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кхз

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K3S

The new K3S transceiver features a number of improvements and additions. These include: New synth board for lower Tx/ Rx phase noise; IF interface board: 12m-6m low noise



pre-amp; USB interface that carries data and audio; New 10W driver board; New motherboard layout for reduced noise; 100W PA upgrade; New Rx Speaker Amplifier,

K3S/100-F £2999.95 K3S/10-F £2449.95

K3S/100-K £2849.95 K3S/10-K £2299.95

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Programmable, 160-2 m RF signal source with four calibrated output levels. It's ideal for receiver calibration, sensitivity tests, signal tracing, and as a VFO for homebrew projects







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ICOM ACCESSORIES Gooseneck desktop mic with PTT switch (SM-30) £114.95

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Base station speaker with audio filters

(SM-50) £228.95

(SP-34) £259.95



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High performance external speaker (MLS-100) £28.95

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Cover image: LEDs photographed at the National Hamfest. Original photo by Giles Read, G1MFG. Design by Kevin Williams, M6CYB.

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Technical supplement *RadCom Plus* is available to RSGB Members online at www.rsgb.org/radcom-plus

RadCom Basics for Members new to the hobby can be found at www.rsgb.org/radcom-basics/



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Strategy Update

The Society's review of the future strategies and priorities was broadened to include a wide-ranging discussion at the RSGB Leadership Team meeting in September. The initial work undertaken by the Board was expanded and developed further with key input from the Committees, Staff and Regional team present at the meeting. The work continues under the guidance of Chris Deacon, G4IFX, who is kindly giving us his professional expertise as a volunteer, and is expected to be completed by April 2017.



Contest Support Committee vacancies

The Contest Support Committee is responsible for the adjudication of all RSGB contests and for maintaining the RSGB Contesting Committees' website. Currently, a number of volunteer adjudicator vacancies exist on that committee.

Typical duties include: adjudication of contests, preparing reports on contest for publication on the Committee website, answering contest related queries from entrants and assisting in the administration of the trophies awarded to the contest winners. All volunteers are expected to have access to a PC (Windows 7 or later operating system) in order to use the bespoke software that is used to adjudicate all RSGB contests. Most committee business is conducted by email and by Skype. Volunteers must be willing to abide by the RSGB's Code of Conduct.

If you are interested in joining the Contest Support Committee, please contact csc.chair@rsgb.org.uk for further information.

Volunteer vacancy

Avacancy has arisen for a volunteer Awards Manager to manage the Society's award programmes. The Society administers a number of award programmes for HF, VHF and special awards for Foundation and Intermediate licence holders. The Awards Manager receives and checks claims for the various levels of award then passes the information electronically to HQ for it to be validated and the appropriate award issued. To



carry out this role you will need good administration and computer skills. Most of the communications will be by email. The workload is not usually high and can be managed flexibly.

If you are interested in applying or would like to find out more, contact Steve Thomas, M1ACB, General Manager via email gm.dept@rsgb.org.uk before 22 December 2016.

Silver anniversary of 2 series calls

Thanks to lan Brothwell, G4EAN, who drew our attention to the fact that we have now had '2' series callsigns in the UK for twenty five years! The introduction of the Novice Licence and the '2' series callsigns in 1991 was the biggest change in UK amateur radio since the introduction of the 'B' licence in 1964. The first Novice Licences were issued on 25 July 1991.

The driver for the new licence was to make amateur radio more attractive and accessible to young people and it did have some success (see photo) but the licence limitations prevented a massive uptake; a maximum of 3 watts on 6m, 70cm, 23cm and 3cm and was not a great incentive and a 5 words per minute Morse test for 3 watts on a few bits of a few HF bands meant there were even fewer 'A' class Novice Licence holders.

Over the years, additional privilege were added (more power and more bands) and when the Foundation Licence arrived the Novice Licence became the Intermediate level with up to 50 watts and many more bands. The final change turned the three licence levels into a sequential progression path making the Intermediate exam a must for anyone heading for a Full Licence and then the Morse test was dropped for all.



Ofcom tell us there are currently 9147 Intermediate Licences in circulation and we have seen around 600 to 700 exam passes every year for the last decade.

We have recently revised the RSGB Intermediate Award and look forward to more '2' series members being active on the bands.



New EMC leaflets

Two new EMC leaflets on RF earthing have been uploaded to the RSGB website. One is aimed at the beginner and one for the full licensee or the more experienced amateur. They can be downloaded and printed as necessary from the RSGB website.

http://rsgb.org/main/files/2012/11/EMC07-v3-Earthing-and-the-Radio-Amateur-Basic.pdf

http://rsgb.org/main/files/2012/11/UK-Earthing-Systems-And-RF-Earthing Rev1.3a-.pdf

RSGB 2017 AGM

The 2017 RSGB AGM will be held on 22 April 2017 in Cardiff. Details of the venue will appear in the January 2017 issue of RadCom.

Congratulations

To the following Members whom our records show as having reached 70, 60 or 50 years' continuous Membership of the RSGR

70 years		Mr G O Jones	G3VSB
Mr P Zeid OBE I	Fisp	Mr R Wilkinson	G3VVT
VK6PZ		Mr D R Lax	G4AHN
		Mr D R Birchall	G4MAU
60 years		Ayr ARG	MOAYR
Mr D H Plumridge	G3KMG	Mr R J Baker	GW30VD
		Mr C Inman	RS29943
50 years			
Mr J Purfield	EI2CI		
Mr J E Pitt	G3VRY		

December is International YOTA Month

Every December, the IARU organise YOTA month, which is a month long activity specifically aimed at getting Youngsters On The Air. It is not a contest but there is an Award to chase. The UK has participated since the RSGB Youth Committee was formed in 2014. This year we expect to have the callsign GB16YOTA active for at least twenty days of December with activations in England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man; our best ever turn out. The provisional list (subject to NoV confirmation) is as follows:

- 2 December: Sidmouth ARS
- 3 December: Durham & District ARS
- 4 December: Worcester RAA
- 5-8 December: Aberystwyth & District ARS
- 9 December: Hilderstone AR&EC
- 10 December: Silcoates School ARC
- 11 December: CDXC (operating from Ludlow)
- 12 December: FISTS (operating from Bilstone School)
- 13 December: Otley ARS

- 14-16 December: Castle Rushen School
- 17 December: Mid-Ulster ARC
- 18 December: Stirling District ARS
- 20 December: Durham & District ARS
- 21 December Chertsey RC
- 22 December: Abervstwyth & District ARS
- 28-29 December: Leicester RC
- 30 December RSGB National Radio Centre (TBC)

If young amateurs (under 26) cannot get to these stations they can still join in by working as many YOTA stations as they can during December. Last year about thirty countries took part and there is an IARU Award for working the YOTA special event stations. Further details are available at www.ham-yota.com/december-yota-month/ or by contacting Will, 2WOWOD, the Youth Committee lead, via yota.month@rsgb.org.uk



YOTA 2017 – The RSGB Convention helps

As many will know the RSGB is seeking support for the International Youth event – YOTA 2017 that is being held at Gilwell Park in August 2017. We are pleased to say that delegates to the RSGB Convention in October were very generous in donating hundreds of pounds to the appeal. Members of the RSGB Youth Committee spent the Saturday of the event waving the donation box, handing out flyers about the event and were very grateful for the positive response they got from the delegates. We would like to thank everyone who gave - your support is much appreciated.

Members have also started making personal donations to support the event and we would like to thank Martin Atherton, G3ZAY as the first person to become an individual donor to the event – thank you Martin. Others have also taken the opportunity to donate and anyone donating £15 or more is automatically sent one of the attractive new YOTA supporters pin, so why not get yourself one by donating today?

The YOTA 2017 appeal still has a long way to go, so if you can help the event by donating a few pounds (or even a many) you can do so today by visiting www.rsgb.org/yotasupporter.

Help amateur radio youth activity by becoming a YOTA 2017 Supporter Today! www.rsgb.org/yotasupporter



Examinations Standards Committee

The Examinations Standards Committee (ESC), oversees all aspects of the Amateur Radio Examinations. Dave Powis, G4HUP has been appointed to take over the role when Professor Simon Watts, retires at the end of this year. The ESC develops and publishes all procedures and policies for the administration of examinations and is tasked with the development of the syllabus and question banks by the Examinations Group (EG) in conjunction with the Training and Education Committee (TEC).

Dave has been interested in amateur radio from the age of 9, and took his RAE in 1964. From 1968 he held the callsign G8BPJ, converting this to G4HUP in 1979. Running his first RAE course whilst at University in 1971, he has also had a long interest in training and exams. In the 1990s he was the project leader for BTs Living Science and Technology programme, coordinating the teaching by volunteers of the Novice exam across 8 secondary schools in Suffolk, and taking on the role of Senior Novice Instructor for the county.

On return from working abroad, where he held the call DL4MUP, he resumed teaching the new Foundation/Intermediate/Advanced structure through the Leiston ARC, and also to engineering students at West Suffolk College where he lectured for 7 years. Dave has also held the US Extra Class call ND8P since 2005.

He has been a member of the Examination Standard Committee from 2007 to 2015, and for the past year has been working with the Exam Group on the revisions of the Licence Syllabuses.

Train the Trainers

This year has seen even more successful Train the Trainers course taking place around the UK. The team has visited eight of the thirteen Regions; Region 4 (Sunderland), Region 5 (Tamworth), Region 7 (Merthyr Tydfil), Region 8 (Antrim), Region 10 (MLS in Staines), Region 11 (Torquay), Region 12 (Norwich) and Region 13 (Leicester on 19 November). For 2017 there are already two preliminary bookings on 21 January in Region 10 and 4 March in Region 5. The Train the Trainers team would like to thank all the host clubs for their hospitality and organisation and would especially welcome invitations from clubs willing to host Train the Trainers in any of the Regions they haven't already visited. For more information, please contact Paul, G4DCV by email to paul@g4dcv.co.uk.

QSL Matters

MOM-Z manager Stu, MOTNG has now stepped down due to other commitments. We're pleased to welcome Val, G6MML, supported by Glenn, G6HFF to manage this most active group. Cards and envelopes have been transferred. Changes to some G3 groups are in progress, thanks to Paul, G4RRA who will now cover G3A-F and to new volunteer Lindsay, G8PMA, taking up responsibility for all G3G-L cards. The short call Contest group still requires a QSL volunteer.

The RSGB would like to welcome to the RSGB family the following new Members who have joined their voice to ours and are helping to keep the RSGB strong.

Mr T Crooke, 2EOAAM Mr D Mcbride, 2E0DXS Mr A Askam, 2EOGEN Mr T Stack, 2EOKKO Mr L Francis, 2EOLFV Mr M Greensmith, 2EOMGA Mr R Harlow, 2EOPKS Mr I Roberts, 2EOVTV Mr F Klop, DH4FR Mr P Magnin, F6HYE Mr J Gulliver, GOTIY Mr G Clarke, G1DNZ Mr J Hopkins, G3EFU Mr S Bradshaw, G3WEJ Mr B Carpenter, G4BAH Mr F J Bryden, G4HNQ Mr W Holmes, G6SPQ Mrs C Sheridan, G6URY Mr G Cowan, G7LMF Mr D Samuels, G7NTC Mr R Ainley, G7WIZ

Mr B King, G8CHC Mr R Morris, GW7EXQ Mr T Yarish, KJ6MKI Mr J Mathewson, MOHXH Mr D Morrow, MOHZP Prof C Mitchell, MOIBG Mr M Harrison, MOROK Mr R Miranda, MORVI Mr M Michalowski, MOWQX Mrs K Ingham, M3NSJ Mr A Mullinder, M6AAD Mr V Walsh, M6BFB Mr | Szabo, M6HET Mr H Thomas, M6HIH Miss N A Whitehall, M6HLH Mrs H Melhuish, M6HMK Mr | Lawton-Hale, M6HPI Mr R Shulver, M6HQM Mr W Hamlet, M6HQN Dr C Poole, M6HQX Mr A Robeson, M6KFO

Mr P Petersen, M6LPP Mr S Dale, M6NGF Mrs J Fletcher, M6RNH Dr R Tempo, M6RTQ Mr W Stobbs, M6RWB Mr M J McDonald, M6SOV Mr R Banks, M6UJM Mr I Brodie, M6VGR Mr S Whittaker, M6WTR Mr M Whatling, M6WYW Mr M Hoult, M6XMH Mr A Whatling, M6XYS Taff Vale ARC, MCOI BI Mr T Kawala, MI6HQA Mr C Magee, MI6RVC Mr C Harper, MI6UNC Mr R Aird, MMORFA Mr T Fletcher, MW6HNW Mr T Morris, MW6NKF Mr P Lewis, MW6PR Mr W Webb, MW6WFF

Mr T Foy, N4HAI Mr V Myllykangas, OH6MJM Mr J Vink, PE1POI Mr H Klein, PH4CK Mr G McCallum, RS306495 Mr G Urban, RS308120 Mr P Wood, RS309566 Miss F Farrer, RS309724 Mr G Belcher, RS309926 Mr D Crooks, RS310180 Dr S Brown, RS310195 Mr D Abbott, RS310231 Mrs S Cook, RS310241 Mr S Carr, RS310255 Mr M Elkins, RS310281 Mr A Powell, RS310302 Mr I Smallshire, RS310306 Mr C Whatling, RS310321 Mr W Stevenson, RS310322 Mr M Ewing, RS310331

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The RSGB would like to welcome back the following Members who have rejoined the Society.

Mr M Bennett-Blacklock, 2EOESC Mrs J Gilmour, 2W00TK Mr O Muehlenbrock, DH7OM Mr E Smith, G1XNS Mr G Trant, EI8IO Mr C L Joly Mrcvs, GOBGD Mr A R Timms, GOFKW Mr B J Bryant, GOFMK Darenth Valley RS, GOKDV Mr M R Watkins, GONBB Mr P Jackson, GOPPQ

Mr K J Eaton, GORTX Mr B Burdis, GOWZB Mr N D Snowden, G1XJO Mr A Kaye, G1YIL Mr A R Nesbitt, G3SGY Mr M K Roberts, G4AWK Mr D J Green, G4CJF Mr J L Nowell, G4FUO Mr B D Cooper, G4RKO Mr D Sharp, G4TCJ

Mr P Johnson, G4TMI Mr F C Seddon, G4WFK Mr A J Crickett , G4WIP Mr R Satterthwaite, G6BMY Mr K Thompson, G6FLW Mr R White, G6LTT Mr J W Arnold, G7SOO Mr C J Davis, G7VQM Mr NMK Matthews, G8GTZ Mr D P Storrs, G8GXP Mr D B Clarke, G8TEB

Mr K R Lunn, GI6ENG Mr J K Loveday, GMOAPN Mr G Haddock, KE9H Mr J W Bartlett, KF7RO Mr C J Darlington, MODOL Mr M Michalak, MOKOX Mr L S Knott, MOLSK Mr M W Smith, MOMWS Mr G Lloyd, MOPVG Mr P N Rainer, MORNP Mr A W Evans, M1VIP

Mr P Aston, M6PKG Mr P D Gaskin, MM1FEO Mr J Webster, MM6WEB Mr S C Biczak, N7ITE Mr R J Cutting, RS107224 Mr DPB Moore, V51DM Mr C D Ferree, WA6PPG Mr M A Nicolau, YO3VU



Radio Propagation Explained

Steve Nichols, GOKYA

Understanding radio propagation is essential for anyone with an interest in radio communications who wants to know how signals travel from A to B. Written by acknowledged expert Steve Nichols, G0KYA, Radio Propagation Explained provides everything you need to know about this fascinating topic.

Looking at HF to VHF, UHF and beyond, Radio Propagation Explained provides a practical understanding of radio propagation. It looks at the Sun, sunspots, ionospheric propagation, ionospheric storms and aurora, tropospheric propagation, meteor scatter and space communications, including satellites and Earth-Moon-Earth signals. The book also includes information on computerised HF propagation predictions, greyline propagation, low frequency (LF) propagation, Sporadic-E, amateur radio modes like WSPR, PSK and JT, web resources and much more. There are descriptions of the properties of the amateur radio bands and how to get the best performance when using them.

Radio Propagation Explained draws on material from the hugely popular Radio Propagation Principles & Practice book previously published by the RSGB and enhances it with the latest advances in the field of propagation. Steve shows how radio amateurs can, by studying propagation, gain a more rewarding experience and increase their chances of making the on-air contacts they want.

Radio Propagation Explained is thoroughly recommended reading for everyone who wants to understand radio propagation and make the most of their radio activities.

Size 240x174mm, 128 pages, ISBN 9781 9101 9328 0 Non Members' Price: £12.99 **RSGB Members' Price: £11.04** Also available on



Radio Society of Great Britain WWW.rsgbshop.org

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News

radcom@rsgb.org.uk

WACRAL meeting and AGM



WACRAL (World Association of Christian Radio Amateurs and Listeners) held their annual fellowship weekend and AGM in September at the Elim Conference Centre, West Malvern.

