Fig 1: EC EMC Directive mark.

One thing is certain: 1 July 1991 still remains the date for the adoption and publication of the legislation to implement the Directive. The Commission (DG111) should by now have produced a text for submission to

the Council of Ministers, together with an explanation as to why the amendments are necessary. The European Parliament is expected to give it its first reading in May/June 1991 followed by a second reading in Autumn, in time for the Council's adoption of the amending Directive by December 1991.

## AUDIO AND VIDEO OUTLOOK

THE PROFESSIONAL audio and video industry is considering special electromagnetic compatibility standards for its range of products. A feasibility study group is being set up to discuss the possibility of special standards, as they believe that the generic standards proposed are not suitable for studio, concert and broadcast equipment.

## CANCELLATION TECHNIQUES

INTERFERENCE FROM local noise sources is an old problem which has been gradually increasing in importance over recent years, as computers, games machines, and switch mode power supplies have added their contribution. Traditionally, the only avoiding action available to the radio amateur apart from siting his antennas to minimise interference pickup, was to use a noise limiter or, more recently, a noise blanker. Both these devices will only work where the interference is impulsive, such as noise from car ignition or motor commutators.

All devices for reducing the effects of interference depend on there being some difference between the interference and the wanted signal, which can be exploited to reduce the effect of the interference without degrading the wanted signal. It is a matter of common knowledge that limiters and blankers have only a certain amount of success, because the interference is often not in a form which is amenable to these techniques. So far as HF is concerned, there is another way of reducing interference, and that is by cancelling it out. In this case, the difference which is exploited is not the envelope shapes of the wanted and the unwanted signals, but the difference in their phases.

The principle behind cancellation is quite simple. If a signal is received at two different antennas located some distance apart, each signal will have a specific phase and amplitude. If the signals are adjusted so that the amplitudes are exactly the same and the phase difference is exactly 180 degrees, when the two signals are added together they will cancel, leaving virtually no residual signal. The key to the practical canceller lies in the word 'exactly'; if the phase and amplitudes are not just right, most of the cancelling effect is lost. This is very similar to a loop antenna used for DF - the null is very sharp, but away from the null the signal strength does not change much. In practical cases, particularly on HF (where wanted signals can arrive in three dimensions, but interference usually comes along the ground), it is most unusual for the null of one signal to be exactly the same as that for another. In other words, we can cancel out one signal leaving the other largely unaffected. The phase and gain are varied using two knobs which are adjusted together, until the unwanted signal disap-

pears - this requires a little practice, but is not really difficult.

Assuming that the canceller permits adequate gain and phase adjustment, then with a few exceptions, all interfering signals will be capable of being cancelled. By the very nature of the technique, however, a deep null can only be achieved on one interfering signal at a time. How much the wanted signal will be affected depends on the relative directions of the wanted and unwanted signals, and on the distance between the antennas. As a very rough rule of thumb, spacing should not be much less than a quarter wave for good results. Further information can be found in 'Electrical Antenna Null Steering', *QST* Oct 1982, which also contains a circuit for a home brew canceller. In practice, the lower HF bands are so noisy that some loss of effective antenna performance on receive is not a serious problem, so it is quite easy to compromise. In many cases, if the interference is local, it is only necessary to string up a very simple second antenna, making sure that it is positioned to pick up the interference as well as possible.

The EMC Committee recently borrowed a canceller from a firm which has been advertising such a device in *RadCom* for some time. It is not actually called a canceller, but it uses a cancellation technique. The intention was not to carry out a formal review of the device but rather to see if it worked as a practical solution to the received interference problem.

In general, it was found to do a good job, and a reasonable compromise seems to have been made between covering the whole of the HF band and the need for simple adjustment. Very deep nulls were obtained on simulated local interference, permitting signals which would otherwise have been completely drowned by the interference, to be clearly copied. The intermodulation performance was adequate and is unlikely to cause any problem in normal operation.

## PCB HIGH PASS FILTER

THIS PARTICULAR type of filter (Fig 2) made from double clad printed circuit board is extremely effective for most cases of interfer-

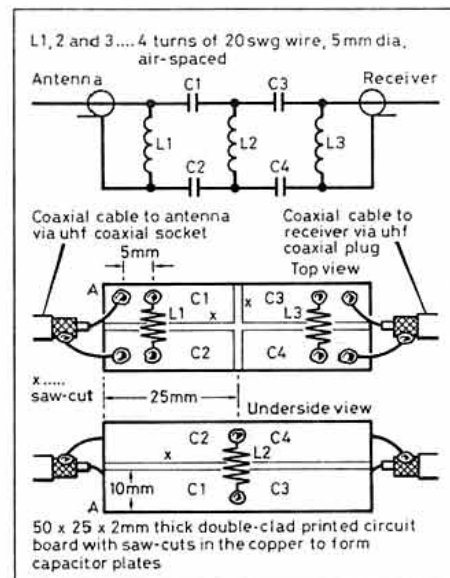
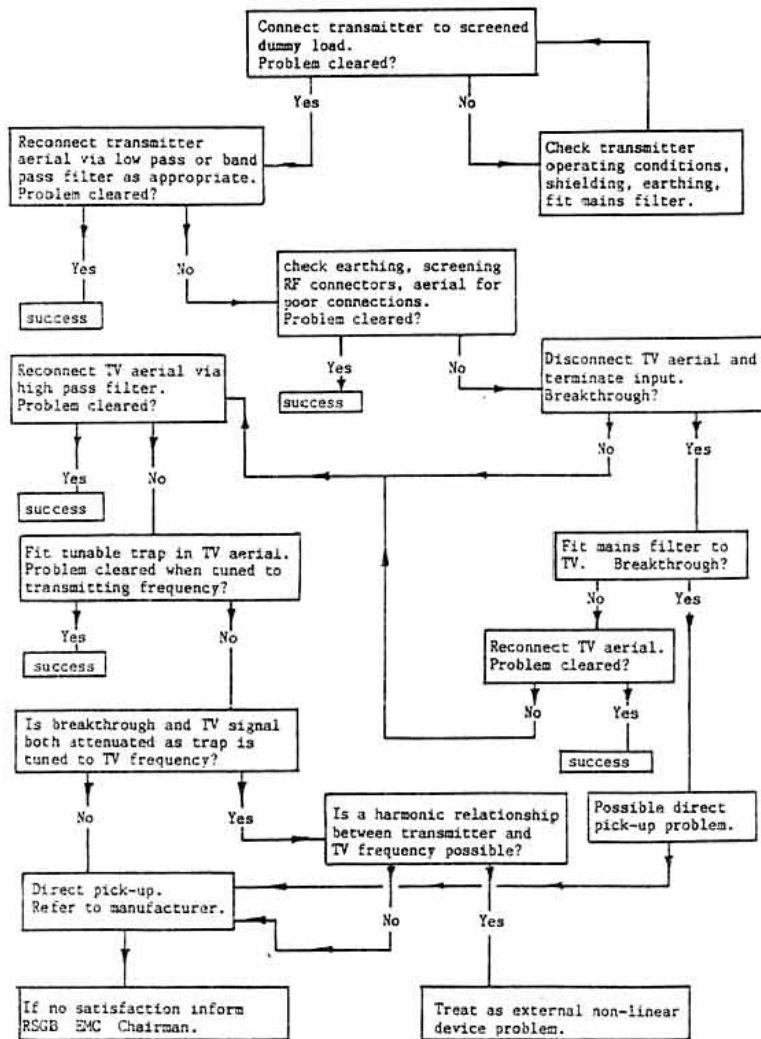


Fig 2: PCB high pass filter.



Complete approach to a Television EMC problem.



ence caused by signal pick-up on the aerial or download. I can vouch for the efficacy as my neighbours sport such filters on their TVs.

### PICTURES SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS

THE FLOW DIAGRAM (above) is a handy reference point when problems with TV breakthrough occur. It speaks for itself. Other flow charts to come in future columns are: RF breakthrough in audio equipment, and RF breakthrough on MW/LW/AM radios.

### TEST ANTENNAS FOR MEASURING FIELD STRENGTH — PART 3

WHEN INVESTIGATING breakthrough, it is useful if the field strength in the vicinity of an amateur station can be measured. This can give an indication of whether an HF antenna system is generating excessive field strength in neighbouring premises, for example, due to radiation from the feeder or due to RF coupling to mains wiring.

Existing designs of amateur 'field strength

meters', such as the one in the ARRL Handbook suffer from the disadvantage that they only give a relative indication of field strength, not an absolute reading in volts per metre. Although an amateur field strength meter could be calibrated against a professional field strength meter, few amateurs have access to such an instrument. What is required is a receiving antenna which gives a predictable output in a given field strength. This avoids the need for antenna calibration, as described in the Aug 1990 EMC column. Such an antenna could then be used with a receiver whose 'S' meter has been calibrated in dB relative to 1uV at the receiver's antenna input.

For an E-field measuring antenna, the *Antenna Factor*, (Fa), is equal to:

$$20\log_{10}(E/U)$$

where E is the field strength in volts per metre, and U is the output voltage of the antenna into its designed termination, such as 50Ω.

For example, an antenna with an Fa of 20dB would give an output of 0.1V RMS in a field of 1V/metre if aligned for maximum pick-

up. A lower antenna factor implies a more efficient antenna.

For a half wave dipole with a lossless 1:1 balun feeding a 50Ω load, Fa is approximately:

$$20\log_{10}(7.66/\lambda)$$

For bands below 144MHz, where a half wave dipole is not conveniently portable, a 'short' dipole may be used as a measuring antenna. A graph giving antenna factors for short dipoles with a 1:1 balun and 50Ω load is given in BS727:1983, fig.7.

Fa is the sum of two quantities, Fa1 and Fa2. If the overall length of the dipole is x, Fa1 = 25dB if x = 0.2λ.

For dipoles of 0.1 λ or shorter:

$$Fa1 = 20\log_{10}(4.2 \lambda/x)$$

while for any dipole up to 0.5 λ,

$$Fa2 = -20\log_{10}(x)$$

The above formulae are for length x, which is 30 times the diameter d of the elements. The x/d ratio has a significant effect on Fa for short dipoles. For x/d = 100, add 3dB to Fa; for x/d = 300, add 5db and for x/d = 1000, add 7dB.

For example, a dipole with a length of 1m and elements 33mm diameter would have Fa2 = zero. Fa1, and therefore Fa would be 33dB at 28MHz, 39dB at 14MHz, 45dB at 7MHz and 51dB at 3.5MHz. Reducing the element diameter to 15mm would make the antenna less efficient, adding about 2dB to Fa.

The above figures assume a load of 50Ω. Any departure from 50Ω will affect Fa. An electrical short dipole with a 50Ω load has predictable characteristics over a wide range of frequencies, but is somewhat insensitive. This restricts its application to the measurement of relatively high field strengths. A reduction of Fa by about 6dB can be achieved, however, by using a 4:1 balun which presents the dipole with a 200Ω load.

### SPREADING IT ABOUT A BIT

IN THE US, wireless packet radio products based on the technique of spread-spectrum are emerging as viable alternatives to cabled Local Area Networking (LANs). PCs in the internal office network are linked by radio waves rather than by hard-wired coax or twisted pair cable. The wireless network is based on technology which splits a radio signal into multiple channels, thus encompassing a wider bandwidth at a lower energy level than that of normal radio signals. In other words it spreads a thin 'film' over the radio spectrum. The signal is collapsed back into its original narrow frequency band at the dedicated receiver end. The system works over a 100 metre distance indoors and up to 1km outdoors. Obviously, wireless networks (LAWNs) offer the major benefit of eliminating the installation of cabling throughout the office building or at exhibition centres. Can anyone think of the disadvantages . . . ?

### BITS AND PIECES

THE EMC COMMITTEE would like to hear from any members who have experienced any form of malfunction of controls of their cars from external RF sources. There has been some disturbing press recently on the subject.



# Q R P

**GEORGE DOBBS G3RJV**  
St. Aidan's Vicarage, 498 Manchester Road,  
Rochdale OL11 3HE

THAT POPULAR ANNUAL event, The Yeovil QRP Convention, has now reached its seventh year. This year it is on Sunday 12 May with the doors opening at 9am for a 10am start. The venue is the Preston Centre in Monk Road, Yeovil with 2m talk-in by GB2LOW from 0830. The event includes a Bring and Buy, Traders Stands which concentrate on home construction and kits, a Construction Display, and a QRP Station with the offer to try homemade equipment on the available antennas. Food and soft drinks are available throughout the day.

The programme of lectures includes G3MYN on 'Greyline Propagation', G3ZOM on 'Kits and Kit Construction', G3PCJ on 'Simple SSB/CW Receivers' and G3GC on 'Pre-War QRP and Operating Techniques'. Leading up to the Convention is the Yeovil QRP Fun Run providing a light-hearted operation competition. This has prizes which are awarded at the convention and other prizes which can be claimed by post. Details may be had from Peter, G3CQR, on 0935 813054.

The E = 0.5m 3W Challenge provides the lunchtime diversion. The idea is to bring along an 80m transmitter complete with its own antenna, both of which must be contained in an imaginary cube whose sides do not exceed 0.5m in length. The transmitter should be on 3560kHz (+/- 10kHz and the overall DC i/p should not exceed 3W. The only mode allowed is A1A. The transmitting system will be fed from a provided, metered, supply which can be adjusted from 9 to 20V, and operated some 50ft from signal measuring equipment. The transmitter producing the highest received signal will win a prize. Further information on the convention and its associated events can be obtained from G3CQR, G3GC or G0HDJ all of whom are listed in the RSGB *Call Book*.

## RECIPROCAL ARRANGEMENTS

FOR MANY YEARS, there have been strong links between the G-QRP Club and the equivalent American QRP ARCI, the two largest QRP Clubs in the world. American members of the G-QRP Club can now pay their renewal fees in dollars to Luke Dodds, W5HKA, 2852 Oak Forest, Grapevine, Texas 76051. This costs \$12.00 and cheques are made out to the QRP ARCI. It is now also possible to join the QRP ARCI in the UK and pay in Sterling. The joining fee and first year's subscription is £7.00 and subsequent annual renewals are £6.00. Application forms may be had for an SAE from Dick Pascoe, G0BPS, 3 Limes Road, Folkestone, CT19 4AU.

The G-QRP Club also has arrangements for overseas members to pay their

subscriptions in local currencies in countries other than the USA. Currently, overseas members may pay local representatives in France, Germany, Holland and New Zealand. The club also maintains a limited number of sponsored memberships for radio amateurs in countries where currency exchange is impossible. These sponsorships are from members in the UK and USA who pay the subscriptions for radio amateurs otherwise unable to pay because of currency problems.

Another overseas QRP Club which accepts British members is the Australian CW Operators QRP Club. The club produces a lively little journal called *LO-KEY* and runs a full programme of awards and operating events. Membership is open to overseas members for 14 Australian Dollars a year. Applications for membership should be addressed to Kevin Zietz, VK5AKZ, 41 Tobruk Avenue, St. Marys, SA 5042, Australia.

