

Radio Communication



The Journal of the Radio Society of Great Britain

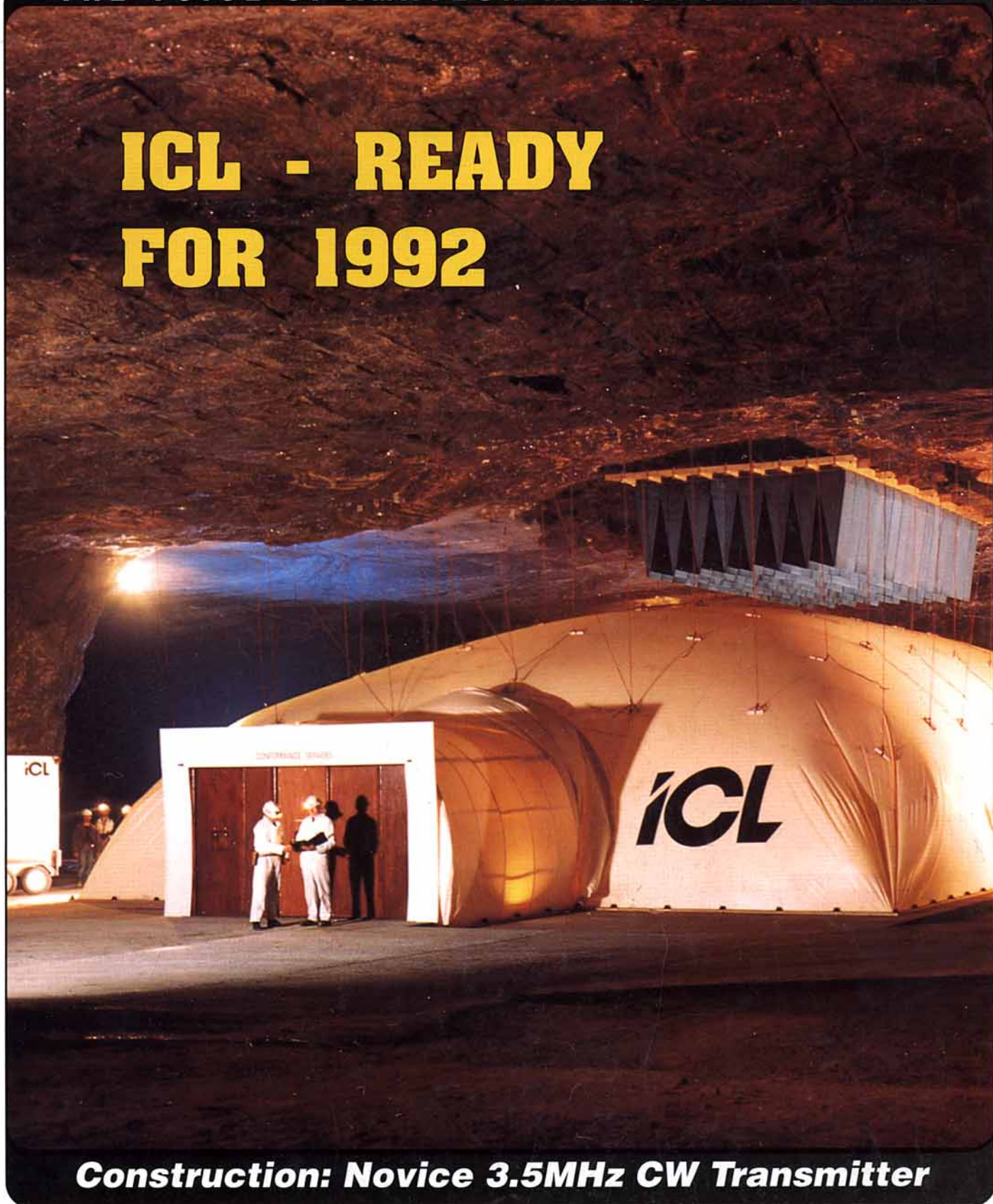
December 1991

Volume 67 No 12



THE VOICE OF AMATEUR RADIO FOR 78 YEARS

ICL - READY FOR 1992



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Radio Communication

A Merry Christmas to all RSGB Members at home or abroad.

* Turn to pages 40 - 45 for hosts of ideas for Christmas presents for friends and relatives, young and old, or even for yourself.

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COVER PICTURE:

Ready for next year's implementation of the EC EMC Directive, ICL's new EMC test-laboratory is located where external RF noise cannot reach. But where is it? See this month's EMC column (page 60) to find out.

Photograph: ICL Press Office

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THE NATIONAL SOCIETY WHICH REPRESENTS UK RADIO AMATEURS
Founded in 1913 incorporated 1926. Limited by guarantee
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Affiliated club or society/registered group (UK): £30.00 (including *Radio Communication*): £17.95 (excluding *Radio Communication*) (Subscriptions include VAT where applicable)

Membership application forms available from RSGB HQ

Abuse on Amateur Radio

The Role of the Radiocommunications Agency's Radio Investigation Service (RIS)

A CORE FUNCTION of the RIS is to investigate and do its best to resolve causes of interference to authorised radio services. The RIS works across the whole of the radio spectrum and our priorities, agreed by Ministers, are towards the protection of the emergency services and work for business radio. I hope these will be seen as reasonable priorities.

As far as the amateur bands are concerned, I know that interference caused deliberately within the bands is frustrating for the vast majority of amateurs who use the facility in the way it was intended. The RIS does not have limitless resources and we must concentrate on our priorities, so my policy concerning abuse on amateur radio is quite clear. I want those in the hobby to take some responsibility by trying to influence those who abuse the few rules that are set for the benefit of everyone.

I am therefore delighted that the RSGB is working with us to tackle abuse and I welcome the re-launching of the Amateur Radio Observation Service (AROS). It takes a special sort of person to take a lead role in such an organisation and Geoff Griffiths (G3STG), whom I have known for some years now as a dedicated amateur, is just that sort of person.

I hope that all amateurs will support AROS and make it the success that it deserves to be. I have said to Geoff Griffiths that the RIS will play its part by taking up some of the intractable cases that AROS cannot resolve within the hobby. We have already had two successful prosecutions against persistent abusers in Nottingham and Kent resulting directly from information supplied by AROS.

Last year I reinstated a programme of random inspections of amateur stations by the RIS. These will increase and I intend to link them in with the AROS work and target them on problem areas. So, watch out for the knock on the door!

Misuse of amateur radio often centres on repeaters; perhaps the obvious needs to be restated. Repeaters were instituted for mobile-to-mobile working, not for fixed-station contacts. Some repeaters cover a far greater area than is really needed and they overlap with the coverage enjoyed by other repeaters. They thus become a target for abusers who can secure a large audience for their mindless pastime. In those areas where repeater abuse has been a particular problem, the RIS and AROS have met with local groups to discuss the problem in more detail. This process will continue. The RIS has cut down the coverage of the South London repeater by liaising with the local repeater group and agreeing the fitting of an attenuator. We are discussing a similar tactic with repeater groups in Birmingham. My colleagues in the Agency's Licensing Section are talking to the RSGB about more effective local management of repeaters, and repeater groups having better local control arrangements. I welcome that sort of dialogue. This puts the responsibility squarely on those who want these facilities. The RIS has also closed down particular repeaters when abuse has been so bad as to remove all enjoyment from the hobby. These are all legitimate tactics to deal with the problem and I will not shirk any of these tactics if they are the appropriate ones for particular localities.

When people are caught offending against the privileges in their licences then penalties can be severe. As well as fines and costs imposed by the Courts, the RIS may also seek forfeiture of any equipment used in connection with offences. The Agency may also feel that people may have demonstrated that they are not capable of keeping to their licence conditions and so far this year the Agency has revoked or refused to issue eleven amateur licences.

We do mean business and, within the constraints of our resources and our priorities and by working together with those in the hobby who care for its fine traditions, we want to see an improvement in operating standards. Youngsters are coming into the hobby and the creation of the Novice Licence should increase the interest of youth. We want to see all that is best in amateur radio flourish so that these youngsters can enjoy their new pastime. That is vital for the future of the hobby.

B A Maxwell
Head R5 / Director RIS

HQ NEWS

YOU WILL by now have had a chance to digest the accounts for the year ended 30 June 1991 and you will realise the extent to which our finances have improved. This improvement has continued in the first quarter of the new financial year and is reflected in the substantial level of funds the Society now has on deposit. October seems to have been even better than expected and we have substantially more on deposit than I had budgeted for. Accounts can be interpreted in different ways depending on whether one is an optimist or pessimist so it is gratifying to see the results of everybody's effort in cash. Cash of course is only one of the assets which the Society needs to protect; another is the building, and contractors started the re-wiring in early November. This should take about three months and may involve some fun and games for the staff trying to keep our operation going during the work period.

It seems to be open season again for our denigrators on the packet network, from the imminent physical collapse of Lambda House to the financial collapse of the RSGB predicted so emphatically, even personal attacks on members who have worked hard for the good of the Society. To that silent majority who have patiently put up with this sort of tabloid criticism I want to say thank you for your support and encouragement. It is very greatly appreciated. I think you realise that with assets well over £1,000,000, much of which is liquid stock, debtors and cash, the Society is well past its critical days.

I am now concentrating on addressing our administrative anomalies which cause so much frustration and produce so much correspondence that should be unnecessary. To improve response time from HQ I have asked all staff who deal with correspondence to send out acknowledgement cards within 24 hours of receipt of your query at HQ. You should have either an answer to your query or a card bearing a reference in the top right hand corner. That reference will bear the date your communication was received here and the initials of the person dealing with it. Please quote that reference when following up any query. I shall extend this system to all committee chairmen, council members, RLOs and other volunteers as soon as I can get stocks of cards out to them. I will write more on this subject as I obtain feedback on its effectiveness.

I look forward to seeing as many of you at the AGM as possible. There is room for 250; I hope it will be full.

*Philip Smith
General Manager*

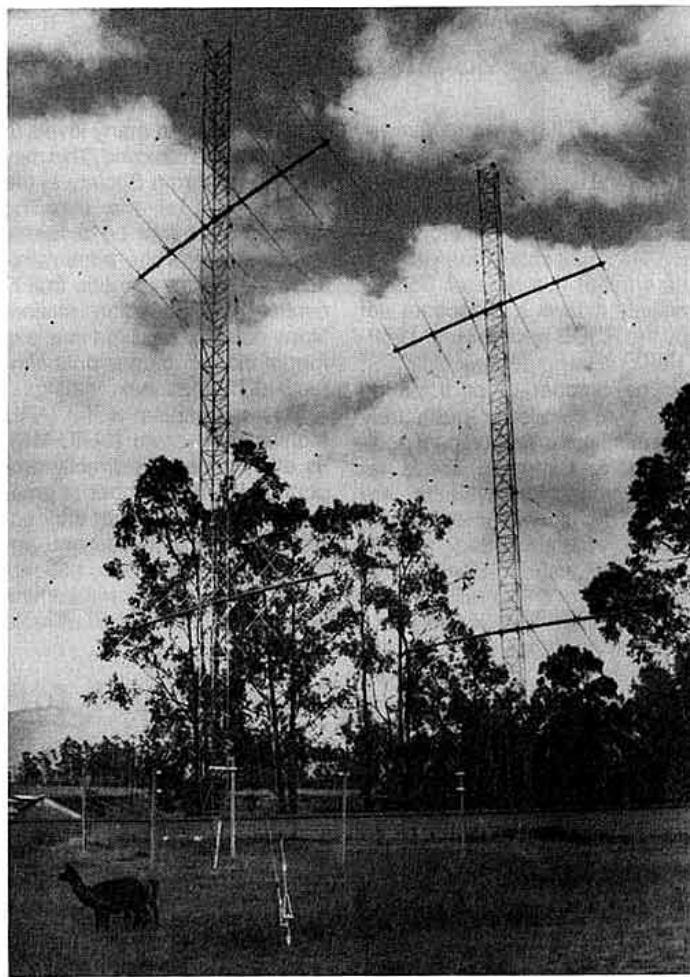
How Amateurs in Ecuador will run 1.5W to HCJB's 24-element quad without leaving their shacks

Quito's Quads

HERALDING Christ Jesus' Blessings is the slogan of one of the most powerful short-wave broadcast stations in the World, HCJB near Quito, Ecuador. The station, which features DX programs and news and cultural information in addition to its primary religious role, celebrates its 60th anniversary on Christmas Day this year.

Radio amateurs in Quito will operate HC60JB on 14, 21 and 28MHz from 2100 on 6 December to 0300 on the 8th. What is unusual is that the operators will stay at home during the event. They will use telephone lines to connect with a microwave system, eventually linking up with some of HCJB's Siemens SSB broadcast transmitters at Pifo, 18 miles away. The reason for the remote operation is the severe interference which would be encountered if operating directly alongside HCJB's twelve high power transmitters.

The Siemens transmitters



A 24-element cubical quad antenna dwarfs a pair of llamas at HCJB's international transmission site at Pifo.

continued on page 8 ▶



A Christmas Message from the President

IT SEEMS just a few short weeks since I stood in Cardiff Castle and received the Presidential Chain of Office from Frank Hall, GM8BZX, the outgoing President. Now the year is fast running out and it will not be long before I hand over to Terry Barnes, GI3USS.

In spite of the rate at which the time has appeared to have passed, the year has been an extremely busy one for myself and other members of Council. We hope to end the year with the Society in a very much better situation than that in which it

began and I would like to thank both the staff and the volunteers for the help and encouragement which I have received throughout what has proved to be a very difficult period.

1991 has seen several innovations in the field of amateur radio and I am personally pleased with the development of the Novice Licence training scheme and the success of the first students in obtaining their new call signs. They start with a wonderful advantage of having a call which for some time to come will be highly sought af-

ter. Please give these new amateurs as much help as you can (they may well find themselves at the bottom of a 'pile up' and have some trouble dealing with it) and as with all newly licensed amateurs, be patient. We can look forward to 1992 with much hope and enthusiasm as the Society moves towards a period of success and prosperity. On a personal note may I wish you all a very happy Christmas and all the very best for 1992. Thanks for your support.

*Ewart J Case, GW4HWR,
President*

The IARU Monitoring System

by IARU-MS International Coordinator Bob Knowles, ZL1BAD

MANY NATIONAL amateur radio societies have established a system to deal with non-amateur signals heard in bands allocated exclusively to the Amateur Service. As far as I have been able to determine, this type of Society activity follows a precedent set by the RSGB back around 1959-1960.

The number of participating Societies is slowly but surely increasing, the most recent addition being Denmark. These national reporting systems are known by such names as 'Intruder Watch', 'Band Watch', 'AIRS', 'Monitoring Service' and so on. This article will refer to them by the generic name of Intruder Watch. Operational details of the Intruder Watch vary from country to country but they share a common aim: the detection, identification and removal of all non-amateur signals appearing in our exclusive bands.

The Legal Process

SOCIETIES THAT operate an Intruder Watch submit monthly summaries of the monitoring reports received from their members to their administrations, with a request for corrective action, as provided for in the International Telecommunications Union (ITU) Radio Regulations. The Societies also send copies of the summaries to their International Amateur Radio Union (IARU) Regional Monitoring System Coordinator. The three Regional Coordinators collate the reports and produce a Regional Summary which they forward to the International Coordinator.

From the Regional Summaries, the International Coordinator extracts details of world-wide problems and refers these to the IARU Administrative Council (AC) for information and action. The AC is investigating a method of getting this information to the official notice of the International Frequency Registration Board (IFRB) of the ITU.

There is a continuous cross-flow of intruder information at all stages of the reporting chain and

action is taken at many levels to have intruders removed. This may be a letter from a Society to the management of the intruding station or it might be a formal complaint from one administration to the administration that licenses the offending station. Many cases are solved in a less formal fashion by personal contacts at international meetings.

This mechanism is the IARU Monitoring System (IARU-MS). Its effectiveness is directly proportional to the number of amateurs filing reports with their societies, the willingness and aggressiveness of the national society, and its national administration to act on behalf of radio amateurs.

This is a Job for You

SOME NATIONAL Societies claim that they cannot find a person suitably qualified to act as National Coordinator. Experience has shown that it's better to have a Coordinator who learns as he/she goes along than to have no Coordinator at all! Many Amateurs profess an inability to differentiate between an intruder and a legitimate amateur signal, yet how often do these amateurs operate alongside intruders and complain, in great detail, about them?

Our exclusive bands have been hard won and it is the responsibility of every amateur to do what he/she can to protect them. Instead of tuning through intruders' signals, take a moment to note the date, time, frequency and type of transmission the intruder is using and send that information to your national Society's headquarters (RSGB in the UK). This action serves several purposes: (1) it gives the Monitoring System information, (2) it alerts the National Society to your concern, and (3) it gives you the opportunity to do something about intruders.

Armed for the WARC

THE IARU-MS also undertakes band occupancy studies to support positions that may have to be

taken at a World Administrative Radio Conference (WARC). One such study ran from February 1990 to March 1991 and involved more than 150 amateur operators and short-wave listeners throughout the world. These people compiled more than 550,000 reports on a wide range of frequencies that were monitored for 24 hours every eight days. While any one operator was

only asked to work a two-hour shift each eight days, their dedication to the task was truly impressive and reflected their desire to return something to the hobby. The information thus obtained will prove to be of value at WARC-1992. The Members of the IARU-MS are not supermen, just ordinary amateurs who believe that amateur radio is worth protecting. Isn't it time *You* did your bit? Additional information on the IARU-MS can be obtained from GOES or one of the following:

IARU-MS Region 1 Coordinator. Ron Roden, G4GKO, 27 Wilmington Close, Hassocks, W. Sussex BN6 8QB.

IARU-MS International Coordinator. Bob Knowles, ZL1BAD, Onewhero R.D.2, Tuakau, New Zealand. Fax: 64-923-83884.

The RSGB's Monitoring System

by David L Owen GOES

THE MONITORING System of the RSGB is alive and well and is in the process of being improved. Some time ago, members were asked to offer their assistance. Since then Martin Atherton, G3ZAY, and the newly appointed coordinators John Cleeve G3JVC and myself have been working behind the scenes to improve and up-grade the service.

As stated in the article above, we are primarily concerned with intruders from outside these Isles. Problems with internal intruders should be addressed to the Amateur Radio Observation Service (AROS) Coordinator, G3STG, QTHR.

The level of these intrusions can only be described as phenomenal, but we have had our successes this year. Two notable triumphs include the removal of a European broadcast station from 40m and the cessation of activity from a number of African Embassies within our spectrum.

Because of the pressure for frequencies by commercial organisations, each time we allow intruders to use our bands we run the risk of losing those frequencies.

We should realise the magnitude of this threat especially when in negotiations for frequencies. How can we justify our case if commercial organisations can prove unchallenged activity over

a long period of time? We quite simply cannot unless we have evidence. Unfortunately complaints from members are few and far between.

The new system will improve matters but we still depend on you, the active SWL and amateur. My address and telephone number is below, do not hesitate to contact me. If you do, the following information will be of use.

- 1) Date and Time (UTC)
- 2) Frequency
- 3) Type of emission
- 4) Any identification given
- 5) A tape recording of the interference is beneficial

The several-hundred people who responded to the Society's request for volunteers will be focusing their attention on the current intruders. If you do have any special problems please contact me: RSGB Monitoring Secretary, David L Owen, GOES, 9 Cornfield Drive, Lichfield, Staffs, WS14 9UG. Tel: 0543 254 622, giving as much attention as possible. Observations over a period of time are preferred.

Fighting for free frequencies is the responsibility of all our community. With your help we can strive to free our bands of this botheration. Imagine working a conversational net or DX without the chance of annoying and destructive interference.

World Administrative Radio Conference

IARU Committee Chairman Tim Hughes, G3GVV, explains this important event

WHY SHOULD all radio amateurs be interested in a conference which will take place in Spain next February and where amateur radio is not even on the agenda? After all, WARC's are where bureaucrats meet in mahogany-panelled congress halls, negotiating international treaties amidst thick piles of carefully worded position papers and technical studies. It is radio's version of a superpower summit meeting where delegates wear headphones and listen to what is being said translated into a choice of languages. So why is the RSGB and many more of the 127 national amateur radio societies and the IARU investing so much time, effort and money in it? WARC-92 is a tidying-up process following three previous specialised conferences: WARC HF-BC (broadcasting), WARC MOB-87 (mobile services) and WARC ORB-88 (space communications). All three have requested additional spectrum space and the task of the conference will be to try to find it.

At the last WARC (79) amateur radio came away having gained three new HF bands and achieved new accesses for amateur satellites. At that time the room available to the amateur service was inadequate and it was a much needed outcome. But if we hadn't been very actively involved this would not have happened. WARC-79 lasted eleven weeks and we were very successful but at great cost both financially and in volunteer effort by radio amateurs.

This time things will be different because amateur radio is, strictly speaking, not on the agenda. However, we will be carefully watching what the professionals are proposing to do to see whether it might impinge on areas important to us!

There are a number of entirely new services hoping to be given spectrum allocations this time - in some cases very large pieces

indeed - particularly in the VHF/UHF/Microwave area. These include LEOs (Low Earth Orbit Satellites), mobile satellite services (these want 5MHz, involving sections above and below - and uncomfortably near - the 144MHz band), satellite broadcasters, wind profilers, and FPLMTS (Future Public Land Mobile Telecommunication Services) - the last making enormous demands. Any of these might affect us in some way; remember, the radio spectrum cannot be stretched, so when new allocations are made, quite often somebody has to move.

WARCs are attended by very nearly all members of the ITU, to which most countries in the world belong. Recognised international organisations such as the IARU are admitted as observers. In this we have a great privilege. Individual member societies are not allowed to attend.

One of the more obvious points which will concern us is the situation around 7MHz. At present, Region I (that includes us) and Region III have only a 100kHz-wide band; Region II has 300kHz. We all know how broadcasting signals do not mix well with amateur signals and what a useful band 7MHz is. The CCIR is the expert body which advises the Conference on technical matters, and it has already pointed out that Amateur and Broadcast Services are not compatible. Hopefully some harmonisation can take place in this area and as a result we just might make some gain in our Region. Another key area is the 2.4GHz band which we share but where it is being proposed that several other services need improved access. This could cause serious problems for our low-power long-distance experiments and we will be watching this situation carefully.

The Conference will last from 3 February to 3 March and, of course, a full report will appear in *RadCom* after it concludes.

WARC: A Long History

From *QST* - Dan Bergerson, KB4IYK

MOST HAMS are aware of WARC-92 (if you weren't, you are now) and WARC-79 (especially because it resulted in new amateur bands at 10, 18 and 24MHz, still called the 'WARC bands'). But you may not know that there have been conferences like WARC's for nearly 90 years, or that there have been ten major conferences since the turn of the century! Here's an abbreviated look at some of the milestones:

Berlin 1903: The first WARC (it wasn't actually called that) was attended by nine nations. It dealt mostly with the standardization of equipment and not with frequency allocations.

Berlin 1906: Twenty-nine nations participated in this conference, called to establish procedures for ship-to-shore communications. It was the first conference to assign specific wavelengths. This second Berlin conference instituted three-letter call signs (the first formally issued call signs), specified the use of international Morse, designated SOS as a distress call and established the principle of holding similar conferences from time to time.

London 1912: Attended by 43 nations, the London Conference mostly expanded upon the 1906 treaty and regulations. It was here that Q signals came into being.

Washington 1927: With 78 nations participating, the Washington International Telegraph Conference was the largest international gathering on any topic up to that time. Great strides had been made in the radio arts since 1912. New uses had been found for radio and the number of radio services increased from two to ten. Telephony had given birth to the broadcasting industry.

For the 'amateur', life would never be the same. Among the resulting regulations, the conference defined a 'private experimental station'. For the first time, amateur radio achieved international recognition. Also at the Washington Conference, the radio spectrum was first divided into segments, with the various services being allocated certain segments or groups of segments for their use. (The Allocation Table was only a guide. It wasn't until the Madrid Conference of 1932 that countries actually agreed to make their internal assignments according to the Allocation Table). We can trace the development of the

160, 80, 40, 20, 10 and 6 metre (then it was 5 metres) amateur bands to this conference. Also, amateur licensees were required to demonstrate the ability to send and receive 'by ear' the International Morse Code. The code speed and proficiency requirement was left for each country to determine.

Madrid 1932: The second of the 'modern' conferences. Madrid saw the introduction of restrictions on international message traffic by amateurs. For the first time, the Amateur Service was separately defined.

Cairo 1938: Existing commercial services were expanding and new ones were being introduced. There was considerable pressure on HF bands allocations, and among other changes, amateurs in Europe had to share part of the 40m band with broadcasting interests. At Cairo, the ITU divided the world into regions - a concept that has stayed with us to this day.

Atlantic City 1947: The first post war general WARC, Atlantic City was a mixed blessing for Amateur Radio. Attendees had to consider the introduction of several new services, including radar, radio navigation and international aviation. Spectrum space had to be found. Further compartmentalization of the 40m band took place among the three ITU regions, and we lost the upper 50kHz of the 20m band and the upper 300kHz of the 10 metre band. In compensation, we gained a new, exclusive 15m band and new VHF segments as well.

Geneva 1971: This conference, called to deal with the rapid developments in satellite telecommunications, was a set-back, fortunately a temporary one, for amateur satellites. The only 'window' for amateur satellites that could be obtained between 146MHz and 2.4GHz was at 435-438MHz.

Geneva 1979: WARC-79 was a major success for Amateur Radio. We not only obtained three new bands and improved our status in others, but existing Amateur Radio bands remained intact and we obtained new access for amateur satellites. Amateur Radio's success in 1979 can be traced to extensive planning, organisation and the fact that we had one international voice, the IARU. It was tremendous team effort, and a blueprint for our WARC-92 efforts.

Quito's Quads

continued from page 5

will be de-tuned down from 30kW to a mere 1.5kW for the HC60JB operation but the signal is still likely to be very strong because some of HCJB's 31 massive aerials will be used, having gains of up to 25dBi! These will include a rhombic (8 to 13dBi) and a 30-storey high curtain antenna with eight parallel-fed dipoles. The

most interesting antenna in use will be the cubical quad invented by HCJB engineer Clarence Moore in 1939 to overcome problems with high power broadcasting in the rarified air to be found 9,300ft up in the Andes. HCJB's quad has 24 elements with four parallel-fed arrays, each six elements deep.

Amongst the amateurs involved with HCJB are International Radio Director John Beck, HC1QH, and HC60JB's event coordinator Keith Clukey, KC6SMW/HC1. Further information about HCJB can be obtained from HCJB World Radio, PO Box 553000, Opa Locka, Florida, 33055.

SSL get licensing contract

FROM 1 APRIL 1992, the contract for amateur and CB licensing has been awarded by the DTI to Subscription Services Ltd (SSL) a wholly owned subsidiary company of the Post Office.

CB licensing is currently carried out over the counter at post offices but will be centralised with the change-over to SSL. Until next April, amateur licensing, which is already centralised, will continue to be dealt with by the Radio Amateur Licensing Unit at Chesterfield. All licensees will receive notification of the change, including the new address to write to and how payment should be made.

Thanks

THE FOLLOWING are retiring from Council at the end of December: Frank Hall, GM8BZX; John Greenwell, G3AEZ; and Angus McKenzie, G3OSS. They are thanked for the service given to the Society over many years.

New RLO

THE NEW RSGB Liaison Officer for Nottinghamshire is Mary Lowe, G0NZA, 25 Manor House Court, Kirby in Ashfield, Notts, NG17 8LH; tel 0623 755288.

Stolen

FROM BATH in September, Yaesu FT-470 S/N OK270922. Information to Bath Police.



RSGB HQ General Manager Philip Smith opening the new shack of the White Rose Amateur Radio Society on 2 October.

Tallest Ship

PICTURED ON last month's cover was the Polish Training Ship *Dar Mlodziezy* in Belfast's Pollock Dock during this year's Tall Ships Race. Built in 1982, it is the second-longest sailing ship in the world (311ft) and has the tallest mast of any sailing ship afloat - over 200ft to the waterline. Aerials are mounted on top of all three masts and between them.

Novices Go to the Palace

FOUR NOVICE 'firsts' went to Buckingham Palace on 20 November to meet RSGB Patron HRH Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, KG. They were: The first Novice 'A' licensee, Hugh McNeill, 2E0AAA; the first Novice 'B' licensee, Jonathan Page, 2E1AAA; and the first two lady Novice licensees, Vicky Foster, 2E1AAD and Natasha Weir, 2E1AAE.

The visit, in Prince Philip's 70th birthday year, celebrated the successful outcome of a major part of Project YEAR which he launched in 1988 at the RSGB 75th Anniversary Convention. Also included in the party was Sir Richard Davies, G2XM, who was President in 1988; John Case, GW4HWR, the 1991 President; and Hilary Claytonsmith, G4JKS, Project YEAR Co-ordinator.

Full story next month.

AGM

A REMINDER that the Society's Annual General Meeting takes place at 2pm on Saturday 7 December at the Royal Society of Chemistry, Scientific Societies Lecture Theatre, New Burlington Place, off Savile Row, London, W1. Full details were inserted in the November edition. If replacement inserts are required, contact Justine Coles at RSGB HQ urgently.

QSL

● THE QSL Sub-Manager for Novice licensees is Michael Shread, GM6TAN, 2a Seatown, Gardenstown, Banff, AB45 3YQ.

CEPT

Czechoslovakia and Hungary have signed CEPT TR61-01. UK amateurs no longer need reciprocal licences for those countries.



Allinco Vice President Toyoaki Komatsu flew in from Frankfurt to support UK distributors, Waters and Stanton, at the Leicester Show. Mr Komatsu was particularly struck by the enthusiasm and friendly atmosphere that marked the relationship between the amateurs and the trade. He was obviously pleased by the high profile enjoyed by his company's products in this country. Pictured with Peter Waters and Mr Komatsu is Miss Mieko Twasaki, JN1UUJ, who was on the stand to help promote Allinco to the British amateur.

1992 Presidential Installation

THE RSGB's 1992 President, Mr J T Barnes, G13USS, will be installed at an evening reception and dinner on Saturday 11 January (7.30 for 8.00pm). The venue is The Council Chamber, Town Hall, Bangor Castle, Castle Park Avenue, Bangor, Co Down, NI. Tickets for this prestigious event are £10 per head. Members wishing to attend should apply to Justine Coles at RSGB HQ by Friday 20 December, marking the envelope 'Presidential Installation'.

Introducing the **DRAKE R8E** Communications Receiver

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- ★ Built-in speaker. ★ PLL synthesised.
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- ★ Optimum tuning step selection for each operating mode.
- ★ Connections for an external speaker and tape recorder.

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WARNING
The R8 is manufactured for Europe as the R8E. The E model meets European safety specifications and is the only version that comes with Drake's full warranty for operation in Europe.

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Drake are also pleased to announce the appointment of **Nevada Communications** as their sole UK distributor. Nevada have over twenty-two years experience in the Communications Industry and the management are all Drake enthusiasts. They will be pleased to offer advice and a full service back-up on the new **Drake R8E** Receiver. Call them now or write in for further details.

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DEC 24 9.00am - 1.00pm DEC 25/26 CLOSED
DEC 27 9.00am - 5.00pm DEC 28 9.00am - 1.00pm
DEC 30/31 9.00am - 5.00pm JAN 1 CLOSED
JAN 2 Open as usual.

BRANCHES

Please contact the relevant branch for their opening times.
Last deliveries - Latest deliveries will be by Interlink (next day) on Christmas Eve. After this next deliveries will be Jan 3.

Closed lunchtime during holiday period 1.00 - 2.00pm

SERVICE DEPARTMENT - CLOSED - FROM 1.00pm DEC 24 to 9.00am JAN 2.

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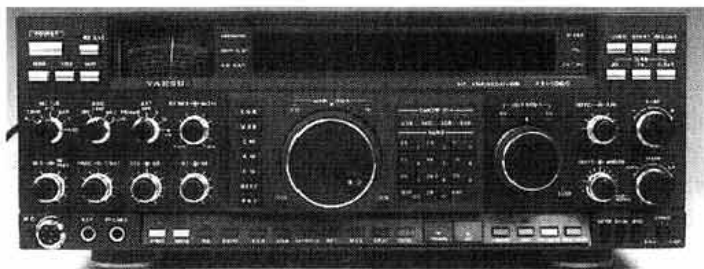
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- ★ Modes CW, USB, LSB, AM, FM, RTTY and Packet
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- ★ Auto antenna impedance range 16.7 to 150 ohms
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RS-9	Mini Trunk Mount (Black)	£6.25 A	CA-21HR	15m Monobander	£33.95 B
CX-702	6m/2m/70cms Tribander	£46.95 B	CA-50HR	6m Monobander	£33.95 B
CA-7HR	40m Monobander	£33.95 B	CA-285	6m/2m Dualbander	£20.75 B

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CH72S	2m/70cm BNC 0dB/3.2dB	2m/70cm	£12.25	A
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CA2x4MB	2m/70cm 4.5dB/7.5dB	2m/70cm	£38.50	C
CA2x4KG	2m/70cm 6.0dB/8.4dB	2m/70cm	£40.75	C

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CF-305	50/144 Duplexer UHF conn.	£25.00	B
CF416MN	144/430 Duplexer UHF/N conn.	£26.00	B
CFX-514	50/144/430 Triplexer UHF conn.	£36.75	B
CFX4310	144/430/1200 Triplexer UHF/N conn.	£36.75	B

MOUNTS

TBR	Adjustable trunk mount	£11.50	B
RS17	Mini trunk mount	£12.75	A
RS16	Mini Gutter mount	£12.75	B
CK-3LX	Mini Cable Assy for RS16/RS17	£16.25	B

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CA2x4MAX	2m/70cm 8.5dB/11.9dB	£102.12	C

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CF-50MR	6m Cut off 54MHz 1kW P.E.P.	£38.75	B
CF-30H	HF Cut off 32MHz 2kW P.E.P.	£80.75	A
CF-30S	HF Cut off 32MHz 150W cw	£19.35	A
CF-50S	6M Cut off 57MHz 150W cw	£20.35	A
CF-BPF2	2m Band Pass 150W cw	£31.65	A

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CM-420	2m/70cm 15-50W Mini	£36.75	B
CD-120	1.8-200MHz 15/60/200W	£76.60	B
CD-160H	1.6-60MHz 20/200/2000W	£90.85	B
CD-270D	140-525MHz 15/60/200W	£79.65	B

COAX SWITCHES

CSW-20	2 way DC-1000MHz SO239	£26.50	A
CSW-20N	2 way DC-1500MHz N	£45.95	B

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CES-M2	Mini Clip on Speaker 3.5mm jack	£5.62	A
CHM-M4	Mini mic + PTT 2.5mm jack	£9.15	A

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HC40L	160-10m 350W P.E.P.	£203.00	C
HC2000	160-10m 2kW P.E.P.	£365.00	D

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HT180	80m Transceiver 10W P.E.P. SSB/cw	£305.50	C
HP100S	Power Supply for HT series	£99.00	B
HC100	A.T.U. 80-10M 5 band 200W P.E.P.	£109.00	B
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HNB100	Noise Blanker HT series	£19.95	A
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HL37V	2m 3W in 32W output	£90.95	B
HL62V	2m 10W in 60W output	£137.95	C
HL110V	2m 2/10W in 100W output	£220.00	C
HL180V	2m 3/10/25W in 170W output	£299.00	C
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HL63U	70cm 10/25W in 50W output	£220.00	C
HL130U	70cm 3/10/25W in 120W output	£397.00	C

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ANNOUNCING THE IC-P2ET NEW HANDHELDS WITH ARTI

Icom announces the debut of the VHF IC-P2ET and the UHF IC-P4ET, these multi-functional handhelds both feature artificial intelligence that allows you much easier operation and can even evaluate ability.

Design concept

The IC-P2ET and IC-P4ET were designed with the following points in mind:

- Contains all the features in the "ST" series.
- New body design and colour.
- Artificial intelligence function that allows easier operation.
- Trial mode to evaluate user ability.
- Star selection mode that allows you to select a number of functions manually.
- Seldom-used functions can be hidden.
- Cartridge-type battery packs that can be easily inserted into the transceiver.
- A keyboard that activates functions quickly.
- Compact, but not too small to hinder use.

Easier operation with AI

This is an exciting new feature not previously available on handhelds. By adopting the sophisticated AI (Artificial Intelligence) function, these handhelds 'learn' the order of used functions.

The last-used function is automatically allocated to the AI key. The allocated function is shown in the AI indicator, you can then activate it with one touch.

Also, your favourite function can be allocated to the AI key manually by utilising AI mode.

The Icom logo consists of a stylized 'O' with a dot above it, followed by the word 'ICOM' in a bold, sans-serif font.

IC-P4ET
shown here much
larger than actual size

AND IC-P4ET, TWO CLEVER OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE ABILITY

Automatically evaluates user's ability: Trial mode

Using the newly developed trial mode, simple operations for beginners or multi-function operations for more advanced users are selected automatically. Depending on the users ability this mode hides or allows access to various functions.