Members were treated to a variety of guest speakers with Anita Edgar speaking on her work with the EI Shaddai trust in Goa, India with responsibility for 4000 children in a number of homes; Don Field, G3XTT speaking on his various experiences working with and organising numerous DXpeditions around the world and Brad Turkington, 2I0WBF speaking on MegaVoice, an organisation producing audio devices that have the ability to store the whole Bible in over 4300 languages and dialects, which are robust and solar powered.

A club station was on air over the weekend using the callsign MX1CRA, the station comprised a FT-897D, LDG Autotuner with an off centre fed dipole.

Commonwealth Contest 2017 Prize Draws

Martin Lynch & Sons and Kent Engineers have agreed to sponsor a special prize draw for entrants to the 80th Commonwealth Contest on 11/12 March 2017. The prize is a replica of a historically significant Morse key. The original key was used by Morse in his 1844 demonstration that became the reference for key designs over many years and has changed little to this day. The Kent replica is based on the original key displayed in the Smithsonian Institute and Vail's own documentation. Polished brass, steel and wood make this a real showpiece. In addition, the RSGB have agreed to sponsor two further prizes, namely an RSGB Millenium Key and an RSGB Vibroplex Centenary key.

Three draws will take place for Commonwealth entrants from each of the three IARU regions: 1 (Europe and Africa), 2 (North and South America) and 3 (Australia, Asia, New Zealand and Pacific). The sponsors of the three prizes are Martin Lynch and Sons (Region 1), Kent Engineering (Region 1) and the RSGB (Regions 2 and 3).

For each region the call of every entrant making 10 or more valid QSOs will be entered into the prize draw the number of times they make a valid QSO, up to a maximum of 80 entries. For example an entrant making 5 QSOs would be not be entered in the draw, an entrant making 15 QSOs would be awarded 15 entries, an entrant making 80 QSOs would be awarded 80 entries, and any entrant making 81 or more valid QSOs would also be awarded 80 entries in the draw. The three regions will be drawn separately. The draws will take place at the RSGB Convention 2017.

Further details and news can be found at https://berucontest.wordpress.com/

Yeovil ARC's 70 years



On 17 October, Yeovil ARC celebrated 70 years of weekly meetings. This was marked a few days earlier with an open day in Yeovil town centre, showing off a variety working amateur radios, military radios, teaching and sending Morse. The chairman of BYLARA and the local RSGB Regional Manager were also in attendance with displays from the recent convention, self-build projects and amateur radio books. The Mayor and Lady Mayoress opened the day.

The club was founded in 1946 as the result of a letter in the Western Gazette sent by W Kirkland. The first meeting took place in the skittle alley, Wellington Inn, Huish, Yeovil. Over its 70 years history, the club has set up its own amateur radio station, G3CMH, and has made radio contact with thousands of radio amateurs all over the world, including public events at The Royal Bath and West show, Air Day, the Mid Somerset Show and Yeovil Festival of Transport. More recently, the club has working demonstrations of World War II radio equipment to mark significant anniversaries; such as the 70th anniversary of VJ Day.

The first long distance radio contact made using a transistor transmitter took place in February 1954 with a distance of 85 miles, from Yeovil in Somerset to Haslemere in Surrey. With this contact, Yeovil ARC made radio history, as 85 miles was a quantum leap in distance for a transistor transmitter at that time.

Today Yeovil ARC meets on Thursdays at 7.30pm on the top floor of Abbey Manor Community Centre, Abbey Manor, Yeovil. Visitors and new members are always welcome.



The Spies at Gilnahirk

By George Busby

Whilst many know about Bletchley Park's role in WWII breaking the Enigma codes, fewer know the hugely important role of the Y service and the many radio amateurs involved in the collection of signals in WWII. This book focuses on the Y service station in Gilnahirk in Northern Ireland and sets out the story of those radio amateurs involved and why Gilnahirk was such an important centre in the Y service operations.

Many who know about the Y Service will know that in WWII many RSGB Members became 'Voluntary Interceptors' who collected German signals at home and posted these logs to the mysterious PO Box 25, Barnet, London. For those in Northern Ireland, Gilnahirk was the final destination of PO Box 25 that collated the amateur logs along with the logs from the larger military 'Y' listening station, before they were telexed to the codebreakers at Bletchley Park. Operations carried out here were of the upmost secrecy and its work carried on well beyond WWII, despite the closure of Bletchley Park. The unpretentious buildings largely attracted little attention despite a burst of press attention in 1951 when the Ministry of Finance tendered for the construction of a radio station but refused to comment on who it was for. Working in utter secrecy until its eventual closure in 1978, the Gilanhirk site was heavily involved in collecting signals during the Cold War.

The Spies at Gilnahirk provides a fascinating insight into the activities of the Radio Security Service and this little known site at the core of the Enigma story. Recommended reading for anyone interested in WWII codebreaking and the Enigma story.

Size: 215 x 205mm, 144 pages, ISBN: 9781 9106 5708 9 Non Members' Price: £12.99, RSGB Members' Price: £11.04

Churchill's Most Secret Airfield

By Bernard O'Connor

Designed by illusionist Jasper Maskelyne, RAF Tempsford was constructed to give overflying enemy aircraft the impression it was disused. Nothing could be further from the truth - just after dusk on moonlit nights either side of the full moon, planes from the 138 and 161 Squadrons would take off on top secret missions to the

SGBSHOP

heart of the war-torn Continent. They had to fly low and without lights in order to identify drop zones and deliver the supplies and secret agents that would help the resistance forces liberate Europe. But despite the attention of Churchill and George VI, the airfield's secrets have long remained an untold chapter in the story of the war. *Churchill's Most Secret Airfield: RAF Tempsford* is based on over a decade's research, filled with intrigue, suspense, heartbreak and the fascinating account of this extraordinary airfield.

25%

OFF

256 pages, 197 x 124mm, ISBN 9781 4456 0690 3 Non-Members' Price: £ 12.99 Members' Price: £9.74



Cold War Counterfeit Spies

Tales of Espionage - Genuine or Bogus?

By Nigel West

Throughout the Cold War and beyond, publishers have produced countless stories of espionage, treachery and deception. What Nigel West has discovered is that many were in fact the stories themselves. In this remarkable investigation



into the claims of many who portrayed themselves as key players in clandestine operations, the author has exposed a catalogue of misrepresentations and falsehoods. Did Greville Wynne really exfiltrate a GRU defector from Odessa? Was the frogman Buster Crabb abducted during a mission in Portsmouth Harbour? Did the KGB run a close-guarded training facility, as described by J. Bernard Hutton in *School for Spies*, which was modelled on a typical town in the American mid-west, so agents could be acclimatised to a non-Soviet environment? This book is filled with fascinating insights into the exaggerations and outright fabrications that some have published as fact in recent times.

256 pages, 157 x 236 mm, Hardback, ISBN 9781 4738 7955 3 Non-Members' Price: £25.00 Members' Price: £18.75





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Successful SOTA Summit to Summit EU-VK event

October saw the Summits On The Air, Australia to Europe Summit to Summit event. Fifty one summits across Europe, Australia, New Zealand and Japan were registered by their activators as intending to take part in the two hour 'super-activation'.

When 0630UTC arrived with weather varying from freezing cold to pouring with rain in Europe and not a lot better in Australia, the SOTA activators started their calls. Between 0630 and 0830UTC seventy three summits were activated – twenty two more than expected.

Mother nature and propagation were 'variable' to say the least but contacts were made between continents as well as within each of the regions. At times the number of active summits made it difficult to find a free frequency on 20m to call CQ on!

The organisers Andrew, VK1AD and Mike, 2EOYYY declared the event a success and planning is under way for future Australia to Europe SOTA events, most likely twice a year around the dates that we change the clocks in Spring and Autumn.

A similar event is being discussed between European and North American SOTA activators.

VHF UHF at the National Hamfest



The VHF/UHF Muster has grown considerably over the past few years – and this year's must be the biggest gathering by far with some very well known contesters and DXers meeting for the usual eyeball and chat. Newcomers this year included Paul, G3YDY, Bob, G8HGN, David, G4RQI, Dave, M5DWI, Andrew, G8BYB, John, G4LKD, Graham, M0CGL, Charlie, GI4FUE and several others. So many turned up this year that it's hard to identify all the all callsigns! Those attending are already looking forward to the 2017 National Hamfest, so try and pencil in the Friday at 1pm to join in. Thanks to Dick, GM4PPT for arranging this 'sked' and also Robbie, GM0SEI at the helm of Dick's camera, a Nikon D5100.

RSARS presentation

Bryan, MOOIC is the Royal Signals Amateur Radio Society (RSARS) QSL Bureau Manager and has the pleasure of liaising with overseas members and sorting out QSL cards being sent to and fro. Rick, AI5P is one of those overseas RSARS members and he visited the RSARS stand at the National Hamfest after travelling from Albuquerque via Poland, Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia and Biggleswade where he stayed with Dave, G4ETG. As Rick does so much for the RSARS, it was decided that he should have an award in appreciation, which was presented at the National Hamfest. Rick, AI5P also met fellow RSARS member Nick, G3RWF at the RSGB Convention. Nick, G3RWF is also the current RSGB President.





ML&S Hog Roast



Martin Lynch's Annual Hog Roast and Open Day will take place on Saturday 3 December. Sponsored by Yaesu, Icom and Kenwood, the ML&S store will have its usual bargains as well as lecture streams and the main manufacturers on site. Bacon butties will be available for the early birds and there will be the usual 'pig in a bun' for lunch. Doors open between 8am and 4pm. For more details, see hamradio.co.uk/hogroast

Commemorating Cervantes



The Spanish national society (URE) held a special event where 14 Special Event Stations with the prefix AN400 were on the air to commemorate the 400th anniversary of the death of Cervantes, the author of Don Quixote. It was held between 19 September and 9 October. Chris, G8APB was just one of the UK radio amateurs that took part. Amongst the UK entrants, Chris came 12th overall with 201 confirmed slots and made the 14 required from 3 bands to get the silver, gold and platinum certificates.

Celebrating 75 years of the Air Training Corps

During September, 1132 Stalham Sqn Norfolk obtained GB75ACO (Air Cadet Organisation). On the whole, the station 'enjoyed' poor propagation on 40m and 80m most of the time, so GI, GM, GW and GK stations were 5/9 and G stations were not be heard very often. The total number of contacts made was 401, with 211 of them from the UK. Best DX was a WX3B in Maryland, USA. One outstanding QSO was with Laurie, G2BUP who is 100 years old, which put GB75 down a peg or so. Also worked were 14 Railways on the Air stations on the 24th.

Cadet stations worked included 1 ATC Sqn (callsign MRO44) and OACF MZV72 on 5MHz, and the total number of ATC staff worked under their own callsign was 9.

The photo shows Terry, G4PSH in the station using (left) an IC M700UK (Navy) to a dipole 5MHz with ATU, (middle) a TS-570D



to an inverted V trap dipole for 80, 40 and 20m at 100W. QSL cards were sent out to 226 stations. Thanks to RSGB, RSGB QSL bureau, HQAC and Ofcom who made it all possible.

Skype distance learning

A big thank you was given by Philip Willis, RSGB Training & Education Committee Chair to the speakers at this year's Convention TEC Forum, who included David Stansfield, GOEVV, reporting an experiment with Skype Tutorials. Six intermediate licensees



who are half way through their Bath-based Advanced Examination Distance Leaning training took part in a tutorial. In what is believed to be a first, the six candidates were in Antrim Northern Ireland whilst their tutor, David Stansfield, GOEVV, a member of the Angel of the North Amateur Radio Club and the Five Bridges Cluster in Region 4 was in Morpeth Northumberland. The tutorial was delivered via Skype and was supported with PowerPoint presentations. Practical work included using an oscilloscope to measure SSB PEP, impedance transformation and measuring the resonant frequency of an aerial trap. The tutorial was seen by the candidates as a great success and a second session is planned for delivery just before their Advanced Examination in December.

LAMCO on the move

After a couple of years of searching, LAMCO is moving. The LAMCO premises are still in Barnsley town centre, only 200m away from the Barnsley Alhambra shopping centre and half a mile away from the train and bus station. located near to the motorway with a quick and easy access to junction 37 on the M1. The new address is LAMCO, 5 Doncaster Road, Barnsley, South Yorkshire, S70 1TH.

Fire at SAQ

The Alexander alternator LF transmitter at Grimeton in Sweden - callsign SAQ - won't be back on 17.2kHz for a month or so due to a fire breaking out in the aerial system in October. Their press release seems to indicate that it was a flash-over. Assessment and repairs could take a while, and at the time of writing it's uncertain that the usual Christmas transmissions will take place. Check their website at alexander.n.se for the latest news.

Tynelink Fusion

Tynelink repeaters have all moved over to Fusion operation:

GB3NT 70cm Gateshead: receive 433.000MHz, transmit 434.600MHz, CTCSS 118.8Hz analogue + digital

GB3TJ 70cm Corbridge: receive 433.300MHz, transmit 434.900MHz, CTCSS 118.8Hz analogue + digital

GB3TW 2m Gateshead: receive 145.725MHz, transmit 145.125MHz, CTCSS 118.8Hz analogue + digital

GB3HA 2m Corbridge: receive 145.750MHz, transmit 145.150MHz, CTCSS 118.8Hz analogue + digital

GB3NT was the latest repeater to go Fusion thanks to a kind donation by Chris Herring, G7AQY to Nancy Bone, G7UUR, the NoV holder. He is seen here presenting the repeater to her at the Fog on the Tyne Rally with young amateurs looking on. Lee Marsh of LAM Communications supplied the repeater.



New Products

New external speaker for the IC-7300

Icom are introducing a new external speaker for its IC-7300 Software Defined Radio. The new SP-38 complements the appearance of the IC-7300 as well as improving the listening experience from its large diameter speaker. It has a rated input power of 5 W (maximum 7W), with an impedance of 8 Ω . Measuring 100 x 105 x 240.6mm it weighs 1150g. It comes with an audio cable of 1.8m.

It will be available in the autumn with a suggested retail price of ± 156 from all lcom authorised amateur radio dealers.

www.icomuk.co.uk

New Products

radcom@rsgb.org.uk





E-Field Probe Active Antenna

As a new introductory project to surface mount assembly, hupRF is now offering the E-Field Probe Active Antenna. The project is in two parts – the probe electronics and the power feeding Bias Tee.

The E-Field Probe itself needs to be mounted above ground (the higher the better) and connected by coaxial cable to the Bias Tee. The Bias Tee allows DC to fed up the coax to power the probe, whilst separating out the RF to be passed to the receiver. The unit requires a 13.8V DC supply – powering from a USB port is not an option.

The E-Field Probe is available as a component level kit, an assembly kit and there is an optional hardware kit. The component level kit contains all components and the PCB, but does not have the connectors or enclosure hardware. This is all in the Hardware kit, although many users may prefer to make their own arrangements. In the Assembly kit, all of the SMD assembly work is completed and you just need to make the connections. Kit prices range from £8 to £19.

The photo shows the Bias Tee in the optional hardware enclosure, and the prototype Assembly kit version of the probe electronics. Please note that an active antenna such as this is a 'receive only' device.

http://hupRF.com



Klingenfuss publications

Several new products and annual updated ones are due from Klingenfuss in December. If you enjoy listening outside the traditional amateur bands, you may be interested to know that the 2017/2018 Guide to Utility Radio Stations, 2017 Shortwave Frequency Guide, 2017 Super Frequency List on CD and 2017 Frequency Database for the Perseus LF-HF Software-Defined Receiver have all been updated and will by available on the 10th. www.klingenfuss.org



Yaesu M1 reference microphone

For a one-time special, Yaesu are offering a 60th anniversary version of the M-1, embellished with an elegant gold ring. Only limited quantities of the special version are being produced, priced at £595. It features combined condenser and dynamic microphone elements. The condenser element produces a greater frequency response suitable for being heard on crowded bands and in big pile-ups, while the dynamic element delivers the mid tonalities for local QSOs. The response of each microphone element may be adjusted independently using the internal nine band graphic equaliser (63Hz, 125Hz, 250Hz, 500Hz, 1kHz, 2kHz, 4kHz, 8kHz, 16kHz). Two frequency response memories and a 'through' mode are provided for each element, and are easily switchable by one-touch buttons on the microphone base.

http://www.hamradio.co.uk/m1mic

Scrolling message badges

bhi has updated its range of programmable LED message badges to include software for Microsoft Win10, as well as XP, Vista, Win 7, Win 8. You can display your callsign, name, brand or logo using one of these LED scrolling message badges. Messages are easily loaded into the badge using the software and USB adapter provided, or by means of the on board buttons on the back of the badge.

The badges can store 20 text messages, has ten animation icons such as a smile, five characters show on screen when the message is scrolling and there are five different scrolling speeds. Power supplied by an CR2032 (3V) button battery, there's a magnetic clip on the back for easy attachment to clothing.