## NOT ANOTHER "LOOK WHAT QRP CAN DO" REPORT?

YES, I'M AFRAID SO. Some radio amateurs will not believe what can be done with low power levels on the HF bands. So I am going to tell you some snippets from stories of the G-QRP Club Winter Sports 1990/91. This is the annual activity period when stations using 5W of RF or less, come onto the bands between Boxing Day and New Year's Day and simply try to work as many other QRP stations as they can find. The event is about two-way QRP working.

This year's Winter Sports produced QRP activity from over 40 countries in all continents and two-way QRP DX contacts on every band from 3.5MHz upwards. 3.5MHz produced a remarkable number of contacts between the USA and the UK, some with simple equipment. Colin, G3VTT, tried a single valve, 1940's replica, transmitter on the band and worked W3TS, WA8TXT and EA8QO; all two way QRP.

The limited power was sometimes coupled with other limited resources. Bill, G4KKI, in the middle of Manchester, put a diamond shaped 8ft loop in the loft of his terraced house. His first two QSOs were with American QRP stations. When he found he could load it up on 3.5MHz, he promptly worked an LA QRP station. HB9AMZ used a 2W HF handheld transceiver with a short whip to work several European QRP stations and then used 5W to a mobile whip to raise QRP stations in the USA. GM3KPD made 11 Transatlantic two-way QRP contacts using an indoor W3EDP antenna. G3LHJ used an OXO transmitter board to make 23 transatlantic two-way QRP QSOs, including one on 7MHz. The OXO is a tiny 3 transistor VXO controlled Tx designed by GM3OXX. A kit version had just been made available by Kanga Kits, who will send details for an SAE to Kanga, 3 Limes Road, Folkestone, Kent.

Naturally, the QRP 'big boys', those with 5W and a good outdoor antenna, enjoyed a lot of DX activity. Randy, AA2U, and Mike, W3TS, seemed to specialise in working some UK stations on five or even seven bands. G3XJS had two-way QRP contacts with ZS, PY, W and VS6. Brazil featured in the event this year with several UK stations making contact with either PY7FNE or PY4ZO. There

were plenty of countries to be worked two-way QRP. Even I, with very limited time, managed to work 32 countries in the week.

The Winter Sports has always been a good event to introduce operators to QRP operation. This year, FOC members were invited to reduce power to 5W and join the event. Perhaps the best story comes from Kev, VK6LW. Not having tried QRP operating before, he turned down his power to 5W at about 1420GMT on 30 December. By 1500GMT, he had made two-way QRP contacts with G8PG, PA3ALX, G3PDL, GU4VPM, HB9CGO, OK2BMA and G3VIP on 14.606MHz. A promising start in QRP operation. If you have never tried QRP, perhaps you might like to join us next year?

## THE QRP WRITING CONTINUES

IN THE PREVIOUS two columns, I have reported on new books published by the ARRL: *QRP Classics* and the *W1FB Design Notebook*. Many people will already know the excellent *W1FB QRP Notebook*. The two QRP books are available from the RSGB Sales Department (see pages 78/79).

I would also like to commend another Doug DeMaw book for use by Novices. The book *First Steps in Radio* (ARRL) is designed to help newcomers to the hobby understand the basics of radio components, simple circuits, antennas, electrical safety and setting up a beginner's station. It was originally published as a series of articles in *QST* in 1984 and 1985. It is an entertaining 'foothold on theory' book of the 'what goes on behind the front panel' type. With lots of photographs and diagrams, the book provides an easy reader for the beginner. It is also available from RSGB Sales. Although written for the American Novice Licence, I suspect would-be holders of the new UK Novice Licence would find the book both useful and entertaining.

Recently, American magazines have been publishing a lot of QRP constructional material. *QST* has featured a 14MHz Portable QRP CW Transceiver by K9AY in Dec 90 and Jan 91. The Sept 90 *QST* published an update on the Cubic Incher Transmitter by W1FB.

*CQ* magazine (Sept 90) features the QRP-15 CW Transceiver, a compact superhet running 5W RF o/p, by Rick Littlefield, K1BQT. This is an updated version of his 20m CW Transceiver which appeared in the now defunct *Ham Radio* in Jan 89. K1BQT has become well known in the USA for his circuits and miniature layouts for QRP transceivers, the more recent examples using the NF602 oscillator/mixer IC. Photographs of his Travelradio Transceiver, from *Ham Radio* June 1987 were recently shown in this column. Most of these projects have been converted into kits by RadioKit in the USA. They would probably supply details of the latest projects available from RadioKit, Box 973, Pelham, New Hampshire 03076, USA □



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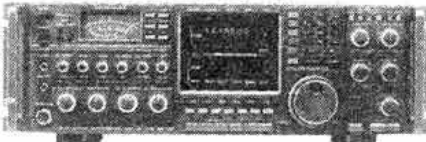
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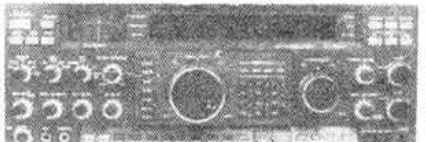
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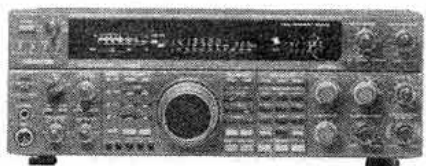
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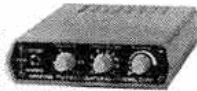
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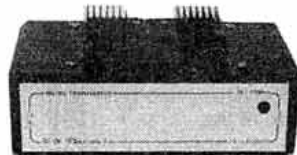
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community Centre. Usual traders. Details from G7CBB, QTHR, tel: 0642 480055.  
**SWANSEA ARS Rally** - Swansea Leisure Centre (on the Swansea-Mumbles coast road, A4067). Doors open 10.30am, trade stands, bring & buy, bookstall, HF/VHF demo stations, full catering, licensed bar, talk-in on S22 from GB2SWR. Details from Roger Williams, GW4HSH, tel: 0792-404422.

## 5 MAY

**BATC Rally** - Harlaxton Manor, Nr Grantham, just off the A1 (signposted). Usual traders, bring & buy, refreshments and bar, lecture programme, talk-in, demonstrations, flea market and craft corner. Details from Paul, G8MJW, tel: 0522 703348.

**KELSO ARS 8th Anglo-Scottish Rally** - Tait Hall, Kelso, doors open 11am, usual attractions. Details from GM4UIB, tel: 0573 24654.

## 6 MAY

**DARTMOOR RC Rally** - St. Annes Church Hall, Yelverton, Devon (A386). Doors open 10.30am, trade stands, bring & buy, refreshments and parking. Talk-in on S22. Details from Dave, G1YPD, tel: 0752 703101

**MID CHESHIRE ARS Rally** - Civic Hall, Winsford. Doors open 11am (10.30 for disabled visitors). Full catering and ample car parking. Details from David, G4XUV, tel: 0606 77787.

## 12 MAY

**DRAYTON MANOR Mobile Radio Rally** - Drayton Manor Park, Nr Tamworth. Details from Norman, G8BHE, tel: 021 422 9787 or Peter, G6DRN, tel: 021 443 1189.

**YEOVIL ARC 7th QRP Convention** - Preston Centre, Monks Dale, Yeovil. Doors open 9am, admission £1.50 to include programme. Usual traders, plenty of refreshments available, lectures. Details from Mr. David Bailey, G0NMM, QTHR as G1MNM.

## 18 MAY

**SWINDON Radio Rally** - The Oasis Leisure Centre, North Star Avenue, Swindon. (Leave M4 at jct 16). Doors open 10.30. Trade stands, grand bring & buy, Repeater Group etc, ample free parking, talk-in by Raynet on S22 from 5am. Details from Jim, G7GEA, tel: 0793 611859 or John, tel: 0793 619014.

## 19 MAY

**DUNSTABLE DOWNS Eighth National Car Boot Sale** - Stockwood Park Luton, just off junction 10 on the M1. Talk in on 70cm, 2m and topband. Details from M.J. Spacey (Secretary).  
**MID-ULSTER ARC "Parkanaur" Rally** - Silverwood Hotel, Lurgan, Co. Armagh. Doors open 12 noon. Usual trade stands, bring & buy, bookstall, QSL Bureau etc. Talk-in on S22 145.550. The proceeds of this Rally go to the Stanley Eakins Memorial Fund at Parkanaur near Dungannon. This is a very worthy charity, and we hope to see a really good turn-out of everyone interested in all aspects of radio and electronics. Details from Jim Lappin, G1YGS, tel: 0762 851179.

## 26 MAY

**EAST SUFFOLK WIRELESS REVIVAL** (the Ipswich Rally) - Maidenhall Sports Centre, Ipswich (Note new venue) (Send sae to G4IFF QTHR for free maps). Doors open 10am, entrance £1, car boots £5 (including driver and one passenger), ample free parking. Talk-in on S22 GB4SWR. Details from Paul Whiting, G4YQC QTHR.

**MAIDSTONE YMCA Radio Rally**. Opens 10.30am (10am admission for severely disabled). Entry £1 per adult. Route: M20 junctions 4, 5, 6 or 7 - then A229 Loose Village, 2 miles south of Maidstone. OSX G8TRF (S22) and G3YSC (10FM & SU22). Exhibition station GX3TRF (on HF). All day video show, etc. for juniors. Refreshments, snacks & ale bar available; diy, bring & buy tables for hire. YMCA sports centre. Details: 0622 743317 for pre-rally camping/caravan facilities. Trade bookings etc 0622 750709. (Alan Judge, before 9.30pm).

**NORTHAMPTON RC Car Boot Sale** - rear of the Red Lion public house on the A45 400 yards from jct 16 of the M1 (Northampton turn). There will be parking for over 500 cars; entrance fee will be 50p per car or 25p per person. Licensed bar open from 12 noon; food all day long; bring & buy; many radio/computer/electronic stalls. If you are selling the fee will be £6.50 in advance or £9 on the day. Bookings to Paul G0HWC on 0327 41267 (evenings).

**PLYMOUTH Radio & Electronics Fair** - Plymouth Radio Club Plymouth School, Church Road, Plymouth, Devon. Doors open 11am. Usual traders, Morse tests, bring & buy, refreshments, licensed bar, bookstall, Raffle. Talk-in on S22. Details from Jan Fisher, G0IVZ, tel: 0752 340946 evenings/weekends, 0752 262826 (daytime).

## 27 MAY

**BIRCOTES Radio Rally** - Bircotes Sports Centre, 10m south Doncaster off A1. Doors open 11am (10.30 for disabled visitors). Details and booking forms Raynet c/o 23 Florence Ave, Balby, Doncaster, tel: 0302 857526.

## 2 JUNE

**SPALDING & DARS Mobile Rally** - Springfields Arena Spalding. Also car boot sale. Details from T. Kettlewell, G4TWR, tel: 0775 722940.

## 9 JUNE 1991

**22nd ELVASTON CASTLE Mobile Radio Rally** - Elvaston Castle Country Park, near Derby. More than 150 trade stands. Technical Bookstall. Grand bring & buy. Flea market. Craft marquee. DTI Exhibit. Children's entertainments. Full on-site catering. Talk-in on 144 and 432MHz. Car parking £1.20 - coaches £5. Admission to rally activities is free. Details from John, G4PZY, tel: 0332 767994 - Trade enquiries to Peter, G3WUF, tel: 0332 700265 (evenings).

**MID LANARK ARS Annual Open Day** - Mid Lanark ARS club premises, Newarthill C.E. Centre, High Street, Newarthill, ML1 5GU. Doors open 11am, usual traders plus some new ones, bring & buy, catering facilities, raffle. Talk-in on

S22. Morse tests (applications through RSGB HQ). Details 0698 732403.

**NORFOLK Raynet Rally & Car Boot Sale** - Barford (B1108) Norfolk. OS map 144, Ref TG113078. Car Boots £5; trade stands, refreshments etc. Talk-in on S22 by G4GLI. Details from Pat Bates, G0IYD, QTHR, tel: 0692 404593 (evenings only).

**ROYAL NAVAL ARS Annual Mobile Rally** - HMS Mercury, Nr Petersfield, Hants. RSGB, RAIBC, BARTG and RAYNET stands, bring & buy, flea market and car boot sale. Large Arts & Crafts exhibition, radio-controlled power boats, cars and trains, amusements for youngsters, refreshments, two Grand Raffles and many other attractions. Talk-in on 2m and 70cm. Ample space for picnicking and parking, including free buses to and from the Rally site from the car park. Details from Cliff Harper, G4UJR, tel: 0703 557469.

**SOUTHEND & DRS Annual Rally** and Bob Fayre - Rocheway Centre, Rochford, Southend-on-Sea, Essex. Details from Steve, G1XGP, tel: 0702 712595.

## 16 JUNE

**DENBY DALE & DARS Rally** - Salendine Nook High School, Huddersfield. Doors open 11am. Details from J.D. Chappell, Secretary.

## 30 JUNE

**LONGLEAT Amateur Radio Rally**. Longleat House, near Warmminster, Wiltshire. Over 120 traders and exhibitors; craft fair; camping and caravanning facilities next to the Rally all weekend; extensive catering on site, licensed bar, fast food etc; the largest Amateur Radio Bring & Buy sale in the UK; all the attractions of Longleat near at hand; plenty of free parking; Talk-in on 2m. More details from Shaun, G8VPG, tel: 0225 873098.

## 7 JULY

**KINGS LYNN ARC Radio Rally** - The Corn Exchange, Tuesday Market Place, Kings Lynn.  
**YORK Radio Rally** - Tattersall Building at York Racecourse. Details from Dave Moreland, G7FGA, tel: 0904 790079.

## 13 JULY

**CORNISH RAC. Rally** - Penair School, St Clement, Truro. Details from Roif Little, G0NDC, St. George's Hotel, St. George's Road, Truro, Cornwall, TR1 3JE, tel: 0872 72554.

## 21 JULY

**COLCHESTER RA Mobile Rally** - Highwoods Sports & Leisure Centre, Brinkley Lane, Colchester. Details from Frank Howe, G3FIJ, QTHR, tel: 0206 851189.

RAIBC Romsey Picnic will be held at its usual location. Further details from John Compton, G4COM, tel: 0703 693017

## 28 JULY

**RUGBY AR Car Boot Sale** - venue to be advised. Details from either Kevin, G8TWH, tel: 0203 441590 or Peter, G0JEW, tel: 0455 552449.  
**SCARBOROUGH ARS Radio, Electronics & Computer Rally** - The Spa, South Foreshore,

Scarborough. Details from Ian Hunter, G4UQP QTHR, tel: 0723 376847.

## 4 AUGUST

**WOBURN National Rally** - Woburn Abbey, Bedfordshire. Trade stands housed in marquee 20,000 sq. ft. Talk-in by Dunstable Downs RC. Usual Woburn Abbey attractions. Trade stand enquiries to Norman Miller, G3MNV, QTHR, tel: 0277 225563. Organised by RSGB Exhibition & Rally Committee.

## 11 AUGUST

**DERBY Mobile Rally** - Littleover Community School, Ryknold Road, Littleover, Derby. Details from Martin Shardlow, G3SZJ, QTHR, tel: 0332 556875.