By assessing the users answers to 15 questions this mode automatically evaluates ability and awards a number of star marks.

When desired the operating level can be manually selected via the star selection mode.

Compact, rounded body design

At just 49(W) X 105(H) X 38.5(D) mm including supplied BP-111 battery pack, the new IC-P2ET and IC-PE4T handhelds are small, smart and fit everyones hand comfortably.

Easy-to-see function display

Day or night, the larger function display indicates all the required information clearly.

Illuminated keyboard

A variety of function settings are possible via the keyboard. For night time operation, the keyboard is illuminated.

Numerous channels

Many channels are included for operating convenience. 100 memory channels and 1 call channel store the operating frequency, offset direction, offset frequency and sub-audible tone

frequency independently (an optional UT-50 Tone squelch unit is required for subaudible tone frequency)

For programming scan, 2 edge channels are provided independently.

Full 5 Watt output power

By connecting an external 13.8V DC power source, a full 5W of output power is available. 3.5W, 1.5W or 500mW low output power are also selectable for longer operating times.

Miscellaneous convenient functions:

- Dual tuning system: the keyboard or the main dial on the top panel.
- High sensitivity receiver.
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HF NEWS

JOHN ALLAWAY G3FKM
10 Knightlow Road, Birmingham
B17 8QB

G5MY HAS written a most interesting letter to me concerning the VK-ZL-Oceania contest.

He believes that quite a few take part but because their score seems low they do not bother to send in an entry. In fact it is a pity that this competition is not better supported from the UK.

He mentions that he has been trying out a 'magnetic loop' antenna 80cm in diameter made of 10mm copper tubing bought in a roll - four circles soldered with a blowlamp and Faraday loop coupled. It covers 14 to 28MHz and has remotely controlled tuning.

It was originally meant as a standby until Hal found that when tuning it using only 10W and with it on the bench near his elbow he was called by a YU! He has no TVI from it although indoor quads and dipoles have always been a problem. Has anyone else discovered this?

DX NEWS

BRIAN, ZL1ACX, has written to say that he is now on **Nauru** where he expects to remain until March 1993. His callsign is C21BR and for the time being activities will be confined to 14 and 21MHz SSB only, and probably mostly on 14.210, 14.265, and 14.305MHz between 1700 and 2000 weekdays and until 2400 Fridays and Saturdays. He mentions "additionally 1845 - 1930 daily 14.220MHz plus or minus 20kHz". 21MHz activity is likely to be confined to weekends.

Brian's equipment is a rebuilt KW Atlanta giving 500W pep output and a TA33Jr beam brought from New Zealand. He has no TVI worries - there is no television on the island!

There is a possibility that KH6JEB might have returned to **Kure Is** in mid-November to become KH6JEB/KH7 again. According to *DXpress* there is an amateur with the new shift which has recently gone to **Kermadec Is**. His name is George and he will be ZL8GBS and be on Raoul

Is for a year. He has an FT747 and dipoles but is - as yet - inexperienced. VK0LL is on Casey Base, **Antarctica** and is VK2LL when at home. He is sometimes on 14.170MHz around 1530. It appears that the application for **Jarvis Is** to be given separate DXCC status has been rejected by ARRL.

If you still need a QSL for a contact with VP5/G0AZT (Oct 88, Jan 89), C6A/G0AZT (Oct 89) or ZF1RY (Sept 90) they are still available from the address given for V2/G0AZT in *QTH Corner*.

Very good news indeed from **Bangladesh** where - thanks to stirring efforts by Saif Shahid, president of the Bangladesh Amateur Radio League and Jim Smith, VK9NS, amateur radio is now legal. Saif is S21A and Nazim - secretary of BARL - is S21B. Jim and Kirsty Smith have been issued with the callsigns S21ZA and S21ZB respectively and, following operations by them, licences will be issued to other foreigners - WZ6C included.

Bob Parkes, G3REP/P29PR/VS5RP, is currently in **Sri Lanka** as 4S7/G3REP and at the time of writing to me was confined to 7MHz only. However, all band operation is being planned A45ZZ in the **Sultanate of Oman** is Tony, G3LNP, who is newly licensed and has been worked on 18MHz.

Christine and Paul Wise - formwely 3DA0BX and 3DA0BW - are now in **Malawi** and back on the air as 7Q7BX and 7Q7BW. According to *RSGB DX News Sheet* the club station in **Mozambique**, C9TDM, is often to be found near 28.515MHz around 1400. C9RAA has been reported

from the USA to come on 10.103MHz at 0230 before moving to the low end of 7MHz. The same source says that D2ACA, operated by UT3UY and LZ2DF, should have been on the air again by now from **Angola**. UT3UY says that neither UT4UM/D2 nor RT5UY/D2 was properly licensed.

JX3EX, operated by LA3EX, is scheduled to leave **Jan Mayen Is** in the middle of this month but LA9EHA will be on the island as JX9EHA until next April. The ZA1A project succeeded in making more than 70,000 QSOs and at the time of writing 12 local amateurs had graduated and were to be given callsigns in the series ZA1TAA - ZA1TAL.

The callsigns of foreign visitors will have a suffix beginning with Z. Unfortunately I understand that some of the activity by the Hungarians was considered illegal and that they were closed down by the police. N7NG, at the RSGB HF Convention, said that personal calls would indicate the area in which they were located - ZA1T (Tirana), ZA1D (Dures) etc. Several other ZA calls have now appeared including ZA1ZVX (F2VXX), ZA1ZXV (F6EXV), ZA1ZMX (F6FMX), and ZA1ZSW (W7SW).

DXPEDITIONS

SOME TIME ago I mentioned a voyage which was going to be undertaken by the Barrackpore ARC (VU2NSA). This was going to go from Calcutta to Singapore and back using an eight by twenty-two feet wooden raft. It was postponed because of the problems in the Gulf area but is now rescheduled to leave Calcutta at

1100 local time on 26 December and the whole trip is expected to take 120 days. One member of the radio club (VU2MFY) will be aboard and he will have an FT757 as main equipment backed up by a simple crystal controlled transmitter on 14.055MHz. The expedition will be publicised by All India Radio and TV Bangladesh, the *National Geographical Magazine* and others.

Latest news on the **S Sandwich** expedition is that it is still on course to start on 21 March and to last for two weeks. There will be ten operators running three stations which will be on three different bands from 1.8 to 50MHz.

CONTESTS

ARRL 160M CONTEST

2200 6 December to 1600 8 December

Single-operator QRP (less than 5W output), low power (less than 150W output), and high power (more than 150W output). Send RST. W/VE will send RST and ARRL/CRRL section. Multipliers are ARRL/CRRL sections plus VE8/VY7 (maximum 77) plus DXCC countries other than W and VE. I have copies of the rules (SASE please).

ARRL 10M CONTEST

0000 14 December to 2400 15 December

No more than 36h operating/listening time allowed. Use of spotting nets not allowed. Single operator CW, phone, or mixed classes and there are three divisions according to power output - High (over 150W), Low (less than 150W) and QRP (less than 5W). Multi-operator is mixed mode only. Work anywhere and give RS/T plus serial QSO number from 001. US and Canadian stations will give state/province. Two points per phone QSO, four for CW, and eight if you work a US Novice. Multiplier is the 50 US states (plus DC), Canadian provinces and DXCC countries (except W and VE) contacted per mode. I can supply photocopies of the rules - recommended reading if you enter seriously (SASE please). This could be an interesting event.

Results of the **1990 VK-ZL-Oceania DX Contest** have now been published. In the phone section UK scores were: G5MY 360 points, G0JDK 322. In the CW section G3WPF scored 4032 points, G3DYY 884, and G5MY 720.



Left to right: Ken, G4PTE; Pat, ZL2AIL; Liz, ZL2JZ; James, KB6WHT (visiting John); John, ZL2ALR.

UBA SWL COMPETITION

0000 1 January - 2400 31 December 1992

Listeners log as many different DXCC countries as possible on 1.8 - 28MHz (excluding the WARC bands). Each counts as one point on each band and each country heard counts *once* as a multiplier. Five categories - Phone, CW, Digital, Image (SSTV, FAX), and all-mode (restricted to club stations or multi-operators). More than one category may be entered. Complete rules, log sheet, summary sheet, and countries list are available from Marc Domen, Postbus 188, B-2600 Berchem 1, Belgium, and I very strongly recommend asking for these.

1991 INTERNATIONAL NAVAL CONTEST

1600 21 December - 1600 22 December

3.5 to 28MHz (no WARC) in IARU contest preferred segments where applicable. Photocopies of rules available (SASE please).

JT-80 ANNIVERSARY CONTEST

0000 21 December to 0000 22 December

1.8 to 28MHz (no WARC bands) CW or phone *but not both*. This is being organised by the Mongolian Radio Sports Federation to celebrate the 80th anniversary of the national liberation movement of Mongolia. Single and multi-operator multi-band and listener categories. Send RS/T plus serial QSO number from 001. JTs will send RS/T followed by the last two digits of the year they were first licensed. QSOs with Mongolia count five points, with other continents three, and with own continent one. The multiplier is the number of DXCC countries and different JT stations worked on each band added together. Final score is total QSO points times sum of multipliers from all bands. Gold, silver, and bronze trophies will go to the top three in each class - and awards will be made to those who make more than 80 contacts. Submit separate logs for each band and include the usual signed declaration. Send to JT-80 Contest Commission, P.O.Box 639, Ulaanbaatar-13, Mongolia, to be received by 20 February 1992.

QRP WINTER CONTEST

1500 1 January - 1500 2 January

Nine hours rest time obligatory - in one of two blocks. Single-op on 3.5, 7, 14, 21, and 28MHz CW.

VLP (up to 1W output). QRP (5W output), MP (to 25W output), and QRO (higher power) categories. Exchange RST, QSO serial number, and category. I have photocopies of rules (SASE please).

THANKS

TO ALL those who have supported the column during 1991 and also to the authors of the following for news items extracted during the year: the *Ex-G Radio Club Bulletin* (WA8TGA), the *Long Island DX Bulletin* (W2IYX), the *RSGB DX News Sheet* (G4DYO), the *Lynx DX Group Bulletin* (EA2KL), *DX'press* (PA3DZN), the *Heard Is DX Bulletin* (VK9NS), and *DX-NL* (DL3RK).

Very best wishes to all for Christmas and the New Year. Please get material for February issue to reach me no later than **16 December**. There will not be a 28MHz table next year (final entries by March closing date please) - so in 1992 collect your scores for 10, 18, and 24MHz and we will see what can be done to get more activity on these bands.

QTH CORNER

- C21BR** PO Box 478, Republic of Nauru, Central Pacific.
- C9RAA** DK7PE, Kleine-Untergasse 25, D-6501 Niederholm, F.R.Germany.
- P40W** N2MM, H Miller, 61 Mill Rd RFD 11, Vincentown, NJ 08088, USA.
- T20XV** (direct only) R V Crosby, VK2BCH, Box 344, Forster, NSW 2428, Australia.
- TT8SA** F6FNU, Box 14, F-91921 Arpajon CEDEX, France.
- V2/G0AZT** (direct only) Box 5194, Richmond, CA 94805, USA.
- VP2M/G0AZT** (direct only - see above).
- XX9AW** S M Wheatley, KU9C, POB 50521, Indianapolis, IN 46250, USA.
- ZL8GBS** G Simpson, Raoul Is, Overseas Mail Branch, GPO Auckland, New Zealand.
- 4S7/G3REP** R Parkes, PO Box 1794, Colombo, Sri Lanka.
- 7Q7BW** via N5MHZ.
- 7Q7BX** via N5MHZ.
- 9M6NA** JE1JKL, S Nakamura, 3-16-6 Shibakubo, Tanashi, Tokyo 188, Japan.

BAND REPORTS

Not a bad month with an assortment of ZAs calling CQ on most bands! A nice lot of reports too - and thanks to those who sent them including G2HKU, GM3CSM, G3s GVV, LPS, YRM, G4DJC, GW4KGR, G4's LDS, MUW, NXG/M, OBK, XRV, G8KG, G0's AML, DOO, KDS, and OFE. As always stations listed in italics were on CW.

- 7MHz**
 - 0000 *VP2M/AA5AU, ZA1HA*
 - 0100 *C9RAA, UW0AF, 9K2KM*
 - 2100 *JT1/SP5DRH, VK5FE, ZA1A, ZS6ANL*
 - 2300 *TZ1AB, OK3CLA/5N31, ZA1A*
- 14MHz**
 - 0600 *FO5FO*
 - 0800 *FK88FS, 3D2VJ*
 - 0900 *KH8/SM5BOQ*
 - 1000 *KL7/AA6DX*
 - 1100 *FW/AA7AF*
 - 1300 *BY8AC, JT1CS, V85AA*
 - 1500 *KH2/WB6STU, V63AO, 3B7/3B8CF, 9M8FH*
 - 1600 *FR5BT, KL7/WH6ASW, ZA1A*
 - 1700 *V63AO, YA2CW, 3W8RR*
 - 1800 *HS1BV*
 - 1900 *V73AX*
 - 2100 *S01A, VP8CGR, ZA1DX, ZA1QA*
- 18MHz**
 - 1600 *U0AL, 3C1EA*
 - 1900 *C9RAA*
 - 2000 *FH5EJ, 4U1ITU*
- 21MHz**
 - 0600 *KH0/KB4TXM*
 - 0700 *BY1AC, BY5RY, VK9ND, 3C1EA, 3D2XV*
 - 0800 *KH3/KA3HMS, P29DX, ZA1ZXV*
 - 1000 *A35KB, PY0FF, T20WW, V73AX*
 - 1300 *V85AA*
 - 1400 *FR5ZN, JT1BY, XW8KPL*
 - 1500 *AP2JZB, BV4VB, TT8SA*
 - 1600 *SV2ASP/A, Y10EB, ZA1A*
 - 1800 *FR5ZU/G, HS1BV, S79MX, XV3UU, 7Q7BW*
 - 2000 *HF0POL, NH6WG, ZD7CRC*
- 28MHz**
 - 0800 *KH0AC, ZL1BMU*
 - 0900 *BV2FA, KH2EI, KH6IRT, P29PL, YJ8RN, ZA1A, ZA1ZVX, 3D2UJ*
 - 1000 *A35KB, A41KB, FK0BP, H5AW, JT1BY, ZL*
 - 1100 *FK8FR, H44KA, KB6QE/KHO, P29NCS, S79MX, SU1ER, VK9NS, ZA1QA*
 - 1300 *A61AD, TT8SA, XY0RR, Y11BGD*
 - 1400 *C9TDM, FH4EH, P43WLP, S01A, VP8CGK, ZA1ZMX, ZF1HJ, 5V7JG, 8R1UN*
 - 1500 *HK0NZY, KG4DD, VS6CM, V51EG*
 - 1600 *C53GB, J88NCD, VE6-VE7, VQ9WS, W6-W7*
 - 1800 *VP8CFM (S.Ork), ZD9BV, 3B8CF/3B7, 9L1US*
 - 1900 *KH6LT*
 - 2100 *HI8OMA, ZL4JO (L.P)*

EIGHT BAND TABLE, NO.8

Call	1.8	3.5	7	14	18	21	24	28	Total
G3KMA	138	256	311	322	215	321	200	312	2075
G3XTT	162	222	274	311	197	306	169	286	1927
G3GIQ	71	211	275	323	175	321	146	307	1829
G4BWP	112	243	282	318	134	313	124	295	1821
G4GIR	109	242	279	319	107	315	72	299	1742
A92BE	58	156	206	312	196	294	182	272	1676
G4LJF	43	217	255	314	53	298	46	274	1500
GM3PPE	68	164	183	252	182	239	144	215	1447
G3NOF	5	101	106	320	129	323	158	292	1434
G3TXF	72	169	217	295	26	295	13	259	1346
G3YMC	82	121	207	257	105	266	72	218	1328
G4OBK	123	155	202	277	67	251	25	226	1326
G3JXN	42	104	163	248	123	247	125	261	1313
G3JJG	51	102	186	226	131	253	114	199	1262
G4NXG/M	2	33	75	217	75	233	119	227	981
AVERAGE	76	166	215	287	128	285	114	263	1534

Please send scores to reach G3GIQ (QTHR) by 8 January 1992 - and note that it will be a *nine* band table and will include 10MHz. (Prepared by G3GIQ).

1991 28MHZ COUNTRIES TABLE

G0DOO	215	(SSB)	GM4CHX	88
G0OFE	214	(SSB)	G4YNG	76
G0JZA	202	(SSB)	G2FQR	71 (SSB)
G0KDS	184		G4NXG/M	66
G0AEV	175		GM0GEI	55
G4DXW	159		G0DUS/M	54
G4MUW	150		G4XAH	43 (RTTY)
LA0GC	137	(SSB)	G2AKK	31 (CW)



VHF/UHF NEWS

NORMAN FITCH G3FPK
40 Eskdale Gardens, Purley, Surrey
CR8 1EZ

THE 50MHZ BAND produced some spectacular openings to the Pacific area and Australia in the period covered by this report. Albania, a country devoid of legitimate amateur radio activity for decades, has been available on 50MHz. There were a few average auroras.

BEACON NEWS

THE 144MHZ Lerwick Beacon is back again on 144.965MHz. Mike Dorsett, G6GEJ, of Mutek Limited who built the new PA, was due to travel to Shetland to install it in mid-October. I heard GB3LER on tropo at G3FPK - QRB about 1000km - during a slight lift on 22 or 23 October.

Andy Steven, GM4IPK, is the amateur we have to thank for master-minding this ambitious and expensive project. While several well known companies have either donated hardware or supplied it at cost, he has spent hundreds of pounds of his own money on it.

The other GB3LER beacons are on 50.064MHz, running 20dBW ERP and 432.965MHz running 25dBW ERP. The 144MHz transmitter runs 30dBW ERP and all are located at IP9QJD. Due to the long Shetland winter and the very exposed site, heavy duty antennas from the Jaybeam Ltd range have been installed.

It would be an appropriate gesture if all those who participate in the tables and contribute to *VHF/UHF News*, and similar columns in other magazines, and who haven't yet done so, contributed a few pounds towards this comprehensive project. Christmas is coming, so how about it? Andy's QTH is; 27 Dalsetter Wynd, Dunrossness, Shetland, ZE2 9JJ.

TABULAR MATTERS

SEVERAL contributors have suggested that 70MHz be included in the Squares Table so this will be accommodated commencing with its next appearance in February. The starting date is 1

January 79. There are just over 50 land squares in the British Isles, some of them pretty remote with no regular activity.

If you have worked Gibraltar and Cyprus, those squares can be included as can any others from where there has been legal activity. The figures in this table are what participants claim to have worked; you do not need to have confirmations. All modes are permissible, eg tropo, aurora, Es, MS, EME, FAI, but not satellite, repeater or packet radio contacts.

The Annual VHF/UHF Table will start again on 1 January and there are no changes in the bands or rules. It will alternate with the Squares Table and the final placings for 1991 should be published in the March issue. The first 1992 figures will appear in the May edition.

Ted Collins, G4UPS (DVN), sent some data from the Wireless Institute of Australia (WIA) which keeps comprehensive details of VHF, UHF and microwave distance records. These cover all bands from 50MHz to 10GHz, broken down into VK divisions, and modes with additional categories for EME, digital, ATV and mobile.

The 6 June update lists the VK30T/G4UPS QSO on 19/2/91 as the VK3 record distance of 16921.6km. These 'new records' are confirmed by a Certificate of Achievement, "... to give recognition to amateurs ... who have set a high standard of technical and operating skills on the VHF/UHF bands"; to quote from the accompanying letter.

METEOR SCATTER

THE GEMINIDS

This is the major stream in December and, according to the IMO's 1991 *Meteor Shower Calendar*, the suggested visual peak is around 1200GMT on the 14th. At maximum the Right Ascension (RA) is 112°, the Declination (DEC) +33° and the Solar Longitude (LS) 262.1°.

My MSD1 program shows that reflection efficiencies exceed 50% as follows: NE/SW 2100-0200 and 0500-0930; E/W 0030-0400; NW/SE 1900-2300 and 0230-0730; N/S 1900-0100 and 0330-0900. The ZHR is 110 and the radiant is above a mid-UK horizon from 1630-1230.

The Geminids stream is usable 7-17 Dec and, due to possible mass-sorting across the stream, best radio reflections could occur a day earlier than the visual maximum, ie at LS 261.2°. (Note that one degree of solar

longitude equates to 24h.21min).

THE URSIDS

The ZHR for this stream is usually around 15 but 50+ was reported in 1986. The RA/DEC are 217/+75° respectively, and in the UK the radiant does not set. The peak should be on 22 Dec and the stream is particularly favourable for E/W paths, but poor for N/S ones. Best times for NE/SW are 0900-2400 and for NW/SE 1700-0800.

To quote from the IMO's 1992 calendar; "... so little work has thus far been carried out that absolute statements concerning the Ursids cannot be made with any degree of accuracy." So if you have the time - and this could be a useful exercise for SWLs - monitoring Radio Gdansk on 70.31MHz for pings and bursts should give a good idea of activity.

THE QUADRANTIDS

This all-day stream is active 1-5 Jan and the IMO predicts the visual peak at 0500 on the 4th with a ZHR of 110. Again, mass-sorting results in a radio peak around 14 hours earlier, ie 1500 on the 3rd. The RA/DEC figures at visual maximum are 230/+49° respectively and the LS 283.13°. Best times are: NE/SW 1100-1800; E/W 1500-0300; NW/SE 2300-0600 and around 1130 and N/S 0100-0700 and 1030-1630.

Most amateur prediction programs appear to use the LS at visual maximum. However, mass-sorting can result in large numbers of tiny meteors, too small to produce trails visible to the naked eye, ahead of a stream of fewer, larger ones. It is this greater total mass of meteors that we detect by radio and which defines our peak.

MOONBOUNCE

THE BEST EME opportunity this month is the 21/22 Dec night sked perigee weekend when the Moon's declination varies from +24.8° to +20.4°. The WA1JXN program gives the following data for central England: 0000 on the 21st, az/el 190/61° with moonset at 0815 at 312° and a North American window from 0515 for a couple of hours.

The next moonrise is at 1605 at 48° with an Asian window till 1730; maximum elevation 59° at 0035 with Sunday moonset at 0910 at 310° and a two hour North American window from 0615. Sunday moonrise is at 1730 at 54° with an Asian window till 1845; at 2400 the az/el are 139/51°.

50MHZ

GENERAL NEWS

Like G1SMD (October *VHF/UHF News*) Darrell Moody, G0HVQ (GLR), didn't hear any random SSB MS activity on 50.350MHz in the Perseids. Most activity is usually around 50.110MHz, which is bad news. He suggests we consider a QRG in the 50.130-50.200MHz section, but what is wrong with 50.350? What do you think? Do we want another band plan revision?

Mike Theiss, LA5SAA (JO29XB), is looking for CW MS skeds. He uses a TS-680S running 10W to a 2-ele quad from home. He also has a weekend cottage in JO39AB sporting a 3-ele quad. Speeds up to 800LPM are suggested. If you send him your details and telephone number indicating the times of day you prefer, he will get back to you to propose dates. His QTH is; Raunev 1, N-4120 Tau, Norway.

The following comes from G4UPS's 6m *Information* notes. PAOFM will be operating from Aruba as P43FM until the end of March 1992. When PY5CC leaves his keyer on he now uses the call PY5XX. KM1E will be in the Bahamas from 1 Dec to mid-Jan signing C6A/KM1E; he plans to be back there for the whole of March.

The eagerly awaited ZA1A operation from Albania commenced on 5 Oct. G3WOS worked the group at 1115. They contacted 14 countries that day including ZS and other African stations. 9X5NH (K158BB) in Rwanda had his first QSOs on 5 Oct to ZS. Next day Hans worked into I, YU and 9H and was heard in England by G4UPS and others. His home call is DK5SY and his QSL manager is DJ6EA.

BV2DP worked into Italy from 0920-1035 on 19 Oct, believed to be the first Taiwan/European 50MHz contacts. The same day saw the first Europe/Macao opening when XX9JN was worked; he contacted about 20 Gs from 0938. QSL via KU9C. Charles Coughlan's, EI5FK, new QTH is 12 Forest Bridge Crescent, Wilton, Cork, Irish Republic.

EA4CGN confirmed that the Spanish PTT published details of restricted 50MHz operation in the official *Gazette* in September so some permits could have been issued by the time you read this.

The October issue of *Six News*, the UK 6m Group's newsletter, includes a balanced selection of awards news, activity reports, QSL information and construc-

tional articles. The joint editors are John Livesey, G0JLL, and Neil Carr, G0JHC; Geoff Brown, GJ4ICD, does the artwork and layout. The group has over 600 members in nearly 50 countries; details from secretary Chris Gare, G3WOS, who is QTHR.

ACTIVITY

In late September there was Es propagation to DL, I, OE, YU and 9H on the 24th; to OE, YU and 9H on the 29th and to SM on the 30th. Central and southern African stations were reported heard/ worked on all days except the 26th. These included A22BW, TR8CA, ZS9A, 3DA0BK, 5V7JG, 7Q7RM and 9J2HN. GJ4ICD copied a CU (Azores) beacon on 50.877MHz at S9+ at 1615 on the 25th.

The first Oceania opening this season was on 28 Sept when VK8ZLX was working into PA from 0745. He contacted a few Gs later including G3JVL and G3IBI. Next day GJ4ICD heard a beacon on 50.1093MHz whose call began with a B. Any suggestions?

October began with a long Es opening on the 1st to Scandinavia lasting till 1640. There was an aurora next day and Es to the Mediterranean on the 3rd. African stations were heard/worked on most days via TEP mode in the afternoons.

GJ4ICD heard VE1YX via backscatter at 200° around 1600 on the 7th and from 1635 Geoff heard/worked 38 stations in South America in CX, LU and PY; LU4EJ (GF11) was a new square. He heard KG6DX in the morning of the 13th and VK6PA was received weakly in England around 1000.

From Jersey, the 14th was a terrific day. Weak Australian TV was heard on 46.249MHz at 0913 after which GJ4ICD worked VK2FLR (QF56OD), a QRB of 17,235km, almost certainly a new British Isles record. Geoff went on to work 27 VKs in the 2, 3, 4 and 6 divisions, but didn't hear any VK8s.

V73AT (Marshall Is.) was on and JAs were in for ten minutes at QTE 110° - the Indian Ocean anomaly again? This opening barely reached southern England; G4UPS worked VK6PA (OG89UI) at 0938 and Ted heard VK2, 4 and 5 but all had faded by 1100. However, Terry Chaplin, G1UGH (SFK), heard VK6PA 1008-1058 peaking S3.

19 Oct was another memorable day, the highlight being XX9JN (OL62) in Macao. Many people missed this one as he was working split frequency, a common practice adopted by DX

stations on the HF bands. When GJ4ICD switched on at 0806, the band was full of VK4s, followed by lots of JAs, VK6, VK8 with BV2DP heard at S4. In the afternoon, there was a good Es opening to I and YU, along with African stations.

In the morning of the 20th there was strong scatter propagation into F, DL and Scandinavia. VK6PA was heard in parts of G and PA and GJ4ICD worked more VK4s, JA and YC2ASB. At 0910, GM3WOJ heard SV and T70A. Next day there was a strong aurora around 1600 and SSB signals from GM were very distorted.

70MHZ

TO CELEBRATE its Diamond Jubilee and 30 years of amateur activity on 70MHz, the Irish Radio Transmitters Society is promoting the EI 70MHz Activity Award for 1992. The aim is to promote activity on the band and to encourage crossband contacts with other countries.

UK stations must work 30 different stations with a maximum of ten in any one country. Note that you may only count a callsign once ie if worked fixed, subsequent -/M and -/P QSOs are invalid. All applicants will receive "... a unique hand painted parchment endorsed as required."

The first station to qualify will also receive an engraved cut-glass Galway crystal trophy. Applications to Paul Martin, EI2CA, 15 Merrion View Avenue, Dublin 4, Irish Republic. No QSLs required, but a log extract certified by two other radio amateurs is necessary. There is no charge for this award even though the certificates are said to be worth at least £20.

Ian Cornes, G4OUT (SFD), missed the first two hours of the Trophy Contest on 29 Sept. His best DX were G14TVV/P (DWN), GM4BVY/P (SCD) and EI9FK/P (IO62WV). No other 70MHz activity reports were received.

144MHZ

THIS USED to be the band that carried all the traffic but I sometimes wonder if everyone has now got fed up with it following the digital revolution? At G3FPK the band is full of little carriers, plus the foreign-speaking pirates on FM on 144.100MHz in the London area.

Unless there is an opening of some sort, the SSB/CW section is usually devoid of QSOs. For example, Lyn Leach, GW8JLY (GNS), wrote; "I was fortunate to find an aurora in progress during

LOCATOR SQUARES TABLE					
STARTING DATE: 1-1-1979					
Callsign	50MHz	144MHz	430MHz	1.3GHz	Total
G4RGK	142	314	166	55	677
G1LSB	73	177	144	-	394
G3IMV	360	457	125	52	994
GJ4ICD	475	264	119	59	917
G4XEN	66	301	115	6	488
G6HKM	317	232	114	51	714
G4TIF	231	204	111	-	546
GW4LXO	367	258	108	48	781
G4PIQ	-	289	108	-	397
G0GMB	-	202	103	-	305
G4SSO	-	267	99	-	366
G4MUT	160	155	94	34	443
G8LHT	169	192	93	17	471
G0EHV	-	175	81	-	256
G4RRA	-	292	80	-	372
G0CUZ	-	364	75	-	439
G6TTL	26	100	73	-	199
G6YIN	163	158	72	-	393
G4DEZ	141	251	62	56	510
G1SWH	201	166	62	9	438
G0EVT	186	221	57	-	464
GJ6TMM	162	151	52	-	365
G6MXL	84	100	52	22	258
G6ODT	-	33	49	-	82
GW8JLY	-	267	36	-	303
G8PYP	228	122	35	-	385
GM4CXP	50	201	32	-	283
G0NFH	136	92	28	12	268
G3FIJ	1	77	21	-	99
GM0EWX	404	211	18	-	633
GW6VZW	273	143	6	-	422
G0FYD	162	191	6	-	359
G4IJE	415	338	5	2	760
G7BXB	18	66	5	-	89
G7CLY	-	100	2	-	102
G6HCV	355	241	-	-	596
G0JHC	371	48	-	-	419
G0OFE	264	152	-	-	416
G4DHF	-	342	-	-	342
G1SMD	206	112	-	-	318
G0HVQ	214	71	-	-	285
G4YTL	-	269	-	-	269
GU7DHI	194	73	-	-	267
G8XTJ	130	121	-	-	251
G3FPK	-	246	-	-	246
GW4VEQ	-	241	-	-	241
GW4FRX	-	235	-	-	235
G1UGH	120	106	-	-	226
GM0GEI	224	-	-	-	224
G4DOL	-	223	-	-	223
GW4VVX	81	120	-	-	201
G4XBF	-	176	-	-	176
GM1XOG	169	-	-	-	169
G4TGK	-	139	-	-	139
GM1ZVJ	72	48	-	-	120
GM0CLN	-	116	-	-	116
GM1BVT	92	23	-	-	115
GM0GDL	-	55	-	-	55
GW7EVG	-	28	-	-	28

No satellite, repeater or packet radio QSOs.
'Band of the month' 430MHz.

the evening of 2 October. Although it was reasonably strong, activity on SSB was abysmal." He worked a couple of GMs and heard a DL and two Gs.

Arlen Pardoe, GM0HUO (FFE), had CW aural contacts with Germans on 25 Sept from 2234; with SM5BSZ (JO89) at 1630 on the 26th; with LA, OZ, PA and SM from 1658 on the 28th; with DL, G, LA, ON and OZ from 2117 on 1 October and with DL, EI, F and G from 1538 on the 2nd. The QTEs for these last two were 40-70° and there was a high noise level.

There was another aurora on the afternoon of 21 Oct, but I wasn't QRV for it. I heard it being discussed later and, although there were some good Scandinavian signals around, once again it seems that activity was very low.

PERSEIDS 1991

IN THE OCTOBER VHF/UHF News Colin Morris, G0CUZ, reported "... a small peak on 12 August, 1500-1700." Alastair McBeath, vice-president of the International Meteor Organization, has since supplied some further important information on this Perseids phenomenon.

As observed in Japan, far from being a small peak, it proved to be a wholly unexpected burst with a Zenithal Hourly Rate (ZHR) in excess of 400. This is four to five times the usual figure. It was not so noticeable in the British Isles as the stream's radiant was almost at its lowest at about 24° and it was broad daylight.

In Tokyo at this time the radiant would have been 42° above the

continued on page 75

Propagation NEWS

Compiled from reports supplied by G3FKM, G3FPK and the Propagation Studies Committee

THE G8KG REPORT this month goes as follows: "The opening weeks of the 1991/92 DX season saw conditions on the higher bands varying from fairly good to very good.

From mid-September to mid October the 2800MHz solar flux was on something of a plateau with limits of 221 and 170 and an average value of 178sfu, higher than at the same time last year.

Propagation conditions were, therefore, mainly controlled by the state of the geomagnetic field. This was generally quiet both at the beginning and end of the period but more disturbed late in September and early October.

These phenomena were re-

flected in some excellent HF band conditions in the second and third weeks of September and again in the second week of October. During these periods MUFs were consistently high as evidenced, for example, by long 28MHz band openings to the Far East and Oceania in the mornings with the path to North America opening before mid-day while the F2 skip distance on that band was down to less than 2000km for long periods during daylight - which helped many to that first 28MHz contact with Albania.

The good spell in October included the Sunday of the RSGB 21/28MHz Telephony Contest during which any lack of DX must be blamed on activity (or lack of it) rather than on propagation conditions, as witness the flood of JA stations in the opening hours!

It is worth noting that the two recent very good spells show a very distinct 27-day periodicity which, if maintained, would point to good spells beginning around 5 November and 2 December. When this appears in print the first of these will be history. Whether the second will materialise remains to be seen!

VHF

ALTHOUGH SUNSPOT maximum for cycle 22 was in July 1989, ionospheric propagation is still excellent. The 50MHz band has produced some superb openings to Oceania, the Far East and parts of the Pacific.

Afternoon and early evening TEP propagation to central and southern Africa has been widely reported. Sporadic E openings to Scandinavia and the Mediterranean occurred into the second half of October.

The 19th was a DX-ers delight. It began with backscatter propagation to Denmark around 0730 as Danish stations were working Japan. English operators worked VK4s and stations in Hong Kong, Macao, Japan and Guam till about 1100. From around noon there was good Es propagation to Italy and Yugoslavia until around 1815 with some Trans-equatorial Propagation (TEP) to ZS6 to round things off.

Other interesting propagation paths included Malawi to Hong Kong and Japan over the North Pole on 6 October; from southern England the 9L1US beacon

peaked at 210° during an aurora around 1600 on the 21st, at 215° in 'normal' conditions at 1110 the next day and again on the 23rd from 1300.

On 9 October at 1000, GJ4ICD worked into Malta via backscatter by beaming southwest. The CTOWW beacon and GI stations were also copied on this beam heading. There seems to be something 'magic' about this direction.

For instance, on 7 October GJ4ICD heard VE1YX at S2 via backscatter around 1600. Another phenomenon is the 'Indian Ocean anomaly' which has again been mentioned.

While stations in various parts of Australia peak up at the great circle azimuths, Japanese stations are frequently strongest at 100-110°. The true heading is 30°.

Auroral propagation on 144MHz at the beginning of October was accompanied by high noise levels, as observed by G6OHUO in Fife. Signals were unstable, varying quickly in strength. Optimum beam headings changed rapidly, usually in a clockwise direction from about 40° to 70°.

HF F-LAYER PROPAGATION PREDICTIONS FOR DECEMBER 1991

The time is represented vertically at two-hour intervals 00(00)GMT for each band, ie 00=0000, 02=0200, 04=0400 etc. The probability of signals being heard is given on a 0 (indicated by a dot) to a 9 scale; the higher the number the greater the probability with 1 meaning 10 to 19 per cent of days, and so on. Additionally 50MHz F-layer and 1.8MHz openings are indicated by a plus (+) sign in the 28 and 3.5MHz columns.