The package includes 1 x LED message badge, spare CR2032 battery, instructions, USB cable and CD software. LED message badges are available in two colours, red priced at \pounds 12.95 and blue priced at \pounds 14.95. www.bhi-ltd.com

Secure equipment boxes

Sentribox manufactures secure equipment boxes for sites and vehicles in a range of sizes. The XLOCK VANBOX measures 930mm L x 450mm H x 440mm and is prices at £135 plus VAT and the XLOCK 622 is 1800mm L x 630mm H x 580mm W costing £459 plus VAT. The boxes are made from sheet steel, in varying thicknesses, with deadlocks working in the horizontal plane and hooklocks working in opposing directions in the vertical plane providing a 4 point locking system. There are also antijemmy bars all round.

www.sentribox.co.uk

Programmable GPS reference oscillator

After extensive testing, SDR-Kits has selected Precision the GPS Disciplined Reference Oscillator manufactured by Leo Bodnar Ltd the recommended as external frequency source for their popular DG8SAQ Vector Network Analyser, With



a stability of 1Hz at 1000MHz, this programmable GPSDO Reference also serves as a Universal Frequency Standard in the lab for other test equipment or microwave generation. The Precision GPS Disciplined Reference Oscillator extends the use of the VNWA3 Vector Network Analyser to measuring frequencies and frequency differences with an accuracy of better than 1Hz at 1GHz. The VWNA Application software allows direct measurements of Allen Deviation and frequency as well as frequency differences in mHz or μ Hz and ppb values from frequency sources under test.

SDR-Kits has been appointed as an authorised distributor for the Precision GPSDO product.

It is priced at $\pounds 125 + VAT$ and shipping. http://sdr-kits.net/



Homebrew

Frequency is a measure of the number of events that occur in a given time period. Our local bus service departs every 20 minutes, or three times per hour. Less frequent events like the solar cycle will only occur once every several years. In the world of radio and electronics, frequency usually refers to the number of complete alternating current cycles in a period of one second, often happening millions of times a second.

Frequency is easily measured using a simple counter. To measure the high frequencies used in radio circuits, several digits will be required. A typical counter will display 6-8 digits. To accommodate the large numbers involved, a cascade of several counters is needed. Historically, the count would have been recorded on a chain of BCD (binary coded decimal) counter ICs. Most modern designs keep count in binary using a set of registers (memory) in a microcontroller to store the count. The counter must be controlled or gated by an accurate timebase. See Homebrew for Jan-March 2008 for an in-depth look at frequency counters.

Time

In the past, time was measured relative to the rotation of the earth, the orbit of the moon and the orbit of the earth around the sun. In the last few centuries, mechanical clocks have been the standard instrument for measuring time.

Today, the standard unit of time is the second. This unit is very precisely defined by properties of the Caesium atom as "the duration of 9,192,631,770 periods of the radiation corresponding to the transition between the two hyperfine levels of the ground state of the caesium-133 atom". For this reason, caesium clocks are regarded as the primary standard.

Accurate timekeeping is very important for science, navigation and for legal purposes. In several countries, accurate time and frequency standards are maintained by government organisations. Information from these standards is transmitted by radio. The radio-controlled clock in your kitchen is probably synchronised with the 60kHz MSF [1] signals from Cumbria or DCF77 near Frankfurt.

For the recent experiments with voltage references, I had to depend on a couple of local voltage standards and a couple of



PHOTO 1: My prototype crystal oscillator.

borrowed meters to check the accuracy of my measurements. Time and frequency calibration is much easier because very accurate time and frequency information is readily available from several independent sources. My first precise frequency reference was a 10MHz oscillator that was compared to a signal derived from the sync-pulses from a local UHF TV station. Since the change to digital TV, this reference is no longer available.

Currently available time and frequency standards include MSF (60kHz), DCF77 (77.5kHz), BBC long-wave (198kHz), RWM from Russia (4.996 and 9.996MHz) and WWV from the USA (2.5, 10, 15 and 20MHz).

The GPS network and other satellite navigation systems also provide a reference with excellent long-term stability.

10MHz or 9.996MHz crystal oscillator

Figure 1 shows the schematic of a crystal oscillator and buffer amplifier. Once this unit is calibrated against an off-air standard, it can be used as a short-to-medium term reference. After



PHOTO 2: Connecting ground pins to the copper foil when building dead-bug style.

a few minutes of warm-up, stability is around 1 ppm (parts per million) or about 10Hz per hour. Even greater stability is possible if the unit is well insulated from sudden temperature changes. The oscillator uses an MPSH10 transistor in the common-collector configuration. Positive feedback is via a capacitive tap from emitter to base. The buffer amplifier is an MPF102 JFET in the common-drain mode (comparable to an emitter follower). The 5V DC supply is provided by a 7805 or similar voltage regulator. Power for all of this month's projects is provided by standard three-pin voltage regulators. To avoid unnecessary duplication, only one example will be shown, later.

The prototype circuit was built using pointto-point wiring on a strip of PCB laminate. If possible, the 220pF feedback capacitors and any capacitors in the crystal circuit should be



FIGURE 3: Simplified

block diagram of how

divide-by-10 counter.

to set up the 7490 as a



high stability types. Polystyrene, silvered-mica or NPO ceramic types will be much more stable than standard ceramic capacitors.

Testing

Oscillator frequency is adjusted by a 20pF trimmer capacitor. The values shown allowed tuning to precisely 10.000MHz using my current batch of 10M Hz crystals. If your crystals have different characteristics, it may be necessary to make small changes to the value of the 10pF fixed capacitor. Frequency will be inversely proportional to capacitance. I set the oscillator to 10MHz using my bench frequency counter and then checked the value against off-air 10MHz time signals and my GPS disciplined, oven-controlled crystal oscillator (OCXO) (March 2008). The unit was then powered down and left for one hour. At next switch-on, frequency shifted +4Hz in the first ten minutes and then remained stable to within 1 Hz/hour for several hours.

The use of a standard trimmer capacitor will make fine tuning extremely difficult. I used a multi-turn, piston trimmer for tuning. This



allows for relatively easy tuning to within 1Hz. I find it quite hard to get an identifiable zero-beat on the relatively weak time and frequency signals on 10MHz. I find the signal from RWM on 9.996MHz is a better reference.

There is usually a lot less interference on this frequency and RWM often provides a very strong signal. The frequency is 4kHz away from the usual standard. 9.996MHz crystals are not so readily available, but it will often be possible to 'pull' a 10MHz crystal down to the required frequency by placing a small inductance in series with the crystal.

Figure 2 shows a couple of modifications to the oscillator. An inductor is placed in series with the crystal. The inductance value is very small compared to the motional inductance of the crystal. A value in the low μ H range should be adequate. 20 turns on a T50-2 toroid is a good starting point for experimentation. Excessive inductance may have an adverse impact on stability or might even prevent oscillation. If you can't achieve the required frequency, try using a different crystal. Some crystals will shift more easily than others, even when they are from the same manufacturing batch. Figure 2 also shows a simple electronic fine-tuning control. This will allow very fine-tuning of plus or minus a few Hz. The assembled oscillator is shown in Photo 1.



FIGURE 4: Practical divide by 10 and 100 circuit.

Frequency dividers

A frequency divider will allow an oscillator to be used at sub-multiples of its frequency of oscillation. Dividers based on digital and logic devices like counter ICs will produce a squarewave output that is rich in harmonics. Such a signal can be very useful for calibrating receivers or test equipment. The most common types of counter are binary and BCD (binary coded decimal). The binary types give a division ratio of two for each bit in the count – 2, 4, 8, 16 and so on. The decade types are particularly useful for division ratios that are multiples of ten – 10, 100, 1000...

My usual first choice for a simple decade counter is the 74LS390 and similar devices from other logic families (74HC etc). The 390 is a dual counter, which will save on space and cost when several stages are needed. As the 390 was not available, I had to use a few 7490 devices from the local shop. The *90 is a four bit counter. The standard configuration has a divide by 5 stage and a divide by two stage. This provides a very easy way to achieve division ratios of 2, 5 or 10. **Figure 3** shows a very simplified diagram of a 7490 configured to divide by 10. This particular arrangement gives a symmetrical square-wave output with approximately 50% duty cycle.

A 10MHz oscillator as previously described can be used with a chain of dividers to produce multiple outputs at lower frequencies. This makes a very useful 'frequency marker' for testing and calibrating receivers or test equipment such as spectrum analysers. Figure 4 shows a divider that will produce outputs at 1MHz and 100kHz when clocked by a 10MHz oscillator. This can be used with a simple crystal oscillator, or with a more stable reference like an OCXO, rubidium frequency standard or GPS disciplined oscillator. Suitable frequency standards are often available at reasonable prices on internet auction sites.

The circuit was built dead-bug style on a strip of PCB laminate. **Photo 2** shows close up details of how the grounded pins are soldered directly to the copper foil. As well as providing the shortest possible path to ground, this arrangement anchors the IC to the board to make a mechanically stable and reliable circuit.

> Eamon Skelton, El9GQ hbradio@eircom.net



FIGURE 5: A capacitor and resistor between the divider outputs and front panel sockets affords a measure of protection.

If required, the circuit can be extended to produce additional outputs. Adding another decade counter would produce a 10kHz output from a 10MHz input. Using the divide by 2 stage alone would allow outputs at 5MHz, 500kHz or 50kHz. The outputs can be taken to separate output sockets or to a switch so that the selected output can be taken to a single output socket. Note that the outputs are completely unbuffered. If this unit is to be used as a frequency marker, it would be a good idea to place capacitors and resistors in series with the outputs, as shown in Figure 5. The capacitors will protect against accidental application of DC to the output terminals. The resistors will limit current in and out of the pins. Higher values would offer greater protection, but would result in significantly lower output.

Testing

The simple crystal oscillator was connected to the input of the first divider. The 5V supply for the oscillator/buffer and the divider was provided by a 1A voltage regulator. The unit was powered up and I noticed the ICs and the regulator were running a bit warmer than expected. A quick check with a voltmeter revealed a supply voltage of 8V. I'd managed to install a 7808 instead of the intended 7805!



As this is well above the absolute maximum voltage limit for the 5V logic ICs, the unit was powered down immediately and the regulator replaced with the correct item. Happily, the ICs seem to be undamaged and the outputs produce nice clean square waves at 1MHz and 100kHz. The harmonics are easily heard at HF and at least up to 144MHz.

OCXO

Figure 6 shows a 10MHz oscillator based on a packaged oven controlled crystal oscillator (OCXO). I used a CQE unit in this project. I have also seen similar units under the Temex and Isotemp brands. Surplus OCXOs are easily found on eBay and occasionally at rallies.

The 12V supply voltage and package pinout shown is correct for this device. Don't assume it will also be correct for yours. Check carefully before applying power to an unknown unit.

Power is supplied by a 12V, 1A regulator. A low-dropout (LVD) type like the LM3940 is recommended in cases where the unit



PHOTO 3: OCXO prototype.



PHOTO 4: CW12-TIM GPS receiver board and antenna.

will be powered by a lead-acid battery or a 12.5-13.8VDC bench supply. This type of oscillator offers stability measured in parts per billion. A typical spec would be \pm 5ppb per day over the full temperature range of the device and typically better than 1ppb per day at normal room temperature. The output frequency can be trimmed by a couple of Hz using a multi-turn cermet pot. The output buffer is a JFET source-follower. The circuit was built on Veroboard and the finished unit is shown in Photo 3.

GPS disciplined oscillators

The trouble with having such an extremely stable oscillator is that you need a very accurate standard to calibrate it against. I use a Navsync CW12-TIM timing GPS as my long-term frequency stability reference. The 10MHz output from this receiver has extremely good long stability, comparable to the atomic clocks on the GPS satellites, when averaged over a fairly long period.

There is no direct connection between the GPS receiver and the OCXO. I use a dual beam oscilloscope to compare the phase of the two 10MHz output signals: one from the GPS receiver, the other from the OCXO. Using this method, it is quite easy to adjust the OCXO to within one cycle of drift in several minutes. This corresponds to a frequency error of one part in several billion - more than good enough for my purposes. The CW12-TIM receiver is shown in Photo 4. The receiver requires an external GPS aerial (magnetic mounting mobile types are ideal) and a 3.3VDC supply. As usual, I used a 3.3V 1A regulator. The GPS unit produces output in the standard NMEA data format. It also has a very accurate 1 pulse per second output.

Websearch

[1] www.npl.co.uk/science-technology/timefrequency/products-and-services/time/msf-radiotime-signal



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Edited by Mike Browne, G3DIH

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HF F-Layer Propagation Predictions for December 2016

Compiled by Gwyn Williams, G4FKH

HF F-Layer, Propagation Predictions for December 2016 Compiled by Gwyn Williams, G4FKH

	3.5MHz	7.0MHz	10.1MHz	14.0MHz	18.1MHz	21.0MHz	24.9MHz	28.0MHz
Time	000011111220	000011111220	000011111220	000011111220	000011111220	000011111220	000011111220	000011111220
(UTC)	246802468020	246802468020	246802468020	246802468020	246802468020	246802468020	246802468020	246802468020
*** Europe								
Moscow	666126666	636432356346	1.2544451.12		3654	2662		
*** Asia								
Yakutsk	32123334	13132	1					
Tokvo								
Singapore						1		
Hyderabad	212332	31133331						
Tel Aviv	5525555	555135555	1.53212421.2		5443		.1	
*** Oceania								
Wellington						1		
Well (ZL) (LP)								
Perth					22			
Svdnev			3442	343				
Melbourne (LP)			23	3	2	1		
Honolulu								
Honolulu (LP)								
W. Samoa		4443	3432	32	1			
*** Africa								
Mauritius	2 2222	3 33323	1 311 1	12	1			
Johaneshurg	32 233	43 3433	21 23322	21	11112	1111		
Thadan	4442 2444	55531 14555	5 1421125522	532232	54334	24442	222	11
Nairobi	33 3333	432 4444	2 1 241 1	2 13	32121	3		
Capary Telos	6665 1566	66652 14666	451643235633	11 654445211	323322	211111	1	
tanary istes	00051500	0005214000	401040200000	11.034443211				•••••
Buenos Aires	2222 1	3314 12	1 3	1				
Die de Taneiro	3323 13	3325 133	12 / 111	2	1	1		
Lima	2222 1	22 21 1	1					
Camacaa	2222 12	22.311	12					
ttt N Bronico	333313	33.42123						
Customele	22222 1	00.00 1	01		1			
Guatemala	2222221	22.331						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
New Orleans	333212	23.321						
Washington	4443224	44.43212					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
Quebec	4443133	24.1212.1						•••••
Anchorage	1212							•••••
Vancouver	2222	1						
San Francisco	22222	21.13111	11					•••••
San Fran (LP)					1			

Key: The figures represent approximate S-meter readings, whilst the colours represent expected circuit reliability. **Black** equals low to very low probability, **Blue** equals good probability and **Red** equals a strong probability. No signal is expected when a '.' is shown. The RSGB Propagation Studies Committee provides propagation predictions on the internet at www.rsgb.org.uk/propagation/index.php. An input power of 100W and a dipole aerial has been used in the preparation of these predictions; therefore a better equipped station should expect better results. The predicted smoothed sunspot numbers for January, February & March 2017 are respectively (SIDC classical method – Waldmeier's standard) 28, 27 & 26 and (combined method) 43, 41 & 41. The provisional mean sunspot number for October was 33.6. The daily maximum / minimum numbers were 69 on 9 October and 0 on 1 October.

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Antennas

e continue with the theme of compact antennas with an overview of the discone antenna followed by summaries of the discone antennas provided by Martin, G4ZMR and Bob, M0RHE.

The discone antenna

Armig G Kandoian, of the US Federal Telephone and Radio Corporation, filed his invention with the US Patents Office for a broad-band aerial and Patent number 2368663 was granted in 1945 [1]. This broad-band aerial has become known as the 'discone' antenna and its original use was intended for the aviation industry. However, with its capability to operate over a wide frequency bandwidth, the discone antenna was soon adopted by many users including the US military, commercial organisations and amateur radio enthusiasts. A detailed summary of the discone antenna's history and use within amateur radio has been published by the ARRL [2].

An overview of the discone antenna

The discone is a wide-band antenna that theoretically has the capability to operate over a 10:1 frequency range. This makes the discone appealing because a single antenna could be used to cover the bands on the VHF and UHF range of frequencies.

The discone antenna is a vertically polarised aerial and is used where omnidirectional coverage is required. The wide operating frequency band means that a single antenna can be built covering, for example, the 70, 144 and 432MHz bands or the 144, 432 and 1296MHz bands. Although popular as a receiving antenna and with scanning enthusiasts, the discone antenna has tended not to be favoured as a transmitting antenna with radio amateurs because its wide band-width properties could result in the possibility of radiating unwanted harmonics and other spurious emissions from the transmitter. This tended to be a problem when most VHF and UHF transmitters were homebrewed. However, modern commercially-made transceivers tend to have a cleaner output transmit performance where undesirable harmonics and spurious emissions are minimised. Nevertheless, to be on the safe side, it would be good practice to use a suitable band-pass



PHOTO 1: G4ZMR's discone antenna.

filter that is cable of handling the transmitter's output power if a discone antenna is to be used for transmission.