**FLIGHT REFUELLING ARS Hamfest 91** - Flight Refuelling Sports and Social Club Grounds, Merley, Wimborne, Dorset. Details and booking forms from John, G0API, tel: 0202 619649 or Rob, G6UDN, tel: 0202 479038.

## 18 AUGUST

**WEST MANCHESTER RC Red Rose Rally** - Bolton Sports & Exhibition Centre, Silverwell St, Bolton. Details from G1100, tel: 0204 24104.

## 25 AUGUST

**TORBAY ARS Annual Mobile Rally** - STC Social Club, Brixham Road, Paignton, Devon. Doors open 10am. Talk-in on S22. Details from W. Hipwell, G3HTX, QTHR, tel: 0803 526762.

## 1 SEPTEMBER

**PRESTON ARS 24th Annual Rally** - University of Lancaster. Details from Godfrey Lancefield, G3DWQ, QTHR, tel: 0772 53810.

**TELFORD Radio Rally** - Telford Exhibition Centre, Telford. Details from Martyn, G3UKV, tel: 0952 255416 or John, G0GTN, tel: 0743 249943.

## 8 SEPTEMBER

**MADLEY SATELLITE EARTH STATION ARG AR & Electronics Car Boot Sale** - Madley Communications Centre, Madley, Hereford. Details from David Butler, G4ASR, tel: 087 387 679.

**MILTON KEYNES & DARS 5th Annual Car Boot Sale** - Cranfield Airfield. Details from Tony, G6VXM, tel: 0908 316435, Mike, G0FMC, tel: 0908 566796 or Ray, G1LRU, tel: 0908 660798.

**VANGE ARS Annual Rally** - The Landon Community Centre, Landon High Road/Aston Road, Landon, Basildon, Essex. Details from Doris Thompson, tel: 0268 552606.

## 14 SEPTEMBER

**BALLYMENA Annual Rally** - Ballee High Community School. Details from G14HCN, 154 Galgorm Road, Ballymena.

**WIGHT Wireless Rally** - Wireless Museum, Arreton Manor, Nr Newport, IOW. Details from Douglas, G3KPO, tel: 0983 67665.

## 15 SEPTEMBER

**BARTG Rally** - Surrey Hall, Sandown Park Racecourse. Details from Ian Brothwell, G4EAN, tel: 0602 595261. (This is a provisional date).

**BRISTOL Radio Rally** - Brunel's Great Train Shed, Temple Meads Station, Bristol. Details from David Farr, G4WUB, tel: 0272 839855.

**PAKEFIELD Radio/Electronics Rally** and Car Boot Sale - Pakefield Middle School, Kilbourn Road, Pakefield, Lowestoft. Details from G3WVDN, tel: 0502 565986 or 715537.

## 22 SEPTEMBER

**CENTRE OF ENGLAND Autumn Amateur Radio Rally** will be held at the British Motorcycle Museum, Bickenhill nr The NEC, Jct 6 M42. Details from Frank Martin, G4UMF, tel: 0952 598173.

## 29 SEPTEMBER

**HARLOW AR&E Mobile Rally** - Harlow Sports Centre. Details from - weekdays: Alf, G7FNY on 0279 418392; evenings & weekends: Mike, G7BNF on 0279 722569.

**7TH NORTH WAKEFIELD RC Rally** - Outwood Grange School, Potovens Lane, Outwood, Nr Wakefield. Details from Dick, G4GCX, tel: 0532 622139 or John, G4RCG, tel: 0924 362144.

## 6 OCTOBER

**GREAT LUMLEY Radio Rally** - The Community Centre, Great Lumley, Nr Chester-Le-Street, Co Durham. Details from Barry, G1JDP, tel: 091 388 5936.

## 13 OCTOBER

**ARMAGH & DUNGANNON Rally** - Gostford House Hotel, Markethill, Co Armagh. Details from T.E. Hall, G10MSJ, QTHR G16UMR, tel: 0861 523454.

**HORNSEA Rally (ELHOEX Electronic Hobbies Exhibition)** - The Floral Hall, Hornsea, East Yorkshire. Details from Jeff, G4IGY, tel: 0964 533331.

## 2/3 NOVEMBER

**NORTH WALES 5th Radio & Electronics Show** - Aberconwy Conference Centre, Llandudno. Details from N.B. Mee, G7WEXH, tel: 0745 591704.

## 10 NOVEMBER

**BARNSELY & DARS Rally** - Willowgarth Senior High School, Bircley Road, Grimthorpe,



A view of the Trafford Amateur Radio Club's Great Northern Rally, at the G-MEX Exhibition Centre (a former railway station) last March. This year's event is on 14 April, 1991 - see previous page.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 73



## HELP LINES

### KAMODEN MULTIRANGE METER

Dave Biddle, G7HWW is trying to identify and obtain circuit details for unknown Kamoden multirange meter. Details of the unit are: 100k ohm per volt, AC/DC volts to 1kV with probe, transistor tester, capacitor tester and buzz continuity tester. He can be contacted on Norwich (0603) 745512.

### RAF LITTLE SAI WAN

In February *RadCom* we published a Helpline from Tony Bounds, G3KDP, but inadvertently missed out the picture. We apologise for this error and insert it below.



Tony Bounds, G3KDP, in the foreground and Brian Laurence, G3KGX, at the rear. G3KDP, telephone 0736-796495.

## EVENTS DIARY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 72

Barnsley. Details from Ernie, G4LUE, QTHR, tel: 0226 716339.

### 24 NOVEMBER

WEST MANCHESTER RC Winter Rally - Bolton Sports & Exhibition Centre, Silverwell St, Bolton. Details from Dave, G11CO, tel: 0204 24104 (evenings only).

## OTHER EVENTS

### 27/28 APRIL

RSGB National Convention - NEC Birmingham. Details from Norman Miller, G3MNV, QTHR. (See centre pages).

### 17 MAY

EDGWARE & DARS Straight Key Evening 1991. Band 3.5MHz, around 3.550, Time 1900BST onwards. Call CQ SKE. Details 081 204 1034.

### 14 JULY

SUSSEX AR and Computer Fair - Brighton Racecourse. Details from Ron Bray, G8VEH, QTHR, tel: 0903 763978 or 0273 415654 (office hours).

### 25 - 28 JULY

1991 AMSAT-UK Colloquium - University of Surrey. Details from G3AAJ QTHR.

### 23 - 26 AUGUST

OSCAR VICTOR Activity Group (WAB) Family Fun Weekend - Bent Rigg Farm, Ravenscar, North Yorks. (Midway between Scarborough and Whitby). Details from Peter Austin, G7BXA, QTHR, tel: 0532 563462 or Steve G. Bryan, G1SGB, QTHR, tel: 0709 543747.

### 8 SEPTEMBER

LINCOLN SWC 10th Lincoln Hamfest - Lincolnshire Showground. Details from Sue Middleton (XYL G8VGF QTHR), tel: 0522 525760.

### 28/29 SEPTEMBER

RSGB HF Convention - Penguin Hotel, Daventry. Details from Bob Whelan, G3PJT, 36 Green End, Comberton, Cambridge CB3 7

### 25/26 OCTOBER

LEICESTER ARS Show - Granby Halls, Leicester. All usual facilities. Details from Frank Elliott, G4PDZ, tel: 0533 871086.

### MANUAL FOR SIGNAL GENERATOR CT53

Alan Balmforth, G3RKO, QTHR, is looking for working instructions, calibration charts and circuit diagram for the signal generator CT53. (British Communications CPN.LTD: Ref 105/16160) or photostats of same. He can be contacted on tel: 0742 377321.

John McDonnell, G3DOP is trying to locate circuit diagrams and information of the German Communications Receiver R3. Please telephone him on 0326 290711.

### ARAKI MG285

Can anyone help Derek Young, G8ZQJ to trace the importer of Araki aerials or a set of radials for his MG285 5/8 wavelength 145MHz mobile/portable antenna (PL259 base). If you can assist please contact him QTHR.

### TASHIKO CD PLAYER

At the 1990 NEC Exhibition Andy Daw purchased a Tashiko 780 CD player. Can anyone assist him with information on this machine, as he appears to have a problem with the laser which does not appear to have any identification marked on it. He really requires a service manual, but if anyone can advise the part number of the laser, this would help. All expenses would be reimbursed, and he can be contacted on tel: 0785 815023. Please leave a message on his answerphone, and he will contact you.

### MORE CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS REQUIRED

Mr Keeling, RS92600 has recently acquired a Phillips TMC (FM91AS25) and urgently requires circuit diagrams and a service manual. All costs will be reimbursed, and his telephone number is 025 125 3072 (after 7pm please).

Please can you help Stephen Dyke, G3ROZ obtain circuit information on Saisho Relay 300 (Tectrix C2) cordless phones. He is also looking to help anyone else who has purchased one of these recently to get their unit operational. Tel: 0767 680828 (evenings/weekends).

### R208 RECEIVER

Mr G White, G0GLW, is looking for paperwork, circuit diagrams on an R208 receiver. This is an old WD set 10-60MHz in 3 bands, and he would appreciate any information on tel: 0344 52601.

### CIRCUIT DIAGRAM REQUIRED

Mr Bavister, G1WLE, is looking for a circuit diagram of a BC-221M frequency meter, 125KHz-20MHz which he has recently acquired. Most of the restoration on the heterodyne oscillator is complete, but he is experiencing problems with the crystal oscillator, which has one or two components missing. Also can anyone provide him with a circuit diagram for a Solartron 7040 autorange digital voltmeter. He can be reached on tel: 0462 814574.

Helplines is designed to help put people in touch with each other. If you have a problem, it's more likely there's someone out there who has the solution; if you are looking for an old colleague or amateur friend, there could be a reader who has some news of their whereabouts; if you have solved a particular problem, write and tell the rest of us. 'Helplines' is there to help you and to give you the opportunity of helping others. Write to us marking your envelope 'Helplines' and we'll do what we can to get the message out.

## SILENT KEYS

WE HAVE BEEN NOTIFIED of the deaths of the following members:

DL6WD	Dr R Fischer	
G0JDT	Mr HT Cullis	04.01.91
G1XCT	Mr RF Murray	26.01.91
G3AYL/KM4CK	Mr GR Pearce	14.11.90
G3BPB	Mr J Pestell	May 1990
G3DUA	Mr C Binks	
G3EQK	Mr C Bolland	29.01.91
G3PVV	Mr A Langfield	15.02.91
G4MDA	Mr BJ Smith	02.01.91
G4NOG	Mr FS Holmes	31.01.91
G4PTM	Mr WS Tuke	09.02.91
G4UWV	Mr DA Stiller	13.12.90
G4XII	Mr E Appleby	
G8EHU	Mr T Legg	03.02.91
G8KCX	Mr AG Hitchings	
G8SNN	Mr NB Wright	02.02.91
G8UCI	Mr J Capell	18.01.91
G8VHD	Mr NA Gibson	
GM0DYA	Mr I Woodburn	29.11.90
GW0KWJ	Mr J Corbett	24.01.91
RS6159	Mr GE Nettle	05.02.91
G1ERP	Mr R Scott	April 1990
VK3WY	Mr RAC Anderson	
XE1FE	Mr VT Dickens	25.09.90

### CORRECTIONS:

G0JIP	Mr W J P Rann	05.01.90
<i>(not as printed in November 1990 RadCom)</i>		
G4CGJ	Mr B G Clements	Feb 90
<i>(not as printed in February 1991 RadCom)</i>		

### Reginald Harry Hammans, G2IG

Past President Reg Hammans died on 8 February 1990 after a long period of ill health. A charming and kindly man and a brilliant Engineer.

He had a very successful year as President in 1956 when he did much to weld together the up and coming IARU Region 1.

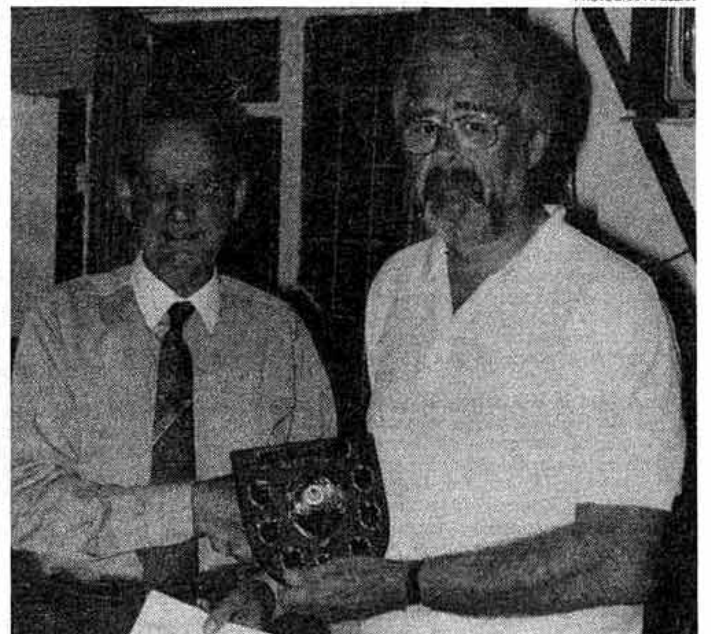
Born in Gillingham, Kent, in 1910, he attended Sir Joseph Williamson Mathematical School in Rochester and later took a course in General Engineering at Medway Technical College. For a time he was with International Marine Radio, a branch of STC and later, for some years, ran a successful radio business in Gillingham with G5JT and was a founder member of the Medway Amateur Transmitting Society. He later joined the technical staff of the BBC and spent much of the war years at their special receiving station at Tatsfield in Kent. Earlier he had been with their OB unit and designed and built a transceiver using miniature valves which for some time was used by them on Outside Broadcasts. For most of the war years and until 1955, he lived in Petts Wood, Kent, and produced the first crystal filter amateur receiver, a three element beam which could be remotely trimmed and a number of other "firsts".

In that year, he was offered a post with the then new Granada TV Co, and later became their Director of Engineering and lived just outside Manchester until his retirement in 1968 when he and his wife moved to Hoveton on the Broads near Norwich. Here he continued his experimental work until shortly before his death.

Reg was a superb lecturer and many will remember his technical talks so well delivered and illustrated. His practical skill was quite unique and to examine and operate equipment he had designed and built was a sheer joy. He put on the air the first amateur-built SSB station in this country, long before the Japanese era. Always helpful and sympathetic, it was a privilege to count him as a friend.

He is survived by a son and daughter; it was due to some difficulty in contacting them that this short tribute has been delayed.

PHOTOGRAPH: G0EAA



George Normanton, G3LUR, (left) receiving the G3YCC trophy from Frank Lee, G3YCC. The award was for members of the North Ferraby United ARS based on a points system for working stations on 144MHz FM. The runner up was Eric Frost, G4KEH.

# The Last Word

## TESTING TIME

May I start by wishing G0KRB's daughter (*Last Word*, March) the very best for May's RAE. I'm sure she'll do well

I can appreciate his argument as I discussed the same points with John Case when my son passed the RAE aged 11 (see this month's *Novice News* - Ed). It is true that at present there will be a small number of cases with this status.