Time / GMT	28MHz	24MHz	21MHz	18MHz	14MHz	10MHz	7MHz	3.5MHz
000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122
024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802
** EUROPE								
MOSCOW	7++94	99997	999991	1998993	1.587789821	663765567986	887532235888	++42...25++
MALTA	79886	99982	999995	9889982	11.487769972	773764458998	888632236898	++3...3++
GIBRALTAR	187761	49882	799996	9989982	98778971	65327557997	98753224799	++42...25++
ICELAND	5886	7998	99993	299996	7888992	353.86678984	888353346788	++52...34++
** ASIA								
OSAKA	61	83	96	1871	1.153234635	1.153234635	1.153234635	...34
HONGKONG	9971	19983	28886	167772	1.4556642	2.12236872	1.13685	...453
BANGKOK	1++94	289996	258898	1377892	1.5568722	3.2236887	2.2236887	...454
SINGAPORE	189894	279996	258898	1377892	1.5568722	2.2236886	1.13685	...452
NEW DELHI	2++96	37998	457883	226785	1.3568222	731.236777	72.13687	...455
TEHRAN	2++94	588996	7668981	7447894	311511568843	8642.236888	772.13678	...445
COLOMBO	2++95	368997	2368992	47895	3.1568843	62.236888	5.13678	...445
BAHRAIN	3++984	5779961	6588983	62368961	4213.468964	873.136888	772.13678	...445
CYPRUS	1++71	399992	68889961	1.887889831	541765678985	986532357999	8862.24788	5+3...25+5
ADEN	2++8971	4778983	53469972	2.412489952	7412.166897	983.33688	771.13677	...344
** OCEANIA								
SUVA/S	3562	5774	17887	378881	656685	1533464	12.131	...
SUVA/L	4321.232	1.65421453	11.87654752	18766783	3744576	3411253	12.21	...
WELLINGTON/S	16751	38872	68886	888881	765683	1532463	2.131	...
WELLINGTON/L								...
SYDNEY/S	76783	188895	288898	2877891	17433551	1421252	2.2	...
SYDNEY/L		221.11	4531.132	66531452	6545574	3212562	1.23	...
PERTH	277755	378877	3588892	1377895	1.5568842	2236873	13651	...42
HONOLULU								...
** AFRICA								
SEYCHELLES	2567641	3568864	32368872	2.1488952	74.168997	951.36889	73.13678	4.345
MAURITIUS	2578872	34679851	1.223699841	31.1389973	74.168998	84.16899	61.3888	3.355
NAIROBI	18788741	36679962	2.533489962	52.41279985	8712.48999	983.16898	772.3677	44.354
HARARE	4567762	1.245578851	31.32369985	64.31148998	9811.17999	983.16899	761.1688	43.355
CAPETOWN	45678741	2.55568873	53.132248997	85.31.26999	9822.3899	984.1589	761.368	43.45
LAGOS	9+889752	21.97679974	53.85358997	86.262127999	99363.5899	88851.2699	7782.488	445.55
ASCENSION IS	68767642	1.77667864	43.85335897	761.72112899	996172.699	98862.379	7774.58	445.25
DAKAR	5++89841	1.78688973	32.97436997	652.85115899	986172.2699	89964.489	77761.168	4453.35
LAS PALMAS	5++9972	1.7999884	32.99889972	22.98778995	765186556899	989663224799	888741.1478	5+4...
** S. AMERICA								
SNH SHETLAND	34455431	1.56668553	32.77655566	541.87533356	6751642.125	355331	12321	...
FALKLAND IS	17544541	1.7668863	21.77533466	542.8731.147	787174.16	688541	36652	...332
R DE JANEIRO	2544541	1.38545663	21.67332486	532.8511.278	887.72.58	98955.26	77762.3	4453
Buenos Aires	2444541	1.46545652	21.78422265	432.872.47	877.75.16	789452.3	57762	2453
LIMA	++873	1.976641	13843343	1.2.35721125	657.654.5	7894521.2	46762	1.443
BOGOTA	++873	1.976651	13843343	1.2.3721145	647.55.16	8884322.2	67762	1.3443
** N. AMERICA								
BARBADOS	4++883	6975751	8833574	2.2.7611276	657.153.58	8884421.27	77762.4	4443
JAMAICA	8++72	98764	1863352	1.2.2741145	546.3551.16	8884532.4	67762.2	4443
BERMUDA	19++82	398884	6865772	1.2.72133575	546.3551.258	8884532.27	77662.4	4433
NEW YORK	7++71	89883	2887761	1.1.475673	546.35542367	88845321.36	76662.3	4333
MEXICO	9+71	9462	186331	1.1.1.383122	446.52451.3	58845223.1	36762	343
MONTREAL	7++71	89883	2887761	1.1.578773	546.35554567	888453221236	76662.14	4333
DENVER	285	4571	7873	1.1.77541	446.41165224	688452232.3	36762.1	343
LOS ANGELES	75	86	862	1.1.28521	355.42.56212	478453133	15762.1	243
VANCOUVER	12	35	671	1.1.1173	355.43.7653	47833135322	25762	243
FAIRBANKS				1.1.121235	354.44457832	567253246654	24552.13322	23

The provisional mean sunspot number for October 1991 issued by the Sunspot Data Centre, Brussels was 143.6. The maximum daily sunspot number was 248 on 29 October and the minimum was 81 on 22 October. The predicted smoothed sunspot numbers for December, January and February, are respectively: (classical method) 128, 126, 123; (SIDC adjusted values) 133, 133, 131.



SWL NEWS

BOB TREACHER BRS 32525
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SE9 1QJ

IT IS WITH regret that I heard that Frank Parkhurst BRS10996, an avid HAB enthusiast passed away in September. Readers will recall that he had written quite recently with news of his achievements in the HAB field. Indeed, Dennis, GW6JNE, had the privilege of presenting him with a well deserved award at this year's WAB Annual General Meeting for hearing over 4,200 WAB areas. He will be sadly missed by all those interested in the WAB/HAB Award scheme.

CONTESTS AND AWARDS

NEXT MONTH, I shall provide some details about the 11th White Rose SWL contest, which again covers the 18 and 24MHz bands, and the 1992 UBA contest which is also open to SWLs. Contest activity seems to be at a fairly low ebb at present. It would be pleasing for all concerned if 1992 could see an upturn in participation.

On the awards front, I have been advised that the Mansfield ARS has a new award which is available to SWLs - The Sherwood Forest Award. It is available for hearing licensed amateurs in the County of Nottinghamshire. The rules are simple enough - 5 points for hearing the Mansfield Club station (G3GQC or G1GQC), 2 points for Mansfield ARS members and 1 point for hearing any other licensed amateur in Nottinghamshire. 30 points are required and you can go back through your logs to your first day as an SWL to collect the points. The Award costs £2 and can be claimed from GONRA at 25 Manor House Court, Kirkby-in-Ashfield, Nottinghamshire, NG17 8LH.

While on the subject of awards, John, G3XWK, has asked me to mention the 'Postcode Award' again. The Civil Service RS has had some requests for details from listeners and has indeed issued the first SWL Award. I have seen the certificate, and it is well worth the effort of collecting the various postcodes to have it on

the shack wall. G3XWK is QTHR. Dennis, GW6JNE, reminds me that the HAB 'Winter Activity Award' is available again this winter. The idea is to log WAB areas, counties, districts and bookholders in multiples of 250 from 1 December to 29 February. The Award costs £2.50. Full details are available from GW6JNE at 7 Penrhos Crescent, Rumney, Cardiff CF3 8PB.

BARTG NEWS

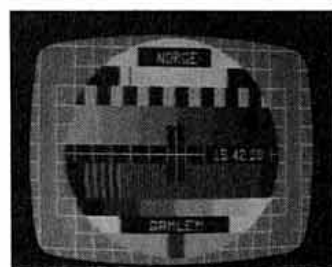
IF ANY listener is interested in data communications via amateur radio, the British Amateur Radio Teledata Group will be just the thing. The group has a new Membership Secretary who will be pleased to provide further details. You can write to Peter, G6LZB, at 464 Whippendale Road, Watford, Herts WD1 7PT.

ILA NEWS

THE INTERNATIONAL Listeners' Association published their Members' Handbook in the Autumn. This shows 760 members. Membership is mainly from the British Isles, but they do have members in EI, CT, ON, 9H, I UB5, ZS, DL, OK, W, UL7 and UA. If you would like to know more about the ILA, you can write to GW4OXB at 1 Jersey Street, Hafod, Swansea, SA1 2HF. Their quarterly magazine once again has something for everyone, covering the Marine bands, the Air Bands, Medium and Long Waves and the Amateur Spectrum.

VHF LOGGINGS

BRIAN UNDERWOOD, BRS93818, provided a further report of activity on VHF. He commented on the good condi-



tions which prevailed at the beginning of September. I covered this period in the last issue, but it is worth noting that Brian heard a number of SPs in JO73, 83 and 93 on the 4th and followed these with many OKs on the 6th. Although conditions were quite 'flat' after the first few days of the month, he heard the Swiss beacon on a number of occasions and HE7STY/P (JN36) on 19 September.

With 50MHz in poor shape during the period, I have no news of openings to report. Surprisingly, however, several OEs and YUs were heard at around 1700 on 5 October.

HF NEWS

ON HF, my reporters could not remember a month where there has been so much DX on offer. The most remarkable news is that Albania (ZA) is not now a rare country. The ZA1A expedition did a truly fantastic job, and I am sure that any remotely active SWL managed to log the expedition on at least one band. I have many reports of 5x9 signals on all bands, including 18 and 24MHz, but no-one reported them on 1.8MHz though they were active on that band. As I write this, ZA1HA and ZA1QA are active, and an expedition by some French amateurs is also planned.

There are several good quotes this month. Robert Small, BRS8841, remarks that "ZA, C9, XY, XV and YA in such a small period would have been unthinkable not many months ago", while Phillip Davies, G1EMD, remarked on the XY that "my last XZ was on 14MHz on 24 December 1959, the day before 9N1GW".

A good quote from the ZA boys was mentioned by three listeners. During the Scandinavian SSB Contest, an OH asked for a contest number. ZA1A said tersely "No numbers from this station . . . QRZ!"

As well as the ZA success story, and activity from C9 (Mozambique), XV (Vietnam), XW (Laos), YA (Afghanistan), 3B7 (St Brandon), and 3D2 (Royuma Is), a

good many signals from the Pacific were copied on 21 and 28MHz. All-in-all, quite a remarkable month. Now for the usual, slightly expanded, band reports.

28MHz: A25AA, A35KB, A92EV, BV2BT, CE9AA, FK8CP, FY5EM, EA1DU/HI8, HL9AA, KH0AC, P29CH, P29PL, S79HX, V73AX, XX9AW, YJ8CW, ZD8AM, 3B8FQ, 3D2XV, 5H3RA, 5V7JG, 5Z4FM.

24MHz: HF0POL, HC8GR, PJ8AD, VP2M/G0AZT, VU2RX, 3B8FE, ZS6AIS/7P8 and VK2DXI/9M2.

21MHz: BV2WA, FR5DX, HL9AA, J88BS, NL7UT (Kodiak Is), T20WW, TT8SA, V73AX, XV9MA, ZD7CRC, ZS9S, 9K2IC, 9L1US and 9X5HG.

18MHz: HK0HEU, KH3AE, JT1CD, VP8CBL (Antarctica), XE1ZLW and 5N0CEP.

14MHz: C9RAA, FP9SPM, AA4FS/HH3, KC6DX, AA6DX/KL7 (North Pole, Alaska), S21NQ, ST0DX, V85FC, VP8CFM (South Orkney Is), YA2CW, 3B8CF/3B7 and 3X0HNU.

10MHz: Nothing reported!

7MHz: XY0RR, VP8CFM (South Orkney Is), ZA1A.

3.5MHz: A92BE, FR5DX, S79HX, VS6VO, 5H3RA and 9Q5TE.



Phillip, G1EMD, also had an interesting comment about pile-ups. He conveyed that he listened to 5N0CEP on 17MHz working Ws at a fast rate. On the same band, VP8CBL on Adelaide Is had no pile-up at all and he was probably rarer DX. The reason? - VP8CBL does not QSL.

Phillip heard him say that he has no manager and there is only one ship per year. Although amateur radio would be very dull without QSL cards, Phillip was left wondering whether the many awards which are now available are the reason that QSL Bureaux and QSL Managers are now so busy. (I bet by the time you read this VP8CBL has a QSL Manager!)

FINALE

ONCE AGAIN, space has well and truly beaten me. Please ensure that material for the February 1991 issue is with me no later than **Tuesday 10 December**.



DX TV pictures from France, Norway and Denmark.



Novice NEWS

MRS ESDE TYLER, G0AEC
43 Nest Est, Mytholmroyd, Hebden
Bridge, W Yorks, HX7 5BH

BY THE TIME you read this there will be new Novice call-signs on the air with more appearing throughout the month. To those Novices, congratulations and welcome.

Now that Novice numbers have doubled - at least - there should be fewer amateurs complaining they haven't heard one yet. As yet Novices are still a 'rare breed' I am sure that you are much in demand. Go ahead and enjoy yourselves.

Next, a personal plea. Please take a little time from your newfound occupation and drop a line to tell of your experiences. That applies to *all* Novices of course. All of you have something to say that will be of interest and help to those following in your footsteps.

SORRY ABOUT THIS

I WAS invited to man (woman?) a Novice stand at the Wakefield Radio Rally. It was quite busy and there was a lot of interest shown by visitors of all ages. Not much of the literature on display returned home with us!

Four licensed Novices joined me at various times and at one period all four were there together holding the fort. My grateful thanks to Vicky, 2E1AAD, Neville, 2E1ACS, Simon, 2E1AAB, and brother Daniel, 2E1AAH. Without their presence, I would have had little chance to look around.

I forgot to pack one essential item before I left home, and I am still kicking myself. You have guessed - my camera was exactly where I had left it, at home. It would have been nice to have shown a Novice stand manned solely by Novices. Will I ever live it down? [No! - Ed.]

WORKED ALL BRITAIN GROUP

IN JULY'S column, the awards available to Novices from the Worked All Britain Awards Group was mentioned, and that they would be welcomed.

Proof of that is here. Brian,

G4KSQ, has written to say that 2E1AAL, Rowena and 2E1ACA, Elizabeth both joined the Group at the Convention, along no doubt, with many others. It is certain that they will enjoy 'collecting' squares and make many new friends. Perhaps Rowena and Elizabeth would like to let us know more about their efforts as their list begins to grow?

I have listened to some of the seekers of WAB squares and it struck me that it is an excellent way to learn British geography! Towns can be located on a map and descriptions of different areas are often given. A bonus of course, is the number of people you meet with a similar interest. What a pleasant way to learn. And not a textbook in sight!

REPORTERS WANTED!

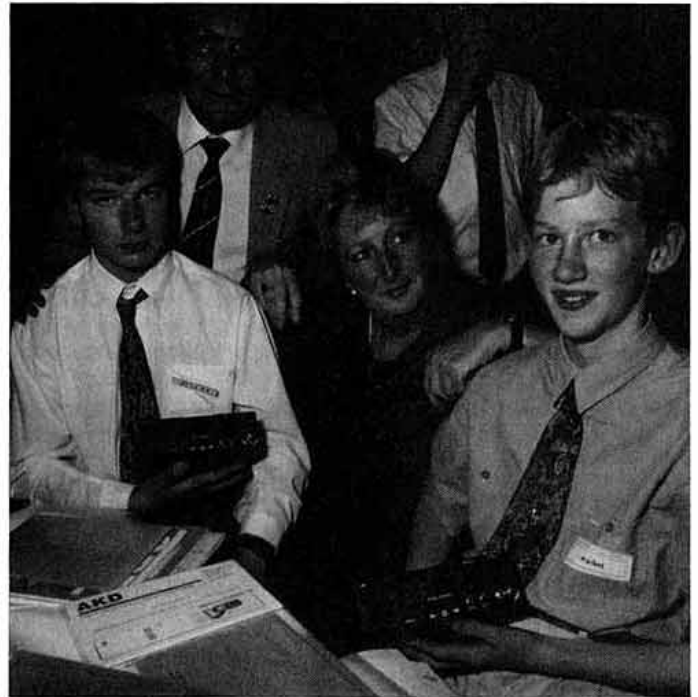
MEET SIMON, 2E1AAD, again. He was asked to put his thoughts, suggestions and ideas on paper and send them to me so that I could air them in this column, or send them for possible use in *D-i-Y Radio*. Some of his suggestions would be at home in *Novice News* and I present them here for your consideration.

He would like to see some technical aspects of the hobby. There is not enough space for building-projects in this column, but they do appear in *D-i-Y Radio*. As that is intended for new and budding Novices, obviously projects cannot be too ambitious. Reviews are perhaps a possibility in *Novice News*, should anything new come along. I will willingly give up an inch of space for this if anyone finds a suitable subject and reports.

He suggests a 'DX Corner' where a bit of justified boasting can take place. Some contacts have been reported as they have come to me, more will appear as they come to light. Come on Novices! Start boasting!

He did suggest that *D-i-Y Radio* should be staffed by Novices and young SWLs. That may not be practical - there is a lot of work and expertise involved. Time, too, that is not readily available. One other word slipped in to that suggestion that I noticed - reporters. Now that is an excellent suggestion.

Every Novice has a story to tell. Do you fancy seeing your name in print? If each one of you writes that story and sends it to me, it will be reported, in this column or passed to *D-i-Y Radio*. And there will be the chance to



The first two Novices proudly display their new rigs awarded to them by AKD: (l to r) Jonathan, 2E1AAA; Clive, GW4YKL, Chairman RSGB Training and Education Committee; Hilary, G4JKS Project YEAR Co-ordinator; Hugh, 2E0AAA.

'show off' your latest DX! How about it?

[*D-i-Y Radio* is aimed at pre-Novice and newly licensed Novices and regularly features simple construction projects as well as letters from Novices. Reports of events, visits to rallies etc, accompanied by photos, are welcome and will be paid for if published, as will construction articles. It is expected that once a Novice has been licensed for a while, he or she should be able to benefit from - and contribute to - large parts of *RadCom* and there will be Novice construction projects such the one on page 46 this month - Editor].

MORSE NOT SPOKEN HERE

ONE LETTER that I have received, contains observations common to many amateurs. Perhaps you recognise yourself. I shall not name the source; I will call him 'X'.

After many, many years listening, he took the plunge and gained his licence. More study followed, the Morse test was passed and the full licence gained. He listened and practised, and improved his receiving and sending speeds to 25WPM which he does comfortably.

I do not know if 'X' transmits using SSB, but he does not use CW. Unlike Shirley (*Novice News*, October), he never got round to that first contact. He lacked the courage to take the plunge, say-

ing: "I know now that I never will; in fact, I do not even wish to".

He listens and gets great pleasure from this, but, apart from practicing, his key stays unused. Do not condemn him, I know many amateurs who passed the Morse test with high hopes and found that they were not prepared for text, numbers and punctuation marks all mixed together - and gave in. Perhaps the Novice Morse Test format is a better idea.

He ends his letter by wishing all Novices much success and hopes that they get as much pleasure from the hobby as he has.

The reason that I have included this item is to encourage all Novices and newly licensed amateurs not to wait too long before they 'have a go' - the longer you wait, the harder it is to make that first effort. Everyone has had to make a first contact. If you hear an obviously new call-sign, remember yours - and be patient.

MORE THINKING DAY NEWS

GB4CGG WAS the call-sign of the Cumber Claudy Girl Guides' TDOA special event station which was put on by the North West of Ireland ARS. Their activities are worth a mention.

The Club has been very successful in VHF National Field Day, being the leading G1 station in the Restricted, and previously the Open section for the last six

NOVICE NEWS

consecutive years. NWIARS is also actively involved in the 'publicize amateur radio' campaign, taking the hobby to the general public, Guides and schools with several special event stations this year. Ian, G14OUN, who sent the information, hopes that other clubs will be inspired by their example.

I am sure that other clubs are doing a great deal. The trouble is that they are not letting the rest of us know about it. Come on, spill the beans! The good ideas you have dreamed up may be just the thing for other clubs in other areas to try.

POOLING IDEAS

SOUTH MANCHESTER Amateur Radio Club members are trying to think up ways to recruit new members to the hobby. One of the problems, of course, is reaching potential Novices. Interest in Jamboree On The Air (JOTA) has led to some contacts, and the fact that Gilwell Park has a regular net on Sundays may provide a starting point. Bill, G0LNA, hopes that a North of England net may be started with some local Scout troops operating from a regular base.

Suggestions from other clubs, who perhaps have had ideas in the same direction, would be welcome. An idea that springs to my mind, is for Club stations to operate using the GX callsign and inviting local youth organizations to see amateur radio in operation, to meet amateurs and perhaps catch the bug. Maybe a poster for the student notice board in the local high school may catch the eye of a future Novice or two. Any artists in the club?

Any ideas could be sent direct to Bill, G0LNA, (QTHR) and/or to me. Apart from passing them on to Bill, this column may reach others needing the same sort of help.

FOUND ALIVE

REPORTED IN July as a forthcoming event (*Wanted alive*), the pilot Novice training course run by the Pontypool Amateur Radio Society took place in August, and Con, GW0FJH, has written to report:

Three youngsters took advantage of the course, with five Club members to instruct. All enjoyed the experience. Eleven-year-old Andrew did a 26 mile round trip each day. Damian, also 11, did not get much choice as one of the instructors David, GW3XJA, is his grandad. Fourteen year old

Graham was interested enough to turn up at the regular club meeting in the second week. All receivers and audio amplifiers worked first time - which must have been very encouraging for teachers and taught alike.

Con has learned a lesson too. Perhaps the publicity was not put out far enough in advance, but a solution was offered. Mr Jones of a local school asked Con if he would consider talking to the communications classes about amateur radio. Would he just!

The Club response is an offer to set up a special event station in the classroom once each term. I can see this leading to a flood of similar requests from other schools and a certain radio society is going to be rather busy. Never mind lads/lasses, it's all in a good cause!

SCROOGE'S CORNER

TWO TIPS for aeriels. Ian G3ROO, remembers with nostalgia, the days when an aerial current meter was considered a 'must' to show instantly if anything went amiss with the aerial. Still nice to know that your pearls of wisdom are reaching the parts that can't be reached by just shouting.

A simple cheap solution, then and now, is to connect a small flashlight bulb in series with the aerial. This will light, giving an indication of current. Presumably, this is for use only at the start as Ian points out that the bulb should then be shorted out as power used to light the bulb is lost power. 'ROO of course is a QRP enthusiast.

For a cheap 'power' meter, David G7GPR, suggests that you wrap some wire round the coax and place the LED across the coil to act as a small transformer. The LED glows when you are radiating. It is not accurate and several turns may be needed for QRP, but it does work - and it is pretty to watch as it flashes

Fancy spending coppers instead of pounds? Of course you do. Ian, G3ROO, points out that Vero market a tool for cutting Vero tracks and clearing holes in PC board, but adds that (a) they are not cheap and (b) after losing their edge they do not sharpen too well, so he looked for another solution; Buy a 3/16 inch drill bit and find a four inch length of wooden dowel. Drill into the end of this for about one inch and force the shank of the drill into the drilled hole. Result - one very useful tool. Cost - about 60 pence.

REPORT OF THE CITY AND GUILDS OF LONDON INSTITUTE ON THE SEPTEMBER 1991 NOVICE RAE

(reproduced by authority of the Institute)

OVERALL RESULTS (UK CANDIDATES)

Examination	No of candidates completing exam	Candidates qualifying for NRAE certificate	
		No	%
June 1991	185	153	82.7
September 1991	188	151	80.3

REPORT ON MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTION PAPER PAPER NO.773-1-01

Syllabus Topic or Objective	No of items	Comments on performance of candidates
Receivers and Receiving Techniques	4	Three of the items on receivers were well answered. Many candidates were not sure for which of the blocks a power supply is essential; over a quarter of the candidates thought that power is necessary for the input tuned circuit.
Components, Applications and Units	2	Very well answered. Both items on components attracted high scores.
Measurements	4	A question on a multimeter was badly answered, over a third of the candidates selecting a DC range to measure an AC voltage. 46% of candidates were unable to identify correctly a voltmeter in a simple circuit. The other two items on measurements were quite well answered.
Propagation and Antennas	5	There was a good understanding of the meaning of ground wave and most candidates were able to convert satisfactorily frequency to wavelength. However, a quarter of the candidates thought that an ATU should be adjusted for maximum reflected power, rather than minimum. There was also some confusion between the director and reflector of a yagi antenna.
Transmitters and Transmitting Techniques	10	Most question on transmitters and transmitting techniques were very well answered. There was evidence that some candidates did not understand the difference between high and low standing wave ratio. Many candidates wrongly thought that an AM transmission was less likely than FM to cause audio breakthrough on a television receiver.
Operating Techniques	6	All questions on operating techniques were very well answered.
Station Layout	4	There were three items on station layout which caused difficulty. Many candidates were unsure of the positions of the low pass filter and standing wave ratio meter relative to the transceiver and antenna tuning unit. In another item, a third of the candidates incorrectly chose coaxial cable to connect a transceiver to its power supply. A low pass filter, rather than a dummy load, was chosen by 26% of candidates as a means of enabling a transmitters to be used without radiating.
Construction	0	No items on construction are included in the written paper.
Safety	2	95% of all candidates answered correctly a question about the colours of wires connected to a 13A mains plug. Some candidates chose a filament lamp rather than a neon lamp to indicate that a power supply was connected to the mains.
Licensing Conditions	8	All questions on log keeping were well answered. There was doubt among some candidates of the obligations of a novice licensee to avoid undue interference to any wireless telegraphy. The use of a callsign suffix for a Temporary Location also caused difficulty with half of the candidates; 26% of them thought that the suffix /T, rather than /P, should be used.
General Comments		As with the June paper, the general performance of candidates for the September 1991 Novice Radio Amateurs Examination was encouraging. Of the candidates taking the examination, 80.3% of them were successful. Cognisance has been taken of the report of the June paper and it is hoped that the above comments will be of value to instructors and candidates for future examinations.

● Many Novice Instructors have expressed a desire to see past examination papers. However, it is City & Guilds' policy not to release any exam papers to the public.

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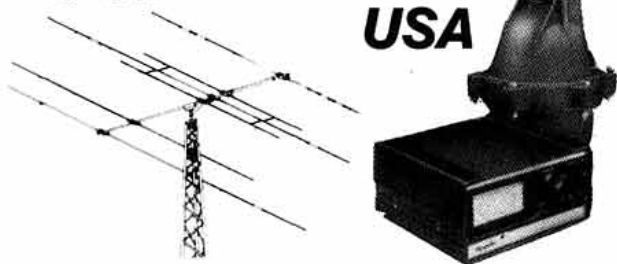
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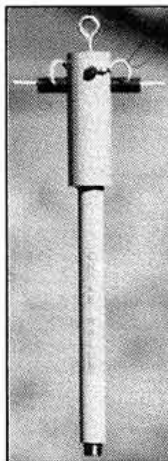
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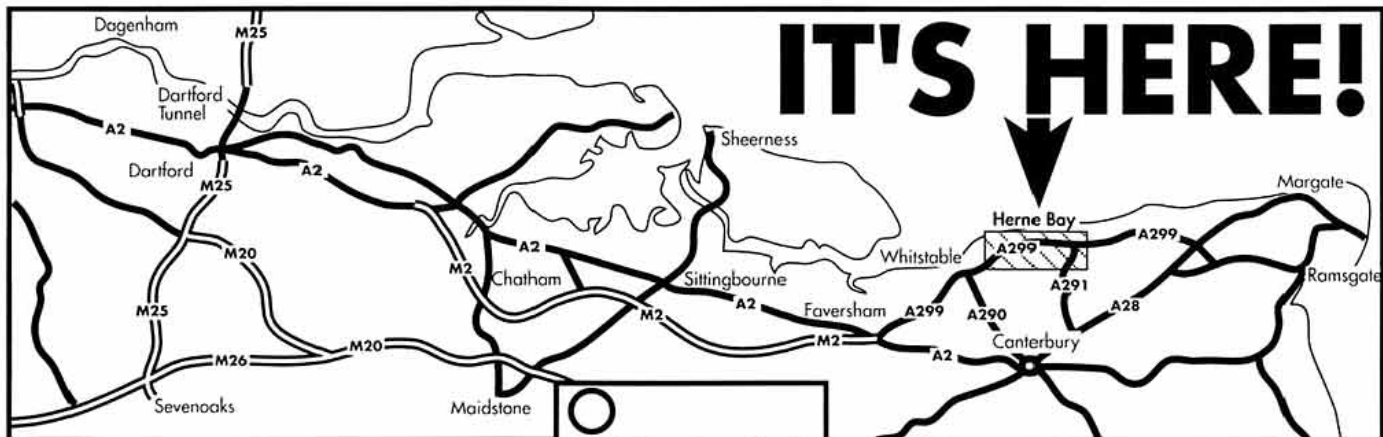
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BIG MOUTH, LINEARITY & SPLATTER

PROPERLY CONDUCTED two-tone testing of an SSB transmitter will show the maximum level to which a power amplifier can be driven before the onset of 'flat-topping' - in other words the point where the intermodulation products (IMPs) begin to spread the signal out into the adjacent channels as well as distorting the in-band speech. As Bill Orr, W6SAI, explains in 'Intermodulation Distortion (Or why does Big Mouth take up half the band?), CQ (Sept 91, pp56-58, 60-61): "Big Mouth doesn't know (or doesn't care) that all SSB transmitters have an overload point. Operating beyond this point won't make the signal louder or more readable. It just takes up more space on the dial and actually wastes useful power in the splatter! . . . IMD is created whenever a complex signal (such as speech which is composed of many audio tones simultaneously) overloads an amplifier or mixer stage of a transmitter . . . a CW signal is a single-frequency entity and does not create IMD" [But a poor keying waveform can create clicks which similarly cause the transmission to occupy excessive spectrum-G3VA].

While the two-tone test with a conventional oscilloscope display is extremely valuable in obtaining an appraisal of the overload point, to obtain a quantitative measure of the performance of an SSB transmitter requires the use of a spectrum analyser (professional instruments are usually well beyond amateur budgets!). A spectrum analyser can show (Fig 1(a)) the third-order and higher-order IMPs and allow an observer to determine how far down in decibels these are from either one or both tones, (if measured from one tone, this gives a result six decibels less than from the transmitter PEP level). The majority of amateurs, without spectrum analysers, are dependent either on the manufacturer's claimed specification or preferably, an independent equipment review such as those of Peter Hart, G3SJJ.

But watch the small print. An amplifier measured at its full rated output will be judged more harshly than when, for example, displayed at 80% (a level used by some reviewers). Fig 1(b) from W6SAI's article shows how a 100W local SSB signal, representative of many current transmitters, if received at 20dB over S9 on a receiver of wide dynamic range, would have splatter extending over some 28 to 30kHz. In a section 'Observations on IMD', W6SAI writes:

"Rough rules of performance can be outlined as far as IMD goes. These rules are based upon countless observations on various SSB transmitters. Older rigs using sweep tubes (6LQ6 etc) have IMD third-order figures in the -21 to -25dB range (measured from PEP). That's not very good, judged by today's standards. Other rigs using 6146-type valves exhibit IMD ranges falling between -24 and -28dB below PEP. The famous Collins S-line (which incorporates RF feedback) can better these figures by about 4 to 6dB. That's very good for a tube-type exciter.

"Solid-state rigs seem to run from -34dB to -40dB third-order products, depending upon the amount of RF feedback used and the voltage applied to the amplifier stages. That's

TOPICS

PAT HAWKER G3VA

good performance for equipment falling in the price that amateurs can afford! Of course, when Big Mouth operates any of these rigs, all bets are off."

I cannot help feeling that W6SAI is being a little charitable in his assessment of current solid-state transceivers, particularly those running directly off 12V - at least to judge from

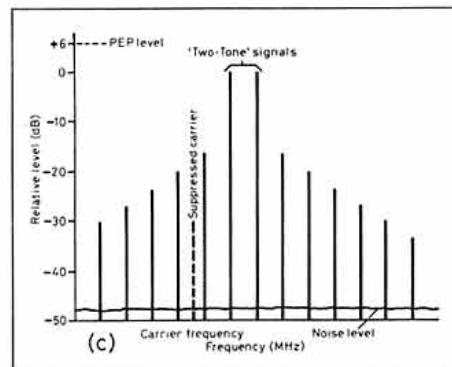
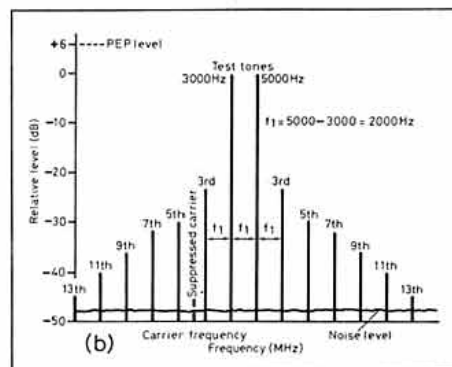
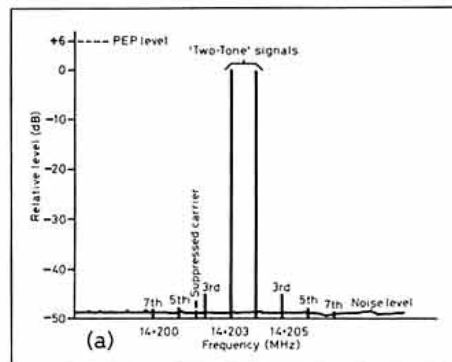


Fig 1: (a) Spectrum analyser presentation of a high-grade (probably professional-type) SSB transmitter driven by a two-tone test signal. Carrier suppressed 45dB below level of tones (51dB below total PEP output). Third-order products 45dB down on test tones with fifth-order products about 48dB down and seventh-order products barely above noise level. Still-higher-order products cannot be observed in this test. (b) Representative of a fairly typical 100W amateur SSB transceiver shown with tones 2kHz apart. The 13th-order products are down only 45dB from the tones and would easily be audible by local amateurs. Splatter would thus be produced over some 30kHz or more spectrum. (c) Representative of an older transmitter using TV "sweep" valves and with no RF feedback. Improperly loaded or over-driven such a transmitter would disrupt reception for many miles around. (W6SAI, CQ)

the IMD measurements reported by G3SJJ on some recent transceivers.

It should be appreciated that when a transceiver is used to drive a high-power linear, any IMD products in the drive will be amplified along with the wanted signals no matter how linear the final amplifier. Once any stage has been overdriven or is otherwise non-linear, poor IMD performance is inevitable. But, similarly, before accusing any local amateur of excessive splatter you should check that your receiver front end is not being overloaded and hence producing splatter even on a clean transmission. If in doubt reduce the input to the receiver with an RF attenuator (or a short wire as antenna) and check the signal at, say, S9.

Alex Allan, G3ZBE, was interested to note that in the item on the 30-year-old G2DAF valve linear in the September 77, the IMD performance for a single 813 was given as some 45dB down with a screen supply voltage derived (with voltage-doubling) from the RF drive. He writes:

"What struck me is that in the past few years we have seen a lot of discussion and recommendations about the need for very stiff screen supplies in order to get good intermodulation performance, especially in connection with the use of 4CX250 valves, yet here we are saying it is possible to get 45dB down on PEP with an 813 with the screen voltage varying at syllabic rate! Why this advice about needing something better than gas stabilisers or zeners? Admittedly the screen voltage in the 2DAF amplifier is normally in phase with the driving signal and not causing a varying voltage drop across a screen resistor. In the case of a correctly loaded 4CX250B the screen current is, we're told, sourcing current! I feel the screen-supply business is being over-stated. I have an EX-RAF Collins SSB linear which has no screen stabilisation at all and equalises the standing current in the two 4CX250B valves by varying the screen resistors, yet still claims excellent IMD figures."

It may well be that the Collins linear uses effective RF feedback and other linearising techniques. Then again, I seem to recall that the advocates of extremely stiff screen supplies were thinking in terms of VHF/UHF operation where the noise-floor is much lower than on HF so that much higher-order products can still be a source of interference. With the G2DAF linear the voltage drops as drive drops.

A section in the 1960 3rd edition of *Fundamentals of SSB* published by the original Collins Radio Company has the following notes on grid-driven tetrode power amplifiers (p7.5): "Fig 2 is a simplified schematic of a grid driven tetrode power amplifier. This amplifier, operating class AB1 produces 250W per tube using the 4X250B tetrode. In general, the same design considerations exist for tetrode amplifiers as for triode amplifiers. That is, grid circuit swamping is required to hold the input impedance constant if the tetrode is driven into the grid current region, and neutralisation is generally required if the tube is to operate over the entire HF range. However, since the plate-to-grid capacitance is small in the tetrode, neutralisation is much simpler. The tetrode amplifier, being a high-gain tube, requires relatively little driving power

and a relatively small grid swing for operation. This permits the parallelling of tubes with a common input network and a common output network which reduces the number of stages and simplifies tuning. In the tetrode power amplifier, *the screen voltage has a very pronounced effect on the dynamic characteristic of the tube.* (Italics added).

"By lowering the screen voltage, the static current required for optimum linearity is lowered. This permits greater plate RF voltage swing which improves efficiency. The use of lower screen voltage has the adverse effect of increasing the grid drive for class AB2 operation and lowering the power output for class AB1 operation. The tetrode tube can be used in the cathode-driven circuit and can be so used without neutralisation in the HF range."

To judge by this passage, there would seem to be distinct advantages in providing a varying screen voltage derived from the RF drive as in the G2DAF linear - but this is a debate in which I do not feel qualified to enter!