The discone antenna is a derivative of the broad-band biconical antenna [3]. The biconical antenna consists of two conductive cones, arranged on the same axis with their apex points nearly touching. The space in between the cones' apex points is the feed point for the antenna. Essentially, biconical antennas can be considered as broad-band dipoles, typically with bandwidths of three octaves or more. The discone antenna replaces one of the cones with a disk that is mounted above the cone.

The original patent described an antenna comprising a sheet metal disk and cone for use in aircraft, protected from the slipstream by a separate 'blister' in the fuselage. Using rods for the cone and disk, rather than sheet metal, is preferable in unshielded stationary use (eg on a chimney) because this reduces the physical forces that the antennas have to withstand when the weather conditions are windy. Particularly for frequencies of amateur interest, the disk and cone are often both made from aluminium elements of around 8mm diameter, as illustrated in Figure 1. Typically at least eight rods, or preferably a few more, are required for each of the disk and cone to give a reasonable performance. The antenna is usually fed using a coaxial cable with the inner conductor connected to the disk and the outer conductor connected to the apex of the cone.

The cone is the antenna's primary radiator of the RF signal, while radiation from the disk is minimal. This is because the RF currents flowing in the cone all tend to travel in the same direction, while the RF currents in the disk oppose each other and so tend to cancel. The maximum RF current area is near to the top of the antenna, allowing the antenna to radiate away from ground objects and helping to further improve its performance. Careful design allows the discone antenna to present an impedance of close to 50Ω across its operational frequency, range making the antenna suitable for use with coaxial cable feeders. The spacing between the disk and cone determines the antenna's impedance and this space is also one of the factors determining the upper operational frequency

When the physical length of the cone's elements become long compared to the RF signal's wavelength, then the cone's elements can be thought of as a series of individual long wire antennas. As the frequency is increased, the cone elements' cumulative radiated RF signal tends to be forced upwards towards the



FIGURE 1: Concept of the discone antenna.



FIGURE 2: Key design dimensions of the discone antenna.

disk. This rising effect of the radiation pattern causes the antenna to become increasingly inefficient as an omnidirectional aerial at lower radiation angles.

Summary of construction

Referring to **Figure 2**, the elements used to form the cone (A) should be $\lambda/4$ long at the lowest frequency of operation, so length (A) in mm = 75000/lowest frequency (MHz). The angle between opposite elements is typically 60°. The disk's diameter (B) should be 70% of (A) at the lowest operating frequency, so (B) in mm = 52500/lowest frequency (MHz).

The cone's upper diameter (C) is typically 12mm, allowing sufficient room for most coaxial cable feeders to be passed through a suitable hole drilled centrally. The feeder's outer conductor is then connected to the top of the cone and the inner conductor to the centre of the disk. The separation between the lower surface of the disk and top of the cone (D) should be about 20% of (C) to give a match close to 50Ω (ie about 2.4mm for (C)=12mm). A flat plastic insulator is often used to maintain the separation between the disk and the cone. Both cone and disk are secured to this insulator, so providing mechanical strength for the antenna.

Predicted radiation patterns

Using the *MANNA-GAL* antenna analysis application, a discone antenna designed for use from 62MHz upwards was modelled at 70, 145 and 432MHz. The model used 10mm diameter elements, with 8 elements used for both for the disk and the cone. The disk's diameter was 0.84m, while cone's

radials were 1.2m in length each. The antenna was modelled at a height of 5m above the ground. Figure 3

shows the results of the model in terms of the predicted radiation patterns. It can be seen, as expected, that as the frequency is increased, so the radiation angle tends to rise. This rising effect of the radiation pattern influences the antenna's practical frequency range.

If carefully constructed, an SWR of better than 2:1 can be achieved across the antenna's operational band. It is possible to extend the lower frequency coverage by using a vertical element fitted to the top of the disc. This enables the antenna to operate like a λ /4 vertical antenna with the ground-plane provided by the disk/cone below. The vertical element's length is suitably adjusted to resonate the antenna to give a low SWR on the band required.

The Radio Communication Handbook [4] provides detailed guidance on the discone antenna; the summary here is provided as an overview.

G4ZMR's discone antenna

Martin Reynolds, G4ZMR has passed to me details of the discone antenna he has used for several years as both a VHF receiving and transmitting aerial. The antenna should be capable of operating from 25-1300MHz, however he has tended to use the antenna on VHF only. Photo 1 shows the discone mounted at Martin's QTH, where it has about 15m of 50Ω coax to the transceiver.

Martin regularly uses the discone antenna for 2m FM contacts running around 25W.



PHOTO 2: MORHE's novel discone antenna unfolded.



PHOTO 3: MORHE's novel discone antenna folded.

Recently, he decided to see how the antenna operated on 2m and 70cm. He made a series of SWR tests with 25W on 2m and 5W on 70cm to see how the antenna performed.

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FIGURE 3: MMANNA-GAL predicted radiation patterns for a discone antenna at various frequencies. (left) 70MHz, (centre) 145MHz, (right) 432MHz.

He found the antenna worked well on both bands, with SWRs of typically 1.3:1. Martin now says he intends to operate more often on 70cm FM using the antenna.

As well as 2m and 70cm use, the antenna has proved to be a dependable aerial for receiving FM broadcast stations on the 88 to 108MHz band, with numerous stations reliably received.

A novel discone antenna

Bob Head, MORHE, found a novel folding discone antenna recently at a local radio rally and has sent some pictures to me of this antenna as shown in Photo 2 and Photo 3. It seems likely that this antenna may be of military surplus origin.

Bob was interested to know if the operational frequency range could be determined for this antenna. The antenna had a disk of diameter of 330mm, so working backwards from this gave a lower frequency of around 160MHz. However, the antenna's cone radials are 375mm long and this gave a lower operating frequency of around 200MHz. Assuming a 10:1 working frequency range, this indicated that the upper operational frequency is around 2GHz. This upper operational frequency seems rather high judging by the antenna's construction. It would also seem that the antenna has rather too few elements and this is likely to affect its performance.

However, to answer Bob's question, this antenna could probably be made to cover 70cm. The addition of a $2m \sqrt{4}$ vertical to the top of the antenna might enable the antenna to operate on 2m.

Conclusion

The discone antenna provides a compact broad-band solution for operating on several

VHF and UHF frequencies using only a single antenna fed with one feeder cable.

References

[1] www.google.com/patents/US2368663 – US Patent 2368663, Broad Band Antenna, granted on 6th February 1945 to Armig G Kandoian, US Federal Telephone and Radio Corporation

[2] The ARRL Antenna Handbook for Radio Communication, 23rd edition edited by H Ward Silver, NOAX: section 10, Multiband HF Antennas, p 10.35-10.38, and section 15, VHF and UHF Antenna Systems, p 15.50-15.52

[3] Antennas, 2nd edition, John D Kraus, Chapter 8, The Biconal Antenna and its Impedance, p 340 - 358, also – separately – https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Biconical antenna

[4] *RSGB Radio Communication Handbook*, 12th edition edited by Mike Dennison, G3XDV, and Mike Browne, G3DIH: Section 16, Practical VHF/ UHF Antennas, Pages 16.30 to 16.31.

Report

Construction Competition

Although there weren't many entries to this year's competition, those we had were all interesting projects and presented with enthusiasm. The projects ranged from a simple Morse keyer through to a state of the art transverter.

Judging this type of competition, with such a diverse range of projects, is never easy. After much deliberation, it was the combination of excellent RF performance and high quality construction that made the Anglian transverter from Sam Jewel, G4DDK, the overall winner. He was awarded the Pat Hawker, G3VA trophy. The other winner was Dave Powis, G4HUP with his E-Field Probe Active Antenna.

Prizes were provided by RSGB Convention sponsor Martin Lynch & Sons and the presentations were made during the Convention at the ML&S Stand. ML&S Sales Manager, Richard, G1GRD, made the presentations with the RSGB President Nick Henwood, G3RWF.



Dave Powis, G4HUP winner of the Construction category.



Sam Jewell, G4DDK winner of the Innovation category and the Pat Hawker, G3VA trophy.

Technical

Recycled ferrites for HF transformers

fter reading an article on using ferrites for matching end-fed antennas by Guy, ON5FM [1] I built some experimental HF transformers with ferrite cores salvaged from old VGA cables that went between a computer and a CRT screen.

All I knew about the cores were that they were made of ferrite (which I determined because a file did not scratch them); discussion with Martin, G8JNJ suggested they were probably Type 43 material.

Later, I obtained a range of ferrites of unknown properties from various sources including rallies. I decided to try to get some feel for their properties, initially using the trial-and-error method but evolving to include a bit of clinical sense and simple measuring devices, an approach commonly used in famous research institutes the word over.

Three different sizes were tested. They seemed to have been manufactured in imperial sizes so I'll use those measurements first, followed by the metric equivalents. All have the same length of 11/4 inches (28.5mm). Small ones (here called S) have an external diameter of 1/2" (12.5mm), a bore of ¹/₄" (6.35 mm) and a surface section of 28.5 x 3.9 \approx 110 mm². Medium ones (M) have an external diameter of ⁵/₈" (18.2mm), a bore of ³/₈" (9mm) and a surface section of \approx 130mm². Fat cores (F) had an external diameter of 11/4" (28.5mm), a bore of just over 1/2" (13.6mm) and a section of 208 mm².

Testing method

The basic test method was to use an RF source and an SWR meter to drive an RF transformer constructed on the cores under test, which were connected to different load impedances.

I used an IC-706 Mark II, a cross-needle Daïwa CN 101 L SWR/wattmeter and a 150W-rated 50Ω coaxial dummy load as the base equipment. Some huge carbon 25W resistors, properly connected, made the 200, 300 and 450 ohm dummy loads for testing at different impedances. As the test progressed a Mk 1 fingertip classified the core temperature as cool, lukewarm, hot or burning.

The transmitter was set to FM (for constant power) in the middle of each of nine amateur bands and the power at each frequency was increased by 10W steps up to 100W. (One test used 300W). Each test applied the power for one minute at time: at each increment the reflected power was noted and the temperature was gauged. (Particularly on the meter I used, reflected power is a better measure than SWR because the Reflected scale is more sensitive than the Forward scale and much



PHOTO 1: Basic test setup.

easier to read accurately than the SWR curves.) During the tests I found that a capacitor could tune some of the transformers for better performance. Initially I used a ceramic variable capacitor, which was later replaced with a mica fixed capacitor or a piece of Teflon-insulated RG 17 4A/U coax to give the same capacitance.

Test one -1:1 and 4:1 balun with two S cores

Two small (S) ferrites were glued together side by side with two-part epoxy, binocular fashion. Two cable ties kept the cores together whilst the glue hardened. For the 1:1 test the primary and secondary windings had 2 turns of 1.4mm diameter Teflon isolated cable, (17 SWG / 15 AWG - the exact diameter isn't important). A piece of cork was used to keep the windings firmly in place.

Reflected power was unmeasurably low from 160m to 20m but increased on 15m and 10m. Following in the footsteps of the late Les Moxon, G6XN, I added a small mica capacitor on the primary, which flattened the SWR curve at the higher frequencies. I determined the value by using a variable capacitor to minimise the SWR at the

Reflected power, W (4:1) 3

highest frequency and then replacing it with an equivalent fixed value. Photo 1 shows the general test setup.

I then changed the secondary to 4 turns (for a 4:1 impedance ratio), altered the load to 200Ω and repeated the test. Table 1 shows a summary of the results. The balun worked fine and didn't seem to be lossy: it was barely tepid after 5 minutes at maximum power. Although I still don't know the exact properties of the cores, I proved to my satisfaction that they are OK for use on the HF amateur bands at up to 100W.

Test two – 1:1 and 9:1 transformer with four M cores

More power? Two medium cores (M) were glued end to end and side to side. Using the same kind of wire as before I wound a single-turn primary and (at various times) four different secondaries for different ratios. 1 secondary turn gave 1:1, 2 turns gave 4:1, 3 turns gave 9:1 and I also made an experimental 6:1 transformer with 21/2 turns, the last half-turn running outside the cores to be at the same side as the other output lead. (I could also have made a 2:1 ratio with 11/2 turns made in

<1

TABLE 1: Results with 1:1 and 4:1 baluns made with two S cores. Tested with 100W input power on 1.8-28.5MHz, 50W at 51MHz. Frequency (MHz) 1.8 3.6 7.1 10 14.2 21.2 28.5 51 Capacitor Reflected power, W (1:1) <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 3 3 12 39pF <1

1

-1

<1

2

30pF

7



PHOTO 2: A four-core 1:1 transformer with 'tweaker' capacitor fabricated from a scrap of PCB and a thermometer temporarily attached for test purposes.



PHOTO 3: One 'fat' core under test.

a similar way, but I didn't test that). The total core section is $4 \times 128 \text{ mm}^2 = 512 \text{ mm}^2$.

Photo 2 shows the 1:1 version of the transformer, mounted in an aluminium chassis for easier re-use and with a homebrew 30pF capacitor made from a scrap of double sided PCB material. I used a cooking thermometer borrowed from my XYL to measure the core temperature when I temporarily operated the 1:1 version at 300W on 10.1MHz. After five minutes continuous the temperature had risen to 93°C - a bit warm! But at 100W for five minutes the temperature didn't go above 40°C, a 15° rise above the 25° ambient. Much more comfortable. Even if we don't know anything about the ferrite mixture it's useful to know the basic usable frequency range and temperature rise. Table 2 shows my test results for the 1:1 version with and without a 47pF capacitor (not the 30pF PCB capacitor shown in the photo).

Test three – 1:1 balun with one F core

My final test was a 1:1 balun made using one 'Fat' core. I used four turns of 1 mm (19 SWG/18 AWG) wire for both the primary and secondary, as shown in **Photo 3**. I ran tests both with and without the capacitor, as shown in **Table 3**; the best results were obtained with a value around 47pF.

Notes on power handling

Power handling of a core depends mainly on its cooling ability to dissipate losses caused by Joule heating [2]. Power loss causes heating, moderated by the Tx duty cycle; the rate of cooling is related to the total surface area of the core, airflow and so on.

If the temperature rises too quickly a ferrite core can shatter. If it rises too high – above the Curie temperature [3], which can be as low as about 120° C – the ferrite's magnetic properties change abruptly and all bets are off.

Happily, the losses reduce as you increase the number of cores – halving with two cores, a quarter with four, and so on. As RF power handling relies on total core cross section and SSB/CW ham duty cycle is 25% of FM, I figure my DIY 2 x 2 medium cores transformer is probably able to handle 1kW PEP. By comparison, the 'magic black box' at the bottom of my vertical Cushcraft R7 antenna contains a coaxial choke wound upon two big ferrite cores with a total surface section of about 144mm² that, according the manufacturer, handles 800W RTTY or 1.9kW PEP.

Closing remarks

During my experiments I found that the resistance value of 8 common, 400Ω 5W radio resistors in parallel varies very quickly with the *smallest*

TABLE 2: 1:1 balun with four M cores, tested at 100W input.									
Frequency (MHz)	1.8	3.6	7.1	10	14.2	18.1	21.2	24.9	28.5
Reflected power, W (no cap)	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	1	1.1	1.2
Reflected power, W (47pF cap)	0.2	0.1	0	0	0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.7

TABLE 3: 1:1 balun with one F core, tested at 100W input.									
Frequency (MHz)	1.8	3.6	7.1	10	14.2	18.1	21.2	24.9	28.5
Reflected power, W (no cap)	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1	1.1	6
Reflected power, W (47pF cap)	0.2	0.1	0	0	0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.7

temperature increment. Only expensive, big carbon or (toxic) beryllium-containing resistors keep their nominal value ($\pm 10\%$) when heated.

I tested some commercially available 1:1 and 4:1 80-10m baluns made in several different countries. All of them exhibited worse characteristics than mine at the higher frequencies...

Clip-on ferrites of the sort used as chokes upon RG-8 coaxial cable could also be used. They come in a white, hinged plastic box around $30 \times 30 \times 30$ mm (1%"), containing a ferrite of 28.5mm long, 6.5mm wall thickness and surface section 185mm². If someone tries them in a 'fat' core as described here, please let me know.

The value of reflected power or SWR curve does vary in the same balun according the power applied. A low power curve gives only one idea about the ability of the core to handle HF & helps to find the proper number of wire turns needed. Without specs of permeability or mixture, your ferrites may differ somewhat of mine, and so will the results.