After consideration, I have decided that the Novice course is the next step to be taken. As John pointed out, this course is not the RAE approach but a practical approach to amateur radio. Whilst appreciating that passing the RAE should allow operating, it certainly doesn't give any practical experience.

The two courses are different in objectives. I tutored my son for the RAE and am now tutoring a Novice course which my son, with the RAE, is taking. I can say he is enjoying it, learning to solder, use a meter, build a small AF amplifier etc.

I would feel troubled if an 11 year old had 100W or more unsupervised, much like them passing the driving test.

You may argue that passing the RAE is sufficient, but nothing replaces experience. My experience from also passing at a young age tells me so.

So lets encourage the youngsters to sit the RAE together with the Novice practical then at 14 we will have the next generation of good amateurs.

Keith Kahn G3RTU

## PHONE PATCH?

Why are UK amateurs not allowed to use 'phone patch'? I know it is against regulations, but why? I am sure a lot of other amateurs would like to have this facility.

Mark McIntyre G13YDH

## GERMAN-ENGLISH

As a ham, the *Author of Technical Writing for Radio Amateurs*, and a lifetime lover of the English language, I was struck by the facile clarity of Erwin David's translation of Karl Hille's description of his latest antenna (*Eurotek*, February).

I suspect collaboration between a clear thinking German and an excellent translator has produced what all technical writing must aim for: clarity, brevity, and good style.

Germany has long enjoyed a genre of technical writing which is popular in the best sense of the term; clear to all, without soaring upwards to complication nor downwards to condescension.

Much British writing in this field, alas, alternates between informing professors and entertaining children. Examples of both styles abound and it would be wounding to elaborate!

Perhaps the British technical public is destined to reap rather more from European unity than it is expecting?

Trevor Arlingstoll G0JOE  
(Novice Instructor)

## SPIT-TUNE

Re the letter 'Magnetic Loop Motor' (August), another very suitable geared DC motor is used for turning the spit on a popular home barbecue outfit. Replacements may be obtained costing under £5. This motor is reversible and is powered by a self-contained 1.5V U2 cell which can be removed and fitted in the antenna remote control unit.

I have been using such a motor for 18 months and it has provided excellent service. A Jackson slow-motion drive is fitted between the motor and the tuning capacitor. This increases the gear ratio such that it takes approximately 45s for 180° movement of the capacitor rotor, which is just about right for precise tuning.

I have not fitted interference suppression capacitors on the motor because when tuning up on 'receive', the slight hash it produces reaches a distinct peak at resonance, an extremely useful indicator. When tuning up on 'transmit' a sudden drop in SWR indicates resonance.

These motors are made in Hong Kong and Taiwan, and I can thoroughly recommend them to constructors of magnetic loop antennas.

K W Clark G3WIF

## A SWL IDEA

During the last few months, there have been articles and correspondence concerning the need for more young people in amateur radio. As a young person myself (18) who has recently become licensed, I thought it was time I added my thoughts to the discussion.

I believe that RSGB initiatives such as Project YEAR and the Novice Licence are a big step in the right direction, but the campaign is sadly misguided. The problem is that in today's throw-away society people want things quickly, especially the group of people these initiatives are aimed at. They want to go into a shop, buy all the latest and most fashionable gear, set it up at home, and start right away.

Even with the Novice Licence's reduced wait, it takes several months before you are able to transmit. Also, a course has to be taken, homework done and exams passed. Children are not particularly willing to increase their 'schoolwork' voluntarily.

There is, however, one aspect of amateur radio which can be accessed straight away, without the need for courses, exams etc. That is Short Wave Listening. There are many general coverage receivers on the market which can receive AM international broadcast stations and also resolve amateur SSB. There are also many excellent value kits which are easy to build and produce good quality receivers. In schools, SWLing could be linked with geography, history and current events as a powerful educational tool. And, by radio amateurs actively promoting short wave listening as well as amateur radio, people will enter both hobbies.

Having been an SWL myself for a short period of time, and knowing many now licensed amateurs who were SWLS for many years, I can vouch for the natural progression from SWL to transmitting amateur.

David Murray G7HME

## EDDYSTONE USERS

As a long time member, I wonder whether I can ask you to mention our group, the Eddystone User Group in a future issue?

We are in no way a competitor to *Radio Communication* as our six times yearly newsletter deals solely with items of interest to owners/users of Eddystone receivers. We now have over 200 members in 14 countries. Subscription is £7.50 a year for six issues, and for this we can offer technical and historical information (courtesy of Chris Pettit, Managing Director of Eddystone Radio Company), readers' contributions, free readers adverts and a featured receiver in each issue.

W E Moore, G7AIR

Please note that the views expressed in 'Last Word' are not necessarily those of the RSGB.

We reserve the right to edit letters and regret that we can no longer acknowledge them individually but will pass them on to the relevant department.

## SADDAM NUISANCE

I have been in Saudi Arabia for eight years and have occasionally operated from HZ1AB club station. However, since the invasion of Kuwait, this has been a no go area. I came to the UK for two weeks holiday at Christmas and was looking forward to some long hours of operating. I bought a half size G5RV and temporarily erected this in my postage-stamp garden. After considerable time and effort I managed to get my rig to give an output and was immensely pleased to get into a lengthy contact.

About five minutes after the QSO started (about 3pm), I received the proverbial knock at the door from an enraged neighbour who was getting RFI both on TV and radio. My children were already watching our TV without problems. I closed down and fired up again at 2.30 the following morning but everything was dead from 7MHz upwards. Later in the day I managed to raise a few local contacts on 40 which ended my Christmas operating.

Now I am back in the Gulf being kept awake most nights by sirens warning of SCUDS flying overhead and possible gas attacks. My only form of communication was the BBC World Service (long may it prosper) and CNN. The main advantage of CNN during the nightly raids was that you could see the man on the spot, in Dharhan, Riyadh, Tel Aviv and Jerusalem. Quite often, CNN had given the all-clear before the sirens in my location actually started, and several minutes before the BBC announced anything. It is clear that this kind of immediate communication has to be the medium of the future and may well change to such after all the reports come in when the war in the Gulf has finished.

Although amateur radio is allowed in Saudi Arabia, it belongs to a handful of princes, embassies and a single club station. In these times, amateur radio would be of great benefit and the pile ups would be phenomenal. Imagine my disappointment therefore, when I travelled 2000 miles to a free country and my neighbour thinks that TV at three in the afternoon is more important than a radio-starved ham's final few hours of fun.

Jeff Hambleton G4KIB/5B4YY/KB9EFU

## ROOF REPAIRS?

Despite the expenditure of £8,130 for repairs and maintenance to Headquarters, I note that a President's Roof Fund has been opened as £50,000 is required to repair the roof. I presume that a full structural survey was commissioned before the premises were purchased and I wonder what comments were made regarding the condition of the roof at that time.

Name and address supplied.

[There is nothing wrong with the roof of the Headquarters' building. The President's reference to the RSGB's 'roof' was a metaphorical one. He was simply comparing the need for donations to support the Society during the recession with the sort of fund raising associated with a Church Roof Fund. Sorry if we failed to make that clear. - Ed]

## PLANNING SUCCESS

Just a few lines to say "thank you" to the RSGB and Raynet for their help and support in our recent appeal to Leeds City Council for permission to erect our antennas. Needless to say, our appeal has been successful and, following completion of the installation work, we would like to mention Brett Rider, G4FLQ, from HQ who pointed us in the direction of Peter Chadwick, G3RZP, Chairman of the Technical and Publications Advisory Committee, who gave us valuable advice. Also Geoff Smith, G4AJJ, Zone A Council Member, who came to our rescue and headed our appeal and, last but not least, Gwenda Wardle, G1UDB, our Raynet Group controller for her help and support, and fellow radio amateurs who were ready to respond to our plea. Our grateful thanks to you all.

N Cappelluto G7GEV / B Cappelluto G7GEW

## RIDING HIGH

I wish to add my support to Mr Edward Ball's comments on the East Riding (*Last Word*, October '90).

My *RadCom* and GB2RS News addressed to me using Yorkshire arrives on time. I have helped the Yorkshire Riding's Society promote the three Ridings since 1974. I do not recognise Humberside as a place name or address, and will not enter any contests giving my location as HBS.

J Wresdell G3XYF

**THE END IS NIGH?**

I dispute that the cause of amateur radio's demise will be its failure to recruit. The cause will almost certainly be the continued and ever more expensive purchase of glossy 'do it all for you' equipment, of the kind seen over the past fifteen years.

The direct result of this is a loss of suppliers, with simple, ie *buildable* and *comprehensible* magazine circuits, which did not cost two arms and legs, which worked at switch on and which kept me at least experimenting.

Today, we have the far from normal case of youngsters, their enthusiasm and pride in their work thoroughly roused, who will shortly be faced with the task of finding upwards of £300 for just a receiver.

I hold no brief for any mode or technology; I deal with modern gear all day at work. However, I believe, and believe I am not alone, that what works well and is easy to build should be published, whether or not the parts are a little hard to find. By building such simple gear, the enthusiasm is kept alive, and another recruit held. Perhaps, later, another engineer will emerge who knows what he (or she) is talking about from experience.

Such equipment does still exist. The suppliers are still there, and I'm working on a few. Anyone who is serious about regenerative receivers, simple superhets (Clubman class of '68 please stand up) and easy AM transmitters can find me and others in the *Call Book*. But if you fail to support the suppliers, look no further than your latest (glossy) catalogue, please don't bother to call; go write the obituary notice, and don't expect to see me among the mourners, I'll probably be building something else.

Peter Brent G4LEG

**BE CONSTRUCTIVE**

What has become of our hobby? It would appear that in nearly every issue of *RadCom*, one finds one or more letters of complaint about some aspect of the hobby. It would seem that the spirit of amateur radio has completely disappeared. I do admit that on occasions some of the criticisms have been valid, but many others have been trivial.

Many of the complaints are quite simple to resolve just by using a little common sense. If someone is operating in a non acceptable way then he, or she, should be informed in such a way that there is no aggravation caused. That only serves to put the offender's back up. I do realise that there are operators who are twisted in their outlook, and who deliberately set out to cause trouble. I, myself, have suffered this at a personal level on 2m.

With regard to Contest working, it cannot be denied that in many cases, operating standards drop; however, in the main the standard of operating is very high. Let us be honest, it is not only Contests that cause QRM. What about the latest Jamboree on the Air. Some of the signals were atrocious to say the least, and on 40m there were virtually no free frequencies for other users. Frustrating - yes, but the idea is a good one and one can surely put up with the disappointment of not maintaining a regular sked for a short period.

With regard to a recent correspondent who complained about a certain magazine getting free publicity via a Contest. That is a lot of rot. Our own RSGB runs Contests, as does *Practical Wireless*. Personally, I feel that working in a Contest aids the technique of an operator, as well as giving many a rare Dx contact.

Let us stop moaning and get down to enjoying the hobby, and remember that non amateurs also read radio magazines and form their opinions on the hobby from what they read. It is a privilege to hold a licence, but it is only a licence to enable us to train ourselves to become better operators. So let us show the bad operators the proper way to operate, by our own example. Be constructive and not destructive.

DA Dhuglas GM4ELV

**SELL RADCOM**

Congratulations RSGB for surveying *RadCom* readers about their wishes, but why not consider a more radical move? Couldn't *RadCom* be treated as a separate commercial venture and priced accordingly, so that members could decide for themselves whether they wanted to buy it? A similar arrangement could be applied to the QSL Bureau and other services. Members would then pay a basic subscription to cover RSGB activities in representing radio amateurs, with supplements for the services they individually wanted.

M R Gershon, G4HIM

[This is, of course, a matter for the Council. Ed]

**COMPULSORY MEMBERSHIP**

I note with interest the letter from G7EHB concerning compulsory membership (*Last Word*, March). I recently made a similar suggestion.

I suggest that (a) the fee be collected on behalf of the DTI by the RSGB and (b) the total fee should be at least £30 of which the RSGB share - £18 - should cover the cost of collection and of full membership privileges.

Contrary to your editorial suggestion, I suggest that privatisation of the collection, plus the principle that everyone should pay for the services they receive, should appeal to the present government.

There would, doubtless, be some reduction in the number of licence holders but that would be a small price to pay for a prosperous society.

H L Gibson G2BUP

A thousand times yes. QSL!!

W S Rees GWONLB (United Arab Emirates)

I support G7EBH regarding compulsory membership of the RSGB. This would be an excellent thing, even if it only took the form of, say, an annual registration fee of a fiver or so for those requiring nothing more. This would not only improve the Society's strength and standing when dealing with official bodies, but would also make the Council more accountable to those they claim to represent and in whose interests they act.

We are already members of a 'closed shop'. We have to prove our proficiency in the 'trade', pay an annual 'subscription' and undertake not to bring the craft into disrepute by acting outside the conditions imposed by the chiefs. I am, of course, talking about the Amateur Licence.

I suggest the RSGB starts researching the possibilities immediately.

S G Price G0E1Y

Over the past three years of my membership of RSGB I have watched with interest and some disdain the comments of fellow hams regarding the cost of running the RSGB, and in particular its QSL Bureau. Many, it seems, are driven by wanting something for nothing, but G7EBH's letter prompted me to write in full agreement. There are some 66,500 Licensees in 'G', each of whom must pay £12 annually to the DTI.

Your half-yearly accounts give a figure of nearly £11,000 to run the Bureau. The annual cost, if equally shared to each licence, would be a little more than 30 pence. There must be a good case for putting this cost directly on the licence. Every ham, RSGB member or not, can then use the bureau.

In this way every licensee gets the bureau, whilst contributing in some small way to the Society which serves them so well. And the DTI goes some way towards recognising the sterling international work done for our country by the Society.

The RSGB earns us the right to enjoy our Hobby, we owe an obligation to support it in some small way whilst not becoming a 'compulsory member'.

R J Lee G0NGV

[These are typical of several letters received on this subject. None has been against the idea - Ed]

**RS232 AGAIN**

I feel I must write in response to Mr Lambley's letter in August *RadCom*, to point out several inaccuracies, namely that the correct designation of RS-232 is, in fact, RS-232C, the 'C' being the current revision of the interface's specification. The EIA is actually the Electronic Industries of America. The reason the Americans do not use V.24 is because a) they invented RS-232 in the late 1960s and, b) RS-232 and V.24 are electrically identical, and therefore compatible, the only real difference being that in the USA the interface is called RS-232C and in Europe it is called V.24.

J Caswell GW7HQL

**IS QRP THE ANSWER?**

As we move into the last decade of the 20th Century, may I offer the following hypothesis to our membership, and to our brothers and sisters world-wide.

If a world-wide agreement could be reached to reduce the maximum permitted power level on the HF bands to, say, 16dBW (about 40W) carrier, 22dBW (about 160W) PEP, many of the hobby's problems will eventually cease to exist.

I base my hypothesis on the following points which I have categorised to provide some brevity to this letter:

Falling Membership: Many would-be and newly licensed operators are put off by the mistaken belief that high power is required to make a contact across the world. The result being that those who are interested initially cannot afford the cost of such equipment, lose interest and therefore do not join the Society. Those who do join, having purchased such equipment, are faced with problems of TVI etc, lose interest and let their membership lapse.