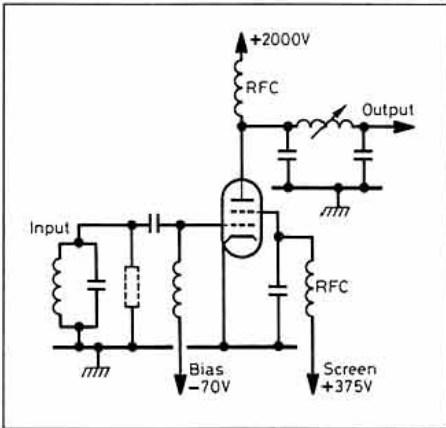


Fig 2: Simplified circuit of a grid-driven tetrode (4X250B) power amplifier. (*Fundamentals of SSB*)

HORIZONTAL LOOPS PLUS 1.8MHZ

WHILE THE 'SUNSPOT MAXIMUM' year of 1989 was, on the whole, rather disappointing in not yielding exceptionally good HF propagation periods, this has not been true of 1991 when the rich mixture of sunspots, geomagnetic activity and solar flares has seen periods when it has been possible to enjoy worldwide contacts with low-power or 'pieces of string' antennas or even both! This means that one may have to discount slightly some claims for antennas put up during 1991.

Nevertheless, there seems little doubt that the large horizontal loop has now established itself as a reliable performer on all bands from 3.5 to 28MHz (and probably also on 50MHz). *TT*, September 1990 and February 1991 presented some of the attractions of the large loop for multiband operation, even when suspended from supports considerably lower than the 50ft masts used by W1FB. As illustrated again in the September 1990 survey, the attractions of large wire loops in either the horizontal or (quad type) vertical planes were outlined by S M de Wet, ZS6AKA, as long ago as June, 1972 (and even earlier by G2PL when he reported excellent results using a quad antenna with its reflector element resting on the ground). Today, at last, this type of antenna is enjoying considerable popularity

even among those with only limited-size gardens.

Mike Hollebon, G4HOL, is particularly enthusiastic. He writes: "Following the *TT* items on horizontal loop antennas I put one up early this year (1991). A whole new world of DX has opened up for me. Using the familiar 1005/F formula, I cut mine for 3.55MHz, with resonances at approximately 7.1, 14.2, 21.3 and 28.4MHz.

"In switching checks on 3.5MHz in conjunction with my well-trusted 0.25λ sloper (66ft support) the loop was consistently some 9dB better - a tremendous boost for my 50W FT7B transceiver. The DX rolls in on 28/21/14MHz and I flabbergast 3.5/7MHz operators when I tell them I have only a FT-7B. My loop is an irregular four-sided affair fed at one corner with 300-ohm slotted-ribbon feeder. I can tune it nicely from 3.5 to 28MHz with my Nevada TM1000 ATU. As it is only 21ft above ground level, I am patiently waiting for the supporting trees to grow . . ."

A new twist to the use of a modified horizontal loop has come from Jean M Bourdereau, F1LCI, (Champniers, France) who has investigated methods of using his horizontal loop as a top-fed grounded Marconi antenna on 1.8MHz well suited to his attic shack, and with some affinity to the G3BDQ 'Steeple' antenna (or the earlier G8ON 1.8MHz antenna), making it a 'top-fed, top-cap antenna for top-band'.



His ideas took shape in 1990 but he has since upgraded the system and also completed an analysis with ELNEC software. His QTH, with a useful sized garden, is in a small village but near the Angouleme airfield so that a low profile approach is an advantage. He realised that he could take advantage of ZS6AKA's observation that "when the input is balanced, the furthest mid-point may be earthed" (originally adopted to form a static leakage path in thunderstorm-prone South Africa). F1LCI saw that earthing the loop and shorting the balanced feeder would transform the loop antenna into a top-fed inverted-L antenna with, in effect, capacitance loading by the two sides of the loop, providing a vertically-polarized component for DX operation on 1.8 and 3.5MHz etc.

He writes: "My loop is one full wavelength for 3.5MHz, and rectangular (18 by 24m) to fit my garden. Its mean height is 12m (varying between 8 and 14m). The higher (further) end is now grounded and supported by a fishing rod and telescopic mast, placed on a large aluminium plate (1m squared), to which are connected 20 radials and the neighbours' fences (Fig 3). The opposite end is connected to open-wire twin-line running 10m to the house roughly horizontally. It comes into the attic where there is a relay which provides the option of two transmission lines to my rig (my shack is in another part of the attic). The relay gives the options of: (a) open wire line and inductive coupler in the shack for 3.5/28MHz, which gives a horizontal loop antenna, grounded against static; and (b) the relay short-circuits the outdoor open-wire line

and connects it to coaxial cable, providing the 'vertical mode' for the lower frequency bands. A 2nd 'matchbox' (SFC) tuner is in the shack, but could be moved close to the relay.

"Results: Immunity to static with no more sparks in the inductive coupler due to the permanent grounding of the antenna. In the horizontal mode, grounding the loop at a current maximum does not effect performance and pattern (as stated by ZS6AKA and verified with ELNEC). In the vertical mode, which I prefer to consider as a 'top-fed Marconi' rather than a 'half loop' à la VE2CV, since the size is not right for a half-loop and one leg is in the house. There are some points in common with G3BDQ's 'steeple antenna' (*RadCom*, August 1986, pp556-568, 575) which I tried without as much success, as this design.

"Vertical-mode operation is of no interest above 14MHz. On 10MHz it permits filling in some notches in the horizontal-mode pattern. On 7 and 3.5MHz the vertical mode has less high-elevation gain but noise is stronger; again the major lobes are 90° apart. On 1.8MHz the horizontal loop is practically unusable for transmitting. But the ground connection and shorting the feeders (ie vertical mode) makes it function like a top-loaded vertical. The horizontal pattern is quasi-circular, the vertical one seems closer to a pure vertical than a conventional inverted-L, as if the two paths in the loop tend to cancel some radiation from the cap."

F1LCI has provided much information and comments on the ELNEC computer analysis of this antenna but this would require considerable space to reproduce. He does however also provide some constructional tips, as well as mentioning that one of his projects will be to try adding some short counterpoise wires.

On construction, he writes: "Fishing rod (fibreglass cheaper than carbon fibre): choose a non-telescopic one and discard the last segment. Flexibility provides resistance to French gales provided that three levels of nylon cord guys are used. With the loop stretched, the end will stay lightly bent. Inside, use the biggest wire available (eg piece of hi-fi 'esoteric' loudspeaker cable - very expensive - or similar less costly wire).

"Loop: no precise dimensions but the two arms must be equal. One approach is to take a 100m reel and fold it; solder the mid-point to the vertical, with the remainder (after forming the loop) used for the open-wire line (any spacing). The whole system can easily be erected by one man, provided the wires do not get entangled in branches. Make connections between copper wire and aluminium with stainless steel bolts and washers."

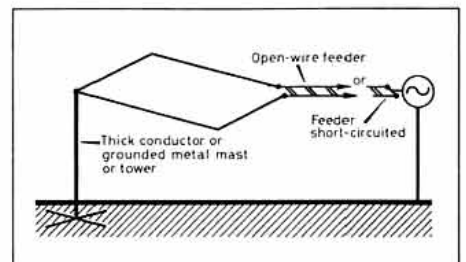


Fig 3: The 84-metre multiband horizontal loop used by F1LCI from his attic shack. It can be switched to form a vertical-mode top-fed Marconi antenna for 1.8MHz DX working.

OSCILLATOR STABILITY WITH VALVES AND FETS

ONE OF THE VERY FIRST widespread applications of solid-state technology in amateur radio was to provide an LC oscillator that reached thermal stability from switch-on in a matter of seconds rather than the 20 minutes or so often required for valve oscillators. But this did not - and does not - mean that a bipolar or FET oscillator is immune to changes in ambient temperature, either changes in shack temperature or changes resulting from the heat generated within high power stages whether thermionic or solid-state. FETs with their high internal capacitance (Miller effect) and silicon construction can be difficult to compensate effectively over the temperature cycling that occurs in practice, whereas the valve with its much greater self-generated heat tends to settle down after its (very long) warm-up period and then becomes much more resistant to changes in ambient temperature.



Ray Cracknell, G2AHU, - formerly ZE2JV of transequatorial propagation (TEP) fame - was prompted by the September *TT* item on 'The Universal VFO' to recall an experiment he carried out five or six years ago after finding in practice considerable discrepancy between the stabilities quoted for FET VFOs and their performance outside laboratories or temperature-controlled buildings. He writes:

"At the time, my shack was in the loft and suffered from wide swings in temperature. The results are evident from the graph of Fig 4 based on a purpose-built VFO using 2N3819 FET inverted Hartley oscillator and 2N3819 source-follower operating at the fundamental frequency of 11MHz. It will be seen that the output frequency swung from plus 3kHz to minus 3kHz over a 140-minute period of the FET test oscillator.

3kHz when slowly heated from 20°C to 60°C over a period of 140 minutes (including a change of some 4kHz in the first 20 minutes). As a result, I built myself a purpose-designed shack!"

"While I agree that the FET VFO has many advantages and especially the lack of pronounced warm-up drift at switch on, I found that I could not replace the 1970 receiver that had stood me in good stead through the Sunspot Cycle 21 TEP tests at ZE2JV with a FET oscillator. It could not match the 18 - 20MHz VFO that used a 6J6 Kalitron oscillator with 6CW4 (nuvistor) cathode-followers feeding the frequency counter and through the triode section to the mixer section of the 6U8 which had an E88CC front-end and independent 4-gang tuned RF.

"I found that the long-term stability of FET oscillators was inferior to the 6J6 Kalitron oscillator which can also produce a T9 note on considerably higher frequencies than 18 - 20MHz. But then we can't turn back the clock, can we?"

In providing (*TT*, November) further information on VK5QG's 'Q-Gate FET oscillator' I gave only the overall drift with the changes of temperature experienced in his shack, omitting the detailed table provided in his letter. However as G2AHU has raised the subject of FET stability it may be of interest to include now Table 1 which represents average room temperature and average frequency taken over three runs on three different days. The frequency counter used a 1MHz crystal oscillator in an oven at 72°C plus/minus 0.5°C. Zero time was after one-hour warm up time in a room at 14°.

Smaller frequency shifts in a receiver (or transmitter) need to be minimised for SSB and data modes. The extent to which intelligibility of speech is impaired by the frequency shifting due to slight mistuning or drift was investigated many years ago. A USAF-Montana State College Report

quoted at the time that the use of SSB was being investigated for Airborne Mobile Communications (ARINC Characteristic No 533A issued March 11, 1966). The following notes are taken from appendix 6, III, Conclusions:

Part 1: Frequency-shifting of speech in the presence of noise produces marked deterioration of intelligibility dependent

Elapsed hours+1	Room Temperature(°C)	Frequency (MHz)
0.0	14	38.996
0.5	16	38.998
1.0	17	39.000
1.5	19	39.001
2.0	20	39.003
2.5	21	39.003
3.0	23	39.004
3.5	23	39.005
4.0	24	39.005
4.5	25	39.006
5.0	25	39.007
5.5	26	39.008
6.0	26	39.007
6.5	26	39.008
7.0	26	39.008
7.5	25	39.008
8.0	25	39.007

A span of some 12kHz over a temperature change of 12°C, ie better than 26ppm/°C - a very good figure for a free-running VHF oscillator

TABLE 1

upon direction and extent of the frequency shift. Downward frequency shifts produce greater deterioration in intelligibility than do upward shifts. As listening conditions deteriorate the tolerable amount of frequency-shifting is reduced. For optimum listening conditions (S/N ratio = 16 or more) frequency-shifting upward 400Hz or downwards 300Hz appears tolerable for most communication requirements (intelligibility levels of 85% or more). For average listening conditions (S/N ratio = 0 to 8) frequency shifts of +200 or -100 appear to be the tolerable maxima for normal communication requirements (intelligibility levels of 70% or more). For poor listening conditions (S/N ratio = 0 or less) shifts of more than 100kHz are unsatisfactory for normal communication (intelligibility levels less than 60%).

Part 2: The 0.3 to 3kHz band-pass filter appears optimum for frequency-shifted speech. Removing the lower portion of the 0.3 to 3kHz spectrum by means of a 0.5kHz high-pass filter reduces intelligibility of frequency-shifted speech. Extending the 0.3 to 3kHz spectrum by use of a 5kHz low-pass filter reduces intelligibility of frequency-shifted speech. Both removing the lower portion of the 0.3 to 3kHz spectrum and extending it upward to 5kHz produces the maximum deterioration in intelligibility of the filter conditions under study.

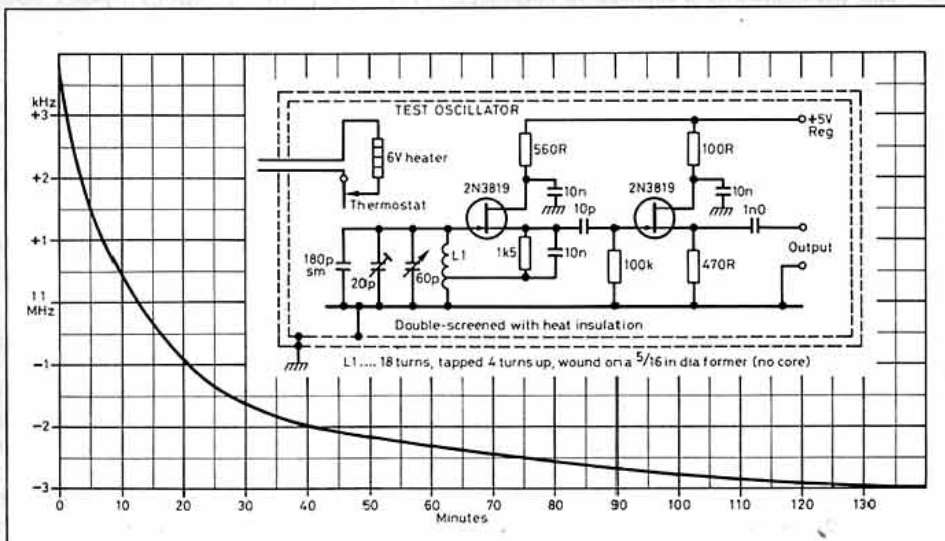


Fig 4: Variation of frequency with temperature over a range of 20°C to 60°C over a 140-minute period of the FET test oscillator. As measured by G2AHU.

GAIN OPTIMIZATION OF YAGI ARRAYS.

OVER THE YEARS, AMATEURS have built some very large and complex antennas, but I cannot help feeling that the recent efforts of a troika of veteran Californian amateurs (combined ages total 178 years) would take some beating. Jack Hachten, Bud Ansley and Dan Bathker (W6TSW, W6VPH and K6BLG) have drawn on their professional expertise and Method of Moments software in building a gain-optimised 13-element, divided-boom, Yagi array for 14MHz, in an area 10 by 100 metres, with the elements 25 metres above ground. This is briefly described in 'A Modern Giant Yagi' (*IEEE Antennas & Propagation Magazine*, June 1991, pp19-21).

The structure, using MININEC, has thirteen widely-spaced elements mounted on six towers as a fixed beam. It is located in Southern California with a boresight 15 degrees East of True North, a great-circle heading to cover selected portions of Europe and Asia. The azimuth beamwidth is slightly less than +/- 15° to the 3dB points. First used in February 1991, it very quickly became evident that the performance in both transmission and reception equalled or exceeded all expectations. The elements are arranged for a considered balance between forward gain, side-lobe level, impedance level, bandwidth, structural wind survival and construction economies, with emphasis on forward gain. Using Brian Beezley's, K6STI, MN-software some 15,000 machine-aided EM design iterations were made, although it is emphasised also that 'indispensable human judgement, experience and strategy remained necessary ingredients'. But without such (PC-implemented) method-of-moments analysis and weighted, multi-parameter optimization, such a project would not likely to be initiated. The wire and optimization codes have enabled such a large undertaking to be approached with high confidence.

According to the authors, the 100m (divided boom) antenna operates at a centre frequency of 14.150MHz. The design provides a comfortably-high feed-point resistance (30Ω) with an impedance bandwidth (VSWR = 1.5) somewhat more than 2%. In free space, the predicted directivity is +15.8dBi. The predicted directivity is fully +21.5dBi at a favourably-low elevation angle, when arrayed over low conductivity (in fact, good dielectric) ground. The actual power gain is 0.1dB less at the feed point, due to calculated element dissipations, and 0.5dB less again, due to the loss in the 55m of cable between the feed point and the transmitter/receiver. Each element is built with heavy-wall aluminium tubing, starting in the centre with 32mm diameter, stepped twice, and ending with 19mm diameter at the tips. Each of the six, 75mm-diameter boom segments (on the six towers) measures 9m. To assure EM field purity in the six-tower environment, the topmost tower guys are dielectric. A conductor-free zone of a half-wavelength (minimum) radius is thus provided for the intended horizontal polarization.

This monster has been tested in comparison with an adjacent, well-constructed and widely-spaced five-element rotary Yagi, having a similar high feed-point resistance and

overall efficiency - an antenna that I guess most of us would be more than content with!

As somebody who continues to believe in KISS and simple, negligible-cost wire antennas (tree and house supported), I nevertheless believe that a remarkable project such as this Californian monster antenna has a valuable role to play. This is emphasised in the accompanying editorial by W Ross Stone, editor of the *IEEE A&P Magazine*: "I once designed and built a professional one-kilometre long, 32-element, vertically-pointed array of crossed Yagi antennas. In doing so, I came to understand just how crazy I really was. It is thus with true awe that I present to you the article on a 100 metre Yagi. . . . (This) is important for two reasons. First, it provides unequivocal proof of the power of the Yagi design - as well as of the knowledge, the design tools, and the engineering expertise of the authors. Second, it is a testament that the amateur radio roots of our profession are alive, flourishing and continuing to set examples (or, at least, landmarks!) for us."

In the same issue of the *IEEE A&P Magazine*, David K Cheng (Syracuse University) reviews his work in the 1960s on 'Gain Optimization for Yagi-Uda Arrays' (pp42-45) that shows clearly why it has taken some 60 years really to come to grips with this deceptive simple-looking antenna. He writes: "Although the geometrical arrangement of a Yagi-Uda array appears simple, its optimization is a different problem, mainly because there are many interdependent variables. . . . Since all the elements are electromagnetically coupled, the adjustment of any one of these variables changes the current distributions on all the elements. The optimization process cannot follow a one-variable-at-a-time procedure; all variables must be adjusted at the same time."

He notes that: "Many early studies of Yagi-Uda arrays made the basic assumption that the current distributions along all the array elements were sinusoidal. This assumption is not true, and the deviations from sinusoidal current distributions are critical in the calculations of the conditions for optimum gain. . . ."

He concludes: "The evolution of the research work that my former students and I carried out. . . . went through several stages, and we overcame a number of difficulties. With both spacing and length perturbations, we were able to find the optimized array analytically in a systematic way - some examples having gain increases of nearly 80%. The effects of finite dipole radius and mutual coupling were included in the theoretical treatment. Yagi-Uda arrays are used extensively in practice; but manufacturers have not been pressed to offer arrays with an optimum gain, because most users have scant idea of what gain or directivity is. It is hoped that our work will eventually have an impact on the design of Yagi-Uda arrays."

"We have, in fact, more recently looked further into the problem of increasing the gain of Yagi-Uda arrays, based upon an observation by Landstorfer, that properly-shaped wire antennas (Fig 5) longer than a wavelength, could yield a higher directivity than straight dipoles (see *TT*, December 1982). By assuming a sinusoidal distribution that did not change with the shape or the radius of the dipole, he obtained a dipole geometry for maximum directivity by a piecewise-linear approxima-

tion. He also found by experimentation that a 3-element Yagi-Uda array of shaped wires, each 1.5λ long, could be adjusted to yield a maximum gain of 11.5dBi (Fig 6). We managed to put Landstorfer's results on a firm analytical basis, by applying the method for function minimisation. We found the optimum shapes (bent like bows), as well as the positions of the array elements, both of which depend on the radius of the wire dipoles. The calculated current distributions on the shaped dipoles differ markedly from sinusoids (*Electronics Letters*, September 1982 pp816-818 and *IEEE Trans Ant & Prop*, May 1983)."

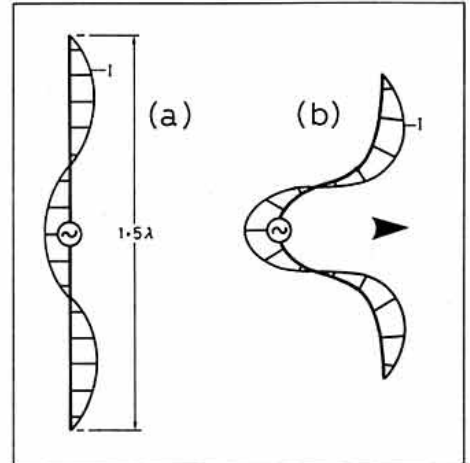


Fig 5: The current distribution on (a) a straight 1.5λ dipole where the phase reversal reduces radiation normal to the axis of the dipole; (b) A 1.5λ dipole with a gain-optimized shape producing maximum radiation in the forward direction (F M Landstorfer, 1982).

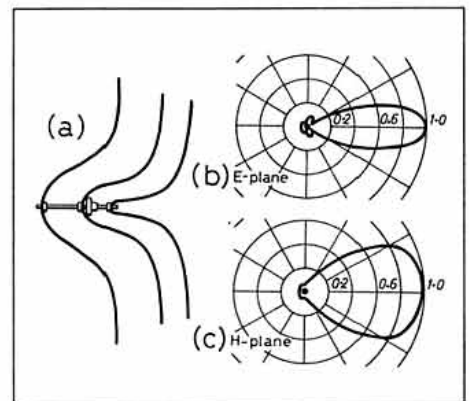


Fig 6: A Yagi array using three Landstorfer gain-optimized 1.5λ elements. A VHF array of this type provided a gain of 11.5dBi, sidelobe attenuation better than 20dB, and a front-to-back ratio of 26dB.

POSTSCRIPT ON 144MHZ D/F SYSTEMS

SOME USEFUL COMMENTS have been received on the 144MHz handheld D/F systems described in the April and July *TT*.

Dick Rolema, PA0SE, mentions that Helmut Liebich, DL1OY, has pointed out that this type of 'Doppler' direction-finder is suitable only for use with vertically polarised signals, whereas many of the popular European 144MHz 'fox hunts' specify the use of horizontal polarization in order to allow even simple dipole antennas to function as crude D/F antennas. However, this is not universal. It also does not apply, for example, where

there is a need to sort out 'repeater problems' for which the G3KMG 'whistling dipoles' were originally developed.

If you turn these antennas through 90°, as PA0SE comments, you can find the elevation of an incoming signal but not its bearing! This is not the case with the various Yagi type antennas often used in fox hunts, or for example the directional miniature twin-loop antenna that formed part of the ZS6EF 'sniffer' system (antenna TT, September 1990; receiver TT, March 1981).

The ZS6EF sniffer system was intended primarily for use quite close to the transmitter, although the antenna itself responds well to weak signals. As ZS6EF noted, a practical problem with most D/F systems is that strong local signals can be received on the average handheld receiver virtually without an antenna, making it difficult to obtain a good 'null' unless two systems are carried: one for weaker distant signals, the other for sniffing out the transmitter in the final stages of the hunt.

PA0SE has drawn my attention to a means of overcoming this problem, eliminating the need for a separate sniffer receiver, described by Anjo Eenhoorn, PA0ZR, in *Electron*, June 1991, pp309-310). His elegant solution to a very real problem consists of a compact, screened, add-on unit, attached to the handheld receiver and then brought into use when the signal is strong. It comprises a simple mixer/oscillator which converts the incoming signal to a different 144MHz channel, spaced some 500kHz from the channel used by the hidden fox transmitter: Fig 7. The mixer is a 1N4148 with a simple diode mixer, a BSX329 as 500kHz oscillator and an emitter-follower BC107 arranged to provide variable oscillator injection. By varying the oscillator signal applied to the mixer, by means of a slider pot, the conversion loss (attenuation) of the signal applied to the handheld receiver proper can be reduced by tens of dBs. In this way, the signal strength indicator becomes useful over a range of more than 100dB.

As PA0SE explains: "At the beginning of the hunt the antenna is connected directly to the handheld receiver and the 'fox' received on its correct frequency. When the signal becomes too strong to enable a clearly de-

finied minimum, the antenna is transferred to the add-on unit but the receiver remains on the fox channel. The injection control slider potentiometer now drives the diode as an adjustable attenuator with a range of about 12 to 26dB. When, as one closes in, the signal becomes so strong that this amount of diode attenuation is insufficient, the hand-held is retuned to one of the two mixing products,

$$f(\text{mix}) = f(\text{fox}) \pm f(\text{osc}).$$

The oscillator frequency can be chosen more or less at will. PA0ZR uses 500kHz which means that at least one of the mixer products will be in the range 144 to 146MHz yet sufficiently removed from the fox frequency to minimise breakthrough/overload problems. With a low oscillator frequency, stability will not be a problem. The unit is powered by a single 1.5V 'button' alkaline battery and consumption is only 0.7mA at 1V. A nice feature is that, when near the transmitter, conversion loss is increased so that the output signal on the fox frequency reaching the receiver is also attenuated. Although the receiver is not tuned to the fox channel, its front-end stages could otherwise still be overloaded by the extremely strong signals when very near the fox transmitter".



H J Benjamin, Z21FB writing from Harare, Zimbabwe, questions the use of the term 'Doppler' to categorise the type of D/F system outlined by ZS6EF and G3KMG (the principles of operation of which were outlined in the April, 1991 TT). He writes: "My understanding of the term is that the 'Doppler Effect' occurs when a static observer receives an audio or RF signal arriving from a moving object with a frequency which changes depending on whether it is coming towards or moving away from the observer. With these electronically switched antennas neither the transmitter nor the observer is moving.

"This is not the way these direction finders operate. The oscillator switches the output of each antenna element in turn. When the elements are at different distances from the transmitter, ie not pointing at the transmitter, the radio wave will arrive at the first antenna before it arrives at the second, inducing unequal signal amplitudes due to the phase difference between them (ie because the signal is arriving at slightly different times). If the unequal outputs of these two antennas are now summed, then an output will be produced being the incoming carrier wave phase modu-

lated at the rate of the switching oscillator. This signal will produce an audio tone of the switching oscillator in the receiver. But when both antennas are equidistant from the transmitter, the signal arrives at the antennas at the same time, producing an equal signal at the summing point thereby cancelling the output. Therefore no carrier wave is passed to the receiver, hence no audio output".

I do not agree with this final paragraph. The electronic switch connects each antenna to the receiver in sequence, so in fact there is no summation of the outputs. There is no cancellation of the carrier wave at the receiver. However, because there is no phase difference between the signals, the receiver sees the carrier as an unmodulated carrier, and hence the audio tone disappears. Since, in effect, the antenna is moved back and forwards by the action of the electronic switch, it does produce a sort of artificial 'Doppler Effect' justifying the use of the term 'Doppler D/F', though perhaps others may disagree. In any case "a rose by any other name would smell as sweet".

However, Z21FB does raise another matter of practical significance. He writes: "I would also like to comment regarding the spacing of the two antenna elements. Neither ZS6EF nor G3KMG commented on the significance of this spacing and their spacing was different, although this would not have been important in their antennas. However, if cognisance is taken of the effect of the spacing, then by suitable adjustment, use can be made of the properties of a parasitic array to resolve the 180° ambiguity.

"Considering each antenna in turn, the dormant one (ie the one not switched through to the receiver) as a parasitic element affects the radiation pattern of the active element so that it is no longer omnidirectional. Instead it becomes that of a two-element parasitic beam pointing sideways on to the transmitter (both dipoles equidistant to the transmitter). If the spacing is now set for about 0.2λ then the resulting received pattern can be used to determine whether the transmitter is at 0° or 180° relative to the antennas.

"The audio output from the receiver is fed back into the unit and used to control a switch giving an output on a centre-zero meter. It can then, by correct phasing, be arranged to show the output from each antenna on the left or right of the meter. Because of the directional characteristics of the antennas, by simply rotating them by a small amount, the antenna most forward to the station will produce more output on that side of the meter, showing immediately if the transmitter is ahead or behind.

"If the meter is to the left, then turning left until the needle centres will show that the transmitter is ahead. Conversely, if the needle is centred and turning in either direction causes the needle to move in that direction, then the station will be behind.

"I developed and manufactured a system based on this technique in Zimbabwe (pre-1980) for use in aircraft operating on a frequency between 118-136MHz. If readers are interested in further information I will be pleased to send the circuitry". His address is H J Benjamin, Z21FB, P O Box 1215, Harare, Zimbabwe. □

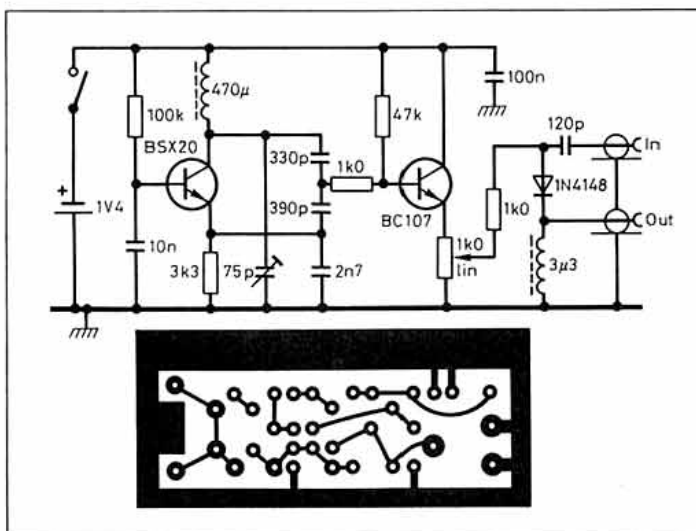


Fig 7: PA0ZR's add-on channel translator/attenuator provides an elegant solution to the problem of using a handheld receiver as a combined strong-signal 'sniffer' and weak-signal direction-finder, enabling the system to cope with a 100dB variation in signal strength.

First Steps in Home Construction

A series of articles by John Case, GW4HWR

IN LAST MONTH'S article, the Pulse Generator circuit IC1 could be used to operate a relay instead of the LED, but make sure you use a relay that does not pass more than 150mA. Also remember that coils like the one used to drive the relay contacts will generate quite high voltages when they are switched off. Unless protection is used these voltages will damage the semi-conductor output devices within the IC. Diodes to provide the necessary protection should be used as shown in Fig 9. The connection in 9a results in the relay being de-energised during the timing period and that in Fig 9b energised during the timing period.

The increasing need for safe, 'hands off' operation of mobile equipment has brought a few minor problems. For example, if the 'Press To Talk' (PTT) switch is replaced by an ordinary toggle switch, it is possible that the rig could be accidentally left in the transmit state. The experimental circuits described in Part 5 can be used to provide warning of this occurrence. Two units are described using the same circuit: one to provide the above facility and the other as a simple domestic timer which can be used in a wide variety of applications from boiling eggs to timing the UV exposure when making printed circuit boards.

THE MOBILE CONTROL BOX

THE TIMER IS AUTOMATICALLY set in operation whenever the transceiver is switched to transmit. After a time (set by the operator) the warbling alarm sounds. Switching to receive mode will reset both timer and alarm. In the prototype, the timing control gives a range of 1 to 2 minutes delay before the alarm gives warning. This makes it ideal for use on two metres and especially on repeaters where it enables operators to avoid that embarrassing 'time out'. It will also add interest to the other station who will probably hear your 'police-siren type' warning! Other ranges can be obtained by changing the value of the control VR1 or for shorter times, the series resistor R1.

There is no electrical connection between the mobile rig and the timer circuit. The timer which is powered by a small internal battery is switched

PART EIGHT – MOBILE CONTROL BOX

The conclusion of this series of articles deals with two practical uses of the '555 timer circuit dealt with in Part 7.

on or off by one section of a double pole, double throw (DPDT) switch, the other section of the switch being used to replace the PTT on the 'hand-held' microphone. The microphone lead enters the box but is connected directly to a phono-socket, the lead from the boom mic being terminated in a

phono-plug. Fig 10 shows the connections to the switch. These are arranged so that the timer supply rails are shorted while the switch is in the receive position and so ensures that the starting voltage is always zero, even if the switch stays in the receive position for only a second or so. The extra contact on the switch also makes a convenient means of anchoring both wires from the battery clip.

THE BOX

THE MOBILE CONTROL BOX is intended to lie flat above the dash board so that the transmit/receive switch is close to the steering wheel. For convenience of battery changing, the lid should be uppermost so that it can be removed without disturbing the rest of the box. Fig 11 shows the position of the PCB and the components not on the board (periph-

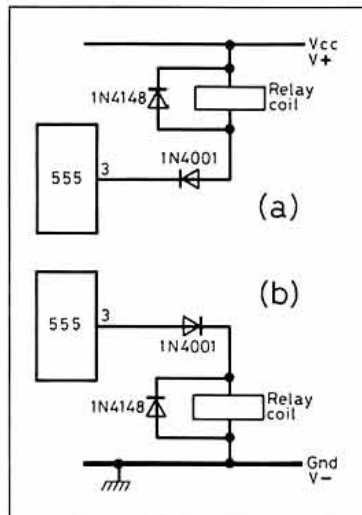


Fig 9: Replacing the LED with a relay in last month's timer circuit.

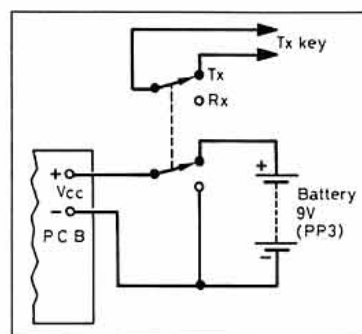


Fig 10: The switch is arranged to reset the timer on receive.

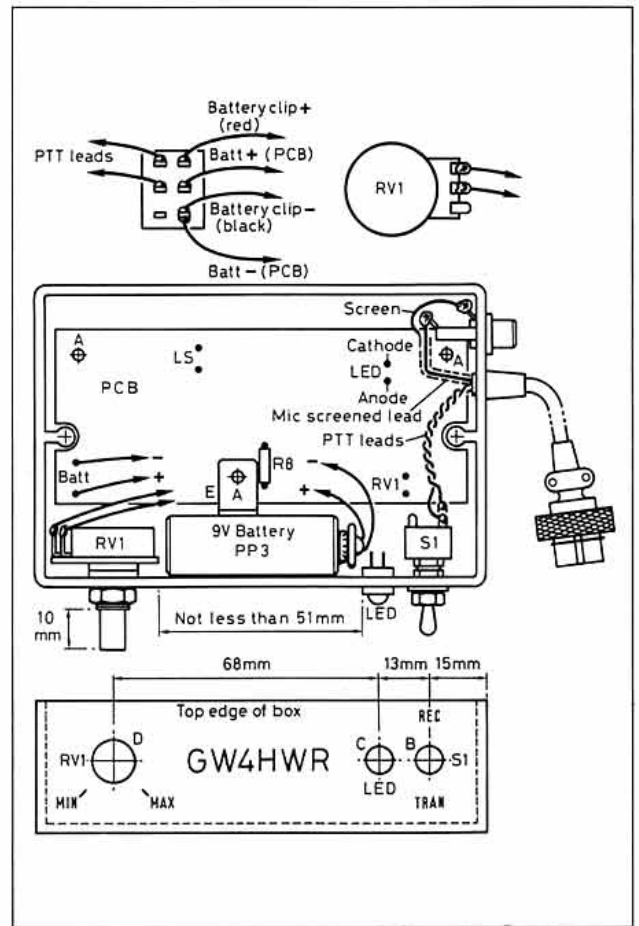


Fig 11: (Top) switch and potentiometer connections; (middle) layout of peripheral components; (bottom) dimensions of front panel.

eral components).

The box specified was chosen because of its convenient size and low price. Any other box having dimensions not less than 73mm x 111mm x 31mm could be used but the layout might have to be modified to suit. It is important to drill the three fixing holes for the PCB *before* any components are put into the board. It is surprisingly difficult to locate the holes correctly once the components have been fitted.

Put the PCB into the box with the copper side towards the bottom, the slots in the ends of the board should allow it to fit over the pillars which accept the fixing screws for the lid. Enlarge the slots slightly if the board will not sit on the bottom of the box. Note the wide space between the board and one side of the box. Mark this side of the box by means of a piece of PVC tape. The controls and so on must be fitted to this side - refer to Fig 11. Carefully drill the three PCB fixing holes with a 1/16 inch or 3mm drill, using the holes in the board as a guide. It is advisable to use a hand drill with very light pressure as the plastic cuts very easily. If the hole in the centre of the side of the board is drilled first, a 6BA nut and bolt will hold the panel firm while the other two holes are drilled.

Remove the panel and countersink the holes on the outside of the bottom of the box. A countersink bit used in a hand drill is the best way of doing this but with great care; a 1/16 inch drill bit can be used. Repeat, great care is needed if you are to avoid a 1/16 inch hole in the bottom of the box. It is probably safest to use the 'bit' by hand. Remove just enough plastic to allow the head of a 6BA countersunk screw to lie level with the surface of the box. The three 6BA x 10mm (or 1/2 inch) screws can now be fitted using three full nuts. If you do not have full nuts use two half nuts in each position to give sufficient clearance between the board and box.