Whilst my experiments have not really revealed any specific information about the ferrite material type, I have found this to be a useful method of establishing whether a particular ferrite bead or ring is suitable for amateur use on a particular range of frequencies. Basically, if the return loss looks right and it doesn't get hot it's probably OK!

Websearch

 'Une antenne end-fed réellement multibande', Guy, ON5FM, QSP No 41, Juin 2014
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joule_heating
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Curie temperature

> 'Doc' Michel C Christ, XE1MD / F4GBE mic.xe1md@orange.fr



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Chris Taylor GOWTZ joins the ever expanding Moonraker Team – after spending over three decades in the industry we are pleased to have

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Technical

Fitting SMA connectors

MA connectors are becoming increasingly common on radio and test equipment but readymade leads can be very expensive. In this article I will provide some background information on these connectors and show you how to make your own low-cost leads.

Origins of the SMA connector

The SMA connector series was developed during the 1960s and the name was derived from its original description which was Sub Miniature type A. Although its popularity in the amateur radio community has enjoyed a recent boom, the SMA connector has been used extensively in the microwave world and is probably the most common connector in that arena. The SMA connector is rated for use up to 18GHz and has a 50Ω characteristic impedance.

In addition to being a very compact coaxial connector, the screw thread provides a secure and vibration resistant connection that also has excellent environmental protection. A copy of the detailed European specifications for SMA connectors can be found at [1].

In addition to the standard SMA connectors there is a reverse polarity variant that you need to be aware of. These connectors are marked RP (ie SMA-RP) and were originally developed to satisfy a US regulatory requirement for a unique connector for removable Wi-Fi antennas. This was intended to prevent users from connecting high-gain Wi-Fi antennas in place of standard low-gain types on routers etc. I've shown photographs of standard and RP SMAs in **Photo 1**.

Using SMA connectors

For many amateurs, their first encounter with SMA connectors was probably something like the FUNcube Dongle SDR receiver. The convenience of the small, precision connector rapidly found favour with many SDR designs and other small signal devices. I know that many amateurs, like myself, initially opted to use an adapter to convert the SMA to a more common amateur connector such as BNC, PL-259 or N-Types. Whilst decent quality adapters can be very good, the use of adapters with equipment such as the FUNcube dongle can put excessive strain on



PHOTO 1: Comparison of SMA-RP (reverse polarity) on the left and standard SMA on the right.

the PCB mounted socket. This particularly true for UHF and N-Type adapters as they are likely to connect to a large diameter cable. An alternative to the adapter is to use a short coaxial pigtail lead with an SMA on one end and the target connector on the other. These leads provide the required conversion and largely overcome the problem of stressing the PCB mounted connector. The downside, of course, is that every connector adds losses to the link and become potential failure points. The better solution is to use a custom lead to make the connection between devices with dissimilar connectors, thus avoiding the use of adapters and pigtails and minimising the number of connectors. For this reason, I have now changed over from BNC to SMA connectors for all the low level signal routing in my shack. The initial snag with this approach is that ready-made SMA leads tend to be very expensive. This is because the leads are usually specified to work over the entire 18GHz frequency range, so high quality connectors and cable are essential thus driving up the price. However, in many amateur radio scenarios, SMA cables are being used to carry HF or VHF signals so

the microwave capabilities of the connector series are not necessary. The simple solution is to make your own SMA leads and it turns out this is surprisingly easy and cost effective.

DIY SMA leads

When I made the decision to swap to SMA for low-level connections it started me on a search to find the best value in SMA connectors and cable. There are a number of possible cable solutions. As all my leads were going to be used to patch signals around the shack, most would be very short at around 1m or less and flexibility was more important than the lowest possible loss. As a result, I decided to opt for one of the 2.5-3mm diameter cables, of which the most common are RG-316 and RG-174. Of these two, RG-316 offers the better quality and ease of use as it uses PTFE insulation that doesn't creep when you approach it with a soldering iron! The downside is that RG-316 is normally less flexible than RG-174 and the cheapest decent quality RG-316 is nearly twice the price of RG-174. The end result is that I'm now using RG-174 from RS Components for most of my general, low-level, shack leads but I still use RG-316 or better for some critical connections such as my vector network analyser (VNA). For a typical lead length of 1m the difference in loss between RG-316 and RG-174 is minimal, as you can see in Table 1.

TABLE 1: RG-1	74 vs RG-316	losses for a	1 m length.
Frequency R	G-174 RG	-316	Difference
200MHz 0.	.42dB 0.3	37dB	0.05dB
400MHz 0.	.6dB 0.5	52dB	0.08dB
3GHz 2.	.2dB 1.6	53dB	0.57dB

Sourcing connectors

SMA connectors are very easy to find and you will soon notice a huge range of prices. Let me start with a word of warning about supercheap connectors from eBay. Whilst there are some examples of good products at a good price, you stand higher chance of buying substandard connectors if you shop purely on price via eBay and similar sources, especially if the goods are supplied direct from the Far East. There are two main problems associated with poor quality SMA connectors. The first concerns the gold plating, which may be extremely thin (and liable to flake off). As you can imagine, bits of highly conductive gold dust floating around inside a connector is not good news. The second problem comes from poor quality control of the connector dimensions. If your cheap SMA plug has an oversize centre pin it could stretch and permanently damage the connector on your receiver or test gear, leaving you with a poor connection when you use a correctly sized connector - and a possibly expensive repair.

Tooling up

When I starting looking through the suppliers list of SMA connectors, it soon became apparent that I was going to have to use a crimp connection system as I couldn't find any solder-only SMA flexible cable connectors (unlike those for semi-rigid cable - Ed). The vast majority of the connectors use a solder connection for the centre pin but a crimp for the screen. Now you can pay an awful lot of money for a crimp tool but most of the commercial stuff is intended for daily production use so has to be both very accurate and robust, hence the relatively high cost. For hobby use, a lower spec crimp system will suffice and UK supplier, Wi-Fi Antennas [2], have a very useful set of RG-174/316 crimp pliers for just £15.26 including VAT, see Photo 2. I've been using this tool for about a year now and it does the job very well for me.

The other problem area with such small coaxial cables is stripping the cable and cutting the exposed sheath and insulation to precisely the correct dimensions. Having used rotary cable strippers in the past, I knew that they provided an excellent solution so I set about finding a suitable unit for 2.5mm diameter cables. Wi-Fi Antennas came to the rescue again with a neat rotary stripper at just £5.74 inclusive of VAT, seen in Photo 3. This has two adjustable cutting blades and can be used with both RG174 and RG316 cables. A more sophisticated alternative is the

Mike Richards, G4WNC mike@photobyte.org



PHOTO 3: Economy coax stripper.







Pressmaster Corex 3xx series Coaxial Wire stripper, Photo 4. This professional grade tool will strip a variety of coaxial cables up to RG-58 and includes the facility for a 3-stage cut to trim the sheath, screen and insulation to separate lengths. The Corex stripper is available in the UK but is guite expensive at around £50 for the basic tool plus up to £20 each for the different cutter inserts. However, Italian electronics retailer RF-Electronics [3] are selling the Pressmaster Corex as a kit (Corex Strip 316-58) including four cable spacers covering RG316/714 through to RG-58 and a three blade cutter cassette for just €39 plus VAT and carriage. Depending on the carriage option you select, the total price is likely to be around £50. The RF-Electronics site is well worth a visit as they have a very good service back to the UK and stock lots of specialist RF components at reasonable prices.

Step by step

For those that are new to crimp tools and coax cable strippers I'll run through the process I use. If you have any suggestions for doing a better job, please feel free to contact me, as I'm always looking for improvements.

Stripper adjustment: the first task is to adjust the stripping tool to match the cable you are using. Assuming you are using a rotary stripper, you will find adjustment screws for the blade heights on the underside of the tool, see Figure 1. Here's how to test the cutting:

- 1 Make sure that you have the tool insert set correctly so that the groove in the bottom matches the cable diameter, see Photo 3.
- 2 Open the tool, lay the cable in the groove and close the tool with the cable-end flush with the edge of the tool.
- 3 Hold the cable in one hand and spin the tool in the direction of the arrow for about 5 turns.
- 4 Without releasing the tool, pull it away towards the cut end. This should pull the sheath and the inner insulation away.





PHOTO 6: Braid trimmed back by 2.5mm with cutters.



PHOTO 7: Centre pin soldered in place.

Examine the cuts carefully with a magnifier to check the depth. Ideally, the sheath cut should be deep enough to release the outer but not disturb or nick the screened braiding. The same is true of the second cut that exposes the inner conductor, see Photo 5. You need to check very carefully that the blade doesn't nick the twisted wires of the centre conductor. Once you've completed the blade adjustment, you should find that the tool will reliably strip many cables before any further adjustment is necessary. If you are using the Pressmaster Corex stripper, you will find a useful instructional video from Pressmaster at [4]. The major difference with the Pressmaster is that it can make three cuts as opposed to two with the simpler stripper.

Terminating a straight, male, SMA connector:

- Slide a 40mm length of heatshrink tubing and the crimp ferrule onto the cable.
- 2 Lay the cable in the stripper with the end of the cable flush with the edge of the stripper.
- 3 Close and rotate the stripper about 5 or 6 times in the direction of the arrow on
- 4 Without releasing the stripper, pull it
- sideways to remove the sheath and inner insulation.
- 5 If all your adjustments are correct, your cable should look like Photo 5.
- 6 For the next step, you need to use a pair

of small but sharp side-cutters to cut the braid back by about 2.5mm, as in **Photo 6**. Those using the Pressmaster should find this trim has already been completed.

- 7 With a hot iron and small diameter solder, very lightly tin the centre conductor. To avoid burning and expanding the centre core insulation, apply the iron near the far end of the inner and let the solder run down towards the insulation.
- 8 Trim the inner to about 3mm long and use a small pair of pliers to reshape the inner to a circular profile. This is necessary because the inner is a close fit inside the centre pin and the shape damage from a pair of wire cutters will prevent insertion.
- 9 Hold the centre pin *gently* in a small vice and lightly tin the cable end of the pin.
- 10 With the centre pin still in the vice, present the inner conductor and apply heat to the pin to melt the tinning and allow the inner to fully enter the pin, see **Photo 7**. Be careful not to leave any solder on the outside edges of the centre pin as this could prevent the pin from seating properly.
- 11 Next, insert the cable and pin assembly into the body of the plug. NB: the inner insulation is a close fit into the body. If the insulation has expanded during the tinning process you can trim it carefully with a sharp knife, see **Figure 2**. Be careful to avoid any wisps of the braiding entering the housing.

- 12 With the centre pin properly seated, see **Photo 8**, you can slide the crimp ferrule over the rear section of the plug and make the crimp. If you are using the SMA plugs I suggested, you can use the 0.133" section of the crimp pliers to make the crimp, see **Photo 9**.
- 13 The final step is to slide the heat-shrink tubing up to the rear of the connector and use a heat-gun to complete the job, as seen in **Photo 10**.

Terminating a right-angle SMA plug:

Follow the same procedure as the straight SMA up to and including step 8, then continue as follows:

- 9 Insert the coax inner into the plug body so that the inner conductor sits in the slot at the top of the centre pin, as seen in **Photo 11**.
- 10 Using a small soldering iron bit, solder the centre conductor in place.
- 11 Slide the crimp ferrule up to the rear of the connector and use the crimp pliers set to 0.133" or similar to complete the crimp.
- 12 The top cap is a press fit so squeeze the connector gently in a small vice until the top is securely in place.
- 13 The final step is to slide the heat-shrink tubing up to the rear of the connector and shrink with a heat gun.

BNC to RG174

One of the common conversions you will need to make is from an SMA plug to a BNC plug. We can use the same technique as for the straight male SMA except you can skip the braid trim in step 6. This is because the BNC plug I suggest you use, works with the inner cut that's flush with the screen. Here's the step by step process for the BNC plug:

- 1 Strip the cable as described in steps 1-5 of the straight SMA instructions.
- 2 Tin the centre conductor and trim to 3mm.
- 3 Place the supplied clear sleeve over the inner insulation. This keeps the inner evenly spaced within the body to help maintain a constant impedance, see Photo 12.
- 4 With the centre pin held gently in a vice, tin the entry hole and solder the centre pin. Ensure that the clear spacer butts up against the pin.
- 5 Insert the inner assembly into the plug body.
- 6 Slide the crimp ferrule up to the plug body and crimp in place.
- 7 Finish by sliding the heatshrink into place and apply the heat gun.



PHOTO 8: Inner seated and screen positioned ready for crimping



PHOTO 9: Crimp complete.



PHOTO 10: The completed termination.



PHOTO 11: Close-up showing the slot in the inner connector.

Suggested connectors and cables

To support this project, I've been seeking out the best value in connectors and cables and here are my suggestions. All items were in stock and the prices were correct at the time of writing. Although RG-316 is a better quality cable, RG-174 is more flexible and the dimensions of the RS cable are better suited for use with these connectors.

• RG-174A/U 20m reel, stock no 222-8610, £14.02 plus VAT and carriage [5]

• RG-316, £1.48/m inc VAT [2]

- RG316 High quality (Huber+Suhner) RG-316/U, order code RG316, €2.75/m for >10m, plus VAT and carriage [3]
- Male SMA crimp connectors (RG174/ RG316), pack of 10, order code CC-316-SMA-MA-PK10, £10.18 inc VAT [2]
- SMA Right-angle crimp connectors (RG316/RG174), pack of 10, order code CC-316-MA-RA-PK10, £18.34 inc VAT [2]
- SMA female crimp connectors, (RG316/



PHOTO 12: BNC termination with clear sleeve in place.

RG174), ideal for wiring from PCB to project panel, pack of 10, order code CC-316-SMA-FE-PK10, £10.18 inc VAT [2]

- BNC Male connector (RG316/RG174/ RG188), order code 170 4335, £1.61 each plus VAT and carriage [6]
- 2 blade coaxial stripper for RG174/316, part no CC-CT-COAX-RG174, £5.40 inc VAT [2]
- Ratchet crimp tool, part no CC-CT-RG316-58, £15.26 inc VAT [2]
- Corex Coaxial Stripper, part no STRIP-316-58, €39.00 plus VAT and carriage [3]

Websearch

- [1] https://escies.org/webdocument/showArticle?
- id=576&groupid=6
- [2] www.wifi-antennas.co.uk
- [3] www.rf-microwave.com
- [4] www.youtube.com/watch?v=RnJ7z4eUywA
- [5] uk.rs-online.com [6] uk.farnell.com

RadCom Plus index

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The 2016 RSGB Convention



The RSGB would like to thank all those who made the 2016 RSGB Convention a success – the sponsor, Martin Lynch and Sons, the record numbers of delegates who attended, the lecturers who give so freely of their time and experience, the volunteers without whom the Convention just would not run (particularly the Camb-Hams and Regional team), the representatives from the main manufacturers and, finally, the staff at the venue.



Delegates had the chance to try soldering surface mount compents in the G4HUP SMD workshop.

Visitor numbers were significantly up on 2015. We had 542 people through the door, which is around 90 people or 20% more than last year. This included more international lecturers and visitors than ever before, including those who came from the International YL Convention, held in Milton Keynes. Of those who completed the online survey, 97% rated the Convention either excellent or good – thank you.

We were pleased to welcome stands from BYLARA, the UK 6m Group, ARDF, UK Microwave Group, ARRL, RSGB Youth Committee and CDXC.

Social scene

It was an even busier social scene this year. Delegates told us that they enjoyed the cheap real ale in the bar on Friday and Saturday evening! Our regular entertaiment of Friday evening prior the the ML&S Buffet, close up magician Steve Dean, was a popular as ever! Visitors had plenty of time to chat over coffee and over dinner too. This year many told us how much they enjoyed the food both Friday and Saturday evening. Our thanks to Susan Buckle for speaking to delegates after dinner after having given a lecture earlier in the day.

Lectures and workshops

A number of this year's lectures were filmed, thanks to Noel, G8GTZ, Phil, MODNY,

Lawrence, MOLCM and Rob, MOVFC. These will be made available to RSGB Members over the next few months. Hopefully it will help with those lectures that delegates had to miss during a scheduling clash!

As always a huge thank you to the lecturers, especially those from overseas, who travelled to the Convention. There's not enough space here to describe each and every lecture, but here are a few details from various delegates about the lectures they enjoyed the most.

DX fun without spending loads of money. Nick, G3RWF, RSGB President, talked on the rather challenging title of "DX fun without spending loads of money". He has been to Africa over 20 times in recent years, mainly as 5X1NH and 9X0NH. He described his approach to enjoying being the DX – but on a shoestring. The audience heard about the challenges of getting to interesting places, carrying all your kit and overcoming possible obstacles like airline luggage limits, licensing authorities and demanding immigration and customs teams. He gave his views and prejudices on equipment and how to make lightweight, effective and cheap masts and antennas (such as water bottles for insulators that seems to work - he has worked over 200,000 QSOs from Africa in the past 8 years). It was a light hearted and fun presentation with thought provoking content.