Unnecessary use of High Power on the HF Bands: the experienced and not so experienced operator who has operated on the HF bands is aware that a communications link can be maintained with far less power currently used by, dare I say it, some 'stateside' stations. Where radio conditions deteriorate on one band, another can be used to complete the contact, from the fine selection we now have. Any legislation which restricts the use of high power can only help to reduce the sometimes chaotic conditions of our bands. Incidentally, I do accept that the RSGB has worked hard to provide the operator with higher levels of RF, but still think it unnecessary.

I foresee the knock-on effect of my proposed legislation resulting in less sophisticated equipment being required, therefore easier on the pocket where it must be purchased or, in the true spirit of the hobby, simple transmitters and receivers will be built. The consequences of this being an upturn in the number of interested individuals who will join the Society which, hopefully, will allow a reduction in the cost of membership.

Consequences of using less power - with operators in each country on a par as regards maximum permitted power, I foresee more practical use made of our nine HF bands with less crowding due to the necessary dispersion of stations in order to maintain a contact between two points. The problems of TVI will rapidly diminish as realisation that high power is not necessary dawns on the many. Towers adorned with stacked monoband aerials need not be the order of the day, together with their planning problems. The uninitiated will be enthralled to find that his neighbour can communicate around the world with a few watts from a tin box and a piece of wire - he, too, may even wish to do the same - let's introduce him to the Society! Falling membership - it won't exist - but this is where I came in!

Let us seriously consider the above. It may be the answer to all our problems. It will take some guts to instigate the required legislation but look at the benefits to be had from it.

RT Morrison G3VZP

**RALLY ROUND**

We, as with many other traders, attended our first rally at Glasgow on 15 September last (Scottish Convention).

I feel that the organisers should be complimented on their efforts to make their rally a success. I imagine that much of this was due to their Chairman, Tom Hughes, GM3EDZ, who did sterling work. One comment in their favour, and I think that all other rally organisers should take a leaf out of their book, not only did their helpers assist us to unload our equipment, but they also helped us load it again after the rally.

For this, we would like to say a personal thank you. Some other rally organisers help us unload, and some offer us coffee, for this I am sure we are all grateful. On the other hand, some give no help at all. To these people I say 'without traders, you have no rally. Facilities for traders are just as important as those for the punters'!

Gordon Crowhurst G4ZPY

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Now is the time to introduce the "STAFF" at the EXCHANGE CENTRE. You remember VALERIE, G4WIS. "WIS" has been with me for years, (she must have the patience of a saint!). Valerie helps with all the administration, invoices, answering the phone and lots more. The latest editions to the merry band are GRAEME G4XOF and CHRIS G8VDQ. Graeme helps with the continuing onslaught of SALES ENQUIRIES both in the shop and mail order, whilst CHRIS plods on sorting out all those niggling faults with your rigs and accessories. **Yes, we do offer unbeatable service for faulty equipment, both in price and turn-around times.** The final lady is JENNIFER, she stays in the background paying all the suppliers and sorting out the books - don't envy her job one bit!

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73 Martin G4HKS

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This year we are pleased to dedicate the whole event to the launch of the Novice Licence. This represents the culmination of years of hard work between the Training & Education Group of the RSGB and the Radiocommunications Agency of the DTI, and is the most important single event to have occurred in Amateur Radio during the last twenty years.

This exhibition is the largest amateur radio event in the UK and, apart from all the main traders who are present, you will have an opportunity to meet many of the RSGB Committees, the DTI, G-QRP Club, AMSAT-UK, RAFARS, BYLARA, RAYNET, Scouts, Guides and the German National Society (DARC). This year we have included, by popular request, a large 'flea market' area, and we know this will be well received. There is also a full lecture programme on Saturday the 27th and large stands incorporating the RSGB Bookstall and the Training & Education Advisory Group. The first prize in the lottery will be on display during the whole weekend, and the draw will take place on Sunday, the 28th at 3.30pm. Don't forget that tickets will be on sale at the RSGB Bookstall right up until 6pm on Saturday the 27th.

Four new RSGB books will be available at the show; the 1991 Callbook, The Beginner's Guide to Amateur Radio, Microwave Manual Vol.II, and the Space Radio Handbook, so be sure to visit the RSGB Bookstand and look for the special over the counter prices.

Enjoy your visit to THE show, and have a safe journey home.

John Case, GW4HWR,  
President

# WATERS & STANTON

SEE US AT OUR NEC STANDS C12 & D21

SUPER DEALS

## FIRST IN EUROPE!

2 METRE HANDHELD

+

AM VHF AIRBAND

RX 108MHz-174MHz

850MHz-910MHz



Alinco

### DJ-160EA

£229!

The DJ-160EA is the natural progression from the DJ-160E. Exactly the same package but with a much wider receiver coverage and the addition of AM airband, a first in handhelds. The wide frequency range coupled with all the standard features of the DJ-160E give the new DJ-160EA an unrivalled specification. Standard features include 3 or 0.5 watts output, LCD display, keypad selection, rotary frequency control, 21 memories, scan and priority, reverse repeater, 5-25kHz steps, DTMF decoder, auto power off, DC-DC 12V converter, 700mAh pack, rapid AC charger. Add to this AM airband, receiver coverage from 108-174MHz plus 850-910MHz and you will see why this has to be the handheld for 1991!

Also available:  
DJ-460E — 70cms £229  
RX 415 — 469MHz option.

## MICROSET AMPLIFIERS SUPERB VALUE



### R25

R25 2m (GaAs FET Rx Amp) is ideal for most popular handhelds. It requires a drive of between 1-4 watts and provides a 9dB power gain with maximum output of 30 watts. Being linear it can be used for SSB/CW/FM.

£79

### RV45

RV45 2m (GaAs FET Rx Amp) is ideal for higher powered rigs of between 3-15 watts. A power gain of 6.5dB offers a maximum power output of 45 watts. SSB/CW/FM

£99

### R50

R50 2m (GaAs FET Rx Amp) is a high gain power amplifier having a maximum output of 50 watts and will accept inputs of 1-7 watts. SSB/CW/FM.

£99

### SR100

SR100 2m (GaAs FET Rx Amp) provides 100 watts output and is ideal for 25 watt mobiles. Being linear it will operate SSB/CW/FM.

£159

### RU 20

RU20 70cm (GaAs FET Rx Amp). A lovely little 70cms power amplifier giving a maximum output of 20 watts for drive levels of 1-3 watts. SSB/CW/FM.

£129

### NEW! VVR-30

Dual band 30 watt

£229

## HF STATION SPECIAL DEALS!

**FREE!**

**MICROSET PT110 PSU  
WORTH £119**

when you buy one of these hf transceivers

Kenwood TS850S



### TS850S

£1,295 inc PSU

The Kenwood TS850S has taken the market by storm. A superb HF transceiver whose design and performance are unequalled in this price bracket. There's also a host of interesting accessories to upgrade it.

Kenwood TS140S



### TS140S

£862 inc PSU

The Kenwood TS140S is a superb budget hf rig from the top manufacturer of hf equipment. Its size makes it ideal for mobile or base operation and it can be thoroughly recommended for those on a budget.

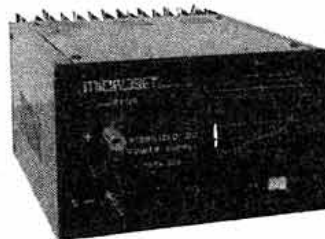
ICOM IC725



### IC725

£759 inc PSU

The ICOM IC725 is proving extremely popular because of its size, price and reputation. This transceiver coupled with our free AC PSU offer represents an absolute bargain!



### PT120 — £119

The PT120 AC PSU is superbly built to last. Ultra reliable, it has over voltage and over current protection and makes the ideal companion for 100 watt hf transceivers. There really is little point in paying high prices for something that spends all its life underneath the bench. The PT120 provides 20 amps continuously and 25 amps peak and weighs 7.8kg, size is 200 x

300 x 130mm. Since its introduction in July we have sold several hundred and it has been extensively tested by us for suitability and reliability. All this absolutely free when you purchase one of the listed transceivers.

## SAGANT HF DX ZEPPE

A range of classic end fed Zepps that need no atu, just 50 ohm direct connection. Better than a dipole!

ZA-3.5F 100 watts 132ft long. Absolutely complete ..... £55  
ZA3.5 100 watts half size 68ft long. Complete ..... £72  
ZA-7 100 watts 66ft long. Ready to go! ..... £49  
ZA-7R 100 watts 33ft half size. Super performer! ..... £69  
ZA-14 400 watts 33ft end fed. Super for DX ..... £55

12 MONTHS FULL WARRANTY

INSTANT CREDIT



# ALINCO

## The Serious Alternative!

**£339**

### DJ-560E Dual-Bander 2m-70cm (Rx: 137-180/400-520MHz Option)

This latest dual band handheld from ALINCO represents truly amazing value. In one package it forms a complete dual band station with a multitude of facilities that makes it totally user-programmable. You can personalise it to precisely meet your requirements.

Beautifully engineered, both technically and mechanically, this transceiver takes you into the realms of "high tech" communications whilst retaining simplicity of operation. Indeed, no other transceiver available offers all these facilities as standard!

At the heart of the DJ-560E are two quite separate transceiver sections that share the same logic control, yet provide quite separate volume and squelch controls for each band. The benefit of twin display, twin audio outputs and duplex operation provides almost limitless possibilities. Just as interesting is the optional receiver extension range to cover 130-174/400-520MHz. Add to this full DTMF and full tone squelch (CTSS), and you will see why all the waiting for the DJ-560E has been so worthwhile.

Of course we could go on by mentioning the 40 memories, multi-scan modes, programmable functions, auto dial, power saver, 700mAh pack, DC:DC converter etc. etc. But why not come and see for yourself this miracle of engineering or send for the colour leaflet. Each unit has a full 12 months parts and labour warranty backed up by the service skills of one of the oldest companies in the business.



## Get "A HEAD!"

### ALINCO DR-590E

**£499**

Remote  
Cable £25.95



**2m/70cms**

Will your dual band rig fit into a space as small as 6" x 2" x 1"? That's just how much room you need to mount the new DR-590 with the optional remote cable kit. The wafer thin head quickly detaches from the main body and using a unique side entry cable can be flat mounted taking up a depth of only 1". Of course the transceiver can still be used in the conventional manner without the optional cable assembly, but whichever way you use it you'll have at your finger tips one of the most advanced dual band mobile transceivers available.

Typical of ALINCO "value for money" concept, it's feature packed with every facility you are ever likely to need. As well as the optional receive coverage of 137-174/410-470MHz, facilities include, Dual Watch, Dual Control, Full Duplex, Programmable Scanning, 38 memories, Auto Repeater Memory, Auto Band Exchange, 3 Transmit Powers (Max 45W), Bell Function, Light Function, Reverse Function, Priority Mute, 6 Channel Steps, etc.

Retail and Mail Order: 22 Main Road, Hockley, Essex SS5 4QS. Tel: (0702) 206835/204965

Retail Only: 12 North Street, Hornchurch, Essex. Tel: (04024) 44765

VISA & ACCESS MAIL ORDER, 24 Hour Answerphone. Open 6 Days a Week 9am-5.30pm.

Rail: Liverpool St. / Hockley or District Line / Hornchurch

**ALL MAJOR BRANDS STOCKED**

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TONNA  
DIAMOND  
PAKRATT  
AOR  
ERA

YOU WILL ALWAYS GET THE BEST DEAL AT

# ARROW

SEE US AT

# NEC

CASH BARGAINS

SEE NEW MODELS

**ALL MAJOR BRANDS ON OFFER  
MANY MAJOR ITEMS AVAILABLE —  
INTEREST FREE!**

## DUAL BAND HANDHELD TRANSCEIVERS

EXPANDED RECEIVE CAPABILITY AVAILABLE

 <p><b>IC-24ET ICOM</b> <b>£349!!</b> CASH PRICE</p>	 <p><b>TH-77E KENWOOD</b> <b>£389</b> or <b>£130</b> DEP + 9 x £28.77</p>	 <p><b>FT470R YAESU INC</b> FNB10+CHARGER <b>£399</b> CASH PRICE</p>	 <p><b>C528 STANDARD</b> <b>£379</b> or <b>£127</b> DEP + 9 x £28</p>
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## H.F. TRANSCEIVERS WITH GENERAL COVERAGE

 <p><b>NEW TS850S KENWOOD</b> <b>£1,295</b> LIMITED AVAILABILITY</p>	 <p><b>IC-735 BARGAIN!!</b> <b>£899</b> CASH PRICE</p>	 <p><b>FT747GX YAESU</b> <b>£549</b> LIMITED QUANTITY!</p>	<p><b>JST135</b> <b>£1,195</b> or <b>£399</b> DEP + 9 x £88.33</p>
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## RECEIVERS AND SCANNERS

<p><b>NEW!</b> <b>NRD535</b> <b>£1,095</b> LIMITED AVAILABILITY</p>	 <p><b>AR1000 AOR</b> <b>£249</b> or <b>£83</b> DEP + 9 x £18.44</p>	<p><b>NEW!</b> <b>MVT7000</b> £POA</p>	 <p><b>IC-R72 ICOM</b> <b>£599</b> CASH PRICE</p>
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## DUAL BAND MOBILE TRANSCEIVERS

<p><b>NEW!</b> <b>TM702 KENWOOD</b> <b>£449</b> or <b>£150</b> DEP + 9 x £33.22</p>	 <p><b>C5608D STANDARD</b> <b>£649</b> or <b>£217</b> DEP + 9 x £4</p>	<p><b>NEW!</b> <b>FT5200 YAESU</b> £POA</p>	 <p><b>IC3220E ICOM</b> <b>£459</b> CASH PRICE</p>
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## COMET ANTENNA

'The effective aerial'

### 3 NEW ANTENNAE

- B10 — Black mini dual bander, non radial **£16.65**
- B20 — Black slim line, dual bander **£23.20**
- CHA6 — Vertical for 80, 40, 20, 15, 10 and SIX with loaded radials **£225**

GPX2010 Highest Gain Dual Band Base antenna in the WORLD!