Mark the position of the holes in the long edge of the box following the dimensions given in Fig 11. They are not too critical and may be varied a little to accommodate components other than those listed but be sure that the PP3 battery, together with its clip, will fit in the space between the control VR1 and the LED. When satisfied that everything will fit, drill all three holes using a small drill bit. Use the taper reamer described in Part 3 to enlarge the holes to the required size. The plastic will again cut very easily, so use only gentle pressure on the reamer. Keep checking the holes by trying the appropriate component. In the case of the LED clip, the LED must be in position as it makes the clip expand a little. Fig 12 shows the way in which the three parts fit together.

S1, the LED and VR1 can be fitted to the box. Note - the value of VR1 in the prototype was a 100k linear control (the only value that is different to those used in Part 7) which will give a time range of just about 1 - 2 minutes. The spindle of the control should be cut before fitting. About 10 - 12mm measured from the end of the bush will suit most control knobs.

THE PCB

THE PCB IS SHOWN IN Fig 13. Commence by inserting the eight terminal pins from the copper side. Press in until the shoulder is up

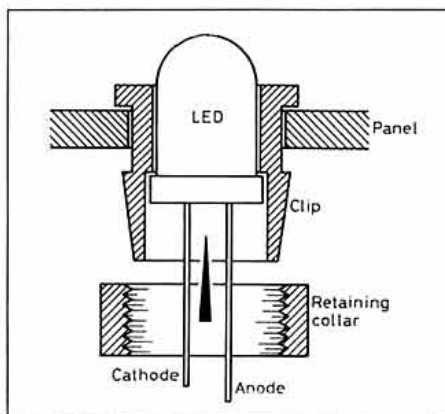


Fig 12: Fitting the LED.

against the copper, and if double-sided pins have been used clip off as close as possible to the shoulder. Refer to Part 5 for the method of inserting the pins. Solder the heads of the pins - remember the rules of soldering. If you built the circuits on a plug board the same components can be used and they have all been pre-tested! First insert the 14 resistors. They are all mounted flat on the board and each pair of holes has 10mm spacing. This enables the wires to be bent at right angles to the body of the resistor (as close as possible to the body) and it should fit. Push the wires through the correct holes until the resistor lies flat, then bend the ends apart (on the copper side), clip off and solder. Unless you are used to soldering, it will be easier to fit, clip and solder each component in turn - it takes longer but good soldered joints are more likely.

Examine the IC holders. Normally there will be a notch at one end and sometimes each socket is numbered. Fit each one so that the notch (or pin 1) is at the same end as the notch shown in the IC in Fig 13. The IC could be soldered straight in but it is rather difficult to get it out again without damaging the board, and if by chance the circuit does not work correctly there will be that feeling that it is the IC which is faulty. The holders allow the IC to be changed very easily.

Now fit and solder C2, C3, C5 and C6 - they can be either way round. Follow with C1, C4 and C7 and this time make sure they are the correct way round - note the crimp at one end (which normally indicates positive) and the

negative mark on the case. Finally fit the transistor - carefully follow the connections shown in the overlay diagram, Fig 13. This shows a plastic version of the BC108 - BC548 or similar. If a metal can BC108 is used, refer to the connections given by the side of the overlay diagram.

The board is now complete but it should be tested before it is fitted into the box.

TESTING

CAREFULLY CHECK THE value and position of all components and examine the copper side of the PCB for poorly soldered joints and/or short circuits caused by solder bridges. If all appears OK, fit the three ICs so that pin 1 is in the correct position, again refer to Fig 13. If the pins are not in the correct alignment - they are often splayed apart - adjust them by holding the pins against a flat surface and gently pushing the IC towards them. Solder the battery clip leads to two pins marked battery, observing the polarity. Connect an LED to the two pins - the shorter wire is the cathode and the side of the device next to this wire is flat, so that if the leads are cut the polarity can still be determined. Temporarily short the two pins marked VR1 in Fig 13 and connect a loudspeaker or telephone earpiece to those marked LS. When the PP3 battery is connected to the clip, the LED should light and after one minute go out at the same time as the alarm sounds. If anything fails, follow the fault-finding procedure described in Part 6. When all is well, disconnect the battery and remove the leads from the panel. Also remove the LED and the short circuit from the VR1 pins.

Secure the board in the box using three half nuts. Connect S1 following the circuit in Fig 10. Reconnect the LED and connect VR1 referring to Fig 11 as necessary. Temporarily fix the loudspeaker or telephone insert (this was used in the prototype) to the inside of the lid of the box using small pieces of BLU-TACK, place the lid in position and adjust the loudspeaker/sounder until clear of the other components. Remove the lid and draw round the sounder with a pencil, then remove it. Draw a second circle with a diameter of about half an inch in the centre of the first and drill four or five holes - 1/8" or 3mm around the small circle. The speaker can now be fixed

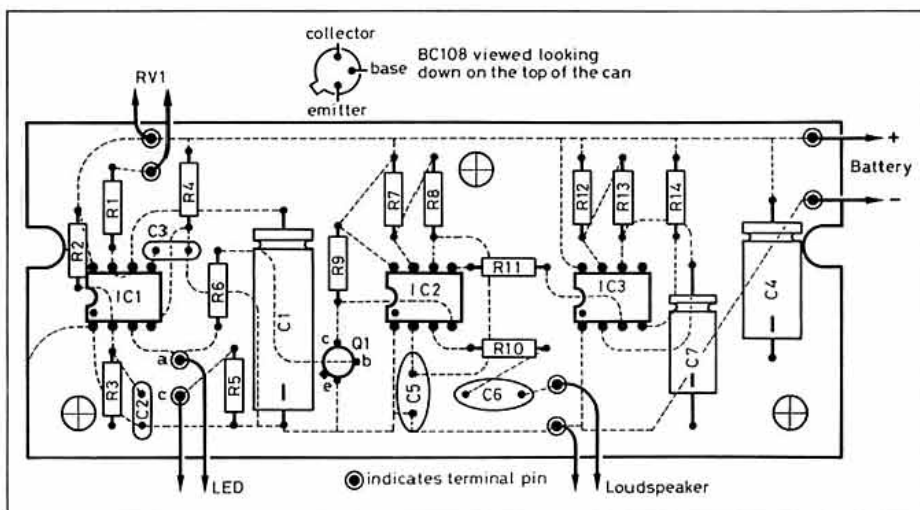


Fig 13: PCB component overlay.

FIRST STEPS

using glue or, in the case of the telephone earpiece, two double-sided sticky pads.

FINISHING OFF

A BATTERY RETAINING CLIP is made from a small piece (10mm x 25mm) of aluminium sheet. Small pieces of sheet aluminium, brass or tinplate are easy to cut using tinsnips but there will be a tendency for the metal to curl as the cut is made. To minimise this, make two cuts: the first about 2mm away from the cutting line and the second along the line. Both cuts should be made with the required part of the metal resting on the left-hand blade - when the cut is made the surplus metal will curl, leaving the required piece flat.

Smooth the edges and bend to a right angle to form an 'L'. Place the PP3 battery in position in the box, hold one edge of the 'L' against the battery and mark the position of the screw holding the PCB. Drill a 3mm hole and fix under the nut as shown in Fig 11. Gently bend the clip so that the battery is held in position.

The hole for the phono socket must be drilled and reamed to suit the socket being used. Note that the socket is supplied with a soldering tag, this must be fitted under the nut on the inside of the box and the outer braid of the microphone lead must be connected to this tag. The inner of the mic lead goes to the centre connection of the socket. If you intend to leave the rig in the vehicle, the lead from the hand-held microphone can be carefully removed and connected as shown in Fig 11. It is almost impossible to give details for this part of the operation as there are so many different microphones and rigs to be considered. If you have trouble you will almost certainly get help from your local club boffins. Alternatively, a new lead can be made up by using two lengths of twin-screened cable.

As a finishing touch add your callsign, 'rec/tran' and 'min/max' as shown in Fig 11, using rub-down lettering such as Letraset. A very thin coat of clear varnish will fix the letters and prevent them being rubbed off. Finally, put some strips of double-sided tape on the underside of the box and fix it in the most convenient position over the dashboard. (Double-sided sticky pads are not recommended for this as they are rather difficult to remove).

GENERAL PURPOSE TIMER

THIS UNIT DIFFERS FROM the Mobile Control Box in two ways only - the value of the control VR1 is increased to 1M Ω (linear) to give a timing range of 1-10 minutes and the layout of the parts is changed to make a more pleasing presentation. The switch S1 could be changed to a single pole double throw (SPDT) as the PTT function is not required.

The PCB is identical but is mounted on the inside of the lid. Again, it is important to locate the fixing holes before components are mounted. Remove the lid and pass a 4BA

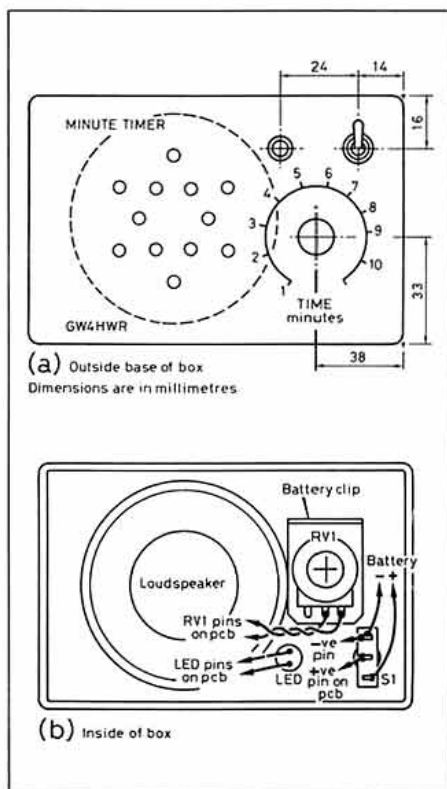


Fig 14: The front panel (a) outside and (b) inside.

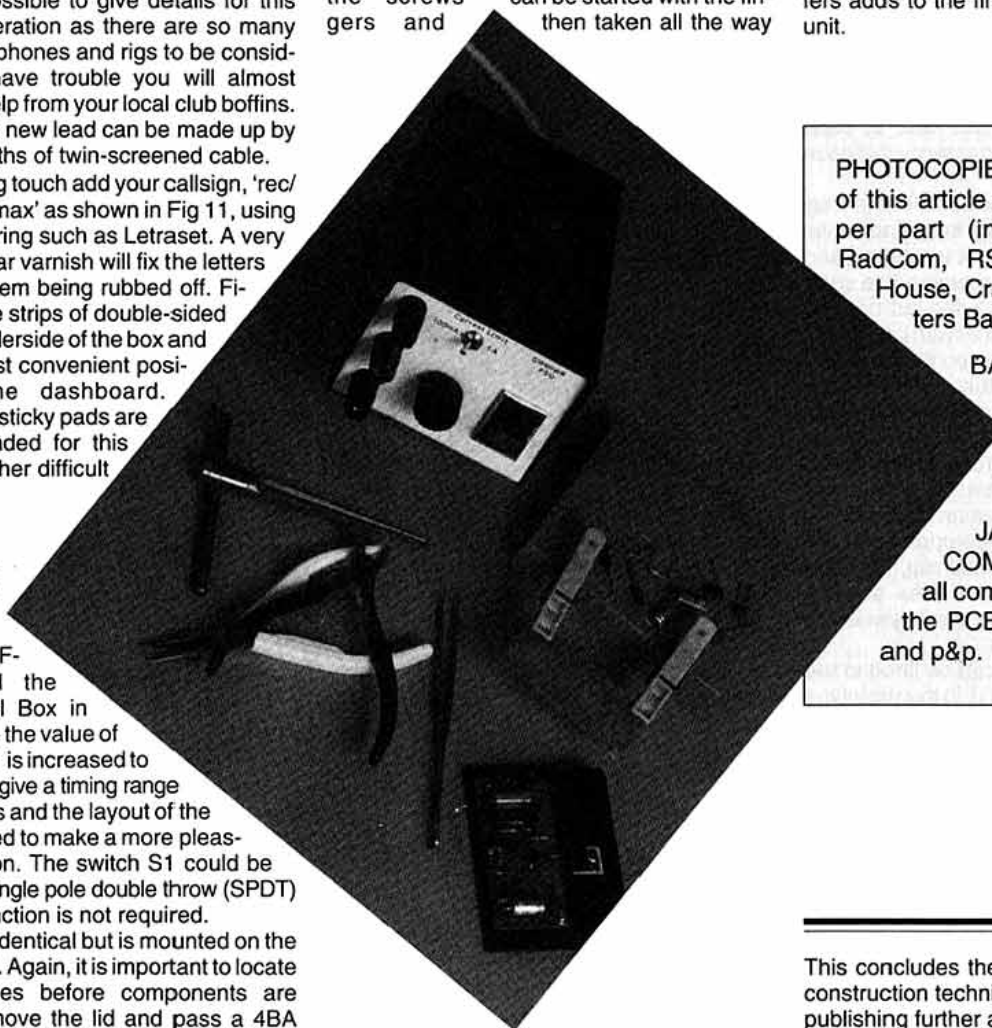
screw through each of the two fixing holes so that the heads are on the outside face of the lid. The holes are very slightly too small but the screws can be started with the fingers and then taken all the way

with a screwdriver. Fit a nut on each screw and do up finger-tight; align the flats of the nuts so that they are parallel to the long sides of the lid. The PCB can now be fitted with the 'cut-outs' at the ends of the board located by the 4BA nuts - the copper side must be against the lid. The three PCB fixing holes can now be marked and drilled accurately. Countersink the holes on the outside and fit three 6BA x 10mm screws using full nuts so as to give enough clearance when the completed board is fitted.

The speaker, control (VR1), switch (S1) and LED are fitted to the box in the positions show in Fig 14. Drill and ream the three holes referring to the instructions in the Mobile Control Box section if necessary. Place the speaker in position and draw round it with pencil. Draw a second circle of about 40mm and a third 22mm equally spaced inside the larger circle (concentric). Drill a pattern of holes around the two smaller circles to make a speaker grill. The speaker can be held in position by means of three or four spots of glue.

The bracket securing the battery is again an 'L'-shaped piece of aluminium but has a large hole reamed in it so that it will fit under the control as in Fig 14. If the hole is a bit too big it will allow adjustment to hold the battery in position. Refer to Fig 14 for the connections between the board and the other components.

Calibration of the timer must be carried out by trial and error and just requires rather a lot of patience! Again, a few labels using transfers adds to the finished appearance of the unit. □



PHOTOCOPIES of the earlier parts of this article are available at £2 per part (inc postage) from RadCom, RSGB HQ, Lambda House, Cranborne Road, Potters Bar, Herts, EN6 3JE

BADGER BOARDS can supply a PCB for this timer at a cost of £4.11 inc VAT and p&p.

JAB ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS supply all components (excluding the PCB) at £4.50 inc VAT and p&p.

This concludes the present series on basic construction techniques. We look forward to publishing further articles from John Case.

VHF NFD 1991

by VHF Contests Committee member
Andy Cook, G4PIQ

In terms of weather, VHF NFD for 1991 proved to be an event of contrasts, conditions, logging standards and opinions about the rules. The Hawick Station Group reported their main problem during the event as sunburn, but the Cornish RAC complained of force-seven gales and rain to match. Some rather vicious thunderstorms were also in evidence over the weekend. Radio conditions were patchy and varied according to location and band. However, in general the east coast and, for a pleasant change, Scotland, saw the best of the enhancements.

Although registrations were down this year, the number of groups who went out and braved the elements (sunburn and all) actually changed less, and it was good to see an increased entry in the new Restricted Section. Only the entry to the SWL section was really disappointing - don't forget that the Hansen Trophy is on offer to the leading set of SWL scores for VHF contests, and VHF NFD counts towards this award!

For the second year running, the VHFCC met over a weekend for a mixture of heavy adjudication and heavy curry eating, and our thanks must go to Bob, G4UJS, for his hospitality and help with the provision of facilities. Also we must say thank you to Shirley G0ESO, Tony G4APA, Pete G4CLA and Nick G4KUX for their help in turning a large cardboard box full of logs into a coherent set of results.

The results in the Low-Power and Restricted sections were quite clear from the outset, but the same could certainly not be said of the Open Section. Our astonishment had to be seen to be believed when, after keying the un-adjudicated results into the computer, only 0.07 points in around 3500 were present between the first and second places in the Open Section. After very careful checking, this gap was extended to 11 points, and congratulations must go the North-



Dorking and District Radio Society's 4m station, G3CZU/P. On the mic is Ian Davies, G3KZR; logging is SWL Mark Lumley.

ern Lights who won by dint of their more accurate logging.

It is good this year to see the winners and leading stations well distributed around the UK, with the various winners operating from the Isle of Man, East Anglia, and Scotland. Hopefully this situation will do something to demonstrate that it is possible to be successful from the more remote parts of the country.

The code exchange on the higher bands met with a mixed reaction as did the enforced close-down on the microwave bands. Next year's rules are not yet decided, and your input on these and any other issues is always welcome - please feel free to contact any member of the committee with your comments.

Congratulations and certificates go to the winners and runners-up in all sections, bands and countries. Special congratulations are extended to the **Northern Lights**, who retain the **Surrey Trophy** (just!); to the **Martlesham Radio Society** who retain the **Martlesham Trophy**; to the **Westmorland VHF Group**, who stormed up the table from 11th place last year to take the **Arthur Watts Trophy** and to retain the **Scottish Trophy**; to the S of Scotland CG who take the **Tartan Trophy** (which is awarded to the leading Scottish station in the Open Section whose operators are *resident* in Scotland); and to **David Whitaker, BRS 25429**, who wins the SWL section.

PHOTOGRAPH: G0LRS

70MHz

FROM THE comments on the logs, it was difficult to come to a conclusion about conditions during the event because of the huge variation in opinions across the country. Overall, tropo conditions seemed flat, but with some North-South enhancement towards the end of the CW event. Activity in the CW session was, however, well down but as usual it sorted out those who could read Morse from those who would be very effective in a game of Chinese Whispers. One candidate for winning such a game lost 75% of the points in the CW section from logging errors. There were a couple of calls for changes to this band, including one to remove it from VHF NFD altogether but, under flat conditions, the geographical bias of 70MHz winners does have a levelling effect on the overall scores when the microwave bands are taken into account. A couple of stations had 10% docked from their scores for giving their QTHs as a distance greater than 25km from a town - check General Rule 13.

Finally, the appearance of some sporadic E made life somewhat more interesting, with a couple of stations working four Gibraltar stations. Also, I gather that ZBOT sends his regards to one of the leading stations, G4.../P, who told him in no uncertain terms to get lost because he must be a pirate!

144MHz

THIS WAS another band suffering from schizophrenia of conditions. During the first few hours of the event, conditions from the east-coast were a little enhanced, although the DX appeared to become locked out later by the appearance of a large North Sea duct with huge signals and an associated noise level from PA and ON. These conditions extended into Scotland, with GM0CDA/P having a superb run of stations in Holland and Ger-

**OVERALL RESULTS
OPEN SECTION**

Pos	Group Name	Loc	70	144	432	uWave	Total
1	The Northern Lights	74PD	917	1000	782	783	3482
2	Sheppey Exiles	94WC	906	873	769	923	3471
3	Parallel Lines & Hillbillies	03BF	483	868	1000	1000	3351
4	Lodsa Money CG	01KJ	605	774	991	862	3232
5	Warrington CG	85OS	845	944	839	418	3046
6	Windmill CG	01LD	830	597	665	831	2923
7	Flight Refuelling ARS	80WP	673	433	492	458	2055
8	Crawley & Reigate	01OC	487	376	583	537	1983
9	South of Scotland CG	74NP	1000	627	178	49	1855
10	Leicester Polytechnic ARS	92NP	527	572	387	345	1831
11	Victory CG	90JO	512	681	179	343	1715
12	Splinters CG	91GI	515	312	265	526	1618
13	Surrey Radio Contact Club	91XH	513	493	220	356	1582
14	HERC & SARS CG	00HU	502	359	310	232	1402
15	South Manchester RC	93EH	379	394	258	349	1379
16	Rugby ATS & Ariel RG	92LJ	316	384	308	366	1375
17	Verulam ARC	91LT	505	466	188	166	1324
18	Clifton ARS	01DH	465	293	253	291	1302
19	Hornsea ARC	93PV	546	221	206	279	1252
20	Reading & DARC	91IH	482	243	214	248	1186
21	Thornton Cleveleys ARS	84VB	463	375	136	105	1079
22	Telford & DARS	82NN	546	215	117	160	1037
23	Farnborough & DARS	91OF	312	167	232	136	848
24	11th Hour CG	91XG	327	184	141	134	786
25	Maidenhead & DARC	91OO	355	124	0	0	479
26	Kidderminster & DARS	82SI	271	61	99	13	443
27	Grimsby ARS	93VJ	193	101	114	0	407
28	Lincoln IMPS CG	93RG	299	40	68	0	406
29	Watford CG	91PS	0	264	100	0	364
30	Yeovil ARC	80LV	0	257	75	20	351
31	SEARS CG	01EN	0	122	74	115	310
32	Hawick Station Group	85PJ	157	77	35	0	269
33	South Devon RC	80FI	4	77	95	63	238
34	Burton on Trent & District	92BV	0	57	66	0	124
35	Bredhurst Rx & Tx Soc	01HH	0	70	42	0	112

RESTRICTED SECTION

Pos	Group Name	Loc	70	144	432	uWave	Total
1	Martlesham RS	01QX	815	1000	1000	1000	3815
2	Scunthorpe VHF CG	94PH	1000	813	775	621	3210
3	Spalding & DARS & 5 Bells	92SU	515	460	615	413	2003
4	Leicester RS	92MO	594	296	186	263	1338
5	Bracknell ARC	80ST	640	270	372	0	1281
6	Shefford & District	92VB	509	145	198	207	1060
7	Lagan Valley ARS	74AI	611	230	130	2	972
8	Goole Radio & Elec Soc	93PW	234	300	297	0	831
9	Chesham & Aylsebury	91PS	471	129	0	197	798
10	West of Scotland ARS & YAGIS	75SW	322	188	204	45	758
11	Darwen ARC	83SO	403	203	145	0	751
12	Mid Cheshire ARS	83PF	476	134	86	0	697
13	Bristol CG	81RN	385	97	107	0	590
14	Weston Super Mare ARS	81MH	405	85	94	0	584
15	North West of Ireland ARS	64LX	374	140	0	0	514
16	Melton Mowbray ARS	92MT	0	246	256	0	502
17	Bristol & Shirehampton ARC	81UL	0	145	169	173	487
18	Ellsemere Port & DARS	83JG	70	352	0	0	422
19	Mexborough & DARS	93KM	208	97	80	0	384
20	Birmingham University ARS	82TG	0	280	95	0	374
21	Banff & DARC	87SP	120	111	79	7	317
22	Cornish RAC	70GE	0	165	7	0	172
23	Leiston ARC	02SF	0	101	47	0	149

LOW POWER SECTION

Pos	Group Name	Loc	70	144	432	uWave	Total
1	Westmorland VHF	84UR	1000	461	854	1000	3316
2	Mansfield CG	93EC	635	1000	892	248	2776
3	Sutton & Cheam RS	93AC	709	500	920	409	2537
4	Basingstoke ARC	91KG	550	444	1000	467	2460
5	South Birmingham ARS	82XJ	470	313	789	616	2187
6	Salisbury R&ES	81XA	434	329	635	591	1989
7	Salop ARS	82IP	638	367	584	298	1887
8	Nunfield House ARG	93BA	434	175	511	574	1693
9	Guildford & DRS	91TF	506	193	451	367	1517
10	North Kent RS	01BH	468	0	526	288	1282
11	Cambridge & DARC	02AD	468	363	0	346	1176
12	Doncaster ARS	93JK	508	176	507	0	1190
13	Edgeware & DARS	91PO	483	203	281	124	1091
14	Braintree & DARS	01GU	0	254	609	0	863
15	Dorking & DARS	91UE	96	150	505	0	751
16	Wythall Radio Club	92BJ	96	223	358	37	714
17	Warwick School ARS	92GD	0	212	450	0	662
18	Nene Valley RC	92PG	0	112	222	0	334

SWL SECTION

Pos	Group Name	Loc	70	144	432	uWave	Total
1	BRS25429	93FX	0	1000	1000	0	2000

Thanks to G3BPM/P, G3RXJ/P and G1ZMS/P for their check-logs.

many, with one page of their log averaging 29 points/QSO. This situation did not appear to extend over the whole country, and stations to the West in England and Wales reported Saturday conditions as flat, flatter than flat, or totally flat - even flatter than 1990 which was flat!



Grimsby Amateur Radio Society: (l to r) G4KAL, G4HZF, G3RSD, G0IKF, G7BNZ, G0IIQ.

For those people who were still coherent and/or awake at around 5.30am, there was a small dawn lift which was not confined to the east-coast, but which extended some way inland. In general, towards the end of the contest, conditions did begin to improve over the whole country as seems to be traditional! Even with these enhancements, little really long DX was worked, and indeed, G4LIP/P was embarrassed at not to be able to better the distance worked by their 13cm station.

432MHz

70CM CONDITIONS followed a similar pattern to those on 2m. North Sea ducting made for Syledis chirping away for people on the eastern side of the country, but also enabled some contacts to be made into OZ and SM6, including some by stations located up to about 150km inland. The Warrington Contest Group, GM3CKR/P, also had an excellent run of PA and DL stations on this band late on Saturday evening, and at that time were workable from JO01 on an IC402 with its $\lambda/4$ whip. Some people also caught a very short-lived dawn lift on the Sunday, with OK, HB9 and southern DL being worked.

Microwaves

THESE BANDS seemed to be the most patchy of all as may be expected. From the east coast an excellent North Sea duct existed on the Saturday, and was just extending into Scandinavia when the 2200 close-down time occurred. Also, just after 2200, the path between GM and PA/DL opened, and on the following morning, before the 0600 start-up time, several stations were making reasonable DX QSOs on 2m and 70cm and could not transfer these onto 23 and 13cm. This caused a good number of groups to ask for the 8-hour close-down to be withdrawn, or changed so that you can choose which hours you take off. Let us know how you feel about these proposals.

In spite of these constraints, congratulations to G4NXO/P and G4HWA/P for managing to work SM6HYG on both 23 and 13cm.

PHOTOGRAPH: GAJNT



Ian, G4DHA, operating the 1.3GHz station of the Flight Refuelling Amateur Radio Society with the 2.3GHz equipment in the foreground.

Equipment continues to improve slowly on 23cm, with three stations declaring the full 400W: one from the traditional ring of 6 x 2C39, and the other two from the TH328 triodes which now seem to be creeping their way onto the band. There was no competition for the equipment mortality prize this year - 70cm had slipped into comfortable reliability, and the microwaves steamed forward into their traditional place at the head of the queue for the equipment mortuary. Several people lost preamps, also some their PAs, both on 23 and 13 (including the open section winners - if only for part of the event) and, just like last year, G4MRS/P had a generator fail, and was running well under power for most of the event.

For full results see Contest News

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Amateur Radio for Beginners

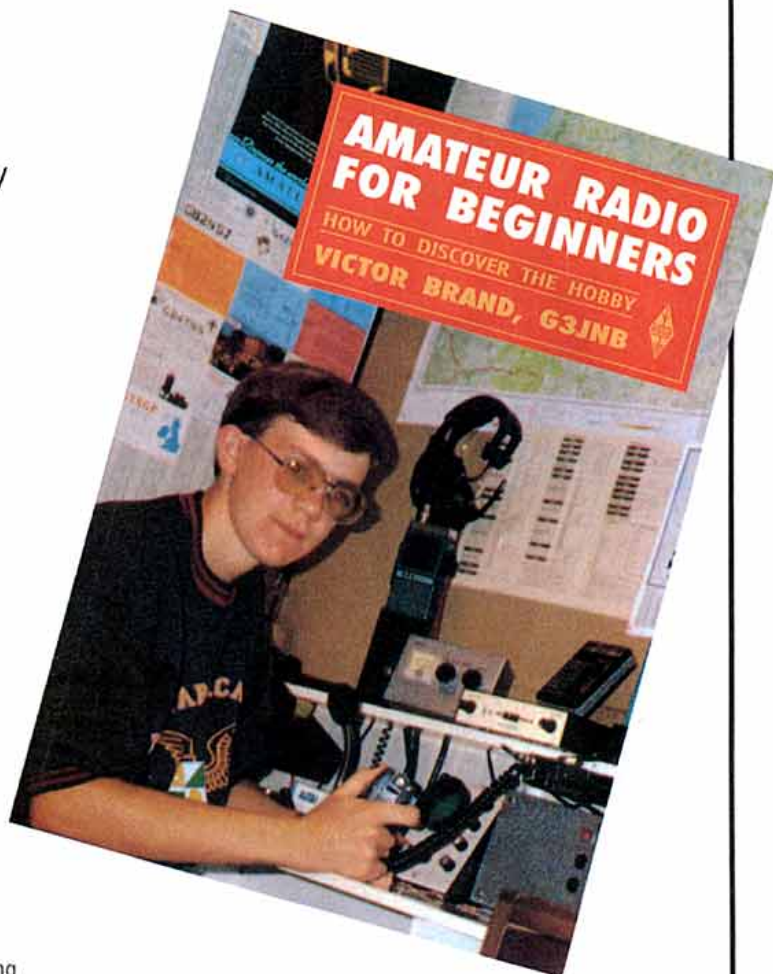
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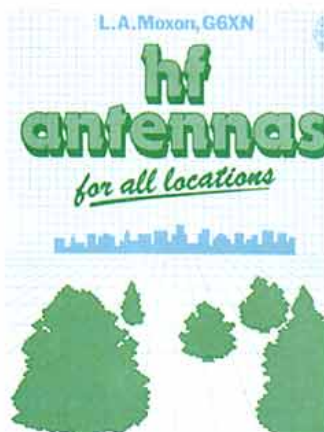
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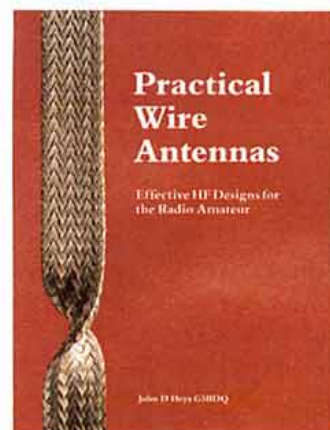
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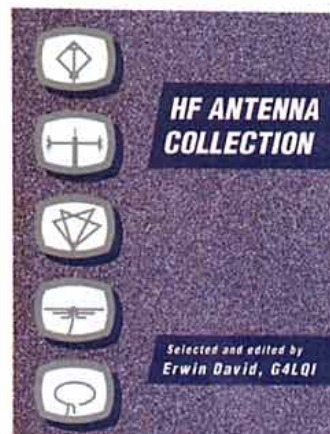
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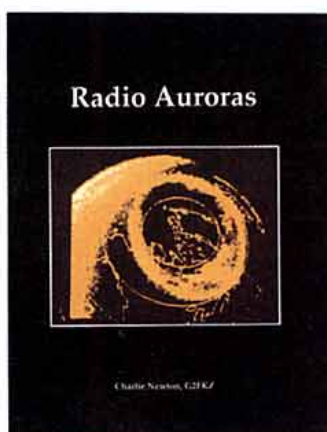


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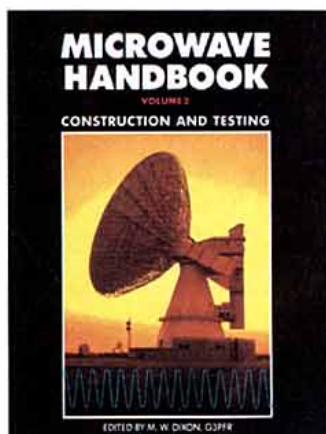
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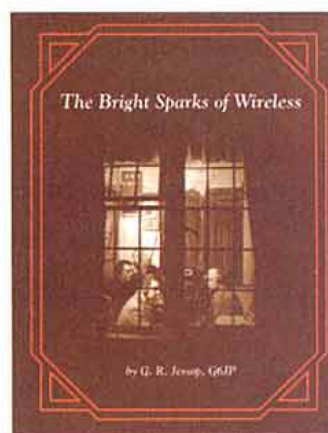
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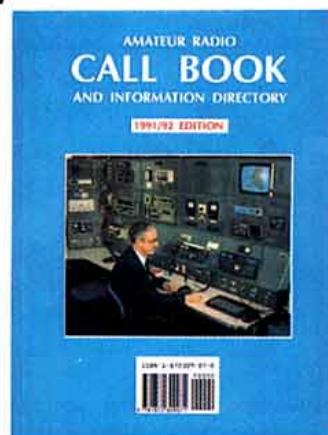
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CW Transmitter for the 3.5MHz Novice Band

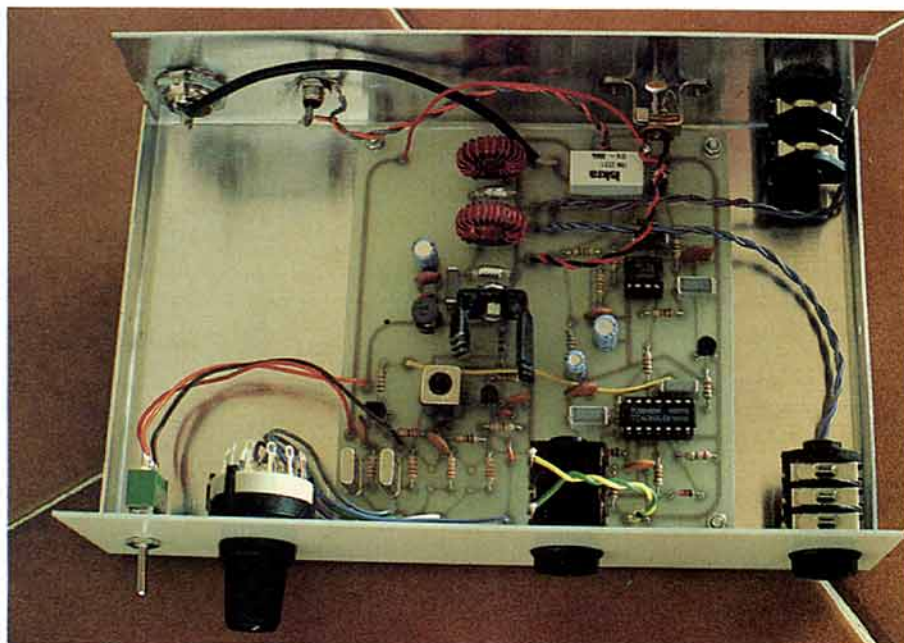
by Steve Price, G4BWE

THE INTRODUCTION OF THE UK Novice Licence last July means that it is possible for Novices to operate within specified sections of some popular HF (High Frequency) bands providing, of course, that the licensees have also passed the new 5 Words Per Minute Morse test.

Having obtained a class A licence, the Novice will probably wish to set about improving his or her skills as a Morse operator. By far the most enjoyable way of doing this will be to practice over the air during real CW contacts with other amateurs. The 3.5MHz band is certainly a good place to start and so to make things a bit easier, here is a design for a CW transmitter that operates on 3.5MHz and complies with all relevant conditions of the Novice Licence. It can of course be built and used by any Class A licensee, Novice or not.

The Novice CW transmitter is intended to complement the RC14 beginners HF receiver [1] and its matching 3.5MHz converter [2], both of which are already available in kit form from Cirkit Distribution Ltd. However, the transmitter has been designed in such a way that it will easily interface with any receiver that covers 3.5MHz and can also resolve CW signals - in practice this means either a simple direct conversion receiver or a superhet with a product detector or BFO (the appropriate control may be marked 'SSB').

The 3.5MHz CW Novice segment is 20kHz (kilohertz) wide and extends upwards from 3.565MHz. In order to ensure a high level of frequency stability and also to prevent the possibility of the Novice transmitter acciden-



tally being operated on a frequency outside of the allotted segment, crystal control is employed. This involves the use of a separate quartz crystal (abbreviated xtal) for each frequency to be used. Up to four frequencies may be chosen and the appropriate xtal is then selected using a rotary switch mounted on the transmitter's front panel.

The four recommended frequencies are:-
XTAL1 - 3.567MHz; XTAL2 - 3.572MHz;
XTAL3 - 3.577MHz; XTAL4 - 3.582MHz.

A complete kit of parts, which includes the high quality PCB, all components, all connectors, hardware, solder, wire, and punched and painted custom-built case, is available from Cirkit Distribution Limited, Park Lane, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire, EN10 7NQ. Also supplied with the kit are two crystals - XTAL1 and XTAL2. The price of the kit (including P&P and VAT) is £55.60; XTAL3 and/or XTAL4 may be ordered separately at a cost of £7.85 each.