The story of SDR and Flex Systems. It was good to hear directly from FlexSystems founder, Gerald Youngblood, some of the

background to his entry into the world of SDR radio design. Gerald went back to first principles and built his Flex system from scratch, sharing his discoveries as he went. Gerald also showed how the same SDR equipment has helped them win government contracts for very sophisticated SDR systems. He also explained the rationale behind Flex using an open API (Application Programming Interface) for its radios and encouraged amateurs to find new ways to use amateur radio via the API.

Inspiring the next STEM generation. The team gave a very complete account of the ARISS project and illustrated some of the challenges they faced in making this major project a success. By building confidence in the capabilities of the ARISS team, they were able to secure contacts with Tim Peake for 10 schools across the UK. Susan Buckle from UK Space Agency explained their role in the process and illustrated how important the project was for the schools.

Advances in Amateur Television. Noel Mathews, G8GTZ provided an interesting summary of amateur television today with a particular focus on the new experimental allocations. In addition to covering the move to digital TV, Noel also showed the type of equipment in common use and encouraged others to participate. One delegate said how well-prepared and well-delivered it was - "I have subsequently started experimenting with DATV on 23cm".


One of our overseas lecturers, Gerald Youngblood, K5SDR from FlexRadio Systems.



Overseas visitors Peter, VK3RV, Jenny, VK3WQ with Steve, M1ACB.

VP8SGI & VP8STI DXpeditions. Mike McGirr, K9AJ took us on a trip to the South Atlantic with tales of adventure on South Sandwich and South Georgia; this was a BIG budget DXpedition with the final bill running to hundreds of thousands of dollars. The Intrepid DX Group demonstrated some amazing skills in activating these sought after islands; landing the equipment, setting up stations, surviving hurricane force winds, escaping an incoming ice flow and rescuing some holiday makers whose boat was holed in the storm. The Elecraft rigs and the small antenna farms seemed to do just fine, so long as propagation was favourable. Seeing photos and video clips from the DXpedition and hearing first hand about the trip was truly inspirational. The video clips were particularly awe inspiring. They made a total of around 140,000 QSOs from the two locations. If you did not catch the presentation, make sure to watch the video when it hits the members' website!

Space Weather. Prof Cathryn Mitchell from The University of Bath gave us a fascinating insight into the causes and effects of solar activity, or Space Weather. Starting off with an explanation of how high energy X-rays act on our atmosphere, and solar particles ejected from the sun becoming directed and concentrated by the Earth's magnetic field. All causing disturbances to the ionosphere that we use for HF communications, affecting GPS signals and sometimes leading to visible auroras. Then followed a description of possible effects a major solar storm could cause such as satellites failing in orbit. Currents of hundreds of amps flowing in grid lines leading to transformer failure. GPS signal timing lost and people slowing down and causing gridlock on motorways when errors in sat-nav positioning leads to junctions being missed. One comment that



Bob, NQ1R (ARRL) attended the Convention and Martin, G3ZAY working on DCCC card checking. December 2016

Andy, G4JNT came away with was "In the South of England, unless the Solar Activity index is eight or higher, it's not worth getting out of bed to look for a visible Aurora"!

Jacques Saget, F6BEE flew in from Paris to show some great pictures and video about the 2016 FT4JA DXpedition to Juan de Nova. This is an isolated island between Africa and Madagascar that is accessible only by boat or long range aircraft and where strict adherence to environmental rules is required. The team found accommodation with the military garrison and was able to set up antennas on the western beach to give great propagation to Europe and North America. They made over 105,000 QSOs and pushed the island at least 20 places down the wanted lists.

The IOTA Challenge. Cezar Trifu, VE3LYC is one of the Directors of the newly formed company, IOTA Ltd, who now run the IOTA award scheme, so it was most appropriate that he gave a presentation on some of his exploits in putting some rare Islands On The Air. His excellent presentation covered one trip to the Sub-Antarctic and one to the high Arctic, each with its own challenges and both requiring lots of time and dedication to make them successful. Some beautiful locations and some unexpected finds made for a very interesting 45 minute talk.

Results of RSGB Amateur Radio Survey. Around 3000 amateurs responded to the RSGB survey and John Gould, G3WKL gave an overview of the findings, some of which had been presented in RadCom. Some if the key findings were that the average age has only increased 2.9 years in the last 5 years and that young amateurs enjoy contesting. Steve Hartley, GOFUW answered questions on what was to be done with the results and he explained how they would inform the Society's strategic review. There were lots of good ideas from the audience and one attendee explained how having an amateur radio licence is still useful in securing employment where the recruiters know about the hobby. John's presentation is now available for Clubs to show at their meetings and arrangements can be made to have a Board member on Skype for a Q&A session afterwards. If there is a Board member living locally they may even be able to attend in person!

Being the DX and QRP. Dominic Baines, MOKTA gave a most enjoyable and informative talk in his own slightly manic style. He had some of his QRP kit with him and showed how his DXpeditions are run from the contents of a single rucksack. The Elecraft KX3 is his rig of choice and he has found the Buddipole

> Elaine Richards, G4LFM radcom@rsgb.org.uk



Neil Underwood, G4LDR, who bought his RSGB DXpedition Fund raffle ticket just 30 minutes before the raffle and won star prize of the Icom IC-7300.

dipole an excellent travelling companion. He has operated from some quite rare places and had to improvise with power sources, buying or renting batteries in country. He showed how you can run pile ups with minimalist gear and have a great time meeting other amateurs in the process. Lots of questions from the audience allowed him to go off script to share his experience and knowledge and judging by the hearty round of applause at the end it was very well received.

There were three workshops held over the weekend, a Buildathon, soldering surface mount components and using the Raspberry Pi and Red Pitaya.

Buildathon. Steve Hartley, GOFUW, is well known for his team's buildathons in Bath, the GQRP Convention and at a number of the schools involved with the ARISS contacts with Tim Peake. At the Convention he worked with Dennis Anderson, G6YBC, from Kanga UK, to provide a kit building workshop using a modified Foxx 3 40m CW transceiver; it included a K16 keyer that could be programmed for QRSS beacon use, or as a normal keyer for CW operation. All the kits were completed and all worked as intended. Donald Lamb, GOACK, said he had always wanted to build his own transceiver and he had now done it!

The Surface Mount workshop, once again run by Dave Powis, G4HUP was well received. Each stage of the process was covered in some detail during his talk first thing on Saturday morning, this was followed by the practical workshop. This gave visitors the opportunity to try their hand at an surface mount device project using Dave's tools and equipment.

For those that had their appetite for Pi whetted following Mike, G4WNC's Saturday presentation, he ran a drop-in workshop on Sunday afternoon. This was an informal session where he had Raspberry Pi's and a Red Pitaya running some of the projects from his talk. Mike also answered a variety of questions from the audience and ran a live demonstration of building software from source on the Raspberry Pi. A variety of display screens and cases were also on show.

Construction Competition

Congratulations to the winners, you can read more about this one page 25. Prizes were donated by the sponsor, ML&S, to whom the RSGB offer their thanks. Please think about entering the 2017 competition when taking part in your own local club competition. There are several categories you can enter ranging from building a kit to designing your own equipment.

Exams and card checking

Both UK and US exams were available over the weekend. We are pleased to say that there was a 100% success rate in the Foundation exam and a 78% pass rate in the Advanced exam. Congratulations to those who passed. In the US exams, we had two passes at Extra Class, three at General, and three at Technician. Well done.

We'd also like to thank Martin, G3ZAY for his DXCC card checking activities and to Bob, NQ1R from the ARRL who took the paperwork back to the US with him.

Prize Draw

The annual raffle is in support of the RSGB DX Fund. This fund makes donations to DXpeditions to the rarer countries with a good chance of working a significant number of stations in the British Isles. Well over £2000 was raised over the weekend – largely thanks to the sales efforts of Linda, GOTPX with help from Geoff, GODDX.

Our thanks to Icom UK, Kenwood and Yaesu UK who generously donated the main prizes – an Icom IC-7300, a Kenwood TH-F7E and Yaesu FT-817 respectively. Only one of the winners was there when the raffle was drawn but RSGB Board Chair Steve Hartley, GOFUW and former President Dave Wilson, MOOBW were able to present the remaining prizes to the lucky winners in the following weeks.



Kieran Clarke, M6RZR won the Yaesu FT-817, presented by Dave Wilson, M00BW.



Thomas Foy, N4HAI was the only winner present at the draw, he won the Kenwood TH-F7E.



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EMC

n a wide-ranging column this month we look at EMC compliance, past, present and future (post 'Brexit').

EMC compliance – past

The EMC Committee reported a product for suspected non-compliance with the EMC Regulations 15 years ago, in 2001. The product was a Wireless Phone Socket System that allowed voice telephone extensions to be connected via plug-in devices that used mains wiring to transmit two HF carriers.

The June 2001 EMC Column suggested that although these devices did not operate in amateur bands, the fact that they were CE marked and on sale in the UK represented the 'thin end of a wedge'. If this were allowed to continue, it could lead to a 'free for all' for products such as home networking to use the HF bands for broad band data communication via mains wiring.

Our laboratory tests with pre-compliance test equipment showed that the HF carriers at 3.339MHz and 8.247MHz exceeded the EN55022 Class B limit by 47dB and 54dB respectively. It would appear that this product would need to be CE marked using the Technical Construction File route (TCF, now called an EMC Assessment). This would need to include a justification for permitting intentional conducted emissions far in excess of the existing EN 55022 'B' conducted emission limit and this could be difficult to justify.

In the UK, EMC compliance is enforced by local authority Trading Standards departments or Ofcom (formerly RA). I reported the matter to my local Trading Standards department enclosing a copy of my test results. I subsequently received a telephone call stating that this Trading Standards department only had enough budget to have three products a year tested by a test lab and that the priority was testing products for safety. The difficulty in this case and similar cases is that if the TCF/EMC Assessment route has been used then it is difficult to challenge its validity and this is not something that Trading Standards have resources or expertise to do.

EMC compliance – present

Members sometimes ask which EMC standard a particular CE-marked product should meet. The answer is that it's not compulsory to test to any standard in



PHOTO 1: Non-standard earth wiring (green/ yellow coil of wire) associated with an air source heat pump (ASHP).

order to declare compliance with the EMC Directive, it's voluntary. A manufacturer may choose to provide an EMC Assessment for compliance as an alternative. This is a record of the technical analysis to justify a claim of compliance.

If however there is an appropriate product standard and if the EC Declaration of Conformity (DoC) says that the product has been tested to this standard then it is difficult to question the compliance. If there is reason to suspect that it does not actually meet the standard it has been declared to, then we need to have test results that show this. These could be presented to support an interference complaint to Ofcom.

EMC compliance - future

Several Members have asked what is likely to happen to the UK legislation that implements the EMC Directive (EMCD) and Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive (R&TTED) / Radio Equipment Directive (RED) after 'Brexit'. First of all, existing regulations will remain in force for at least two years after the UK invokes Article 50 (commencing the EU exit process), so there can be no changes until 2019. What may happen after that is not known at time of writing (October 2016) but a well-informed source has offered the following opinion. If the UK is to continue to have free market access to the EU then this could mean we have to continue to meet these Directives in UK as well as for goods that are exported to the EU. This is what happens in other countries in the European Economic Area (EEA).

Conversely, if the legislation that implemented these Directives in the UK is repealed, then the old Wireless Telegraphy Act, before the EMCD, had provision to apply regulations to products at the point of sale. Such regulations could be invoked again and this would need Primary legislation by Department of Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS), rather than Ofcom. Also before the R&TTED/RED, the UK used to have its own UK type approval regulations for radio equipment and these could also be invoked again.

Fridge freezer inverters

Some models of fridge-freezer made since 2015 use a new type of 'digital inverter compressor'. This allows the compressor to operate continuously at variable speeds, unlike a conventional single-speed compressor, which either runs at full speed or is switched off. Variable speed operation is claimed to offer various advantages including improved efficiency and reduced 'carbon footprint'.

Although this technology may offer many advantages, it appears that low RF interference is not one of them. A conventional compressor uses an AC induction motor where the motor itself does not generate any RFI and the only RFI from the fridge is a brief click when the thermostat switches on or off. The 'digital inverter compressor' is a switching variable speed AC motor drive and we have received a couple of reports that these can generate RFI in amateur bands and elsewhere.

Although there is no reason to suppose that the product in question exceeds the EN55014 conducted emission limits below 30MHz, the limits in this standard do not protect weak signal communication in HF bands and the conducted emission test method does not directly measure radiation from the wiring in the fridge/freezer, which could be a factor.

If you are buying a new fridge/freezer, it is worth checking whether it uses an inverter. We would also be interested to receive any other reports of RFI from fridge/freezers.

LED lighting standards

Several Members have asked how to find LED lights with low RFI. The first thing to look for is whether they have been tested to an EMC standard and if so, which version. The world-wide Standard for Lighting is CISPR 15 and this is adopted into the EC and thence into the UK as BS EN 55015.

The 2006 version of the Standard, BS EN 55015:2006 does not state that it covers LED lights and it appears that in some cases, this may be interpreted as a loophole in the Standard that allows unlimited emission from LED lights. The 2006 version of the Standard has a date of withdrawal (dow) of 2018-05-01. This means that LED lights that quote the 2006 edition of the Standard and therefore might not have had any emission limits applied can still be sold until 1 May 2018. In such cases, the only line of objection to excessive emission would be to say that it "fails to meet the Essential Requirement of the EMC Directive."

The 2013 version of the standard, BS EN 55015:2013 includes EMC requirements that specifically refer to LED Lamps and Luminaires for the first time. If you are buying any LED lighting product then it would be advisable to make sure that it complies with the 2013 version of the standard, BS EN 55015:2013. To find this out, you need to see the EC Declaration of Conformity (DoC) but as a customer, you don't have a right to see this document. The EMC Directive only gives Trading Standards officers the right to demand the DoC although many vendors voluntarily make the EC DoC available to the public. It may be included in the instruction booklet or it may be available online or on request.

Air source heat pumps

Air Source Heat Pumps (ASHP) are becoming popular for 'Eco houses'. An ASHP is a bit like an air conditioning system in reverse. It has an outdoor unit that cools down the outside air and the heat extracted from the air (plus the energy used by the compressor) is available indoors to heat water or for space heating. For every kilowatt of electrical input power to run the ASHP, up to 3kW of heat output can be produced.

ASHPs for domestic use have a typical electrical input power rating between 4kW and 14kW and use a switching type variable speed AC motor drive. The outdoor unit normally meets applicable EMC standards but we have had one isolated report of RFI in HF bands from a newly installed ASHP. The radio amateur reported significant wideband RF noise at 18MHz up to at least 28MHz on a cycle of approximately 15 minutes on and 5 minutes off. The amateur's antenna was a horizontal loop antenna up at 55ft on a pole that it was 30ft away from the ASHP. The matter was reported to Ofcom who visited and said that the amateur's antenna was far too close to the ASHP unit.

The manufacturer of the ASHP was contacted and they were asked if the product



PHOTO 2: Poorly screened VGA cable that radiates RFI on 14MHz and 18MHz amateur bands.

met the Essential Requirements of the EMC Regulations as the RFI started as soon as this equipment was put into service. They responded that they were confident that globally all their products meet legal requirements in respect of any country they are sold in, as this was their duty as a manufacturer. They stated that they do not install the products and how they are used or maintained is the responsibility of the purchasers. They said that if we wished to take this matter any further then they suggested that we should communicate with their legal department.

Although Ofcom and the manufacturer had been unable to help, the Ofcom engineer noticed something unusual about the mains earthing of the ASHP, so the radio amateur took Photo 1. Normally, the Phase, Neutral and Earth conductors would all run in the same 3-core cable from the apparatus to the mains supply. Common-mode interference currents on phase and neutral return via the earth wire. Alternative configurations of earth wiring are possible but an adequate and safe earthing configuration at 50Hz could affect the EMC performance of the installed equipment. For example, if the earth wire splits off from phase and neutral and takes a different route, then this could create a loop that radiates RFI. It could be argued that in such a case, the ASHP is not correctly installed although the installation instructions are not very specific and they don't say that you can't do it this way.

Then, further extension building work took place and the RFI is no longer significant. It appears that the configuration of the mains wiring has been changed to a configuration that causes much less RFI.

As ASHPs are becoming increasingly popular for 'Eco houses', we would be interested to hear of any other reports of RFI from such devices.

VGA cables

Steve, G3OAG reports that while experimenting with different VGA monitor leads to check for QRM he first tried a cheap type, which obliterated the 14MHz and 18MHz bands with PC noises. He dissected the cable, which is shown in Photo 2. This shows that there are no separate coaxial cables for the R, G and B video signals, just plain wires together, with an overall aluminised plastic foil screen and a 'drain wire', which was connected to the ground pins on the plug.

He then exchanged this for a 'proper' VGA lead of around twice the thickness and weight with separately screened coaxial cables for R, G and B. This produced no observable QRM. Steve's advice is to be very cautious and only buy a thick and heavy VGA cable, which should be properly screened.