- 7.9 Metres long 9.5dB/2M 13.2 dB/70cms ..... **£142.95**
- CDS150 DISCONE in S/Steel 25/1300 Mhz ONLY ..... **£59.95**
- CHL72S NEW 2/Band BNC whip for Dual Band Handhelds ..... **£11.85**
- NON RADIAL: Mobile antennas independent of vehicle ground plans
- CHL21J 144/432 Mhz, Unity/2.15dB, 100W Only 29cms long ..... **£14.49**
- CHL23J 144/432 Mhz 2.15dB/3.8dB 100W Only 44 metres ..... **£16.95**
- CHL24J 144/432 Mhz 2.15dB/5dB 100W 0.8 metres long ..... **£25.30**
- CHL250H 144/432 Mhz 3.0dB/5.5dB 200 Watts 0.95 metres long ..... **£32.80**

- 2x4 Series + Triband mobiles and base station antennas
- 2x4M 144/432 Mhz 4.5/7.2dB 150 watt 1.53 metres ..... **£37.65**
- 2x4 SERIES & DUAL BANDERS featuring the unique super linear converter system
- 2x4MAX 144/432 Mhz 8.5dB/11.9dB 200 Watt 5.4 metres "N" G. Fibre ..... **£99.95**
- 2x4WX 144/432 Mhz 6.5/9.0dB 200W 3.18 metres Glassfibre ..... **£78.95**
- 2x4SUPER II 144/432 Mhz 6.8.4dB 200W 2.43 metres Glassfibre ..... **£77.35**
- 2x4FX Compact 144/432 Mhz 4.5/7.2dB 200W 1.79 metres ..... **£55.80**

- DUPLEX & TRIPLEX Zinc alloy discast
- CFX5140 50/144/432 Mhz 800/800/500 Watt PEP 55dB isolation ..... **£38.10**
- CF413N 432/1296 Mhz 500/200W PEP 55dB isolation "N" ..... **£36.65**
- CF416 144/432 Mhz 800/500W PEP 60dB isolation ..... **£26.80**

- SR Series to order only. MONO BANDER MOBILE ANTENNAS
- CA285 5/8 wave 3.5dB 300Watt 1.32 Metres Base loaded ..... **£15.00**
- CA287C 7/8 wave 52.2dB 200W 1.89 metres double co-phase ..... **£22.50**
- CA430TM 3 x 5/8 wave 432 Mhz 6.8dB 150W 1.47 metres ..... **£29.95**

- MONOBAND BASE ANTENNAS
- ABC21 5/8wave Ground Plane 144 Mhz 3.4dB 200W 1.4 metres ..... **£24.50**
- ABC22A 2 x 5/8 wave 144 Mhz 6.5dB 2.87 metres ..... **£36.00**
- ABC23 3 x 5/8 wave 144 Mhz 7.8dB 200 W 4.5 metres ..... **£58.50**
- ABC71 5/8 wave ground plane 432 Mhz 3.4dB 54 metres ..... **£21.56**
- ABC72 2 x 5/8 wave GP.432 Mhz 200W 5.8dB 1.07 metres ..... **£34.85**
- CA712EF 432 Mhz Twelve x Half wave/ 9.5dB 3.10 metres ..... **£55.00**

- HF & 50 MHZ
- CHA-5 Vertical with Loaded Radials for 80/40/20/15/10 M 200W SSB 5.29 Metres: Features trifoliar wound toroidal core ..... **SPECIAL OFFER £199.00**
- 52HB4 4 El.HB9CV Beam 10.4dB for 50 mhz 400W SSB 3.2M ..... **£67.90**
- CBL30 HF 1.7 — 30 Mhz Balun 1:1 1kw ..... **£20.85**

- CRZ/DISCONE & HANDHELD ANTENNAS
- CRZ12DB A Unique wide band Active antenna 500Hz to 1500 Mhz 1.24 Metres with controller ..... **£96.30**
- CDS180 Discone 28-1300Mhz + TX 6/2/70/23 ..... **£69.50**
- CRZ-07 Mobile Wide-band Active ..... **£66.50**

See the superb range of Comet antennas at our shops or rallies inc NEC  
Performance with economy from Comet  
*"The effective aerial"*

SAVE MONEY WITH OUR

## 0% FINANCE

Our zero interest terms are available on many major items, see examples in this ad. Please call for a quote on your choice — Arrow sell all major brands as authorised dealers.

# ARROW RADIO

For a good deal - a fair deal - the best deal

### HEAD OFFICE:

5 The Street, Hatfield Peverel,  
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Fax: 0245 381436  
Hours: 9-5 (Closed Thursdays)

### GLASGOW:

Unit 17  
Six Harmony Row  
Govan  
Glasgow  
Scotland G51 3BA  
Tel: 041 445 3060  
Hours: 8.30-5.30 Mon-Fri  
(closed Saturday)

### WIGAN:

Greensway Arcade  
Garrard Street  
Ashton-in-Makerfield  
Wigan, Lancs  
Tel: 0942 713405

### LEICESTER:

DAVE FOSTER (Agent)  
Telephone: 0533 608189  
Latest calls  
8.30pm please!



YOUR ORDER CAN BE TELEPHONED WITH CREDIT CARD DETAILS & DESPATCHED IMMEDIATELY!  
FREE FINANCE ON MANY MAJOR ITEMS AT RRP.  
(Ask for details of qualifying items — see examples above).



## PROGRAMME OF EVENTS

### OPENING TIMES

**Saturday 27th**  
Doors open 1000  
Doors close 1800

**Sunday 28th**  
Doors open 1000  
Doors close 1700

### ADMISSION

£3, concessionary rate £1.50 (*includes free parking and shuttle service to hall 7*).

Children under 12 years of age (accompanied by adult) free of charge.

Concessionary rates for groups of 25 or more.

### LECTURE PROGRAMME (Saturday only)

*All lectures are held on the first floor above the exhibition hall (Hall 7), in Seminar Room 1.*

- 1030** "The Saga of a Homebrew Rig", by Peter Lindsley, G3PDL  
**1145** "AROS and the Amateur Bands", by Geoff Griffiths, G3STG, RSGB  
*Radio Observation Service Co-ordinator.*  
**2000** "Polar Communications", by Lawrence Howell, GM4DMA, Member of  
*the North Pole 90 Expedition.*  
**1515** "Sporadic E", by Geoff Grayer, G3NAQ, Chairman of the RSGB Propa-  
*gation Studies Committee*

### MORSE TESTS (Saturday only).

**These must be booked in advance with RSGB.**

*All morse tests are held on the first floor above the exhibition hall (Hall 7) in Room 4.*

10am - 11.30am

### LOTTERY DRAW

Sunday, 28th April at 3.30pm

Drawn by the Project YEAR Video star Jim Bacon, G3YLA, of Anglia TV, and other notable radio amateurs.

Master of Ceremonies - Ron Broadbent, G3AAJ, AMSAT-UK

Talk-in on 2 metres, S22

The National Convention and Exhibition is organised by the Exhibition and Rally Committee of the Radio Society of Great Britain

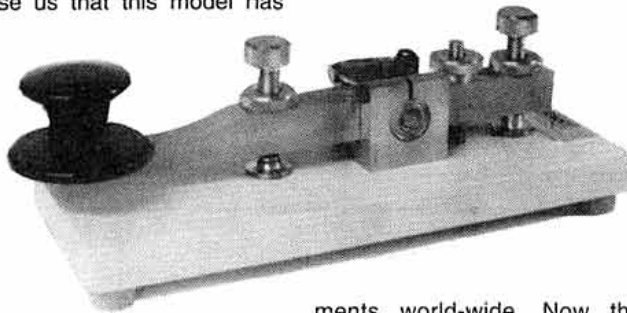


# RSGB NEC91 PRODUCT NEWS

We asked exhibitors to tell us what products would be launched or featured at the NEC. Here are their replies . . . .

## R.A. KENT (ENGINEERS) (Stand K1)

Kent are releasing the 'Professional' Model KT1 Morse Key to the amateur radio enthusiast for the first time at the NEC. They advise us that this model has



proved so successful that some 25,000 have been supplied over the past four years exclusively to military and training establish-

ments world-wide. Now the amateur radio enthusiast has the opportunity to acquire the 'Professional' key with professional performance!



## SISKIN ELECTRONICS LTD (Stand B2)

Siskin Electronics are demonstrating yet another application of putting Packet Radio to good use; this time for finding out about weather conditions up to hundreds of miles away by remote control.

The Kantronics KTU Node simply connects directly into the RS-232 port of any TNC providing a remote weather station which may be polled from any conventional Packet Radio network in the same way one might access a BBS or Personal Mailbox. The KTU Node will support multiple users and will even store historical information about recent weather conditions at the site for future analysis. Up to

seven sensors may be connected to the unit providing information such as temperature, wind speed and direction etc. Any type of TNC may be inter-linked into the KTU node or even a Hayes compatible telephone modem!

Other products on show will be the prototype TINY 2 256k memory expansion board, the much publicised DSP from AEA, the Kantronics Data Engine now with G3RUH compatible 9600 modems (designed by the man himself) and Siskin's new ATARI ST packet driver program. Siskin will of course be carrying its full range of Packet radio TNCs and accessories for those keen to put a dent in their Barclaycard!

The information below is compiled from information sent in by the manufacturers and distributors concerned. Details are published in good faith but the RSGB cannot be held responsible for false or exaggerated claims made in the source material.

## SOUTH MIDLANDS COMMUNICATION LTD (Stand C2, C6)

SMC is showing three of their latest Yaesu products. The FT-990 all mode HF Transceiver combines the easy operation and features of the FT-1000 with a number of recent advances, such as a very quiet switching-mode AC power supply and digital switched-capacitance filters. Power output is adjustable up to 100W and receive frequency range is 100kHz-30MHz.

The new FT-26 and FT-76 VHF and UHF transceivers are 'sub compact' hand held models weighing only 360g and sized at a mere 55 x 117 x 33mm. Scanning is available on 53 freely tunable memory channels and the DTMF-based selective calling facilities are entirely front panel controlled.

Two new dual band mobile transceivers are on show. The FT-5200 2m/70cm and FT-6200 70/23cm rigs offer a variety of new innovations including a built-in antenna diplexer and a digital voice option providing recording and playback of both received signals and messages for transmission. The front panels of both models can be removed by a simple latch for mounting remotely.

## NEVADA COMMUNICATION (Stand B11)

NEVADA were recently appointed UK distributor of the Yupiteru range of radios and are showing the new MVT-7000 handheld scanner for the first time at this year's NEC Exhibition.



The MVY-7000 will receive, with continuous coverage, from 100kHz - 1300MHz. The radio has 200 memories and will receive AM/FM/FM-Wide modes. The set has its own internal Ni-Cad batteries but may be run from an external 12V DC supply. Nevada say the sensitivity of the first sample was exceptional. Retailing at £289 they feel sure this radio will be very popular.





## ARE COMMUNICATIONS LTD (Stand C7)

The exciting new NRD-535 HF receiver is central to the ARE display at this year's show. Covering 100kHz to 30MHz, this remarkable receiver is a triple superhet of advanced specification with facilities for SSB, CW, AM, FM, RTTY and FAX reception. A truly professional level radio for the most discerning of amateurs. ARE will also be featuring the new Kenwood TS-8505 100W HF rig.

## CAP.CO ELECTRONICS LTD (Stand B4)

In addition to their established range of HF components, Aerial Tuning Units and Magnetic Loop Antennas for the higher frequencies, CAP.CO are displaying their new **Complete and Kit-form Loop Antennas for the lower frequencies.**

The Loop capacitors, with or without motor, have been designated CAP-L2 or CAP-L2M covering 3.5 - 11MHz and CAP-L3 or CAP-L3M covering 1.8 - 4.2MHz. These capacitors are built to the same quality specification but to a different design to the conventional capacitors, enabling the greatest tuning range to be achieved.

CAP.CO are also introducing the **AS-305R, a remote version of the popular Aerial Switching Unit** which enables the amateur to operate several aeri- als at once without the need to keep changing plugs. Rated at a power handling capacity of up to 3kW, they incorporate the unique CAP.CO relay switching system which ensures all aeri- als are earthed when not in use.

It comes complete with the remote mast-mounted unit and a small control box for in-shack control of up to four aeri- als. There is a considerable saving of the amount of feeder cable when using this device. Price £82.50.

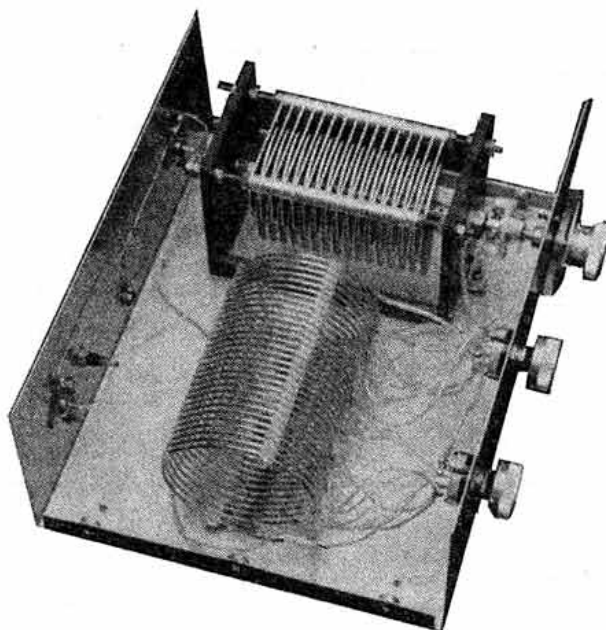
Finally, they are demonstrating the **SPC-100 Antenna Tuning Unit**, a small-budget priced L & C Match covering impedance range of 6:1 max. The power rating is 300W PEP and price is £85.80.



## LAKE ELECTRONICS (Stand P9, P10)

A new **Top Band QRP transceiver kit** priced at only £87.50 is Lake's star exhibit. Offering 2W CW output from 1.8 - 1.9MHz, the DTR1 is the companion rig to

the 80 and 40m kits, both of which continue to be much in demand and are available at the stand together with a full range of QRP accessories.



## W.H. WESTLAKE (Stand S5)

W.H. Westlake will be offering for sale an **extended range of connectors.** Of special interest will be the special N Plugs which Greenpar have designed to fit the WESTFLEX 103 low loss coaxial cable. These have been specially designed with a larger hole in the centre pin in order that the cable can be fitted without filing down the centre conductor - they are priced at £5 each inc VAT.