For the benefit of the more experienced constructors who may wish to build this project from scratch, rather than buy a kit, full constructional details are included in this article.

USING CW

CW (CONTINUOUS WAVE) TRANSMISSION is simplicity itself! All we need to do is build a generator of radio frequency (RF) energy - an oscillator - and arrange for it to be turned on and off using a Morse key. Each time the key is depressed the generator emits a continuous stream of oscillations at the chosen frequency (the carrier wave). The distant receiver then turns these oscillations into an audible tone so that the dots and dashes of Morse code are rendered as bursts of sound in much the same way as they would be if we were using a Morse code practice oscillator.

For practical use we may wish to increase

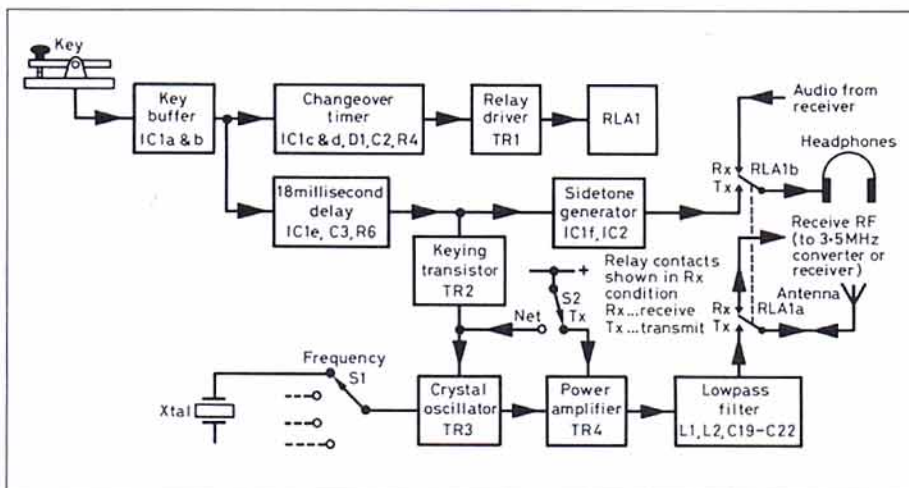


Fig 1: Block diagram of the Novice transmitter

the oscillator's power by feeding its output into an amplifier. A transmitting antenna is also necessary and it will obviously be convenient to use the same antenna for receive. This means that a switch of some kind must be incorporated so that the antenna can be connected to the transmitter when sending, and to the receiver when listening.

It is also a good idea to provide a means of monitoring the Morse while it is being sent. One way of doing this is to use the station receiver. However, the results are likely to be unsatisfactory - mainly because the receiver will be grossly overloaded by a transmitter operating so close to it. The problem can be solved by building into the transmitter a tone generator controlled by the key - just like a practice oscillator. This technique is known as sidetone, and by adding further switching we can arrange for the tone to be fed to the receiver headphones during transmit.

Finally, the antenna and sidetone switching can be made automatic and activated by the Morse key. The Novice transmitter offers all these features by incorporating logic control and a transmit/receive changeover relay. The design is therefore slightly more complex than absolutely necessary, but it is assumed that the Novice will wish to concentrate on the Morse itself, rather than have to worry about switch settings!

HOW IT WORKS

FIG 1 SHOWS A BLOCK diagram of the Novice transmitter and the full circuit appears in Fig 2. Transistor TR3 forms the heart of the crystal controlled oscillator and S1 selects

the appropriate quartz crystal (XTAL1 - XTAL4). TR2, the keying transistor, simply switches the oscillator on and off under the control of IC1 (more about IC1 later).

The main winding of T1 and C14 form a tuned circuit which is resonated at 3.5MHz. When TR3 is oscillating, its output is fed via the coupling winding of T1 to the base of the RF power transistor, TR4. R23 is a damping resistor which prevents excessive voltage appearing at the base of TR4 and also helps ensure that the power amplifier remains stable - we do not want TR4 to start oscillating as well! Following amplification by TR4 the transmitter output is fed through a lowpass filter consisting of L1, L2 and C19-22.

The lowpass filter attenuates all frequencies above 3.5MHz. It is necessary to do this because the output from TR4 contains not just the 3.5MHz signal that we wish to transmit (known as the fundamental) but also the harmonics, or multiples, of this frequency. Omitting the lowpass filter would therefore cause the transmitter to radiate additional signals at 7MHz, 10.5MHz, 14MHz and so on; a situation we must clearly strive to avoid!

RFC1, a radio frequency choke, feeds power from the DC supply to TR4 but prevents RF currents travelling back in the opposite direction. The decoupling capacitors C23-25 help prevent instability by absorbing any RF energy that RFC1 fails to suppress.

IC1 contains six inverting gates labelled (a) to (f). Each gate is a simple circuit made up of a few MOS transistors (MOS stands for Metal Oxide Semiconductor - but don't worry if you have not come across this expression before). An inverter is a logic device which

provides an output voltage that is the opposite of its input. However, logic circuits can only operate by differentiating between two distinct levels - logic 0 and logic 1 (in a computer system these levels are used to represent the noughts and ones of binary numbers). Conveniently, logic 0 is defined as zero Volts and logic 1 is equal to the supply voltage - say 12 Volts. So, if we connect the input of an inverter to the 12V supply rail, its output will immediately drop to 0V. Looking at the circuit symbol, the output is at the point of the triangle (the small circle here indicates that the gate is an inverting type).

Gates (a) and (b) of IC1 have their inputs connected ('tied' in logic circuit parlance) to the supply rail via R2 and R9. Pins 2 and 4 will therefore be at 0V. As capacitor C2 is fully charged, pin 5 is also at 0V which means that pins 6 and 9 are at 12V. Pin 8, of course, gives an output of 0V and this ensures that TR1, the relay driver transistor, is turned off.

Now, if the Morse key is depressed, pins 1 and 3 are grounded via R1 (the value of R1 is so small compared to R2 that the gates react as if they were connected directly to 0V). Pins 2 and 4 immediately go high (another way of saying that the gate outputs rise to the supply voltage) and C2 discharges because both ends of this capacitor are now connected to 12V, albeit via R3 and D1. The states of IC1 (c) and (d) are also reversed and so TR1 switches on because pin 8 is now at 12V. This energises the coil of RLA1 - the transmit/receive changeover relay - and its contacts, RLA1a and RLA1b, move into the transmit position (NB in Figs. 1 and 2 the relay contacts are shown in the receive position).

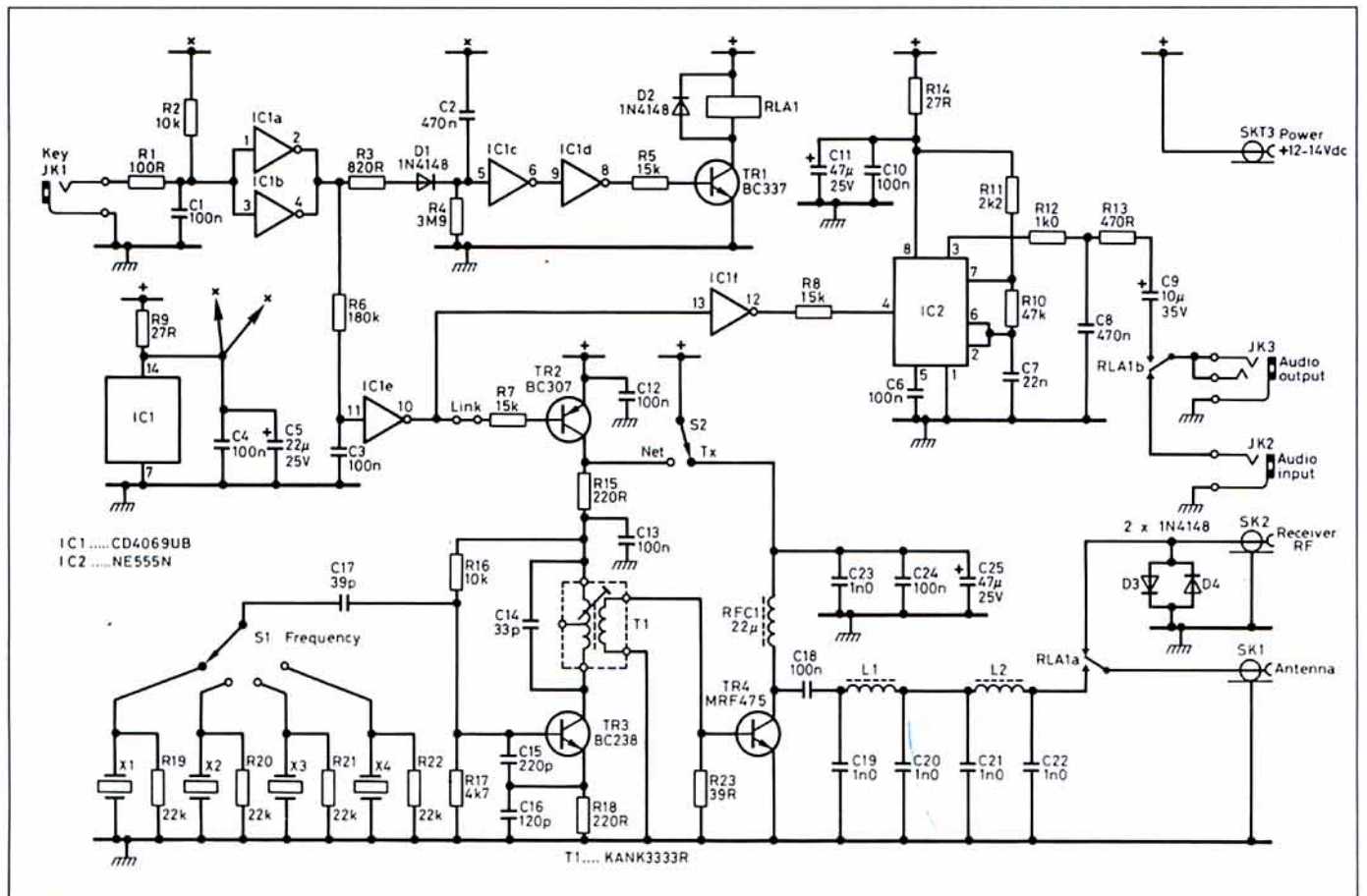


Fig 2: The complete circuit of the transmitter

The purpose of RLA1a is to connect the antenna to the output of the lowpass filter on transmit, but allow the receiver to be connected to the antenna when listening. This is achieved by phono socket SK2 using a patch lead which enables the antenna socket of the receiver (or the 3.5MHz converter) to be coupled to SK2.

When the Morse key is released, pins 1 and 3 of IC1 go high (+12V) and pins 2 and 4 return to 0V. However, as C2 has been discharged, the input of IC1(c) (pin 5) initially remains high and so TR1 stays switched on. C2 now begins slowly to charge through R4 (the outputs of gates (a) and (b) play no part at this point because they are isolated by D1 which is reversed biased and therefore cannot conduct). After about 2 seconds, C2 is charged sufficiently to take the input of IC1(c) low (ie close to 0V) and so TR1 finally switches off and the relay contacts return to the receive position. Of course, if the Morse key is pressed again at any time before the input of IC1(c) goes low the process is halted and C2 must begin charging all over again.

The net result of all this is that once we have started to send Morse, RLA1 stays in the transmit position until there is a pause of approximately 2 seconds. This prevents RLA1 attempting to follow every depression of the key and ensures that the receiver remains disconnected from the antenna during the whole period of transmission.

The Morse itself is routed via R6 and IC1(e) to the keying transistor TR2. R6 and C3 delay the dots and dashes by a period of 18 milliseconds (1 millisecond equals one thousandth of a second). This small delay is introduced so as to ensure that RLA1 has time to connect the output of the power amplifier (TR4) to the antenna before the oscillator (TR3) has been activated by TR2.

The output of IC1(e) is inverted by IC1(f) in order to key the sidetone generator built around the NE555 oscillator/timer chip, IC2. The NE555 produces an audio tone in similar fashion to a Morse practice oscillator - indeed, you may already have seen designs for practice oscillators which utilize this popular IC. The frequency, or pitch, of the tone is determined by R10, R11 and C7 and is set at approximately 700Hz. IC2's output is taken from pin 3 and filtered to make it sound more pleasant by R12 and C8. R13 attenuates the tone so that it is not too loud in the headphones.

Instead of plugging the headphones into the receiver as normal, a jack socket (JK3) is provided for the 'phones on the front panel of the transmitter. A patch lead couples the receiver's headphone socket to JK2 and this enables us to listen to the receiver when RLA1b is in the receive position. However, as soon as the key is depressed at the beginning of a transmission, RLA1b connects the headphones to the sidetone generator so that we can hear the Morse being sent.

Finally, S2 (the 'net switch') enables us to turn on the crystal oscillator without having to depress the key. This means that RLA1 will stay in the receive position and we can listen to the oscillator using the receiver as a monitor. This enables us to tune the receiver to our transmit frequency (very important). Note that when 'netting' (the name given to the process

COMPONENTS LIST

RESISTORS

R1	100
R2, 16	10k
R3	820
R4	3.9M
R5, 7, 8	15k
R6	180k
R9, 14	27
R10	47k
R11	2.2k
R12	1k
R13	470
R15, 18	220
R17	4.7k
R19, 20, 21, 22	22k
R23	39

All resistors are 0.25W, 5% carbon film.

CAPACITORS

* = 10mm lead spacing

C1, 4, 6, 10, 12, 13, 24	100n
C2, 8	470n
C3, 18	100n
C5	22u
C7	22n
C9	10u
C11, 25	47u
C14	33p
C15	220p
C16	120p
C17	39p
C19, 20, 21, 22	1n
C23	1n

GENERAL

RLA1	Iskra TRK2221 (12V, 270 ohm coil)
S1	3 pole, 4 way rotary - type CK1026
S2	SPDT miniature toggle
SK1	SO239 (Single hole fixing type)
SK2	Phono (single hole fixing type)
SK3	2.5mm DC power socket
JK1, 2	6.3mm mono jack socket
JK3	6.3mm stereo jack socket

- 8 pin DIL IC socket
- 14 pin DIL IC socket
- 2.5mm coaxial DC power plug
- PL259 plug with solderless reducer for RG58U cable
- Phono plugs (2 required), all metal
- 2 x 6.3mm mono jack plugs
- 6.3mm stereo jack plug
- 1.2m of RG174A/U miniature coaxial cable
- Length of multicore solder
- Lengths of PVC covered, stranded cable for flying leads and PCB link
- 1m of 24SWG enamelled copper wire
- PCB and case with lid (see text)
- Heatsink for TR4 (type TV-5)
- Small quantity of heat transfer compound
- Trimmer tool for T1 (Cirkit part No 35-00002)
- 4 x 6BA nuts, bolts (15mm overall length) and 6.3mm spacers to mount PCB
- 1 x 4BA nut and bolt (short) plus shake-proof washer to fix heatsink
- 2 x self tapping screws (small) to fix lid.
- 4 x stick-on feet
- 2 x T68-2 powdered iron toroids (for L1, 2)
- 6.3mm push-on knob plus cap with index line (for S1)
- XTAL1-4 - See text.

INDUCTORS

L1, 2	See text
RFC1	22uH
T1	

Toko 8RBSH (Part No. 262LYF-0084K)
Toko 10K type
KANK3333R

SEMICONDUCTORS

D1, 2, 3, 4	1N4148
TR1	BC337
TR2	BC307
TR3	BC238
TR4	MRF475
IC1	CD4069UB
IC2	NE555N

whereby the receiver and transmitter are tuned to the same frequency), TR4 is disconnected from the power supply as there is no need for the oscillator signal to be amplified.

The completed transmitter will provide an output power of just over 1 Watt if operated from a 12V power supply (slightly more using 13.8 Volts). This is comfortably within the 3W power limit specified by the Novice Licence regulations.

REFERENCES

- 1 'The RC14 Beginners Receiver', *Radio Communication*, June 1987, pp397-399.
- 2 'A 3.5MHz Converter for the RC14', *RadCom*, April 1989, pp 39-42.

... to be concluded

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And there were in the same country shepherds abiding in the field, keeping watch over their flock by night.

And lo, the angel of the Lord came upon them, and the glory of the Lord shone round about them; and they were sore afraid.

And the angel said unto them, Fear not: for, behold, I bring you good tidings of great joy, which shall be to all people.

For unto you is born this day in the city of David a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord.

And this shall be a sign unto you: Ye shall find the babe wrapped in swaddling clothes, lying in a manger.

And suddenly there was with the angel a multitude of the heavenly host praising God, and saying, Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men.

Luke 2, v.8-14

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The Peter Hart Review

Challenger DX-VI

A Multiband vertical from GAP Antenna Products

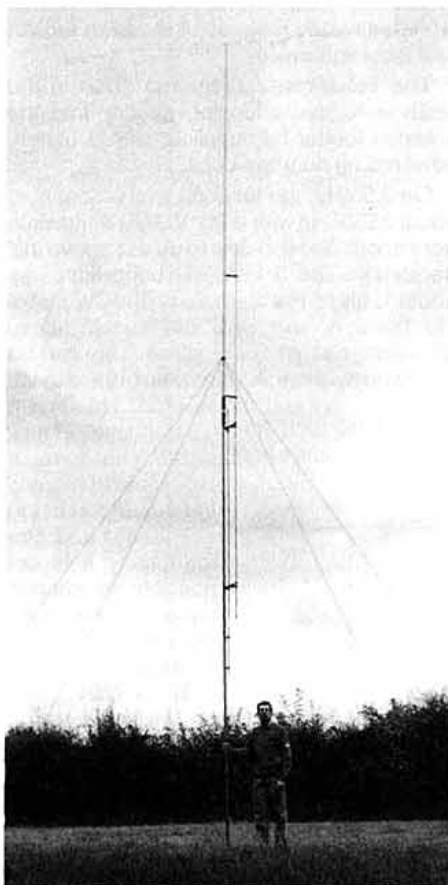
I FIRST HEARD OF the GAP Antenna Products Challenger DX-VI last March when a mailshot from Bredhurst Electronics addressed to my local club landed on the door mat. I gave it little thought at the time, but later on in the Summer, I received two separate enquiries asking for my opinion of the Challenger antenna. As I still use the Butternut HF6V-X reviewed in the March 1991 *RadCom*, I had the means to perform an interesting comparison of these two similarly specified antennas.

The Challenger DX-VI covers six of the HF bands - 3.5, 7, 14, 21, 24, 28MHz and, as a bonus, it is claimed to function on 50 and 144MHz as well! It uses no traps, coils or transformers and provides a match to 50Ω cable without the need for any switching.

Traps are notoriously lossy, particularly when the antenna has been exposed to the weather for a number of years, and there are more and more antennas appearing on the market now which avoid the use of traps. With the Challenger, its whole length is active on all bands, a major advantage over most trapped antennas. The total height is about 31.5ft (9.6m), about 5ft longer than the Butternut, and has a power rating of 1500W. The total weight is quoted as 16lbs (7.2kg). The antenna comes packed in a relatively large box, 267 x 25 x 7cm (105 x 10 x 3inches), but the antenna lengths are broken down into fairly long sections.

DESCRIPTION

THE CHALLENGER DX-VI is an interesting design and achieves multiband performance without the use of traps or coils. These two items usually suffer most from the rigours of the weather, in particular the British climate. The antenna may be described as a grounded elevated feed monopole and is illustrated in Fig 1. Elevated feeds can provide certain advantages compared with base feeding. A better match to 50Ω coax is often achievable and noise pickup can be lower in noisy locations due to better symmetry and reduced ground currents. The antenna is less critical on the provision of radials and ground losses are lower. The tubing is split about halfway up to give a 16ft top section electrically insulated from the lower section which is grounded at the bottom. The 50Ω coax feed passes through a hole at the base and then up the inside of the lower section. The outer of the coax is connected to the top of the lower section and the inner passes through a series stub to the bottom of the upper section. The arrangement of the coax is shown in Fig 2. Hence the feed is connected across the gap (which



Author with the Challenger DX-VI Antenna.

gives rise to the name of the company). The feeder and the stub are formed from a single length of 1/4in diameter thick-braided coax with the braiding suitably cut at the gap feed point. The stub is electrically one quarter wavelength long on 3.5MHz and is terminated at the far end in a capacitor. The value of the capacitor on the review antenna was measured as 2440pF. The stub is contained within the upper section by 'zig-zagging' inside the tubing. The antenna is supplied with 5ft of feeder emerging from the base.

The other notable feature of the antenna is that there are tuning rods protruding both upwards and downwards from the gap. These are spaced away from the antenna elements on insulated supports and are connected in antiphase to the adjacent antenna element section. On the low frequency bands, these tuning rods act as capacity loading. On the higher frequency bands, the length of the tuning rods becomes significant in terms of wavelength and these must be considered as transmission lines with the main antenna element. The two lower tuning rods each

comprise transmission lines with higher impedance sections connecting to lower impedance sections. The result is three shunt stubs across the gap which gives a multi-resonance, and matches the antenna across the different bands. However, the situation is probably more complex than this, and the tuning rods almost certainly radiate on the higher bands particularly where they are a resonant length.

The precise details of how the antenna functions on all the bands is not clear to me. However some general observations can be made:

On 3.5MHz, the antenna is less than $\lambda/8$ long and the series stub is $\lambda/4$ long. The 2440pF capacitor across the end of the stub is transformed to an inductive reactance in series with the upper antenna section. This is equivalent to a series loading coil at this point and brings the antenna into resonance together with the additional shunt capacity provided by the tuning rods.

On 7MHz, the antenna is a little under $\lambda/4$ long and the series stub is $\lambda/2$ long. The capacitor across the stub is quite a low impedance and this is transformed to an equal low impedance in series with the top section. The capacity of the tuning rods resonates the antenna.

On 14, 21 and 28MHz, the stub is a multiple of $\lambda/2$ in length and the capacitor can be regarded as a short circuit. Hence the stub is a short circuit at the feed and the feeder is effectively connected across the gap. On 14MHz the antenna is a centre fed $\lambda/2$, on 21MHz $3/4\lambda$ and on 28MHz a full wavelength. The tuning rods provide a stub matching system on these bands but also contribute to the radiation. On 24MHz, the stub presents a fairly high impedance which matches to the relatively high feed impedance of the antenna in conjunction with the tuning rods.

I will not hazard a guess at how the antenna matches or radiates on 50 or 144MHz!

The DX-VI will function without radials on the higher bands but for operation on 3.5 and 7MHz three 25ft radials are specified, connected at the base. With an elevated feed of this type, there will be plenty of RF on the outer of the coax. However, by running the coax down inside the lower section to ground level, this should be considerably reduced. As a further measure, GAP recommends feeding the antenna with at least 65ft of additional coax and coiling this if necessary at the base to eliminate RF getting back to the transceiver on the outer of the cable.

The main radiator comprises thick walled aluminium tubing 1 3/8in diameter at the bot-

tom and middle reducing to 1/8in at the top. The base section is double-walled for added strength. With very little taper, the structure is quite stiff, heavy and very rugged. The tubing is not capped, rain is free to flow through but will not collect inside, and the coax joints and capacitor are all sealed against the weather. The tuner rods are constructed from 1/2in aluminium tubing and the capacitor is housed in a potted plug-in cap fitted with spade terminals.

The antenna is provided with an 18-page manual, assembly diagram and other literature which gives clear numbered instructions on assembly, installation, functioning, site considerations, test etc.

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

THE TOTAL ASSEMBLY time took about two hours but this included checking off all the parts and following the instructions very closely. The manual claims 30 minutes which seems very optimistic. Assembly is very straightforward, the only problem was a missing hole in one of the tuner rods. The main radiator comprises four sections which are pre-assembled with the stand-off insulators for the tuner rods in their correct locations. These just require final positioning and tightening. Stainless steel clamps and hardware are used throughout and there are a few spare screws and washers included. A nut driver is even provided with the parts. The tubing joints are very strong. All the joints are sleeved and accurately drilled and avoid the use of slits and hose clamps.

The antenna is suitable both for ground mounting and for roof mounting in an elevated position. For ground mounting, a 3ft-long mounting post is provided and this should be set into the ground. Care should be taken to ensure that the mounting post is accurately vertical. As for the Butternut, I used a longer steel pole of about the same diameter as the mounting post, knocked into the ground to make a tracer hole, constantly twisting and removing to clear the hole. This was frequently checked with a spirit level to ensure verticality as, once off the vertical, it is impossible to make corrections. When siting the antenna, note that the lower tuning rods can easily be touched, and on certain bands very high RF voltages exist on them.

For roof mounting, guys are essential. For ground mounting, guys are desirable but can be dispensed with in the more sheltered locations. The antenna is rated at 60MPH wind survival. Non-conductive guys should be mounted above the gap, preferably about two-thirds of the way up. They should not be attached too high as this can bow the antenna.

It can often be a time consuming operation to tune a multiband vertical as the tuning adjustments tend to interact. The Challenger DX-VI is pretuned and requires no adjustment as this is inherent in its design. This is a particular advantage where the antenna is roof mounted.

PRACTICAL RESULTS

THE CHALLENGER DX-VI was used ground-mounted and located in the clear on level

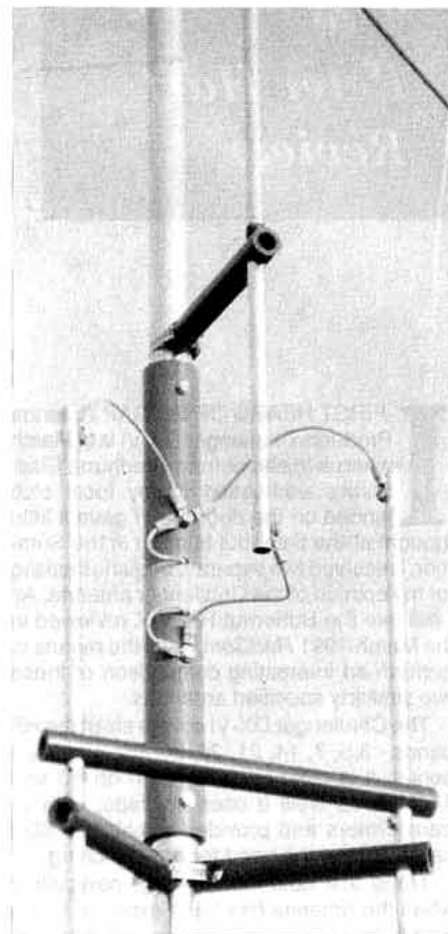
ground well away from trees and other antennas. Comparisons were made with a Butternut HF6V-X similarly mounted and a DX33 3-element triband beam at a height of 30ft. The DX-VI was located about 300ft away from the Butternut and about 450ft away from the beam to avoid any possible interactions. A coax relay arrangement was used to switch between the DX-VI and the Butternut and care was taken to ensure that the feeder losses to these two antennas were similar (and both rather high considering the cable lengths involved). The Butternut is mounted in an ideal situation and fitted with twelve radials between 17 and 34ft in length (the original complement of 16 radials having been depleted by the ravages of the lawn mower and local squirrels!)

The VSWR measurements given in the table were made looking directly into the antenna feeder as supplied, with a battery powered rig near the base.

On 3.5MHz, the antenna was resonant at about 3630kHz with a 2:1 VSWR bandwidth from about 70kHz below to 60kHz above this frequency. The 3:1 VSWR bandwidth was about 190kHz. For operation in the CW part of the band or the SSB DX sector above 3750kHz, retuning is required. This can be achieved by changing the value of the capacitor at the top end of the stub. This has a minimal effect on the other bands. GAP now provide five different capacitor units to resonate from the CW end of the band through to

the upper part of the US phone band. Unfortunately it is not possible to change capacitor units without taking down the antenna.

The VSWR figures on 7MHz apply to the band 7.0 - 7.1MHz. The VSWR rises



Detail of the gap feed.

above 7.1MHz but is still below 2:1 even at the top of the US phone band. On 28MHz, the VSWR was lowest at around 29MHz, rising to 2:1 at the extremities of the band.

On 14MHz, the VSWR measurement was rather prone to hand-capacity effects around the feeder and power meter. This indicates conducted RF on the outer of coax and is the reason why GAP recommends a minimum of 65ft of extra feeder. The VSWR measurement in the shack on 14MHz was a big improvement over that measured at the base of the antenna.

Different radial configurations were tried ranging from no radials up to ten radials. The effect on VSWR was relatively minor on most bands with the exception of 7MHz. This band appears to be most critical on radials. With no radials, resonance disappeared and the VSWR was a constant 4:1 over the band. Surprisingly, the resonant frequency and VSWR on 3.5MHz was not particularly dependent on the radials, even with none at all.

Some tests were also made with the antenna standing on ground level instead of recessed into the mounting base to give some idea of how the performance may differ in an elevated roof mounted environment. Again, the only band which showed any significant difference was 7MHz. In this case, resonance shifted down below 6.9MHz although the VSWR across the band was still well below 2:1.

Comparative tests with the Butternut vertical proved most interesting. On 3.5MHz, the Butternut was first tuned to the same resonant frequency as the Challenger. At this frequency, the Challenger was about 1 to

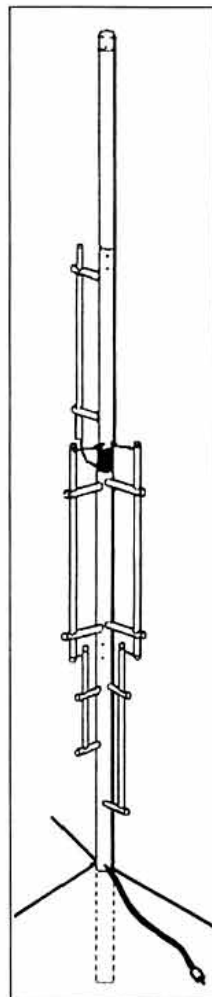


Fig 1: Challenger DX-VI physical layout

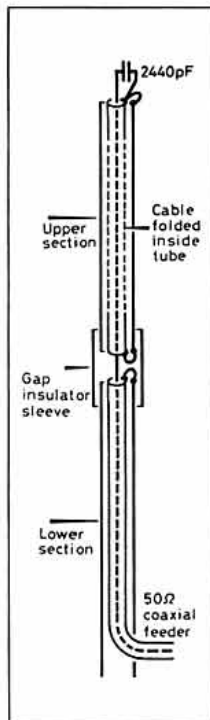


Fig 2: Arrangement of the coax.

1½ S-points down on the Butternut. This reduced to ½ to ¾ S-point at 50kHz away from resonance and at 100kHz and beyond the antennas gave identical performance. The Butternut has a bandwidth of 32kHz between the 2:1 VSWR points compared with 130kHz for the Challenger. This wider bandwidth of the Challenger is most likely due to the lower Q inductive loading provided by the stub and capacitor arrangement and this gives higher losses at resonance.

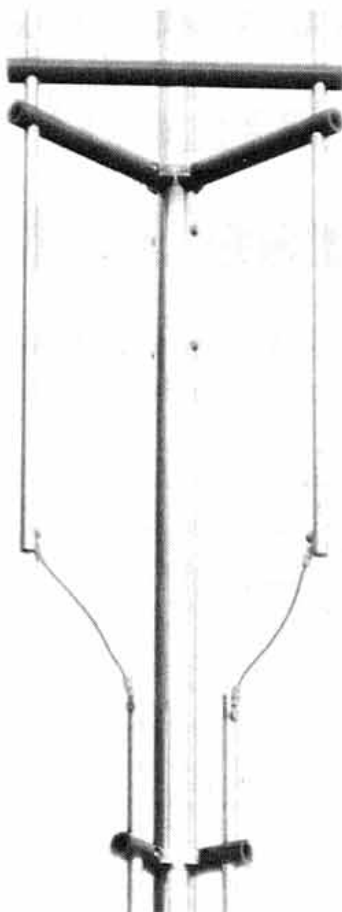
On 7, 14 and 24MHz there was no perceptible difference between the antennas. On 21MHz, the Challenger was 1 to 2 S-points down and on 28MHz generally similar but up to ½ S-point down on some signals.

These results were remarkably consistent and independent of direction or whether the signals were local or DX.

Comparing with the HF beam, the Challenger was about 1 S-point down on 14MHz and 1 to 2 S-points down on 21 and 28MHz. No comparisons or performance assessments were made on 50 or 144MHz.

CONCLUSIONS

THE CHALLENGER DX-VI is an interesting six-band HF vertical antenna with the added bonus of functioning on 50 and 144MHz as well. It is very ruggedly built and should survive the wildest of weather conditions and give many years of reliable service. The radial requirements are minimal and the elevated feed can help in noisy locations and reduce RFI. With the possible exception of 21MHz,



Detail of the lower tuner rods.

Band	Min VSWR	Max VSWR or Bandwidth 2:1 VSWR
3.5MHz	1.0	130kHz
7MHz	1.05	1.09
14MHz	2.0	2.2
21MHz	1.25	2.1
24MHz	1.7	2.0
28MHz	1.02	2.0
50MHz	1.5	2.0

Note that for values of VSWR below about 1.5, inaccuracies in the measurement equipment probably gives an over-optimistic result.

the performance on all bands compares well with other vertical antennas although the wider bandwidth on 3.5MHz has been achieved at the expense of reduced 'on the nose' performance. The review antenna was supplied with the standard capacitor to give resonance around the centre of the 3.5MHz band. Alternative capacitor units are available to suit the CW and upper SSB sections. These can be supplied at time of order or are available separately at a cost of about £12.

The current price of the antenna is £229.95 inc VAT.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I WOULD LIKE TO THANK Bredhurst Electronics Ltd of Handcross, West Sussex for the loan of the antenna and Peter Swallow, G8EZE, for his advice on the functioning of the antenna.

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**RADCOM
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FEATURE**

Textloader for Technical Software Morse Tutor

ONE OF THE MOST inexpensive Morse tutors on the market at the present time is that sold by Technical Software for the Commodore, Acorn and Spectrum computers. The Spectrum was one of the most popular home computers of the eighties, although perhaps now overtaken in the amateur radio field by the BBC, particularly in the 'Master' version. However, there are undoubtedly many of the earlier 48K machines still around, while the 128+2 and 128+3 models are also available new, together with quite a wide choice of software. All these computers are tape-loading, while the 128+3 has an additional built-in disc drive.

PLAIN LANGUAGE

THE TECHNICAL Software program for the Spectrum, available on tape, has as one of its options a series of plain-language texts on a separate tape cassette. This is included with the Morse program at no extra charge. Many aspiring Morse students will find the 40 texts on this tape more than sufficient for plain-language practice. However, those who have difficulty reading plain-language, perhaps with a tendency to 'anticipate' letters (fatal during the test!) may find only 40 passages a trifle limiting. There is a further option with the Technical Software program - Send Entered Text - enabling a 40 or 50-word passage to be

James Hossack, GM3DKW, describes a useful add-on program to enhance this popular Spectrum software

```

10 REM Textloader for Morse;
GM3DKW
20 POKE 23658,8
30 LET a=29696
40 CLS : PRINT AT 4,9;"TYPE IN
TEXT";AT 6,7;"(8 LINES MAXIMUM)
";AT 8,10;"          ";AT 12,5;"
Check text carefully,";AT 14,7;"
then press ENTER"
50 INPUT ;a$; LET b=256: Let c
=LEN a$: IF c<b THEN CLS : PRINT
a$: GO TO 90
60 REM If text inadvertently
exceeds 8 lines, lines 70 & 80 r
emove the extra words
70 LET b=b-1: IF a$(b)<>" " TH
EN GO TO 70
80 LET a$a$( TO b-1): LET c=L
EN a$: CLS: PRINT a$
90 PRINT : PRINT "To save text
so that Morse is sent BACKWAR
DS press B;other- wise press a
ny other key.          Then
WAIT for SAVE sign"
100 IF INKEY$="" THEN GO TO 100
110 IF INKEY$="B" then go to 14
0
120 FOR b=1 TO c: POKE a+b,CODE
a$(b): NEXT b: POKE a,c
130 SAVE "fwd_text"CODE 29696,c
+1: STOP
140 FOR b=1 TO c: POKE a-b+c+1,
CODE a$(b): NEXT b: POKE a,c
150 SAVE "rev_text"CODE 29696,c
+1: STOP

```

Listing one: The Spectrum Textloader.

typed in and converted to Morse at any desired speed for on-the-spot copying, but this is lost as soon as the computer is switched off.

THE PROGRAM

WITH THE AID of the short auxiliary program described below, texts can be typed, entered and saved on tape for later recall in a precisely analogous manner to the 40-text practice tape supplied. Such texts can be chosen by the student to be closely related to the Morse test requirements, to include words or letter combinations which are causing special difficulty; or if preferred, to be based on CW abbreviations, numbers and on-air chit-chat, in preparation for real QSOs once the test has been safely negotiated.

Saving a number of texts at once for later use also helps to ensure that the earlier ones will be satisfactorily forgotten when you come to practice them again. An additional feature which may appeal to some is the ability to enter a text with its letters in reverse order. Thus the passage takes on the character of

'random letter groups' but with the advantage that the plain-language letter frequency is preserved. No translation key is required simply read the passage backwards!