> Dr David Lauder, G0SNO emc.radcom@rsgb.org.uk

Feature

Station Gilnahirk



PHOTO 1: The Wireless Station, officially Composite Signals Organisation Station Gilnahirk.

Revealing what you did in World War II was not always easy. For some, the answer had to be crafted in a way that did not reveal the true nature of their activities.

The wearing of a Royal Signals uniform is naturally associated with the work of military communications, but for one group of individuals this uniform was also the cover for the work associated with Bletchley Park, home of MI6 code breaking.

I have spent over ten years recovering the history and purpose of a former government building on the outskirts of east Belfast. As my research evolved over the years, I have discovered that many who worked there said nothing to their families, but instead took all their WWII secrets to the grave.

Photo 1, taken in 2004, is of what was once known locally as the Wireless Station. It was place of absolute secrecy; questions were never asked because answers would not be forth coming. Officially this had been Composite Signals Organisation Station Gilnahirk, one of a number of GCHQ listening stations both in the UK and overseas. Switched off in 1978, this building remained empty, neglected and heavy vandalised until it was finally demolished in 2010. For twenty-six years the men and women who had worked at this location had been listening for any indication of a surprise nuclear attack on the west.

Prior to 1952, the work of GCHQ had been in operation on this site since 1947 using the former World War Two accommodation – a collection of wooden huts and brick buildings. They too had enjoyed a period of retirement, lasting just seventeen months before being dusted down and brought back into government service for the period in history we called The Cold War.

World War Two

My story begins in 1938 with a threat to our national security. It came to the attention of MI5 that Hitler's equivalent of our MI6 was keen to know more about us. This German organisation was known as the Abwehr and, before the outbreak of war, it began a recruitment campaign within the ranks of Welsh Nationalism and Irish Republicanism. These spies, or agents, would be required to keep Berlin informed of our wartime preparations. They would communicate using various methods, one being wireless telegraphy.

On 13 December 1938, a secret War Office meeting took place to discuss the creation of an organisation within the UK to detect illicit wireless transmissions as soon as possible.

The chairman, Colonel KW Martin DSO, brought to the attention of those present a directive from the Committee of Imperial Defence (issued in 1933) that the following would apply in a time of national emergency;

"The War Office should be responsible in peace and war for the direction and finance of an organisation for the detection of illicit wireless transmissions.

"The Post Office to act as agents for the War Office and to provide material and personnel for this purpose."

So the General Post Office (Wireless Telegraphy) department acted as agents for the War Office and oversaw the work. Military intelligence brought together a group of army officers from within the ranks of military intelligence and Royal Signals. They were known as the RSS or Radio Security Section. In time, the word Section was replaced by the word Service. With their HQ in Wormwood Scrubs prison, nine regional offices were also established across the UK; Thurso and Stirling in Scotland, Belfast in Northern Ireland. Preston, Leicester, Cambridge, Leatherhead and Exeter in England and Cardiff in Wales.

Working alongside the GPO were a specially selected (vetted) group of radio amateurs (known as VIs), many drawn from within the ranks of the RSGB. They were individuals who were licenced, up to the task in hand and, most importantly, had their own equipment and a capability of listening to an incoming Morse coded transmission at a speed of twenty words per minute or higher. Working from within their own homes they too were under the direction and control of the RSS. They were doing the same work as their fulltime counterparts in the GPO but there was one major difference.

Quoting from the final sentence of a letter dated July 1940, sent to Arthur Irwin, GI5TK inviting him to become a Voluntary Interceptor.

"The whole thing is entirely voluntary and no pay is attached."

Time and space prevent me from providing a full account but what took place next is key to understanding the purpose of this article.

Voluntary Interceptors

This is part of what Colonel Wollredge, officer in charge of the RSS wrote on the 12 February 1941. The document, marked Secret, is two pages in length.

"As you have been for some long-time well aware I consider that the present organisation of RSS is unsound. I am responsible for the

George Busby george.busby@btinternet.com work done but I have no control over the personnel who carry that work out, other than the small military staff. We are dependant up a part time service from the Post Office for the supply of all equipment, construction of stations and maintenance, and supply of personnel. The personnel are subject to their peace time terms of employment and the rules and regulations, both Post Office and Trade Union, which are based upon peace conditions, is utterly unsuitable for war. The result is a state of incompetence and inefficiency which would not be tolerated for one moment in any fighting service. So long as the present organisation continues it will be impossible for RSS ever to become properly efficient as an active war organisation.

The letter continues:

"There is a very acute shortage of wireless operators in the country.

"Exact figures are not yet available but at a rough guess it seems likely that we could select possibly as many as two hundred GPO operators from the present staff of approximately three hundred as suitable for continuance in the work.

"It would probably be necessary therefore to recruit a further two hundred to two hundred and fifty efficient operators if they can be found. There is only one source which can supply operators who already possess the necessary qualifications and experience in this work, namely, those civilians, ex amateurs principally, who are now and have been for many months employed at Voluntary Interceptors by the RSS and who at the present time number about one thousand one hundred."

Just to explain the term used, ex amateurs. Having been vetted the amateur who accepted the call to serve King and Country was required to sign the Official Secrets Act and once the ink was dry they were officially no longer radio amateurs, but Voluntary Interceptors in the eyes of the state and more importantly were engaged



PHOTO 2: This wartime card tells us the owner is off the air but is at "The BOX somewhere in England" – to those who knew, the BOX was the wartime HQ of the Radio Security Section in Barnet..

in the work of Military Intelligence. Naturally they could tell no one what they had become involved with and that included their families.

During my research I was approached by George Browne, GIOMXT who had known the late Arthur Irwin, GI5TK. Arthur had been a VI from 1940 to 1942 and was then recruited as a fulltime operator at Gilnahirk up until 1945. During those three years, Arthur had exchanged QSL cards with his fellow operators at Barnet, PO Box 25 (during training Sept / Oct 1942) but more importantly at Gilnahirk. Those cards were placed into an autograph book and when Arthur passed away the autograph book was saved. **Photo 2** is an example of the many cards. Dated 30 September 1942 this card tells us the owner is off the air, he has been vetoed, but is at the BOX somewhere in England – the

TABLE 1: WWII RSS VIs.

Harold Wilkinson, G4NW Norman H Sedgwick, G8WV CA Bradbury, BRS1066 JH Tickle, GW5TC Frank Hooson, G3YF W Wilkinson, G3VR Bert Lingard, G3IR George H Woolner, G4BC CR Ponting, G6ZR David A V Williams, G3C00 E H Staves, G8TV J Stewart Owen, GW3QN Harold Beardwood, G5ZB G H Ramsden, G6BR E F Mecke Lu Bright Robert Cowden, GI2BZV / PA2 R Ussher Cree J C Macphail **Clifton Fisher** George Cooper of Liverpool Bob Loote

J H Faulkner J D MacDonald of Thurso C W Thomas Stan Ince, G6I C Bob Gilchrist of Scotland Sydney J Biggs, G2FWZ Les H Baker P T Innes of Erthwhile Adam Pritchard F J McCormick Cyril Hartley of Liverpool N A Deeble Peter Dobson F S Robinson R L Varney, G5RV Stan Wickham J G French I A Clarke W Ken Miller, G6QF Adam N Little of Galashiels R S Beddie of Scotland C Cathcart J Nicol of North Shields

Jimmy R Adams, GM5KF A J Matthews, G6QM C T Fairchild, G3YY John V Parsons, G5QP H Leonard Wise, G6XF Jack M Miller, GM4MM R G Smith S Tollermon J S Owen, GW3QN A Stuart Clacy, G6CY Gordon W Parkes, G3NL R R Smith, G6TQ Les Drakeford, G2DWB W G Taylor, 2AGX John C Imrie, GM4GK Tommy Woodcock, G600 T C Karling, BRS3047 W F Mudford, G6BK Peter Modridge, G6PM also two cards from Captain Joe Banham and Major EA Sabine.

BOX being the wartime HQ of the RSS, PO Box 25. Stewart was clearly on the same training course as GI5TK.

For the families of the men who served with the RSS there is little or no evidence of their vital wartime work. Many VIs / operators said nothing to their families and took their secrets to the grave. On the other side of the coin, families who have tried to find out more have found the information difficult to obtain.

So let me conclude this very brief account of my research by revealing the names of those radio amateurs from the mainland who I can confirm were engaged in the work of the RSS, **Table 1**. I have recorded all these names on the veteran's register at Bletchely Park.

"Almost everything that BP did depended on radio interception (Signals Intelligence) without which there would have been no cyphered Italian, German or Japanese messages to 'break'; and while it is only recently that interceptors, many of them volunteers, have been given the tribute they deserve, I admire Gordon Welchman, a mathematician for laying emphasis at the time, and in his book The Hut Six Story, on the importance of what they were doing." – Asa Brigg

'They' being the radio amateurs, the Voluntary Interceptors.

George Busby has written a book on Station Gilnahirk that contains a vast amount of detail about its wartime and other operations, and particularly the Voluntary Interceptors. For more information see the Book Review on page 46.

Data

How Digital is a DigiMode?

Back in days of yore when RTTY reigned supreme, the contents of a 'digital' transmission were obvious. Two tones, mark and space, represented binary digits '1' and '0'. Sequences of bits sent serially made up the values for the letters and numbers of the alphabet. Later came PSK31, where a 0 or 180 degree phase shift served the same purpose. The receiver makes a simple decision as to which tone dominates then generates a hard decision, a '1' or '0' output, with nothing in between. Noise or interference sufficient to corrupt the decoding process just generates errors – take it or leave it.

Other modes, rarely, if ever, seen in amateur circles back then were in use that did not even pretend to be binary related. One of the earliest was Piccolo, invented by the UK Foreign office in the 1950's. 32 individual tones were used, each tone representing a letter of the alphabet or a space or a shift symbol that allowed numbers and punctuation to be sent instead; just like the RTTY alphabet. The original decoder used 32 resonant reeds, or tuned circuits. Not a binary digit in sight – is this a 'digital transmission'?

The first WSJT mode to appear, JT44, used a similar technique with separate tones to represent characters taken from an alphabet of 43 letters, numbers and punctuation symbols. A 44th tone was used for synchronisation. By now digital computers were used for decoding but if you were masochistic enough it could have been received with an analogue decoder. A more complex waveform is quadrature amplitude modulation, QAM, where a carrier is modulated in amplitude and phase, settling into a number of defined states. A simulated 64-QAM signal with added noise for a mean 25dB signal to noise ratio is shown graphically in Figure 1. No one would doubt that these are probably digi-modes, but the over air waveform takes on many different values - it is a quantised analogue waveform where each symbol represents a number or value. Is this an analogue waveform, or a digital one, and do we even care? Multilevel signalling offers us a trade-off between bandwidth, data rate and S/N.

Soft decisions

All data transmissions can benefit from soft decision decoding where the distance from any decision threshold is measured. The lines between the blobs in Figure 1 show thresholds and a simple decoder would just choose which 'square' to place the received sample into. But what happens if a sample falls very close to, or on, a line? A hard decision decoder on a RTTY or PSK31 signal would have a high probability (up to

50%) of just getting it plain wrong. In a QAM transmission it could place the decoded value in any of the adjacent 'squares'. But if it 'knows' it is too close to the decision line, the decoder could reject the symbol and flag up an error to say the value is corrupted. This is a lot better than a truly incorrect decision resulting in, say, the wrong letter or number appearing and may be adequate; but it is still not ideal.



FIGURE 1: Simulated 64-QAM signal at 25dB signal to noise ratio.

Error correction

Soft decision is the perfect partner for error correction coding. By adding extra transmitted symbols in a controlled way it is possible to make the decoder have a pretty good idea of what, more or less, is going to come next. But it must know what was level actually received, not having passed though a decision slicer. It obviously shouldn't know exactly what to expect, otherwise there would be no point in sending the next symbol. Having a 'good idea of what it might be' works well enough. So, when the next symbol comes along corrupted by noise or interference, the decoder can decide if it is close enough to what was expected to be valid. Symbols that would be rejected by a hard decision decoder can now be mostly pointed in the right direction, with many of them correctable.

Back in 1967 Andrew Viterbi came up with a generalised concept for fast and efficient error correction based on searching back through an encoded sequence, looking for the most-likely, or most-probable next symbol. This is compared with that actually received, using all possible scenarios to get to the current place, with the most unlikely routes discarded each time. Then the sequence goes onto the next symbol and continues using knowledge of the last decoded one if it was good, or marking with a low weight if bad. So each decoded symbol is sent to the output based on a weighted average of several before it, with the weighting depending on how close they were to the correct values. The Viterbi algorithm, or process, was first used with convolutional coding as used in WSPR, JT4, JT9 and QPSK31 amongst other amateur datamodes. It is applicable to many different types of waveforms: binary, multilevel,

frequency, phase or amplitude modulated. Viterbi is a *decoding* process and not, as often incorrectly stated, a modulation or coding in its own right.

Reed-Solomon error correction

Another type of error correction works on blocks of symbols / values in a system akin to that of adding parity bits to a binary waveform. Additional symbols are generated from groups of input multilevel ones. The maths is complicated, but is loosely connected with modulo or clock arithmetic [1]. At the receiving end, all values coming out of the demodulator are passed through a reverse process using the added parity symbol values to repair the corrupted information ones. As the values are all just numbers there is now no need for deciding how close they lie to a decision threshold. The actual demodulated numbers, however corrupted, can be used directly in the calculation with decision thresholds applied only to the final output values.

Reference

[1] Take as an example arithmetic Modulo 10: (2 + 3) MOD 10 = 5, as we'd expect, but (6 + 7) MOD 10 = 3, as 13 MOD 10 = 3. This applies to multiplication too, (4 * 5) MOD 10 = 0 and (9 * 9) MOD 10 = 1. Reed-Solomon encoding uses more complex techniques than plain modulo arithmetic to generate the parity symbols, but the idea is the same.

> Andy Talbot, G4JNT andy.g4jnt@gmail.com



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Book Review

A host of different, and interesting, books to read during those long winter evenings.

The Spies At Gilnahirk

by George Busby

It's funny how life goes. George Busby sent in his article about Station Gilnahirk (see page 42) some time ago and it went through the normal editorial process with the intention of putting it in the November edition. Due to pressure of space it had to be postponed until this month, but when I sent him the proof for checking he casually mentioned that he had recently written a whole *book* on the subject, imminently due for publication. I persuaded him to send an advance copy and was completely bowled over by it. I can honestly say that if you like George's article you'll love this book.

The role of Bletchley Park in World War II is well known. And it's also well known how it was fairly unceremoniously shut down after the war. What is far less well known is that Gilnahirk Wireless Station in Northern Ireland was also involved in similar work but *didn't* get shut down after the War. Indeed, it quietly carried on doing similar work well through the Cold War. The author really only hints at the latter activity, reproducing a letter of commendation from 1965 that clearly indicates that 'stuff' was going on, but he declares he was advised that research into the Cold War activities and duties of Gilnahirk was a door he should leave firmly closed. So although the station was operational for about 36 years he confined his research to the first five – which are fascinating. (I can't help wondering if someone, someday will write a sequel...).



Many of the operators at Gilnahirk were Voluntary Interceptors and this book reads like a who's who of amateur radio in Northern Ireland. The RSGB was secretly involved in the wartime recruitment and some of the names mentioned in the book will be very familiar to many amateurs today. I leave it to you to spot them!

There are many fascinating historical documents reproduced or referenced in the book including, near the end, a complete transcript of "Notes on the Detection of Illicit Wireless" from 1940, which described how "... to intercept, locate and close down, illicit wireless stations operated either by enemy agents [or by persons] without being licensed to do so". And they were good at it. Some of the achievements mentioned in the book include interception and direction finding connected with the sinking of the *Bismark* and many other important battles, campaigns, deceptions and detections.

You'll probably already know if you like this sort of book. If you have an interest in Voluntary Interceptors, cloak-and-dagger radio work and similar topics then this is definitely one to add to your bookshelf. It's good.

ISBN 9781 9106 5708 9 144 pages, 215 x 205mm Non-Members' price £12.99 Members' price £11.04



Raspberry Pi User Guide 4th edition

Eben Upton and Gareth Halfacree

If ever there was a book 'from the horse's mouth' then this is it: Eben Upton is the man behind the Raspberry Pi. After he "accidentally" promised everybody in the world a \$25 computer, he turned his early rough prototypes into the Raspberry Pi – now

in its third generation, with over ten million sold.

But what if 'sudo apt-get install' is Martian to you? That's where this book comes in. It contains the distilled wisdom necessary to get up and running, program and hack the hardware, and generally do all the messing about that the Raspberry Pi bandwagon promises. This 4th edition will help you get to grips with Linux, Python, Scratch and more, including driving the Pi camera, connecting 'stuff' to the GPIO bus and even hacking Minecraft.