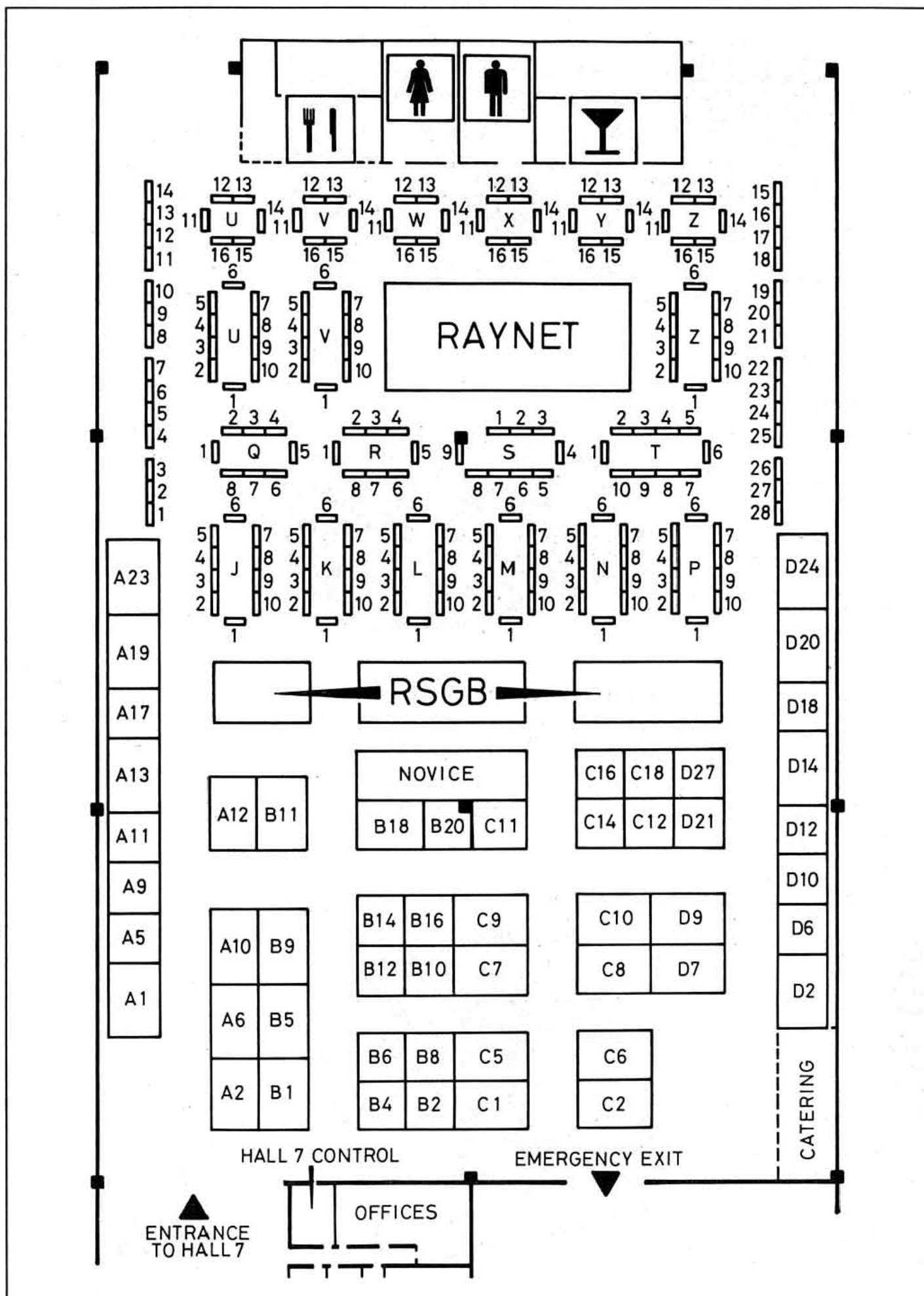
Incidentally, we hear that, during the past few months, orders for Westflex 103 and connectors have been obtained by the many authorities operating in the Gulf war, in order to assist with communications and broadcasting.

Also available at the show will be a very wide range of **Mil spec RF adaptors** - both between and inter series - having been bought in a large factory clearance lot; these will be sold at below manufacturers cost price.

There have been many requests for a **stranded copper aerial wire** in the past, and Westlake have had a large batch specially made. This will be also on sale at the show. It will be easier to use and cheaper than either 14 or 16SWG single copper wire.

## RSGB NEC91 PRODUCT NEWS

*continued on page xvi*





# **RSGB NEC91 National Convention and Exhibition**

## **List of Exhibitors**

AJP	27	Marco Trading	R1-R8
AMSAT	C5	Marlec	J7
ARE	C7	Martin Lynch	A6
Arrow Radio	B12, B14	Merlin Systems	U6-U10
Astley Video Services	P7, P8	MFM Supplies	Q6, Q7
BAC UK	X12	Morgan Smith	V11
Badger Boards	U11-14	Nevada	B11
Barenco	15	New Cross	M6
Bonex	4	Newton Engraving	J1
BYLARA	10	Novice Licence Information	B20, B22, C13
Capco	B4	Paddle Keys	L1
Carrs Electronics	K9, K10	Practical Wireless	A12
Cirkit	B6	Procomm UK	Z6-Z9
Computer Junk Shop	19	Qualitas	U16
DARC	C18, D27	Radio Bygones	8
Deecom	A10	Radiocommunications	
Demonstration Station (Solihull ARS)	D18	Agency (DTI)	C10
Dewsbury	D12	RAFARS	A19
Display Elec	Y11	Raynet	WXY (static display)
Dressler UK	A9, A11	RF Engineering	18
Eastern Communications	C9	Rich Elec	S2
Electrical Surplus Supplies	N1	Richard White	Z11, Z16
G-QRP	B16	RNARS	A17
Garex Electronics	K2-K7	RN Electronics	P1
Gemini Electronics	Z12	RSGB Books	
Giacomelli	11	RSGB Committees	
Grosvenor	X15	RSGB Information Point	
Guides	C11	Scouts	B18
Heatherlite	D24, D20	SGS Electronics	S1-S4
Hollywood Business Supplies	U15	Siskin	B2
Howes	24	SMC	C2, C6
Icom UK Ltd	A1, A5	Stevens Elec	Q2
JAB Electronics	U15, U16	Strumech	A2
J & P	1	Tar Communications	V1-10
Jandek	Q1	Technical Software	23
Kent	K1	Technology Partners	Q1
Lake Electronics	P9, P10	WAB	J6
Loutronics	U1	Waters & Stanton	D21, C12
Lowe Electronics	C14, C16	Westlake	S5
M & B Radio	B11	Wiermead	W11
Mainline	J9	Wilson	M1
		.... and many others	



# HUGE DISCOUNTS FOR RSGB MEMBERS ONLY . . .

NEC COUNTER PRICES ONLY  
NON-MEMBERS MEMBERS

**Amateur Radio Awards Book** £9.54 £6.00

*Cris Henderson, G4FAM*

3rd edition, 186 pages

A recently updated and much enlarged compilation of all the world's popular and obscure awards suitable for the avid parchment chaser or casual QSL card collector. Fully referenced and with many check lists.

**Amateur Radio Operating Manual** £6.80 £5.00

*Ray Eckersley, G4FTJ*

3rd edition, 204 pages

This well-known book not only makes an interesting read for the new or experienced amateur, but makes an excellent reference book for the shack. Topics covered include DX operating, contests, mobile, RTTY, satellites and includes a 38-page appendix containing detailed information on each country's licensing details and prefixes.

**The Bright Sparks of Wireless** £9.98 £8.00

*by George Jessop, G6JP*

90 pages hardback

This is the story of the real experimenters; the radio amateurs from Marconi to the 'secret listeners' of WWII, who laid down the foundations of circuits and procedures all radio users now take for granted. *Bright Sparks* traces the development of circuits and aeriels and places them in context with personalities and incidents, adding detail and human interest to the history of this fascinating period.

**G-QRP Club Circuit Book** £6.76 £5.00

*George Dobbs, G3RJV*

96 pages

If you like construction, and want to build some simple circuits that work, this is the book. It is a pot pourri of eight years of the best articles that have appeared in *Sprat* - the journal of the G-QRP Club.

**HF Antennas For All Locations** £5.96 £5.00

*Les Moxon, G6XN*

260 pages

This book explains the "why" as well as "how" of hf antennas, and takes a critical look at existing designs in the light of latest developments.

**How to Pass the RAE** £6.66 £5.00

*Clive Smith, G4FZH and George Benbow, G3HB*

2nd edition, 84 pages

Multiple choice questions may look easy, but they are not - especially if you have not sat an exam for years. As the RAE is held only twice a year, it makes good sense to optimise your chances of passing so that you do not have to wait another six months. This book contains some excellent practical advice on how to tackle the exam and has nine sets of typical papers (and their answers) on which to practice.

**Microwave Handbook Vol 1** £16.31 £10.00

*Mike Dixon, G3PFR*

224 pages

A brand-new book giving practical advice for the microwave enthusiast. This volume deals with operating techniques, antennas, transmission lines and devices.

NEC COUNTER PRICES ONLY  
NON-MEMBERS MEMBERS

**Novice Licence Students' Notebook** £3.78 £3.21

*by John Case, GW4HWR*

70 pages

This is the official text book for the RSGB Novice Licence Training Course. Spiral bound for ease of use, the book is essential reading for the prospective Novice Licensee.

**Morse Code for the Radio Amateur** £3.62 £3.08

*Margaret Mills, G3ACC*

6th edition, 20 pages

This favourite book for many years contains words of wisdom for the novice and graded and timed passages for the tutor to send to the students.

**Practical Wire Antennas** £7.92 £6.00

*John Heys, G3BDQ*

96 pages

Wire antennas offer one of the most cost-effective ways to put out a good signal on the HF bands, and this practical guide to their construction has something to interest every radio amateur on a budget. Theory has been kept to a minimum - instead, the author has shared his years of experience in the field.

**RAE Manual** £6.66 £5.00

*George Benbow, G3HB*

12th edition, 129 pages

This is the standard text book that almost every radio amateur has studied in order to pass the RAE. The author is an experienced course tutor and this knowledge is reflected in the style and presentation of the material. The book reflects just the RAE syllabus, so the student is not distracted by any extraneous facts.

**Radio Auroras** £7.05 £5.00

*by Charlie Newton, G2FKZ*

92 pages

During the late 1940s, Scottish and Scandinavian radio amateurs were among the first to notice the strange 'hissing steam' CW signals emanating from the north during the 'northern lights'. As powerful FM broadcasting was introduced in the '50s, long distance reception was found to be possible via the aurora. Soon radio amateurs were using auroras for two-way contacts, to the astonishment of the professionals. Later, they were to make a significant scientific contribution to our understanding of this fascinating phenomenon.

*Radio Auroras* tells that story, one of which radio amateurs can be proud, and gives an account of how auroras are caused, how they can be forecast, and how best to use them to work DX. Anyone interested in the experimental side of radio propagation will welcome this unique guide written by someone who has been researching this field for over 30 years.

**Radio Communication Handbook** £11.42 £9.00

5th edition, 779 pages

First published in 1938 and a favourite ever since, this large and comprehensive guide to the theory and practice of amateur radio takes the reader from first principles right through to such specialised fields as slow-scan television and amateur satellite communication. Excellent value for money.

SEE RADIO COMMUNICATION FOR MAIL ORDER PRICE LIST





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**R.F.Byrne's Unpublished Masterpieces**      **£3.55**      **£2.00**

*by Paul Thompson, G6MEN*

52 pages

Love him, or hate him, there is something for everyone in this collection of R.F.Byrne cartoons, never previously published. Full of instantly recognisable characters, this is an ideal book for the radio amateur who enjoys a laugh.

**VHF/UHF Manual**      **£10.24**      **£7.50**

*George Jessop, G6JP*

4th edition, 511 pages

The standard textbook on theory, techniques and equipment for amateur radio transmission and reception at frequencies from 30MHz to 24GHz.

**Amateur Radio Logbook**      **£2.38**      **£2.02**

A4, 96 pages, spiral wire bound

The standard fixed-station logbook. The wire binding gives easy fold-back to save space and the large A4 size ensures plenty of space for notes.

**Mobile Logbook**      **£1.66**      **£1.41**

5.75" x 4.25", spiral wire bound, 32 pages

A small logbook to keep in the car so that you can keep track of your mobile operating.

**Receiving Station Logbook**      **£3.15**      **£2.68**

50 pages

Especially designed for the listener to the amateur bands, this logbook includes three columns for RST reports: given, received and at the SWL station.

**Great Circle DX Map**      **£2.35**      **£2.00**

Wall: 3 colour 24" x 31.75" and desk: A4 printed in black.

This popular station accessory shows the bearing in degrees from London of any DX station and is invaluable for the HF operator using a directional antenna. The wall map is plastic laminated for extra durability.

**Locator Map of Europe**      **£1.29**      **£1.10**

Wall: printed in black, 22" x 24.5" and desk: A4 printed in black

Covers whole of Europe from Iceland and Finland to North Africa and the Black Sea. Shows the medium locator squares, eg KN80, as well as country prefixes.

**Locator Map of Western Europe**      **£0.49**      **£0.42**

Wall: printed in blue and black 36.5" x 49"

Shows the full IARU locator squares, eg JN36BF, for the whole of the British Isles, Southern Norway, Denmark, France, Northern Spain and Italy.

## NEC COUNTER PRICES ONLY

NON-MEMBERS MEMBERS

**World Prefix Map**      **£2.45**      **£2.08**

This is a superb multi-coloured wall map measuring approximately 1200mm x 830mm. It shows amateur radio country prefixes worldwide, world time zones, IARU locator grid squares, and much more.

**Software Register**      **£1.-08**      **£0.92**

A multi-page list with brief details of where to obtain programs relating to amateur radio for all the common home computers.

**Discover the world of Amateur Radio with RSGB**      **£0.53**      **£0.45**

11.5" x 2.25"

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**I Love Amateur Radio**      **£0.72**      **£0.61**

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**I'm on the air with amateur radio**      **£0.72**      **£0.61**

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**I'm monitoring .5 are you?**      **£0.72**      **£0.61**

3.25" x 6.75"

Black on yellow

**RSGB Emblem (members only)**      **£0.60**

**Ties (members only)**      **£4.12**

A selection of good quality ties containing the RSGB logo. Available in navy, maroon, green and coffee colours.

### Callsign lapel badges

A range of four different styles of badge are available - two with just the RSGB diamond and two with space to have your callsign engraved. Different colours are available according to the length of continuous RSGB membership.

### Radio Communication Bound Volumes

Just the thing if you want to refer to articles before you joined RSGB or simply desire a tidy bookcase.

## NEW BOOKS FROM RSGB - AVAILABLE FOR THE FIRST TIME AT THE NEC!

(see December *RadCom* page 55 for details)

- Space Radio Handbook
- Amateur Radio for Beginners
- The 1991/92 Call Book and Information Directory
- Microwave Handbook Vol 2

SEE RADIO COMMUNICATION FOR MAIL ORDER PRICE LIST



# PROJECT YEAR

PROJECT  
YEAR

Youth into Electronics  
via Amateur Radio

## Youth into Electronics via Amateur Radio

Project YEAR is a major initiative launched by the RSGB's patron HRH Prince Philip, the Duke of Edinburgh, at our 75th Anniversary National Convention at the NEC in 1988.

Actively supported by the UK Government and by the electronics industry, Project YEAR is about promoting and fostering an interest in electronics in young people through the self-training aspects of amateur radio. Experience has shown that this enjoyable hobby can frequently lead to a successful and rewarding career in electronics, an industry which is crying out for engineers and technicians.

### **Project YEAR involves :**

- ✘ A video "Amateur Radio For Beginners" (sponsored by Yorkshire Television) explaining what amateur radio is about. The video is running on a number of screens in the Exhibition Hall.
- ✘ A range of books to explain the hobby and to provide technical help for those studying for the licence. Three books have been produced so far:
  - Amateur Radio for Beginners* by Victor Brand, G3JNB.
  - The Novice Licence Examination - Sample Questions and Answers* by Esde Tyler, G0AEC (available soon).
  - Novice Students' Notebook* by John Case, GW4HWR.
- ✘ A Novice Licence which has been proposed in detail by the RSGB and approved by the Government.
- ✘ Inexpensive radio kits to help the newcomer. The RSGB will provide some kits, will promote others, and is issuing technical guidelines to kit manufacturers.