The text loader program is quite independent of the original Morse tutor or the practice tape; *no attempt should be made to save the program to either tape because of the danger of accidental erasure of valuable material.* The texts themselves have to be limited to 255 characters each (including spaces between words). This is about the same length as the practice texts, and represents approximately 3½-4 minutes' practice at 12WPM.

IN USE

ENTER THE PROGRAM exactly as listed, paying special attention to punctuation. When you run the program, you should see the instruction given in Line 30 appearing in the centre of the screen, with a flashing cursor in the lower half. Type in your chosen text (which will be in capitals) as accurately as possible, using the delete key where necessary. Be careful not to remove the inverted commas at the end of the text, or hit the break or enter keys accidentally. After entering the text and choosing the option in line 90, the legend "Press Rec and Play then any key" will appear on the screen in its usual way. When the text has been saved, remember to "Verify" that all is well (refer to the Spectrum handbook if you have forgotten how!). If in a surfeit of enthusiasm you inadvertently exceed the limit of 255 characters for the text, don't worry, as the program will automatically remove the extra words (to the nearest complete word).

Once the program is working correctly, it should itself be saved, using any convenient title, such as "textloader". The program occupies no more than about 15 seconds of tape and each text about 8s, so that up to sixty can be accommodated on a small computer tape. Re-loading into the Spectrum is carried out exactly as for the Technical Software practice texts, using option 8 of the main program. For operation with the Spectrum+3, the machine should first be switched to the 48K mode; this would in any case be the normal mode for tape loading. Details of an alternative program making use of the disk drive to store texts, can be obtained by sending an SASE to the author (QTHR).

My thanks to Richard Wilmot of Technical Software for reviewing the draft of this article.

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THE UPPER HALF of a quad loop, of which the lower half has been replaced by radials or other counterpoises, makes an excellent space and height saving, mostly vertically-polarized DX antenna. DK9FN's 'Quad-Plane' [1] and G8PO's 'Jaws' [2] are prime examples. Applying DJ4VM's symmetrical feed method [3] to such an antenna yields the following useful features:

- Shack-tuneable 3.5-30MHz with vertically polarized broadside radiation on all bands;
- Two horizontally polarized 'bonus modes', created by judicious arrangement of feeders;
- No outdoor pruning, tuning or weather proofing;

THE DESIGN

THE G4LQI ANTENNA is pictured in Fig 1. Figs 2a, b & c detail the three modes. Fig 3 shows the mode selection switch.

Mode a is the basic quad plane, vertically polarized and good for broadside ground wave and DX on all bands 7 - 30MHz. Like all vertical HF antennas, it works best in areas with earth of good conductivity. The 9m leg length was the largest that could be conveniently accommodated at this QTH, but no dimension is critical. This configuration readily tunes to 3.5MHz but the legs are too short and the wire too thin for efficient operation on that band.



Mode b is a horizontally polarized delta loop consisting of the two upper quad-plane legs and one side of each feeder. I found this mode useful for European contacts on 14 and 21MHz and occasionally for DX reception in heavy local QRN.

Mode c is a low U-shaped dipole consisting of the other side of each feeder, end loaded by the lower legs of the quad-plane. When first erected, the two lower legs were one 18m U-shaped wire with, on all bands, a current



TRANSLATED AND EDITED BY ERWIN DAVID, G4LQI

The G4LQI Multiband Quad-Plane with a Bonus, described in the Dutch magazine *Electron* of March 1989, demonstrates how one can take features from several proven designs and integrate them into something new.

null at its midpoint. Cutting the wire at that point and straightening the two legs to run parallel to each other made no difference to mode a operation and produced a low 30-metre-long centre-fed wire which is effective for short skip on the 3.5 and 7MHz bands. Note: By folding the lower legs, eg in 'sardine tin opener' [6] shape, unwanted radiation from those legs in mode a could have been minimized, but obstructions at my site ruled this out

THE MECHANICS

THE G4LQI ANTENNA uses one 13m mast. The lower points are tied to the house, a tree and fence posts, using fishing line. The antenna proper is made of 1.5mm² PVC-covered copper wire. The feeders are 450Ω slotted twinlead, now also sold in the UK. All mechanical stress on soldered connections was avoided. On the down run of the two twin-

leads, 10cm-long perspex bars were used as spreaders, 1m apart. The runs were kept away from brick-work and gutters by several spreader lengths. These are resonant feeders with, on several bands, high RF voltages where they enter the building. A brick in the shack wall was replaced with a wooden block. Through it two 38mm holes were drilled into which I inserted PVC pipes, capped at each end. Slots for the twinlead were made in the caps. With the twinleads fed through, all outside openings were sealed with silicone compound. Four spark gaps and their earth lead are attached to and stood off from the outside of the wooden brick for lightning protection [4].

The mode switch has two 38mm ceramic wafers which withstood 400W PEP on all bands; mine is mounted just inside the feeder entrance.

TUNING UNIT

AN ASTU FOR BALANCED feeders with a high SWR is required. My modified Z-Match [5] provides a low SWR on all bands. Note that most single-ended ATUs with a ferrite balun fall short because the latter cannot handle the high impedance levels of tuned feeders.



REFERENCES:

- [1] DK9FN, quoted by G3VA, 'Technical Topics', *Radio Communication* Oct 83, p891
- [2] G8PO, 'The G8PO Jaws antenna', *HF Antenna Collection* (RSGB), p67
- [3] DJ4VM, quoted by G6XN, *HF Antennas for all Locations* (RSGB), p155, Fig 11.9
- [4] G3MYA, 'Lightning', *HF Antenna Collection* (RSGB), p196
- [5] G5RV, 'An improved Z-match ASTU', *HF Antenna Collection* (RSGB), p116
- [6] DL1VU, 'Eurotek', *Radio Communication*, Feb & Mar 91

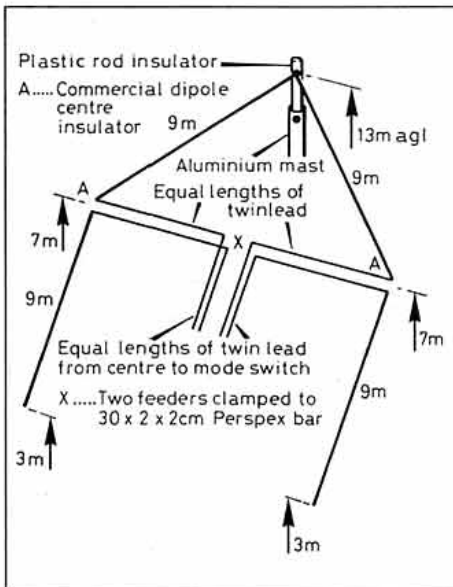


Fig 1: The G4LQI 'Quad-Plane with a Bonus'

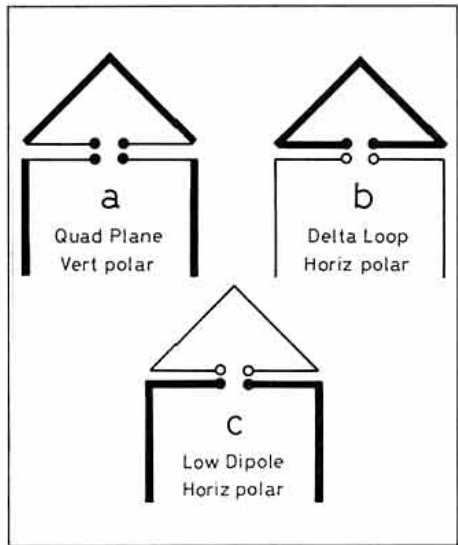


Fig 2: The three modes in schematic form. Active antenna elements in bold lines. Active downloads as solid dots

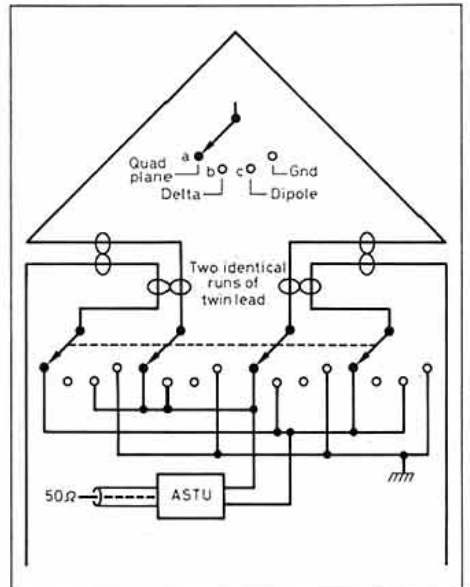


Fig 3: Mode switching



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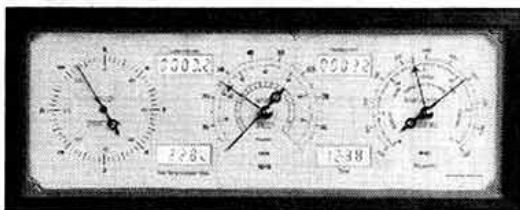
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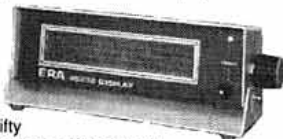
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Someone once said that this filter is too good for amateur radio use. We, along with hundreds of BP34 users would disagree. The BP34 combines ease of use with a degree of performance not found in any other filter. Exceptionally sharp cut off and guaranteed 80dB stopband attenuation make this filter a must for the more serious user. £109.50



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PRODUCT NEWS

"AT LAST!" writes Gordon Crowhurst, G4ZPY, "our new Miniature Iambic Keyer is ready . . . and the design is even better than we first contemplated."

Housed in a screened low-profile black vinyl-coated steel cabinet measuring 3.25 x 3.25 x 0.75in the Keyer has controls for side-tone and speed (8 - 60WPM). Sockets are provided for connection to the key itself, for the battery/PSU and for connection to the rig; matching plugs are supplied. In addition, auto inter-character spacing can be switched in and out. The Keyer was introduced in July at £53 inc P&P and insurance.

G4ZPY Paddle Keys International: 41 Mill Dam Lane, Burscough, Ormskirk, Lancs, L40 7TG. Tel 0704 894299.



NEW FROM Ferromagnetics is a range of Choke Baluns. One is for use on any type of dipole or inverted vee antenna from 1.7 to 30MHz, another is designed to mount on HF beams with 1.5" or 2" booms, and another is especially for VHF use from 30 to 250MHz. The HF models can handle 4kW whilst the VHF one copes with up to 200W. Prices are around £29 (HF) and £17 (VHF).

Ferromagnetics: PO Box 577, Mold, Clwyd, CH7 1AH.

Note: Product news is compiled from press releases sent in by the manufacturers and distributors concerned. Details are published in good faith but *Radio Communication* cannot be held responsible for false or exaggerated claims made in the source material.



THE MANY thousands of amateurs world-wide who have remained true to their now ageing Drake-Line equipment, will be delighted by the news that the oft rumoured return of that outstanding mark has at last come about.

The famous Miamisburg company, founded in 1943, has at last returned the attention of their craftsmen to the amateur market and have announced their first new model in ten years - a high specification communications receiver, the R8E.

Launched as a complete surprise at Leicester by the newly appointed sole UK Distributors, Nevada Communications, the receiver was the star of the show. It looks every inch a Drake and offers full multi-mode coverage from 100kHz to 30MHz and a wealth of sensible, practical facilities. The price is £965.

Mike Deveraux, Managing Director of Nevada, explained that as a confirmed Drake man himself, he and his Portsmouth team were delighted to win this coveted distributorship. "Competition to be the new UK Drake supplier was fierce" he said. "Now that the decision has been made, we have received many congratulatory messages from the other contenders and leading trade figures. Orders are already rolling in and the R8E could be set to take the top spot in communication receiver sales for 1992".

Nevada themselves have an enviable reputation for their service and support, built up over the past 22 years. They intend to provide a high degree of back-up on the R8E for the newly emerging Drake enthusiasts of the nineties!

Nevada Communications: 189 London Road, North End, Portsmouth, Hants, PO2 9AE.

LOWE ELECTRONICS LTD has stolen a march on those manufacturers endeavouring to come up with a reasonable, general coverage communications receiver below the £300 price barrier. Pre-production prototypes were displayed at Leicester of the HF-150 for the amateur and SWL markets. Possibly an ideal rig for the Novice, this tiny receiver measures only 185 x 80 x 160mm (just half the size of this page) but comes with an excellent specification for the price and is very solidly built.

Covering 30kHz to 30MHz with SSB, AM and synchronous AM, it features digital readout, selectable 2.5kHz and 7kHz IFs, and a bank of 60 memories. Operation is by internal batteries or an external 12V DC source and there is an optional mute facility for use with a transmitter. An optional desk-top keypad gives direct frequency entry. Price is expected to be £299.



Low Electronics Ltd: Chesterfield Road, Matlock, Derbyshire, DE4 5LE. Tel 0629 580800; Fax 0629 580020.

AS PREDICTED, Icom's IC-R7100 communications receiver was undoubtedly a principal attraction at the Leicester Show. Following a great deal of publicity by the trade, visitors were eager to 'see, feel and touch' before passing on to a retailer's stand to part with their hard earned yen. Denis Goodwin reports booming demand and is very happy to see this very neat receiver finding such favour with both the licensed and SWL fraternities.

ICOM (UK) Ltd: Sea Street, Herne Bay, Kent, CT6 8LD. Tel 0227 741741; Fax 0227 360155; Telex 965179.

RN ELECTRONICS has announced a completely new design of 23cm transverter giving exceptional sensitivity. It is designed to professional standards, incorporating microstrip band-pass filters, a very low noise Avantek GaAs FET front end and stable MMIC devices to ensure a spurious free output.

Transmit output power is 2W from 0.5 - 3W drive. As an optional extra (available soon) the output power can be increased to 15W by incorporating a power amplifier PCB and heatsink into the unit. The standard Transverter operates on 1296 - 1298MHz. For a small additional cost, models are available to include a second crystal for either satellite working or repeater shift. The standard model, the RN23/2/2 is priced at £279. The repeater version, the RN23/2/2R is £297 as is their satellite transverter the RN23/2/2S.

RN Electronics: 1 Arnolds Court, Arnolds Farm Lane, Mountnessing, Essex, CM13 1UT. Tel 0277 352219; Fax 0277 352968.



HAVE YOU ever tried re-connecting a crimped connector using the old connector and a pair of pliers? Not very good is it! Maplin has come to the rescue with three inexpensive kits; one containing 100 and one 300 assorted insulated crimp terminals and connectors. The third kit contains 50 units and a crimping tool which also cuts bolts, strips wires and cuts wires. The 100-piece kit costs £3.52, the 300-piece kit is £9.13 and the tool set is £4.03. Postage is extra.

Maplin Electronics: PO Box 3, Rayleigh, Essex, SS6 8LR. Tel 0702 554161; Fax 0702 553935; Telex 995695.

CUSHCRAFT Corporation has appointed **Specialist Antenna Systems Ltd** as their UK distributor. In addition to this high quality range of antenna products, SAS will promote a large range of commercial products previously not seen in the UK.

The Cushcraft R7 is a half-wave no-radial vertical which now caters for all bands 10 - 40 metres. Standing only 22ft 6in high and weighing only 12.3lb, the R7 is ideal for portable or roof-mounted operation.

The 13B2 Two Metre Boomer from Cushcraft is a light-weight, low profile 13-element beam on a 4.57m (15ft) boom giving a claimed gain of 15.8dBd and "the cleanest pattern available".

Specialist Antenna Systems Ltd: Radfords Field, Maesbury Road, Oswestry, Shropshire, SY10 8EZ. Tel 0691 670440.

SMC CALLED a special press and trade conference at Leicester to present the very latest offering from Yaesu Musen - the FT-890. Graham Taylor, Sales Manager of SMC, explained that a demonstration model - serial number 0008 - had been flown in especially for the Show.

The FT-890 is essentially a very neat little base-mobile HF transceiver multi-mode intended to replace the popular FT-757. At a probable price of around £1100, excluding PSU, the specification offers 100W output, a built-in servo-tuned ATU with its own memory, 30 memories, twin VFOs and repeater shift for 10m FM operation. The very smooth 'glitch free' tuning of the general coverage receiver is a joy to use. Weighing in at around 5kg and measuring 283 x 93 x 238mm, this rig looks a most attractive proposition for the busy operator who is determined to stay on the air at home and away.

South Midlands Communications: SM House, School Close, Chandlers Ford Industrial Estate, Eastleigh, Hants, SO5 3BY. Tel 0703 255111.

A FULL three-year warranty is an important feature of the Nabishi equipment sold by M J Components. The 140-series 2.5W 144MHz hand-held transceiver is priced at a fraction under £150 and includes the cost of the mains charger, 'rubber-duck' antenna, soft carrying case and belt clip. Described as "a basic - no frills" product, the rig uses thumbwheels to tune in 5kHz steps.

M J Components: 6 Deercroft Crescent, Salendine Nook, Huddersfield, HD3 3SG. Tel 0484 652149.

ALINCO HAVE announced their first scanning receiver. The DJ-X1 is very compact at 110 x 53 x 30mm and covers 500kHz to 1300MHz without gaps. Importers Waters and Stanton claim the scanner has the widest number of programming steps ever to be made available: 5, 9, 10, 12.5, 20, 25, 30, 50 and 100kHz. Modes include AM, NBFM and WBFM and sensitivity is claimed to be "unsurpassed".

Waters and Stanton Electronics: 22 Main Road, Hockley, Essex, SS5 4QS. Tel: 0702 206835; Fax 0702 205843.



WEATHERFAX V5 from PC Maritime is software which displays high resolution weather fax pictures on a PC screen or printer. Images can be zoomed, rotated and coloured, and sequential charts can be animated to see weather systems developing. At just under £200, the software approach is far cheaper than using a dedicated system, provided of course you have a PC.

Included in the price is an interface cable linking the PC's serial port with the receiver's audio socket, a manual including worldwide weatherfax schedules, and a tutorial cassette tape explaining how to recognize and tune fax signals. A similar package, NAVTEX, receives weather in in text format; it costs around £100.

PC Maritime Ltd: The Computer Complex, Somerset Place, Stoke, Plymouth, Devon, PL3 4BB.

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PRICED AT £2, Greenweld's latest catalogue lacks some of the production values of those from RS or Farnell but its 132 pages are packed with equipment and components at competitive prices. Section headings include: Audio, Batteries, Books, Breadboards, Cable, Calculators, Capacitors, Car Amps etc, Computer, Connectors, Craft Goods, Disco, Enclosures, Fuses, Hardware, Instrumentation, Lighting, Opto, Packs and Kits, PSUs, Radios, Resistors, Security, Semiconductors, Service Aids, Soldering Equipment, Switches, Telephone Accessories, Tools and Video.

Supplied with the catalogue, or available if you send a 41p SASE, is a 48-page Bargain List which includes all manner of new-but-surplus items and bumper packs, at 'amateur' prices.

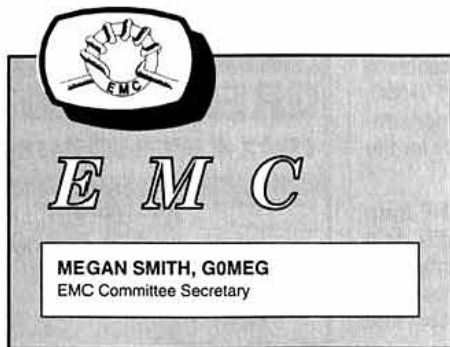
Greenweld Electronic Components: 27 Park Road, Southampton, SO1 3TB. Tel 0703 236363; Fax 0703 236307.

AERIAL SPECIALISTS **Jaybeam Ltd** of Northampton have been acquired by a French company with the very un-French name of Davey Bickford Smith (DBS). Based in Rouen, they describe themselves as an antenna and explosives group (yes, we had to read it twice, too).

Allen Worsfold has been appointed Managing Director of Jaybeam.

DBS went into the antenna business in the 60s and have progressively expanded ever since. It is expected that the addition of Jaybeam's range will provide a broad-based operation with world-wide outlets.

Jaybeam Ltd: Kettering Road North, Northampton, NN3 1EZ. Tel 0604 646611; Telex 311101.



FLASHER UNITS FOR CAR direction indicators used to be simple units with a bi-metallic strip which did not respond to RF! Many modern cars use an electronic flasher unit with a chip driving a relay. This incorporates load-sensing so that if one bulb fails, the unit flashes much faster than normal to alert the driver to the blown bulb. This load-sensing circuit may be susceptible to RF however, causing the flasher to flash faster than the legal rate when all bulbs are working but a transmitter is being operated in the vehicle. EMC Committee member G1OSC had this problem with a 10W 144MHz transceiver installed in a Metro, but only when indicating left! The flasher unit is a Lucas 19FL type, 42/98W and has no decoupling capacitors to prevent any RF picked up in the car's wiring from getting inside the unit. The problem was solved by soldering two 100nF ceramic disc capacitors across the pins of the flasher unit externally: **Fig 1**.

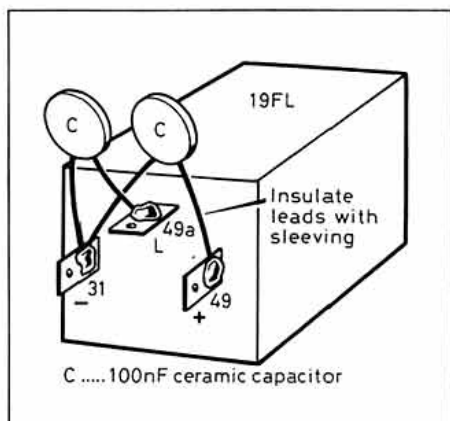


Fig 1: RF proofing a car's flasher unit.

YET ANOTHER FLOW-CHART

THIS IS THE LAST in the mini-series of flow-charts showing how to go about diagnosing and curing EMC problems on TV and audio equipment (**Fig 2**). This one is for AM radio receivers. Most of these are the battery-powered portable type with an integral antenna and are not readily amenable to fitting chokes etc. However you do have the alternative strategy of being able to move the set about

NEW NUMBER

Please note that the telephone number of EMC Co-ordinator J E T Lawrence, GW3JGA, of Prestatyn is now:

0745-853255

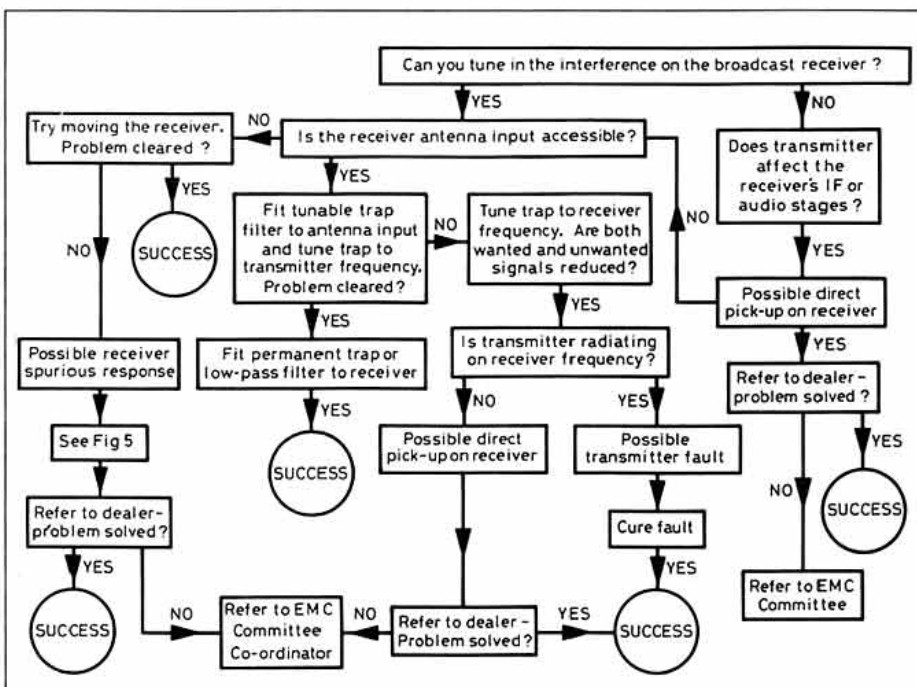


Fig 2: Flow-chart for AM broadcast radios

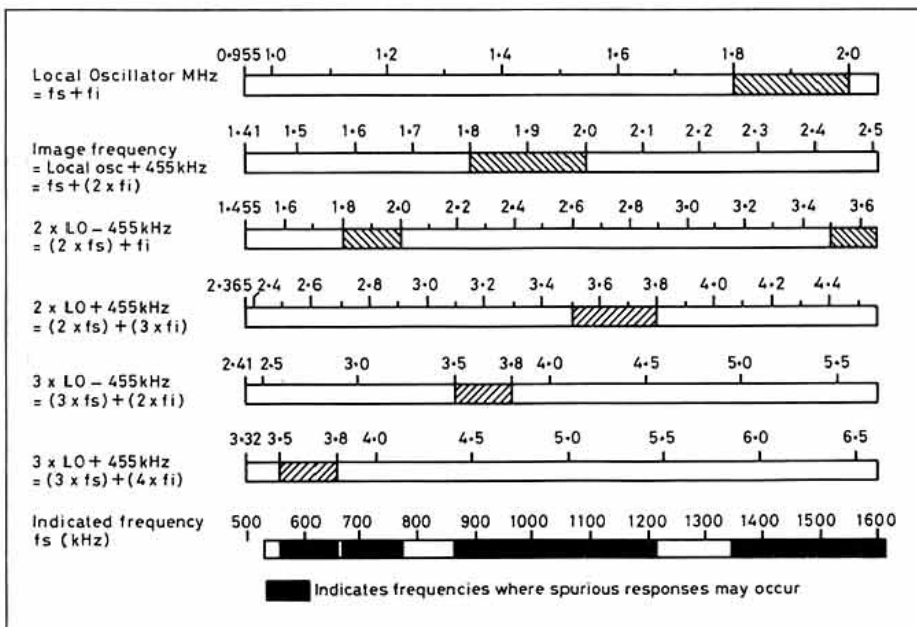


Fig 3: Some possible spurious responses of a superhet receiver with 465kHz IF tuning the medium wave band.

easily and it may be that changing its position removes the problem.

Normally it is unlikely that amateur transmitters will produce any harmonics which can be received by these sets as the lowest amateur frequency is above the long and medium wave bands. The main problems are that the equipment is often not designed to operate where there are local signals stronger than the desired broadcast station. This is done to reduce cost and obviously a compromise has to be drawn between cost and performance.

As almost all these receivers are the superheterodyne type, a nearby amateur transmission could be close to, or a harmonic of, the receiver's local oscillator frequency. This could cause harmonic beats or intermodulation. **Fig 3** shows some possible spurious responses of a medium wave

superhet receiver with a 455kHz intermediate frequency. This is a common IF for receivers from the Far East, although other IFs are sometimes used, such as 465kHz or 468kHz. The main spurious response of most broadcast receivers is the image frequency, which is spaced from the wanted frequency by twice the IF. For example, a MW receiver tuned to 990kHz could suffer breakthrough from an amateur transmission on its image frequency which is 1.900MHz (assuming 455kHz IF).

Other spurious responses exist, for example an amateur signal on 3.600MHz could break through on a broadcast receiver at 593.3kHz, 896.7kHz or 1117.5kHz.

If a battery/mains receiver suffers breakthrough when operating on mains, try disconnecting the mains cable from the back of the set and operating it on batteries. If the

breakthrough disappears without the mains cable, try winding the mains cable through ferrite rings close to the set before re-connecting it.

EMC DOWN THE SALT MINES

NO, NOT A REFERENCE TO the Committee being banished, or even what some neighbours would like to do with amateurs, but ICL's new £1 million EMC test centre. The photographs (this month's front cover and right) show the large air-conditioned tent, 35 by 16 metres, which has been installed 200m below ground in a worked-out part of a salt mine in Winsford in Cheshire. The tent houses a 25m by 10m stainless steel ground-plane with a turntable capable of taking a 5 tonnes load. The centre includes a mobile aerial system (shown in the second photograph) linked to the test instrumentation and control equipment which is installed in a bunker built into the salt rock beneath the ground plane.

The choice of the salt mine means that much higher signal levels can be generated to test ICL's computer products for immunity without causing interference with normal telecommunications, and also the absorption of the salt walls will prevent RF from unwanted sources interfering with the testing of emissions. ICL is expecting to be one of the first European electronics companies to conform to the new EC standards for EMC in 1992.

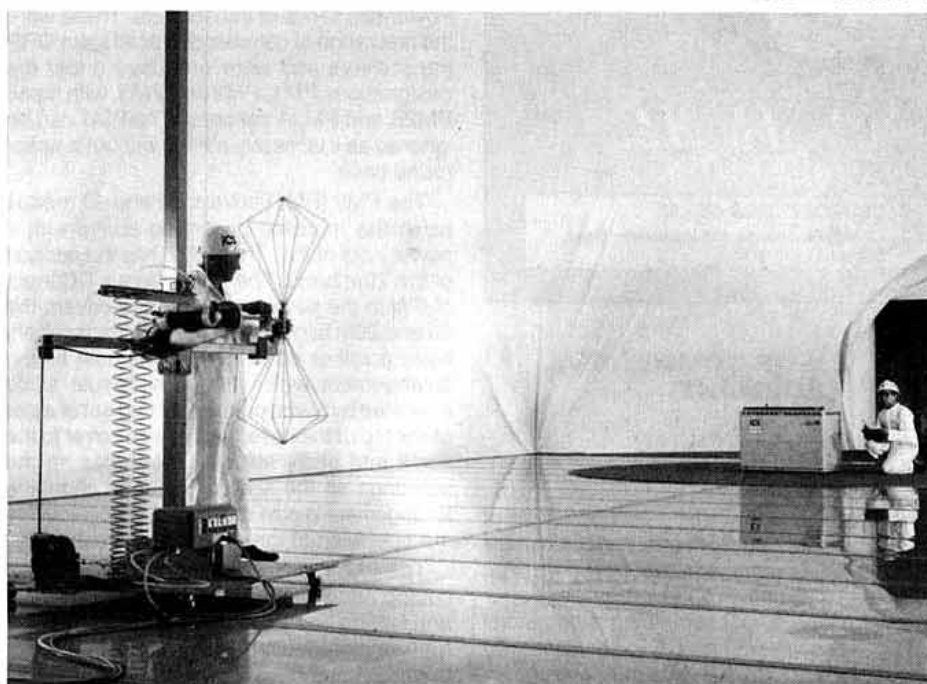
PHOTOGRAPH: G3JNB



Not down a salt mine, but behind bars: EMC Committee member Dave Lauder, G1OSC, at the Leicester Show.

Did you over-hear . . . the one about the 50MHz listener who discovered he could hear his neighbour's arguments via their 49MHz baby alarm? After much deliberation, he eventually plucked up the courage to mention it to them and was greeted with the reply "Oh, we'd better use the other channel then . . .".

Seasons Greetings and good DX in the New Year from the EMC Committee to all our readers.



The interior of ICL's large air-conditioned EMC testing tent, located in a Cheshire salt mine. A mobile aerial system detects emissions from the computer system under test.

A decade gone and still going strong

The Amateur Radio Insurance Scheme

THE AMATEUR RADIO Insurance Scheme which was launched in March 1981 exclusively for RSGB members continues to run very successfully and is much appreciated by thousands of policy holders.

The past year has seen the departure of Sarah Baylis who, with Nick Gibson, was involved in the setting up of the Scheme in 1981. However, Jennifer Lawson has ably taken on the role of Co-ordinator and Administrator.

As you may be aware the ARIS rates of premium have not been increased in the last three years. Regrettably, due to adverse weather conditions over the last 18 months and the effect of inflation it has become necessary to apply a modest rating increase from 1 August 1991. The premium rate is still, however, very competitive compared to general household insurance considering the wide range of specialist cover provided.

As we and Cornhill Insurance Company (who underwrite the Scheme) are now so familiar with the workings and equipment of the radio amateur, our claims departments find it easy to deal with claims and have therefore been prompt in meeting losses,

especially those resulting from the storms of the last few years. We have many letters of thanks from grateful policy holders!

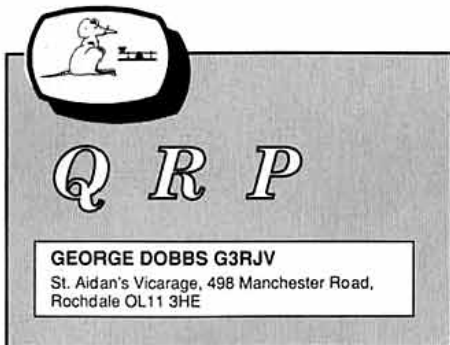
Along with the rate revision on 1st August, a new easy-to-read style proposal form is being issued. We have also arranged with Cornhill Insurance Group to extend the Amateur Radio Insurance Scheme to include portable telephones at very competitive rates in addition to the basic ARIS rates. You can also add your home computers and peripherals to the Policy.

We shall shortly be launching a new marketing and advertising campaign to expand the Scheme to Amateur Radio enthusiasts. All enquiries should be addressed to either Jennifer Lawson or Norman Hughes at the Amateur Radio Insurance Services' office at Shepherds Hurst, Green Lane, Outwood, Surrey RH1 5QS.

ARIS can also be of help on other insurance matters such as House Buildings and Contents, Motor, Legal Protection, Life and Pensions through our associated Companies. Please ring us for details or a quote on 034-284 4000.

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SURVEY OF COMMERCIAL QRP EQUIPMENT

PART 1: EARLY TEN TEC EQUIPMENT

THE DEMISE OF THE Heathkit range of QRP transceivers has left only one commercial low power transceiver, the new Ten Tec Argonaut II. Shortly, I hope to be able to offer a review of this last remaining commercial QRP Transceiver. The QRP operator who wishes to buy a ready-made transceiver may now have to turn to the second-hand market. Over the next few *QRP* columns, I hope to describe the range of equipment that might be found in this rather limited field.

Twenty years ago, Ten Tec of Sevierville, Tennessee, pioneered the idea of offering a low power transceiver on the commercial market. Not only did they popularise the idea of using low power on the HF bands, but they also introduced many radio amateurs to the idea of using the direct conversion technique as a method of obtaining a simple receiver or transceiver. There is little in the amateur radio literature prior to that time about direct conversion; the odd mention of the 'synchronyne' receiver and very few practical circuits. My first introduction to the practical aspects of this technique came from Pat Hawker's *Technical Topics* when he described the Ten Tec PM2 in 1970.

Ten Tec began as a small company operating out of a mobile home offering a range of printed circuit board modules and simple transceivers designed for the US Novice market. The company was surprised by the take-up of these products, the sales to Novices were exceeded by the sales to established radio amateurs who were looking for simple portable equipment or just low powered equipment to enjoy on the bands.

The heart of these early QRP transceivers was a unit called the TX1, a crystal oscillator and power amplifier board which gave about 2W on a range of amateur bands. Ten Tec sold a small range of 'wired and tested modules' which could form the basis of a simple transceiver.

In addition to the TX1, was the VO1 (a variable frequency oscillator/buffer for 80 or 40 metres) the MX1, (a direct conversion mixer-detector using a dual gate MOSFET) the AA1, (a 100dB audio amplifier). Additional modules included the AC1, (hardware and switching kit for the four modules above) the AC2 (a keying sidetone monitor) the AC6 (a 20 metre converter and sidetone) and the AC7 (a semi-automatic change-over board).

These modules were sold as individual units and they also formed the boards for the

Powermite series of transceivers. These were the first range of commercial, solid state QRP transceivers and were produced under the designations PM1, PM2 and PM3, with some PM2B and PM3A versions. The PM1 can be ignored as it is merely a PM2 without a wrap-around case.

The PM2 (PM1) covers 80 and 40 metres using the modules described above with a power input of 2W. The PM2B has the addition of the 20m band. The PM3 offers a DC input of 5W to the power amplifier and covers the 40 and 20m bands. All of the PM Transceivers have a rather odd dial and flywheel tuning arrangement which has a slide-rule scale indicated by a wire pointer coming out of a slot at the top of the case. There is no cover to the scale and badly adjusted examples rip the markings off the scale. The band changing arrangement is also somewhat novel requiring the operation of three slide switches.

The PM transceivers are certainly on the cutting edge of technology but they do work and can be bought, when they can be found, for bargain prices. I have examples of all of them. Even my best PM3A only cost me £20 and I have a PM2 which I bought for £10, although perhaps £25-£40 is more like the usual asking price.

The receiver is very basic and struggles under European conditions on 40 metres in the evenings. The VFO is stable enough for normal use, although its coverage is too large: The 40m band covers the US allocation of 7.0 - 7.3MHz. Most PM owners seem to change the variable capacitor from the huge 500pF to a value around 100pF and re-calibrate the scale. Many of the standard modifications for the Heath HW7 transceiver can be performed on a PM transceiver to improve its receiver performance.