## THE NOVICE LICENCE

This is the biggest change to amateur radio since the Class B Licence was introduced some 25 years ago, and is intended to bring more young people into the hobby. Involving a short training course, a straightforward examination, and an optional five words per minute morse test, the Novice Licence will allow amateur radio to be sampled more easily than before.

The licence will permit low power operation on small parts of many of the amateur radio frequency bands, the morse test being necessary for longer range (HF) communication. It is expected that many Novice Licensees will go on to study for the full Amateur Radio Licence.

Full details of the Novice Licence, what it permits, how to obtain one, and so on, can be found on the Novice Stand opposite the main RSGB stand. (Look for the hanging banners).



# **RSGB 1991 LOTTERY**

The proceeds of the 1991 Lottery will be used entirely for the benefit of Project YEAR. See the opposite page for details of Project YEAR and the Novice Licence.

Make sure you do not miss your opportunity of taking part in this major lottery. Tickets are available right up until 6pm on Saturday 27 April.

**1st prize: Red Ford Fiesta** (in co-operation with Perrys of Finchley)

*See the car at the RSGB Book Stand during the duration of the show!*

**2nd prize: Holiday in Gambia** (one week for two people) (Serenity Holidays/RSGB)

**3rd Prize: Amstrad TV/Video or equivalent**

**Seller of the highest number of tickets will win a Kenwood TM-241 mobile transceiver**  
(Lowe Electronics)

**Seller of the winning ticket will receive a Kenpro KT22E handheld transceiver.**  
(ARE Communications)

**Runners up prizes:** Chrome on marble base pump key (G4ZPY Paddle Keys)  
Morse tutor (Datong Electronics Ltd)  
QRP SWR meter (Lake Electronics Ltd)  
Mobile operator's microphone (Heatherlite Communications Ltd)  
Pocket size digital multimeter (Cirkit Distribution Ltd)  
Soldering kit (Antex Electronics Ltd)  
Barker & Williamson 2m band pass filter (RF Engineering Ltd)

**SATURDAY THE 27TH APRIL 10AM-6PM**

***DON'T MISS YOUR CHANCE OF WINNING ONE OF THESE SUPER PRIZES!***

***TICKETS ON SALE ON THE RSGB BOOK STAND UP UNTIL  
6PM ON SATURDAY THE 27TH OF APRIL.***

**SUNDAY 28TH APRIL 3.30PM**

***THE DRAW IS TO BE MADE ON SUNDAY THE 28TH OF APRIL AT 3.30PM BY JIM  
BACON, G3YLA, (STAR OF THE RSGB VIDEO AMATEUR RADIO FOR BEGINNERS AND  
KNOWN TO MANY AS ANGLIA TV'S 'WEATHERMAN')***

**MASTER OF CEREMONIES - Ron Broadbent, G3AAJ (AMSAT-UK)**



# RSGB NEC91 PRODUCT NEWS

continued from page viii

## WATERS & STANTON (Stands C12/D21)

The DR-590E is the latest dual-band mobile from ALINCO covering 2m and 70cm. It features 45W output on 2m and 35W output on 70cm. Main attraction will be the removable head unit that can be installed on a flat surface and takes up only 1in depth. Full duplex and dual watch is provided.

The ALINCO DJ-160EA is a special version of this well-established 2m handheld transceiver, incorporating a wide band receiver which covers 108-174MHz and including an AM detector for airband monitoring.

The new 50W mobile from ALINCO is the DR-112E replacing the DR-110.

Note that almost all Alinco transceivers now have the capability



of covering a wide receive frequency range. This is an option that can be carried out by ARE on request.

A new handheld scanner covering 8 - 1300MHz without gaps is the Yupiteru MVT-7000.

It receives AM, NBFM and WBFM, has 200 memories, rotary dial and variable LCD contrast.

Recently introduced, ARE is showing the complete range of Microset VHF/UHF Amplifiers and

Power Supplies for the first time. Both ranges carry very competitive price tags.

A number of additions have been made to the Diamond range, both aerials and VSWR meters. All are on display.

## JANDEK (Stand Q1)

Following the success of the modular receiver, CW transmitter and transceiver kits, Jandek is pleased to announce three new additions to the range.

The **Crystal Marker Generator** is based around CMOS IC's and a 4MHz crystal oscillator. This kit provides reference marker signals throughout the HF spectrum and into VHF, of selectable spacings: 4, 2 and 1MHz, 500, 100, 50 and 10kHz. £10.35.

The **VOGAD** is a speech compressor utilising the popular Plessey SL6270C chip. Low and high impedance microphones can be accommodated. £7.45.

The **Audio Booster** is a circuit capable of delivering 10W of audio to a 2Ω speaker, built around a single TDA2003 IC. It can be used to increase the audio output from, for example, a hand-held rig under mobile conditions, or as a stand-alone amplifier for general purpose use. £5.95.

Each kit contains a tinned and drilled printed circuit board together with all board-mounted components and a set of instructions. The complete range, with even more additions, will be on show at the RSGB National Convention.

## G4ZPY PADDLE KEYS INTERNATIONAL (Stand L1, L11)

Several new introductions to the G4ZPY Morse Key range make their debut at the NEC rally this year.

The company has finally miniaturised its lambic Circuit and combined it with a Twin Paddle Key. Eventually all Paddle Keys will be obtainable combined with the lambic.

This Keyer is so new that at the time of going to press ZPY was unable to quote a price.

For the amateur who loves the touch of gold, the 'Sovereign' Pump Key and 'Sovereign' Trophy Key will be inlaid on the top of the knob with a British gold half sovereign.

These models have already been welcomed by overseas customers. The price for these beauties:- Sovereign Pump, £175. Sovereign Trophy, £215.

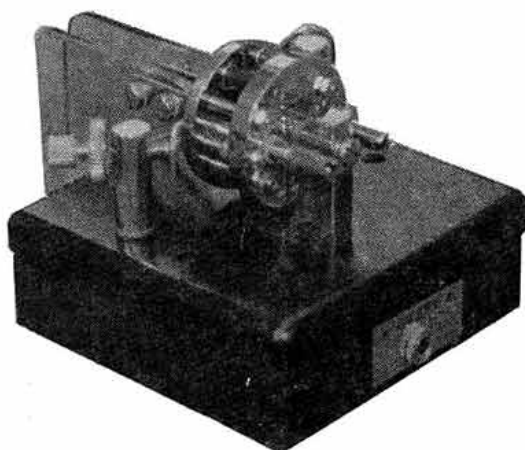
For customers who would like to upgrade their G4ZPY, they can purchase this knob on its own for £90.

## J.A.B. ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS (Stands U15, U16)

For the first time, J.A.B. Electronic Components are exhibiting at RSGB NEC91. J.A.B. specialise in the supply of RF and electronic components, for hobby, education and industrial use. On show are kits for **RadCom projects** past and present and a vast range of components. J.A.B. are Midlands area stockist of Toko parts.

## ICOM (UK) (Stand A1, A5)

On the ICOM stand is something truly unique - the IC-W2E, a dual-band hand-held packed with features. Coverage is 144-146MHz and 430-440MHz in a variety of tuning steps. Power output is up to 5W, depending on the power source used. Extra facilities include monitoring of two bands at once, full duplex operation, 60 memories, top panel tuning control and digit keys, selective calling and a built-in clock.



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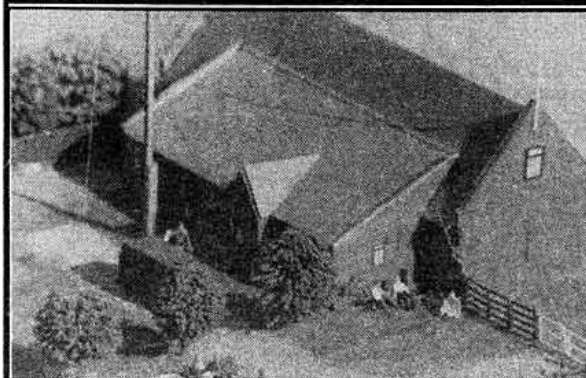


### FOR THE BEST DEAL

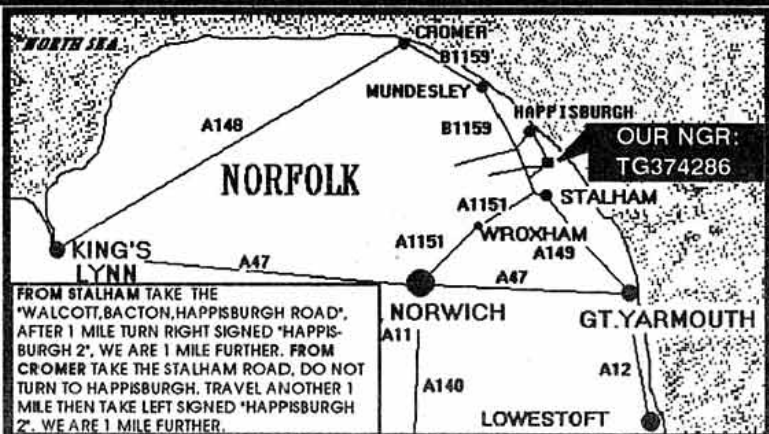
Open Tues-Fri  
9am-5.30pm  
Sat 9am-4.30pm

## NEC BIRMINGHAM APRIL 27th & 28th STAND C9

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PK-232/PK-88 Real Time Clock.....£ 29.95  
AMT 3 AMTOR/RTTY.....£179.95  
PK-232+MAILBOX.....£299.95  
PK-88 VHF/HF TNC + new MBX...£129.00

**PACCOMM**  
Real Time Clock fits BSX etc. toof£ 29.95  
STATE MACHINE DCD (3105)...£ 19.95  
HANDIPACKET (LeTNC).....£199.00  
PSK-1MICROSAT MODEM.....£ 189.00  
PC-320 dual port PC card.....£189.00  
TINY-2 with PMS version 3.0.....£129.00  
TNC-320 dual port.HF/VHF.....£179.00  
9600baud modem.....£ 95.00

**KANTRONICS**  
"Smart Watch" Real Time Clock...£ 29.95  
DATA ENGINE (56,000 baud)...£327.95  
KPC2 HF/VHF with Wefax.....£165.00  
KPC4 VHF/VHF dual port.....£242.00  
KAM all mode with Wefax.....£285.00  
Data Engine 9600 modem board...£ 95.00

**LATEST UPDATE RELEASE INFO**  
PacComm V1.1.6D4 (PMS V3.0)  
Kantronics Version 3.04

If (it's) in stock (and it usually is!) we will despatch it same day.

NOTE: Prices do not include carriage

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1 x 3 way guy ring	£15 p&p £4
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70 cms FIBREGLASS COLINEAR £39.95 p&p £3.50  
**NEW CERAMIC 813 BASES** £10 inc carr  
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We also stock HB9CV's, ZL Specials, Slim Jim's  
2 Mtr & 6 Mtr Halo's, trap dipole kits, SWL aeriels  
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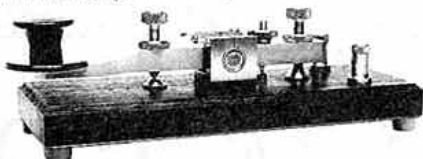
# MORSE KEYS

from R.A. KENT ENGINEERS

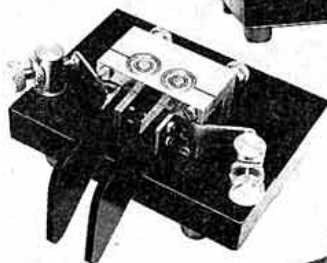
STAND K1  
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The **LEADING** British manufacturer of top quality Morse Keys — renowned throughout the world for their outstanding performance and reliability.

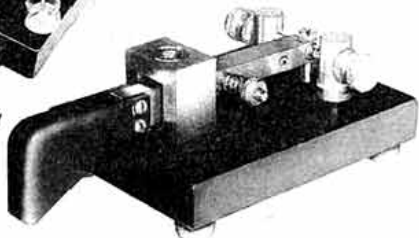
**SOLID BRASS MORSE KEY**  
Base 8" x 3" Weight 1kg  
£41.00 (Assembled)  
£33.50 (in kit form)  
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**TWIN PADDLE MORSE KEY**  
Base 4" x 3" Weight 1.5kg  
£51.50 (Assembled)  
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P. & P. £3.00



**SINGLE PADDLE MORSE KEY**  
Base 4" x 3" Weight 1.5kg  
£41.00 (Assembled)  
£33.50 (in kit form)  
P. & P. £3.00



All Kent keys use shielded ball race bearings which are renowned for their superiority over keys using plain and bush type bearings. Kent keys are available in ready assembled or kit form. The kits take less than an hour to assemble with no special tools required.

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## TX-3 RTTY CW ASCII TRANSCEIVE

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## GX-2 FAX SSTV TRANSCEIVE

All modes of FAX and colour/mono SSTV. Review in March 90 Amateur Radio. BBC only. Complete system only £99 or £119 with FAX direct printing option.

## RX-8 MULTIMODE RECEIVE SYSTEM

FAX to screen and printer, colour SSTV, HF and VHF PACKET, RTTY, AMTOR, CW, ASCII, UoSAT. Every feature. Full disc, printer support. Reviews Oct 89 Ham Radio Today and March 90 Amateur Radio. BBC only. Complete systems only £259. DISCOUNT for RX-4 users.

## RX-4 RTTY CW SSTV AMTOR RECEIVE

Still a best seller. BBC, CBM64 tape £25, disc £27. VIC20 tape £25. SPECTRUM tape £40, +3 disc £42 inc adapter board. All need our TIFI interface. SPECTRUM software-only version £25. TIFI INTERFACE for best HF and VHF performance with our software. Kit £25, ready-made and boxed £40. Only with TX-3 or RX-4 software.

## APT-1 WEATHER SATELLITE MODULE

Converts satellite signal for display on any FAX system. £59. For use with RX-8, all connections included and price only £39 if ordered at same time as RX-8.

## FAX and WEATHER SATELLITES

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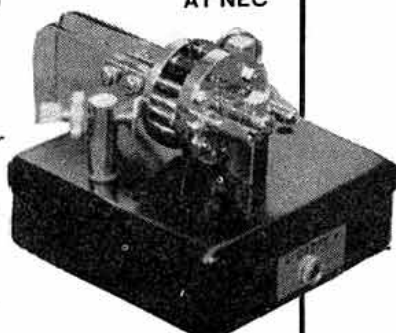
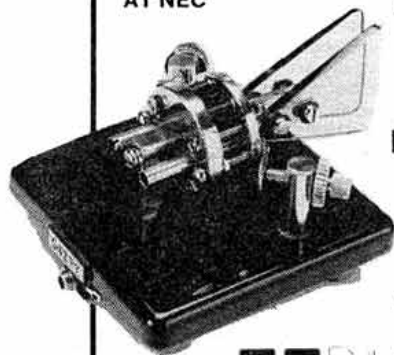
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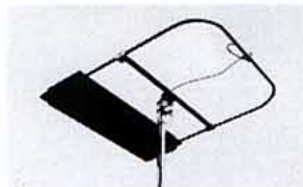
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