Look out for the PM range of transceivers, they are not very common, but can usually be had for bargain prices and make a useful standby or portable station. A lot of them come with previous owner modifications, which may be effective or require undoing or re-doing. Even in their basic form they are viable transceivers. I once worked 23 countries in a week on a PM3 portable in Wales using a 60ft wire to a tree and an L Match Tuner.

THE AGCW - DL WINTER QRP CONTEST

THIS POPULAR TWICE a year contest, arranged by the German 'Activity Group Telegraphy' is on 4/5 January 1992.

Times: 1500UTC Saturday to 1500UTC Sunday. 9 hours minimum rest time, in one or two blocks, is obligatory.

Operation: Single Op in CW on 3.5, 7, 14, 21, 28MHz. Call 'CQ QRP TEST'. Only one transmitter and receiver, or transceiver, may be operated at the same time. QSOs with stations outside the contest are valid. Reception of RST is sufficient for non-contest stations. Contest stations exchange RST + Serial Number / Category.

Categories:

VLP: Very Low Power - up to 1W out (or 2W input)

QRP: Classic QRP - up to 5W out (or 10W input)

MP: Moderate Power - up to 25W out (50W input)

QRO: Above 25W out (or 50W input)

(QSOs between QRO stations do not score)

Points: The Contest Manager will calculate 4 points for QSOs with VLP, QRP or MP stations having submitted a log. Other QSOs count 1 point (own Continent) and 2 points (DX).

Multippliers: The Contest Manager will calculate 2 multiplier points for each DXCC country worked in QSO with VLP, QRP or multiplier stations having submitted a log. Otherwise each DXCC country counts 1 Multiplier point per band.

Final Score: Total QSO points multiplied by total multiplier points. All point calculations will be performed by the Contest Manager.

Logs: Please list QSOs separately for each band and mark the claimed multipliers, the obligatory rest time(s) and the input or output of all transmitters or transceivers used. Other station details are appreciated. Do not forget your full address and an IRC for the result lists. Other stations can only claim points if you send a log, so please send any kind of log including check logs - even 3 QSOs on a postcard will help. Logs to be submitted to: Dr Hartmut Weber, DJ7ST, Schlesierweg 13, W-3320 SALZGITTER 1, Germany, by 1 March 1992.

RELAX WITH QRP AFTER CHRISTMAS

NOT EVERYONE ENJOYS Contest working, but there is one event which can be enjoyed by both contesters and casual operators - the G QRP Club Annual Winter Sports. This takes the form of a QSO Party inviting operators to come on the bands using low power, up to 5W RF output or 10W DC Input, and enjoy making two way QRP contacts.

The event takes place between 26 December and 1 January, inclusive, and attracts QRP operators worldwide. A lot of exciting international and intercontinental two-way QRP contacts take place each year. The usual format is to call 'CQ QRP' on the International QRP calling frequencies (3560, 7030, 10106, 14060, 21060 and 28060kHz). There are no contest exchanges required as this is not a contest.

Part of the value of this event is the correlation of the results. Those taking part are invited to submit logs, log extracts and notes to Gus Taylor, G8PG, the G QRP Club Communications Manager, at 37 Pickerill Road, Greasby, Merseyside, L49 3ND. An award, the G4DQP Trophy is presented each year to the operator who, in the opinion of G8PG, has contributed most to the event. So get out your QRP equipment or turn down the power on your conventional transceiver and join in the fun.

QRP AND THE NOVICE

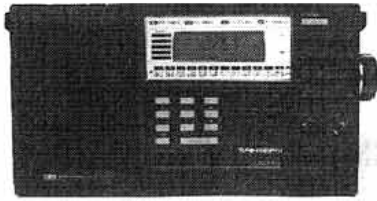
AT THE TIME OF WRITING over 20 novice licence holders have joined the G QRP Club. The club now has a Novice Manager who writes a regular Novice News column in the magazine *SPRAT* and is happy to correspond with any Novice. He is David Gosling, G0NEZ, 31 Semphill, Hemel Hempstead, Herts, HP3 9PF.

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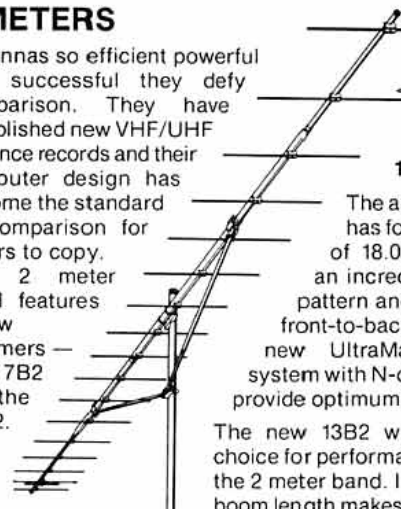
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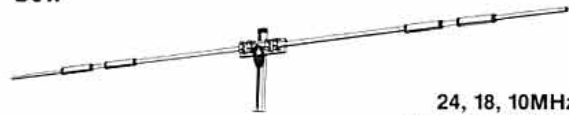
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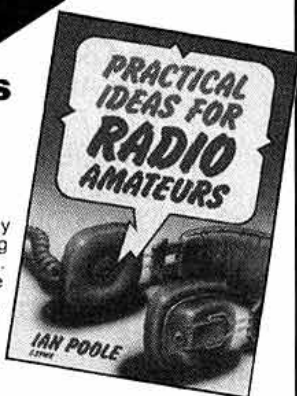
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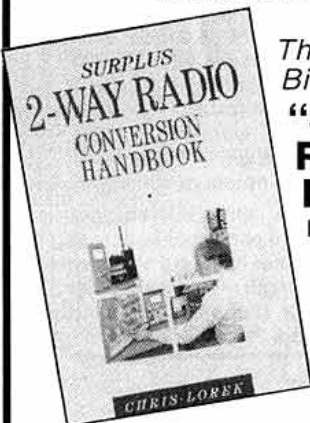
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It's appropriate that as *Practical Wireless* enters its 60th anniversary year, that we're making sure that we do so in style. We're all very proud of the magazine's heritage, and there's a new logo starting with the next issue.

Along with the new logo, one of the biggest improvements will be a change to a higher quality glossy paper. There will be full colour and two colours available throughout the magazine. There will also be much higher quality photographic reproduction, with advantages to be had for everyone.

The new printing system will enable our art editor Steve Hunt to use his artistic expertise and the second colour to full effect. As a result technical articles with circuit diagrams, p.c.b. designs and appropriate overlays will be more attractively designed, providing a much easier read.

Rob Mackie, our photographer and technical artist, in conjunction with Steve, will be able to use many more of the production and presentation aids to produce an even better magazine for our readers.

So, we'll be entering the new year in style. There are some interesting projects under way, and I hope to be letting you have news of one or two of them very soon. In the meantime, everyone on the *Practical Wireless* team is looking forward to sharing the enjoyment of a wonderful hobby with the support of our new technology and most importantly, you the reader.

73 DE Rob Mannion G3XFD

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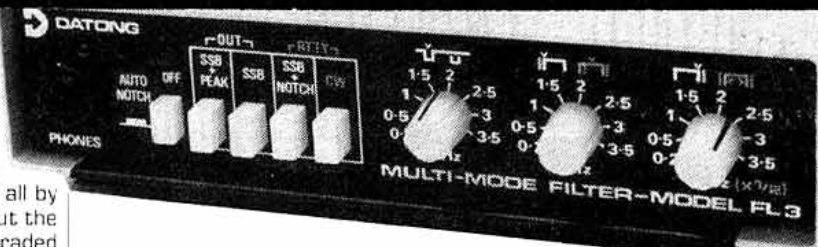
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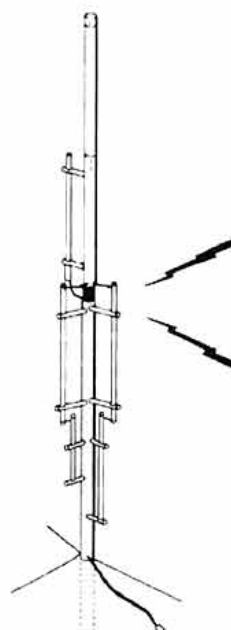
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FT290 Mk1 case nicads chrg box, swap for similar standard C58. Reason gone pedestrian. G1WIW. (Hinkley) 0455 845019.

VHF/UHF NEWS

continued from page 18

horizon. The Japanese recorded this burst at around 1600GMT which is about 0100-0200 local time and so ideal for visual observation. In one all-sky photograph of 50min duration 26 trails were recorded. As only trails of brightness of the star Sirius, magnitude -1.43, would show up, there were bound to have been many more detectable by radio. Either side of this outburst, the ZHRs were normal - about 60-70 observed.

The American continent was in daylight at this time. Reporting on radio reflections, one observer was quoted as saying it was the best event since the great Leonid storm of 1966, referred to in the November *VHF/UHF News*.

The parent body of the Perseids stream is comet Swift-Tuttle which was expected back in 1980-81. But it was not found even though the ZHRs for the Perseids were about three times the then average value of 60-70.

This surprise burst on 12 August has led to speculation that the comet may return to perihelion - ie perigee in satellite terminology - next November. If so, the 1992 Perseids shower could be quite spectacular. However, don't get too excited yet as there have been no reports of any sighting of Swift-Tuttle.

1992 is a leap year. If this burst is repeated the likely time would be around 2200GMT on 11 August. The radiant point would be about 33° azimuth and 33° elevation at this hour. Although the Moon will be approaching full phase it will be fairly low in the south, so if the sky is clear, any fireworks to the northeast should not suffer from moonlight QRM.

This episode is an excellent illustration of the value of reporting an unexpected or unusual event. G0CUZ's observation has resulted in a most interesting contribution from Alastair McBeath of the IMO. For details of IMO membership please write to Ina Rendtel, IMO Treasurer, Gontardstrasse 11, D-O-1570 Potsdam, Germany. An IRC would be appreciated.

NEWSLETTER

IN JANUARY'S VHF/UHF News, I featured the 144MHz EME experiments being conducted by Graham Daubney, G8MBI (HFD), and Mark Turner, G4PCS (BFD), from a site in Suffolk. Their 224-element colinear array is also

used to explore other propagation modes, such as troposcatter, ionoscatter and field aligned irregularity.

I think it is important that the more esoteric side of VHF amateur radio be reported in this column in order to encourage others to experiment. In the limited space available, I cannot devote as much copy as I would like to this fascinating research, and this is where the specialist publications, like the quarterly *DUBUS Magazine*, come into their own. A typical issue of *DUBUS* runs to over 100 pages, but there is scope for more modest newsletters.

One of these is *2M Direct* produced by G4PCS. To quote Mark: "This is an attempt to obtain reports and observations from stations that are normally too busy to put pen to paper, by doing most of the work for them. It is quite probable that, unless something is done to improve activity reports, a large amount of extremely valuable data will be lost."

Those wishing to cooperate receive a simple form, probably on a monthly basis, on which they can record their 'interesting contacts of the month', with comments. These are then collated into the newsletter, a free copy of which is sent to all contributors and to myself. This is an excellent idea and should enable me to include reports from some members who rarely, if ever, send them to *VHF/UHF News*.

An early issue of *2M Direct* runs to sixteen A4 pages and is superbly produced. The editorial matter is in two columns, fully justified format. The data are presented in mode form - aurora, Es, tropo, and so on - each in chronological order. There is a brief section called Station Profiles, referring to the Five Bells Group's operations in Iceland and the Faroes, and the Northern Lights Group's activities on the Isle of Man.

I sincerely hope that readers will support Mark's efforts which are intended to complement existing 144MHz columns, rather than compete with them. His QTH is: 15 Witley Green, LUTON, LU2 8TR, or QTHR.

DEADLINES

NO 430MHz news was received this time, so it just remains for me to wish everyone a Very Happy Christmas. The **February** deadline is **Thursday, 19 December** and for **March** it's **Thursday, 23 January**.

19 JANUARY 1992

OLDHAM ARC Rally - Queen Elizabeth Hall, Civic Centre, Oldham. Doors open 11am. Free parking. Catering & bar facilities. Morse test available. Details from Mrs K. Catlow, 137 Haven Lane, Moorside, Oldham OL4 2QQ, tel: 061-624-7354 (daytime) 061-652 8617 (evening), fax: 061-633 0550.

26 JANUARY 1992

2ND LANCASTRIAN Rally - University of Lancaster. Doors open 11am (10.30 for disabled visitors). Details from Sue, G10HH on 0524 64239 or QTHR.

2 FEBRUARY 1992

SOUTH ESSEX ARS Radio Rally - Paddocks Long Rd (A130), Carvey Island, Essex. Doors open 10am. Trade stands, bring & buy, RSGB book stall, home-made refreshments, free parking plus parking outside the main door for disabled visitors. 2m talk-in on S222 (G4RSE). The Paddocks is at the end of the A130. Details from Dave Speechley, G4UVJ, tel: 0268 697978.

9 FEBRUARY 1992

CAMBRIDGE & DARC Mobile Rally and Boot Sale. Details from John, G6UGI, 0763/243570.

23 FEBRUARY 1992

KIDDERMINSTER & DARS Rally - Harry Cheshire School, Habberley Road, Kidderminster. Doors open 10am. Normal trade stands, bring & buy, car boot sale, refreshments available, free admission and car parking. Talk-in on S22 GB3KR, GB3OS. Details from G4HFP, 16 Marlborough Drive, Stourport-on-Severn, Worcs. DY13 0JH, tel: 02993 3818. (Please note corrected date).

5TH TAW & TORRIDGE RALLY - BAAC Halls, Bideford. Doors open 10.30 am (10am for disabled visitors). Trade stands, bring & buy, refreshment room, licensed bar. Talk-in on S22. Details from John, G0GFK, 0237 476402.

EAST COAST AR & Computer Rally - Clacton Leisure Centre, Vista Road, Clacton-on-Sea. Details from Terry, G7DNS, tel: 0255 222207 or Tony, G0MBA, tel: 0255 422843.

WAKEFIELD & DARS Northern Cross Rally - Rodliff School between Leeds and Wakefield (at junction M1/M62). Open 11am (10.30am for disabled visitors). Parking for 1000+ cars. Dealers, Groups and Craft stands, bring & buy, Morse test, RSGB Propagation Studies Stand, Car crime prevention demo, Wakefield & DRS stand, bar and refreshments. Talk-in on S22. Entry 50p (programme draw prizes). Details from G0FLX, tel: 0532 827883.

29 FEBRUARY 1992

BREDHURST R&T's Rainham Radio Rally - Parkwood Community Centre, Parkwood Green, Gillingham, Kent. (Exit 4 on M2 Motorway). Bring & buy, traders, cafe and bar, free parking. Talk-in on 2m. Details from G0LKE, tel: 0634 362154.

TYNESIDE ARS - Temple Park Leisure Centre, South Shields. Details from Jack, G0DZG, 091 265 1718. (This Rally was previously scheduled for 7 March 92).

1 MARCH 1992

TRAFFORD Rally. Details from Graham Oldfield, G11JK, tel: 061-748 9804.

14 MARCH 1992

VHF CONVENTION - Sandown Park Exhibition Centre. Stand booking to Les Hawkyard, G5HD, tel: 040-928 342. Details from Geoff Stone, G3FZL, tel: 081-699 6940. Please note this is on a Saturday this year.

15 MARCH 1992

NORBRECK ARE&C Exhibition. Details from Peter Denton, G6CGF, tel: 051-630 5790.

WYTHALL RC Rally - Wythall Park, Silver St, Wythall. Details from G0EYO, 021-430 7267.

22 MARCH 1992

MAGNUM Radio Computer Rally (Cunningham & DARC). Details from Peter, G0MFCI, 0294 72253.

PONTEFRACT & DARS 12th Annual Components Fair. Details from Colin Mills, G0AAD, 0977 643101.

5 APRIL 1992

LAUNCESTON 6th AR Rally - Launceston College. Details from Maggie 040921-219 or Rodney & Joy, 0566-775 167.

25TH WHITE ROSE Rally. Details from Tony, G4DXA, PO Box 73, Leeds LS1 5AR.

19 APRIL 1992

CENTRE OF ENGLAND Easter Radio & Electronics Rally. Details from F. Martin, G4UMF, 0952 598173.

26 APRIL 1992

BURY RS Hamfest - Castle Leisure Centre, Bolton St, Bury. Details from L.H. Jones, G4KLT, 061-762 9308.

SWANSEA ARS Rally - Swansea Leisure Centre. Details from Roger Williams, GW4HSH, 0792 404422.

3 MAY 1992

9TH ANGLO-SCOTTISH Rally - Tait Hall, Kelso. Details from Bruce, GM4UIB, QTHR.



Shaun O'Sullivan, G8VPG, (right) has been awarded the RSGB's Certificate of Merit for his services to the Society. He is, among other things, RLO for Avon, a local EMC Co-ordinator, and Chairman of the Longleat Rally Organising Committee. The presentation was made by RSGB President John Case, GW4HWR, at a meeting of the Bristol RSGB Group where Shaun is a member.

4 MAY 1992

MID CHESHIRE ARS Rally - Civic Hall, Winsford. Details from David G4XUV, 0606-77787.

10 MAY 1992

MARS/DRAVTON MANOR Radio Rally. Details from Peter, G6DRN, tel: 021-443 1189. Trade stand bookings - Norman, tel: 021-422 9787.

30/31 MAY 1992

RSGB NATIONAL CONVENTION - NEC Birmingham. Details from N. Miller, G3MNV, QTHR.

14 JUNE 1992

ELVASTON CASTLE Mobile Rally. Details from John, G4PZY, tel: 0332 767994; trade enquiries Peter, G3WUJ, tel: 0332 700265 (evenings).

RNARS Annual Mobile Rally. Details from Cliff Harper, G4UJR, 0703 557469.

21 JUNE 1992

DENBY DALE & DARS Annual Mobile Rally. Details from Philip, G4FSQ, 0484 644827.

NEWBURY & DARS Annual Car Boot Sale. Details from N. Jaques, G0HFU, 0635 63310.

28 JUNE 1992

LONGLEAT AR Rally. Details from Shaun, G8VPG, QTHR, tel: 0225 873 098.

12 JULY 1992

SUSSEX AR & Computer Fair. Details from Ron Bray, G8VE, QTHR, 0903 763978.

25/26 JULY 1992

NORFOLK ARC & Hewett School Rally - Hewett School, Norwich. Details from M J Cooke, 4 Geddes Way, Mattishall, Norfolk NR20 3RE

2 AUGUST 1992

RSGB NATIONAL MOBILE RALLY - Woburn Abbey. Details from N. Miller, G3MNV, QTHR.



Manchester's Trafford Radio Club handed over a £50 cheque to Bill Buxton from Sale who became Pupil of the Year in the RAE course at North Trafford College. Seen in the College's radio shack are: (l to r) Bill who is now G7KNH, Club Chairman Graham Oldfield, G11JK, Secretary Malcolm Collis, G7AGC, and course tutor John Beaumont.



WE HAVE BEEN advised of the deaths of the following radio amateurs:

G0AAQ Mr KA Blatchford
G0FFO Mr F Price 27.09.91
G0JPB Mr AE Collins
G0KEF Mr R Dodman Aug 91
G0KHE Mr G Johnson 20.04.91
G0KZL Mr P Hillman 25.07.91
G0LJO Mr DEM Penny 25.08.91
G1HLI Mr D Norris April 91
G1USR Mr D Appleton Aug 91
G2BXJ Mr AF Thompson 14.07.91
G2DZ Mr ABG Hall April 91
G2HN Mr E Howell 20.03.91
G2YS Mr J W Swinnerton July 91
G3AUZ Mr MW Parry
G3CZA Mr WB Marsters 03.08.91
G3EHD Mr FL Ingleby 27.08.91
G3FPV Mr EH Baerselman 20.06.91
G3GIM Mr F Jackson Aug 91
G3HSC Mr S Bennett

(not as printed in September 1991 RadCom)

G3HTM Mr W Ellis 22.09.91
G3IGT Mr WG Borley Aug 89
G3II Mr SJ Mayhead 31.07.91
G3JDB Mr FR Burnham 17.09.91
G3KZ Mr RD Holland 30.07.91
G3KLJ Mr BE Symons 05.10.91
G3NPV Mr AW Green 19.06.91
G3PKT Mr A Walker 07.09.91
G3PWZ Mr JF Waldegrave 09.07.91
G3RUN Mr TW Kupicha Feb 91
G3SRW Mr G McGimpsey 10.09.91
G3TOG Miss F Martindale 24.08.91
G3VJQ Mr D Leary 27.07.91
G3WZF Mr FG Lloyd 18.05.91
G4AWS Mr AJ Foster
G4CJA Mr SF Caddy 03.04.91
G4CVJ Mr HWA Zeller Feb 91
G4EBR Mr N Beharrell 29.08.91
G4EEA Mr SG Warren 23.08.91
G4FOF Mr XC Richards
G4GHG Mr L Barratt
G4PEZ Mr EH Smith June 91
G4SJM Mr T Short 19.09.91
G4XNM Mr FW Johnson 02.06.91
G4ZKL Mr PJ Ferrao 09.10.91

GB CALLS

The list below shows all special event stations licensed for operation during this month and up to 25 December. It was taken from the HQ computer on 31 October. These call signs are valid for use from the date given but the period of operation may vary from 1-28 days.

1 DECEMBER

GB2LUN Lunna House - Shetland

3 DECEMBER

GB8RRP Red Rose Platinum

6 DECEMBER

GB0GTV Granada Television

7 DECEMBER

GB6AQ Tops CW Club

14 DECEMBER

GB2MS Multiple Sclerosis

GB4DX "DX"

GB4RN Royal Navy

15 DECEMBER

GB0COE Centre of England

19 DECEMBER

GB2OLD Old Year

20 DECEMBER

GB0TCF Tewit Charitable Fund

22 DECEMBER

GB6CIN Children in Need

25 DECEMBER

GB0QRP QRP 'Low Power'

PHOTOGRAPH: GOCTM.

G10JLG Mr JL Gallagher 12.06.91
G13CSV Mr J Millar 09.10.91
GM3BDA Rev WM Ferrier 08.09.91
GM4ZLE Mr JGL Walker 12.10.91
GM5KF Mr JR Adams
GW1VAU Mr DJ Broad July 91
GW1ZTR Mr J Chambers 18.08.91
GW3VKZ Mr IG Rees 10.10.91
GW4NCG Mr CR Woodward
GW4PVK Mr G Boote 15.09.91
GW4UWH Mr L Davies 02.10.91
GW7EVM Mr JT Morgan Dec 90
RS1066 Mr Bradbury
RS2567 Mr ADM Dunn May 91
RS10663 Mr F Parkhurst 18.09.91
RS42590 Mr DC Smith
RS44122 Mr LJ Gooch 02.09.91
RS45051 Mr FG Freeman April 91
RS45890 Mr HJ Coe June 91
RS49190 Mr T English 20.08.91
RS6116 Mr RC White
RS88428 Mr KF Rogers
RS93501 Mr ME Howell
VE4QL ex G5QL
VK4DEP Mr L Harrington 12.06.91
Dr E Pawson 27.09.91

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- SW3 for Trio 2400
- SW4 for all Yaesu
- SW5 for Alinco 203E
- SW7 for Icom, IC32, IG2GE
- SW8 for Alinco DJ120
- SW20 for all latest Kenwood

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TS850S HF Transceiver with general coverage receiver.....	£1,399
TS450SAT HF Transceiver with general coverage receiver ATU.....	£1,298
TS450S HF Transceiver with general coverage receiver.....	£1,150
AT230 All Band ATU and Power Meter, General Purpose ATU.....	£213
TS790E 2M/70cm Base Station Dual Band all mode Transceiver.....	£1,525
TS711E 2M Base Station Multimode Transceiver with DCS.....	£915
TR751E 2M Multimode mobile/fixd station Transceiver.....	£610
TM741E FM tri-bander with 2m & 70cm fitted, opt 10m/6m/23cm.....	£729
TM241E Compact 2M Mobile Transceiver 50/10/5w.....	£295
TM441E Compact 70cm mobile Tx/Rx 35/10/5w.....	£325
TM702E Compact 2M/70cm mobile transceiver 25w.....	£455
TH27E LATEST compact 2M FM Handie.....	£254
TH47E LATEST compact 70cm FM Handie.....	£275
TH77E LATEST dual band 2M/70cm Handheld.....	£395
LOWE HF225 High performance HF monitoring receiver.....	£429
ALINCO DR590E Dual Band mobile with remote head.....	£519
ALINCO DJ560E Dual Band Portable.....	£329
ALINCO DJ-F1 VHF FM handheld—AM Airband receiver.....	£239
YAESU FT26 2m FM paging handi with Nicad pack & charger.....	£245
YAESU FT76 70cm FM paging Handi.....	£259
YAESU FT5200 Dual Band FM 2m & 70cm detachable front panel.....	£639
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KENPRO KT44 70cm FM 1.5w Hand Held.....	£140

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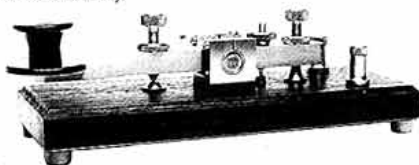


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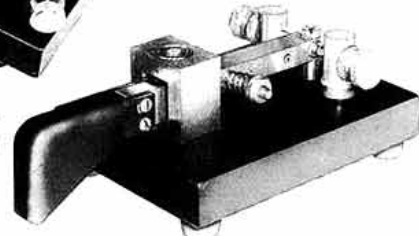
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GLIDE PATH

Amongst a lot of interests, amateur radio and gliding figure pretty largely in my semi-retired life. I make sure at my club that every club glider has a good working radio and so does the clubhouse; a good thing to do as we are in the Black Mountains in Wales and very close also to the Brecon Beacons. We get incredible heights there because of the interaction of the mountains and the winds, 12,000ft is quite commonplace.

It is quite easy to get lost above cloud when the hole through which one went closes up, this could bring tears to one's eyes if, in diving down through the cloud, one met a bit of mountain.

There are expensive pieces of gear around which tell a pilot where he is but most of us don't live in that kind of world. My fellow members want me to make a simple and robust piece of DF gear to be operated from the clubhouse to give a worried glider pilot above the clouds a bearing on the airfield. So far I've just thought of altering a gliding frequency set, probably a Pye Westminster, I've got lots of those, to have a good big clear signal strength meter and to hook it into a vertically polarised three or four element Yagi fitted with a compass card for a bearing. The compass card would be so marked as to enable anyone to read the bearing of the pilot to the airfield without having to give a reciprocal. The frequencies we use in the gliding world are all clustered around 130MHz to 144MHz. 2m Yagis very easily translate to 130 with a calculator.

However, there are a lot more clever radio amateurs out there and I would be most obliged if you could print my letter. I've never been in the DFing game and I'm sure that someone will have a better idea. Fortunately I've always loved making gear and light engineering with my lathe and other tools.

If you could see your way to print my request I will be most grateful to you and I am sure that some distracted pilot in Wales who makes it home and doesn't have to be pulled out of a field north of Birmingham will be delighted.

David Foster G3KQR

GB2RS ONE THOUSAND

On 3 November 1991 my second *GB2RS News* bulletin of the day was number 1000 since I started reading the news twelve years ago on 7 October 1979. In spite of several breaks due to weekend work and trips abroad it has finally happened. However the next thousand should not take as long; early retirement taken last April giving me more free time.

Some weeks I have been horrified by the length of the scripts, marvelled at the spelling or puzzled over the pronunciation. Some of the club activities listed under local news have caused a lot of hilarity, others have just baffled me. Now that due to the length of the scripts we have to edit our non-local local news, I have managed to avoid the worst tongue-twister in your repertoire - Colchester Institute of Technology. I used to shudder when I could see that lurking down the page waiting for me. One television reporter of my acquaintance used to have a fit of coughing if he saw a phrase which gave him problems - then continue after it leaving the viewer to sort out the missing bit. I never did resort to that, but it came close sometimes!

Thanking you in the office for all the scripts over the years, please keep them coming and we will try and keep up the work. Just remember it is only a 30-minute slot and the going rate for most readers is three words a second.

Cliff Goddard G4LAA

100% QSLERS (I WONDER)

Since becoming an amateur more than five years ago, I wonder what has happened to the so called 100% QSLers? Checking through my log books I find that I have to date (29.8.91) sent out either through the Bureau or direct 1323 QSL cards and have only received 587, which means that I am 736 cards outstanding.

OK, some of the amateurs may not be members of the Bureau, but why don't they say so? Do you just say you will QSL 100% (but just for collection only). It's not the cost or trouble that annoys me its the few that just cannot be bothered to return cards. Think also of the people at the Bureau who sort out the cards; also the sub-managers.

So come on lads, when I (and all the other amateurs) send a card out, we would appreciate one in return. Lets all do as we say "QSL 100%", not forgetting of course the SWL. Mine to date 634 sent 110 received 524 outstanding. I would like to hear what other amateurs' QSLing figures are compared to mine?

Mr TG Chaplin G1UGH

The Last Word

A CONVERT

When the Novice Licence was first mooted I was absolutely against it as I considered that it debased the amateur licence, feeling that if a person was genuinely interested in becoming an amateur the effort would be put in to pass the RAE.

However, once it was established, I felt that the least I could do was support it and give it a chance. I therefore registered as an instructor and our first class completed the course and took the September exam. Results just to hand show a 100% pass rate, with two credits.

I was very impressed with the practical aspect of the training and now submit that the Novice Course material be encompassed by the RAE. One could pass the RAE without handling a soldering iron, build equipment, use meters etc at present. Does anyone agree with this prospect?

Norman Bedford G4NJP

GOT IT TAPED

I am not given much to writing to magazines, but the November *RadCom* has prompted me out of my lethargy and sloth! I enjoy *RadCom* enormously, and think that the RSGB subscription is well worth it, just for the magazine alone.

I read Roger Daniel's, G4RVW, letter with great interest. I ordered the Russian cassette too, and found out later that it was used in conjunction with the Conversation Guide, which I also ordered and received. (Incidentally, the girl I spoke to at HQ when I phoned, was a delight to speak to in helpfulness, but she never took up my offer of dinner!)

The cassette prompted me, too, to study Russian, of which I now have a decent knowledge (enough for a good QSO). I have had pile-ups for me, a humble 'G', on 10m when calling CQ in Russian! The English have never been too good at learning foreign languages; we seem to have acted in the past on the assumption that the louder you shout, the better you will be understood! I have had delightful QSOs with Soviet stations in my halting Russian, and meet several on the air for English and Russian by Radio!

I am sorry the cassette has been discontinued. Anyone really wanting one would do well to write to UA1CIL, OH1BRD or OH2BAD, all of whom have been most helpful when I have spoken to them on the air. (They are all involved with the publication of the book and the cassettes).

I speak French, German and Italian, and would be pleased to provide any station who requests it a recording of the set phrases in the *Radio Amateurs' Conversation Guide*, in any of those languages (sadly my Russian is not good enough). I only ask to be provided with a cassette. There will be no charge.

So there it is, come and learn another language, or at least enough for a short QSO, or greeting!

Tony Carruthers G4XLA

[Details of a manual helping amateurs to use Russian on the air is available by sending two IRCs to RFH, PO Box 130, 394000, Voronezh, USSR. - Ed]

Please note that the views expressed in 'Last Word' are not necessarily those of the RSGB.

We reserve the right to edit letters and regret that we can no longer acknowledge them individually but will pass them on to the relevant department.

VIVA HAM RADIO

The spirit of amateur radio is alive and well and living in Valencia! I have recently moved here and yesterday found myself alone at home with a radio and an indoor 10m dipole to keep me entertained. My CQ calls went unheard until a local station, EA5GKV gave me a call. Enrique listened patiently to my broken Spanish and spoke clearly and slowly so that I could understand him. He was concerned about my indoor antenna, and when I explained that I was looking for a Cushcraft R5 vertical, he gave me the number of a local shop run by his friend Fernando. Fernando did not have the antenna, but gave me Cushcraft's number in America so I could find out the Spanish distributor. Again, the woman at Cushcraft was very helpful and gave me numbers of various distributors in Spain, UK and USA.

Enrique invited me to dinner at his house so we could pursue the matter and find an antenna for me nearer home. When I protested, his XYL, who is also licensed, took the microphone and told me she would be offended if I didn't come! They even came to my house to pick me up! I spent a most enjoyable evening with Enrique and his family, having dinner and attempting to find an antenna. At the time of writing I have located a new one in Alicante and a second-hand one in Valencia. Enrique has even offered to come round to my house with a few local amateurs to help erect the antenna once purchased.

It is wonderful that a local ham should show such friendship to a complete stranger (and a foreigner to boot), and I think this kind of experience helps set many of the letters of complaint I see in *RadCom* in some kind of context. Although there are very many different aspects to ham radio, it appears that the common denominator is generally 'nice people'. I would say my faith has been restored, but I never really lost it in the first place!

D Lindsay EA5/GM00BX

THANKS

I feel I must put pen to paper, to express my gratitude to two of your members, G0NMB and G0NIP at Clacton Radio Club, who gave me their undivided attention and training to give me a pass mark for my Morse Test. Now they are assisting me to pass the RAE next May.

Your *RAE Manual* is the best book on the market; without it I would not have the knowledge I have today. I am aged 55 and am new to all these matters. Now Clacton Radio Club is teaching some six of us for the RAE.

Tom Hughes

As we have only a very few British companies producing amateur radio equipment during these hard economic times, it is good to be able to report excellent after-sales service.

I have been using a Navico AMR1000 for the last two years, but it recently developed a thermal problem brought on by the warm weather. A call to their service department confirmed that the equipment should be returned to them for repair.

The transceiver was sent back to me with a computer print-out detailing the fault and the parts replaced. Despite being well outside the guarantee period no charge was made. I feel this sort of customer after-care should be reported, and I am certainly glad that I bought from a British company.

R A Joyce G3WLM

Firstly I would like to thank you for printing the information about the Oscar Victory Activity Group. We had a very successful weekend and with all the activities, eg raffle, tombola, auction etc, we raised £100 which will be donated by OVAG to RNLI.

We will be doing the same next year (August Bank Holiday) and hope to make it bigger and better than 1991. We hope to see the regulars again and, hopefully, a few new faces. We would like, through *RadCom* to thank all the people who donated prizes and also the people who turned up from as far afield as GM and Hampshire.

If anyone who activated OV00 this year or last year would like an 'Activated' certificate, they are now available upon receipt of a large SASE. Also QSL cards for GB1OV and GB4OV are available, again upon receipt of a SASE.

P Austin G7BXA

On a recent trip from Anglesey to Sussex, my vehicle broke down. Due to the help of Steve, G1PDF, and Tony, G3NPF, messages were passed to relatives via 2m to stop them worrying. Through *The Last Word* I would like to say a big "thank you", to both for their help.

Dave Keely GW0GI

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NEXT COPY DATE

The display advertisement copy date for our February 1992 issue will be **9th December 1991**.

New advertisers should contact **Victor Brand, G3JNB** on 0953 788473 for assistance and information.

COMPACT COMMS

IC-735 FULL FEATURED TRANSCEIVER



As predicted the Icom IC-735 has rapidly gained the reputation it deserves. This compact transceiver is ideal for mobile, portable or base station operation. It has a general coverage receiver from 0.1Mhz to 30Mhz with superb sensitivity in all modes; SSB, CW, AM and FM.

Clear Reception

Spectacular specifications are also achieved on RF Intercept, Dynamic Range, Reciprocal mixing and I.F. Blocking. The IC-735 that will provide clear reception no matter what the HF conditions, even under the worst pile-ups.

PBT and Notch control

The IC-735 has a built-in receiver attenuator, pre-amp, noise blanker and a built-in passband tuning system that allows continuous width adjustment of the IF passband. In addition, a sharp IF notch filter provides clear reception even in the presence of a strong interfering signal.

Scanning Functions

Scanning functions include programme scan, memory scan and frequency scan. The HM12 scanning microphone is supplied. RF output is approximately 100 watts and can be continuously adjusted down to 10 watts. The twin VFO's and 12 memories can store both mode and frequency.

LCD Readout

The IC-735 is one of the first HF transceivers to use a liquid crystal display with green illuminating back-light, which is highly visible even in sunlight. Controls that require rare adjustment are situated behind the front cover but are immediately accessible.

Convenient Miscellaneous Functions

- Compact size: 241(W) x 94(H) x 239(D)mm
- 105dB Dynamic range
- Programmed Scan, memory scan and frequency scan.
- PBT and NOtch control
- 10dB preamp and 20Db attenuator
- Full QSK
- Noise blanker

Options include

- AH2A Automatic antenna tuner.
- AT150 Automatic antenna tuner.
- CT17 Computer interface.
- EX243 Electronic keyer unit.
- FL32A 9MHz CW/RTTY Filter 500Hz.
- FL63A 9MHz CW/RTTY Filter 250Hz.
- PS55 A.C. Power supply 13.8V, 20A.
- SM6 Base microphone.
- SP7 Base Speaker.
- UT30 Subaudible Tone Encoder.

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THE NEW

FT-1000

FOR DYNAMIC DX

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