If you – or someone you know – has a Raspberry Pi or is thinking of getting one, this book should definitely be on your must-have list. ISBN 9781 1192 6436 1, 312 pages, 235 x 188mm Non-Members' price £16.99 Members' price £12.74 (25% Off)



The Cray Valley Years 1946-2016 A history of the Cray Valley Radio Society

by Bob Treacher, MOMCV

Cray Valley RS is well known in the amateur radio community. From its inception just after WWII to date it has had its share of ups and

downs – heady times in the 1970s, doldrums in the 90s, and back up to a healthy membership with a successful training programme, the club has seen a wide range of fortunes. It even became a Limited Company at one time. Now, on a roll, long-time member Bob Treacher, MOMCV has written an authoritative history of the club's 70 years. This detailed book has wider interest than just members of CVRS, as it contains some very interesting lessons that many other clubs could learn from. Readers will also discover some of the history behind a number of very well-known callsigns and personalities.

ISBN 9781 9101 9329 7 220 pages, 240 x 174mm Non-Members' price £14.99 Members' price £12.74

Radio Propagation Explained

by Steve Nichols, GOKYA

They say that two heads are better than one and this book is a fine example of exactly how true that can be. Steve Nichols is a renowned expert on propagation in his own right, and this book is his development of *Radio Propagation – Principles and Practice* by Ian Poole, G3YWX, published some 12 years ago. Ian is an author of renown; Steve has extended the work and the whole is a tremendously good look at a phenomenon that affects us all as amateurs.

Even the newest beginner will realise there must be a reason why some bands are 'dead' at certain times of the day but bustling with activity at other times. That reason is propagation – signals being reflected from high in the sky and coming back down hundreds or thousands of miles away. The different propagation mechanisms come into play on different frequencies: the characteristics of MF, HF, VHF and above are all different and fascinating in their own ways. This book explains what's going on in terms that are very understandable.

It's impossible to summarise a book with this breadth of coverage but if I tell you it starts off with a basic explanation of how electromagnetic waves work and by chapter 12 it's telling you about the effect of the ionosphere on space communications, you get some idea of how much it covers. We get to learn about the fundamentals, about the atmosphere, the sun, propagation near the ground; the basics of ionospheric propagation (including the effect of various storms, disturbances and aurora); LF, MF and HF band characteristics, Tropo and other VHF and above modes, and much more.

One very interesting section is Chapter 9, HF Propagation Prediction Software. This is an area that has seen significant development and can take a lot of guesswork out of radio, particularly if you don't have the experience that tells you that afternoon or early evening is the best time to try contacting the east cost

of the USA from the UK in October. Here you'll find an overview of the most popular (and best) propagation tools, both free and paid-for, that can really give you the edge when you're planning your operating.

Everyone will have learned something about propagation in the course of obtaining their licence but, as this book demonstrates, there is so much more you can discover. It's incredibly rewarding and, unlike many books, understanding propagation can have a direct effect on your mastery of amateur radio and your enjoyment of our hobby. It's not an expensive book, yet it is worth its weight in gold for the amount of truly useful knowledge it contains. Any amateur, no matter how new or how experienced, is guaranteed to learn from this book. Highly recommended.

ISBN 9781 9101 9328 0 128 pages, 240 x 174mm Non-Members' price £12.99 Members' price £11.04



Churchill's Most Secret Airfield RAF Tempsford

by Bernard O'Connor

I have flown over the remains of RAF Tempsford in a microlight from the flight school near Moggerhanger, not far from Bedford, and my tutor told me a few facts about it that whetted my appetite. So I was very pleased to come across this book, whose 256 densely-packed pages

reveal a marvellous account of the history, ranging from how the bushes were uprooted to clear the land for construction, through some truly fascinating operational details, to post-war decommissioning. There are details of the aircraft, the air crews, lots of information on the secret agents taken from Tempsford and dropped into occupied territory (details I found fascinating). A large amount of the book is about agents' experience, some of which doesn't make for easy reading. There were some very brave people who met very unpleasant ends – but also many who came through impossible situations thanks to luck or deception. I can't possibly do justice to this book in so few words but I can promise it offers a fascinating insight into the very secret wartime goings-on that came via Tempsford but affected the whole world.

256 pages, 197 x 124mm ISBN 9781 4456 0690 3 Non-Members' price £ 12.99 Members' price £9.74 (25% Off)



Cold War Counterfeit Spies Tales of espionage; genuine or bogus? By Nigel West

I for one had no idea that there was so much that has been published about military activity, spying, etc since WWII that has *simply been made up* or hugely embellished by the author. *Cold War Counterfeit Spies* contains 17 chapters covering a wide range of topics from the latter half of the 20th century and beyond.

Not all are about the Cold War and you will find Northern Ireland, Vietnam, Afghanistan and others all covered, as are well-known embellishing authors such as Sir Ranulph Fiennes and Andy McNab. This book is full of fascinating snippets including published authors who were actually psychiatric patients purporting to members of the SAS to improbable stories of spies who had never even been to the countries in question. This is a fascinating read that covers a huge amount and leaves you wondering how some authors ever got published. It's a truly fascinating read and shows that some of those stories in print that "surely couldn't have happened" actually didn't.

ISBN 9781 4738 7955 3, Hardback 256 pages, 157 x 236 mm Non-Members' price £25.00 Members' price £18.75 (25% Off)

> Giles Read, G1MFG giles.read@rsgb.org.uk



Feature

Commemorating the first UK-US transatlantic QSO

n 21 December 1921, a two-way QSO took place between 1BCG in the US and an unnamed station in Scotland. It is believed this is the first successful two-way transatlantic QSO. Two stations will be on the air in December to mark this historic event.

GB2ZE will be on the air from Ardrossan in Scotland and N1BCG in Greenwich, Connecticut to celebrate this 95th anniversary.

History

The first logged signals across the Atlantic took place in early December. Exact dates and time are a little difficult to prove as logs have been lost over the years and we have to reply on reports of the time and other anecdotal evidence.

During the ARRL Convention held in Chicago in 1921, it was announced that a second series of transatlantic tests would take place in December of that year. The ARRL, decided to send the well-known American amateur Paul Godley, 2ZE to Europe to take part, bringing with him the latest American equipment. He addressed a meeting of the RSGB in London, bringing details of a station in Georgia that had been heard at a distance of 2540 miles using a three valve set. Whilst in London, Godley met with Marconi, Campbell Swinton, Sir Henry Jackson and other distinguished members of the RSGB.

Godley first set up his receiving equipment consisting of a Paragon regenerative receiver and an Armstrong superhet in the home of Frank Philips (he was the designer of a range of Burndept receivers) in Middlesex. After listening for two days, Godley decided that atmospheric noise and harmonics from single circuit valve transmitters local factories would make it difficult for him to hear weak signals from across the Atlantic. So he decided to move his station to Ardrossan in Scotland. The aerial was a Beverage type some 850ft long supported on poles 12 feet high, considerably bigger than any UK amateur could erect. At that time the UK regulations was for a maximum length of 100 feet of wire.



Paul Godley, 2ZE on his UK visit in 1921 with equipment and aerials never seen here before.

A phosphor-bronze wire was then run the entire length of the line and was earthed through a non-inductive resistance, the earth plates taking the form of several short lengths of iron piping buried about 4 feet in the ground. The aerial was the first Beverage array erected in the UK.

According to notes made after the event, it was probably at 0133GMT on 8 December 1921, that Godley thought he heard 1AEP but the atmospheric noise made identification a little uncertain. On 11 December he positively identified 1BCG, a station set up in Connecticut by six members of the Radio Club of America

British radio amateurs had been listening for American signals too. Almost certainly W F Burne, 2KW of Sale was probably the first to pick up these signals a day before Godley heard his first confirmed signal. 2KW's equipment was very different to that being used in Scotland. It had just three HF amplifier stages with tuned transformer couplings, followed by a detector and one low frequency amplifier and a separate heterodyne oscillator. It was made up of war surplus components. His aerial was an inverted L type 45 feet in length with two wires spaced 10ft 6 inches apart with a 50ft lead in.



The antenna at the home of W F Burne, 2KW.

December's stations

Jason, GM7VSB grew up only a few feet away from the location of 2ZE's station in Ardrossen and will put GB2ZE on the air during December. N1BCG will be on the air close to the original station site too. More news will appear in GB2RS and on the RSGB website as details of times and frequencies for these stations. QSL cards will be available for those who collect them.

> Elaine Richards, G4LFM radcom@rsgb.org.uk

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Sport Radio

ecember is the month when there are no RSGB HF contests and, because of the festive break, there are less VHF contests than other months.

2m AFS is the first VHF contest of the month, on the 4th. It's the third contest in the 2016/7 Super League series, and it's the Super League that has been responsible for a big increase in participation. 2014 was a record year, but last year - to quote the adjudicator - Storm Desmond came along with "torrential rain and high strength winds until the storm died away during the contest". It resulted in a 9% drop in participation, which shows just what a disincentive bad weather can be to an event that has a significant percentage of portable stations operating in it. Let's hope for calm weather this year. We then move into the final UKACs of the year; 2m on Tuesday 6th, 70cm on Tuesday 13th and 23cm on Tuesday 20th. There are no 6m or SHF UKACs because they would be in the Christmas break, but for those who want to take part in contests over the festive period there are the Christmas Cumulatives on the 26th to the 29th. All four bands (6m-70cm) and two hours each day, so lots of band hopping will be necessary if you want to do well

Now that the 2016 UKAC series is drawing to a close it seems appropriate to review it and take a look at the changing fortunes of the major players in it over the past five years. Although it's too soon to declare the winners, notwithstanding any disasters the Yorkshire-based Ossett ARO team should come out on top, see **Table 1**. They came into the Top 3 for the first time last year and thanks to a solid performance across all the bands – especially SHF – will make it to the top this year. TABLE 1: Top five teams in the UKACs. Italics indicate current positions; 2016 series not yet finished.

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1st	Bolton	Bolton	Travelling Wave	Travelling Wave	Bolton	Ossett
2nd	Harwell	Spalding	Bolton	Bolton	Travelling Wave	Travelling Wave
3rd	Trowbridge	Travelling Wave	Spalding	Spalding	Ossett	Drowned Rats
4th	Camb Hams	Trowbridge	Camb Hams	Sheffield	Spalding	GMDX
5th	Macclesfield	Harwell	Trowbridge	Trowbridge	Drowned Rats	93 CG

At this stage of the series Travelling Wave CG are the only team who could beat them, but TWCG have hardly participated in the SHF sessions all year. Everyone had better watch out if TWCG have been quietly developing SHF plans for 2017. But who's this in third place? The Drowned Rats CG is a relatively new group. Based in the South East, it's easy to make lots of QSOs in the UKACs, but not easy to get lots of points for each one, because distances tend to be shorter. Mind you, members of Ossett suffer for the same reason, although the area of the country is different.

The UK Six Metre Group's Winter Marathon starts this month and continues until the end of January. There are no specific operating periods; just work as many Locator squares as you can. Next we have two ARRL contests. The ARRL 160m runs for 42 hours, starting 22:00 on Friday 2nd. Because you need to work the USA, US Territories and Canada only, the only time there is going to be a path is when its dark at both ends of the QSO. This means you can expect to hear the better equipped East Coast stations from about 22:00 each night. Propagation will spread West as darkness falls across North America, but the band will close around dawn in the UK (when the D Region forms). I know from experience that you don't need a mega-station to work some of the Americans. 100 watts and a dipole should do the trick. Higher power and a vertical antenna should get you more QSOs though. The ARRL 10m Contest runs for the whole weekend of 10-11th. Work the USA, Canada and Mexico... if you can. Conditions are going to be marginal - at best! The Stew Perry Topband Challenge runs for 24 hours, starting Saturday 17th. Entrants are limited to 14 hours operating which, considering the band is closed during daylight hours, seems about right for Middle America. In the UK the band is open for 16-18 hours, depending on how far North you live. This is a contest where distance is King, so an antenna with a low takeoff angle is needed to do well on transmit, and a receive antennae to pick the weak ones out of the noise is desirable. The WAB Christmas Party runs for twelve days, starting on Boxing Day. It's basically an exercise in collecting the callsigns of as many WAB book holders as possible. There are two categories, HF/ mixed and VHF. The DARC (German) Christmas Contest takes place on Boxing Day morning. 40m will account for most of the QSOs for UK-based stations

Steve White, G3ZVW steve.g3zvw@gmail.com

RSGB VHF Even	ts				
Date	Event	Times (UTC)	Mode(s)	Band(s)	Exchange
Dec 4 Dec 6 Dec 13 Dec 20 Dec 26-29	144MHz AFS § 144MHz UKAC 432MHz UKAC 1.3GHz UKAC Christmas Cumulatives	1000-1600 2000-2230 2000-2230 2000-2230 1400-1600	All All All All All	144 144 432 1.3 50-432	$\begin{array}{r} RS(T) + SN + Locator \\ RS(T) + SN + Locator \end{array}$
Best of the Rest	Events				
Date	Event	Times (UTC)	Mode(s)	Band(s)	Exchange/info
Dec 1-31 Dec 2-4 Dec 10-11 Dec 17-18 Dec 26-31 Dec 26	UKSMG Winter Marathon ARRL 160m ARRL 10m Stew Perry Topband Challenge WAB Christmas Party DARC Christmas Contest	All 2200-1600 0000-2359 1500-1500 All 0830-1100	All CW CW, phone CW All CW, SSB	50 1.8 28 1.8 All 3.5-7	RS(T) + Locator RST (Ws & VEs also send ARRL/RAC section) RS(T) + SN (Ws, VEs & XEs send State/Province code) 4-character Locator (Grid) square WAB Book number RS(T) + SN (DLs send DOK or 'NM')
Italics indicate that on	ly provisional information was available.				

*HF Championship event. +VHF Championship event. §Super League event. For all the latest RSGB contest information and results, visit www.rsgbcc.org

Design Notes

Zero bias detector diodes

After reading October's issue about RF detectors, Matthew, G6KOA wrote in to say "I have just received some samples from a Russian company, Micran. They manufacture a zero bias beam lead diode with quoted tangential sensitivity of -6OdB. The device code is ZB-28 and I hope to investigate further. I've found Micran very amenable and helpful."

Gain stages

We often need amplifiers or gain stages in a design and there are thousands of solutions and bits of circuitry to do the job. So here we're going to look at three circuits that offer known and stable operation, are usable across a wide frequency band with minimal changes and, most importantly, have controlled and known gain characteristics. Many designs using single transistors in simple arrangements fail in this respect, with the gain sometimes being a bit of an unknown – especially over frequency – and varying with supply voltage.

Figure 1 shows the simplest; an off the shelf modamp. Modamps have been around for a few decades now and were covered in detail in this column back in May 2008. They are drop-in three terminal devices with 50Ω input and output terminations. DC bias is normally supplied via a resistor / choke combination to the output terminal. Internal feedback ensures the gain is flat from DC to several GHz and that the input/ output match is maintained. Most importantly, the device is inherently stable (won't oscillate) whatever load or source impedance is presented to it. Modamps are available with a range of RF power and gain capabilities, each requiring a different DC bias. Different families offer differing frequency capabilities. The old bipolar MAR series, for example, are not useable much above 1GHz. The later GaAs ERA family offer operation to 4 or 6GHz and now the latest GAN and GALI families are useable to 10GHz with higher gains. There are too many to describe here, but the Minicircuits website [1] gives more details and full data sheets.

Although normally biassed using a simple dropper resistor, a varying supply voltage causes device current to vary, resulting in gain and impedances changes. Figure 1 shows how a PNP transistor and a handful of other components can be used as a constant current source to force a fixed current though the modamp. A Zener diode impresses a constant voltage across the resistor in the emitter of the PNP device, forcing it to pass a constant current out of its collector. The emitter resistor is selected so the Zener voltage across it (minus the V_{BE} drop) gives the desired modamp operating current. Modamps typically operate at somewhere between 3 to 5V on their output terminal, so zener voltage and supply voltage choices need to take this into account. A 2.7V Zener (about 2V across R_E) with a 5V modamp can just about run from an 8V rail.

Conventional common emitter amplifier

Figure 2 shows probably one of the most popular amplifier stages to appear in the amateur literature. It is adaptable for low power operation, right up to broadband transmitter output stages delivering a few hundred milliwatts. We'll look at its operation from a circuit design point of view, using simplified calculations that will get us nearenough to what we want.

Output matching, shown as a broadband transformer in the diagram, presents a known load resistance to the collector of the transistor. If operation for high output power is wanted, then this resistance has to be sufficient for the supply voltage and the device DC current to deliver the peak power.

$$\begin{split} R_{L} &<= V_{CC}^{2} / 2.P_{OUT} \\ AND \\ R_{L} &>= P_{OUT} / (2.I_{DC}^{2}) \end{split}$$

For low power operation, $R_L = 100$ to a few $k\Omega$ is sufficient, depending on wanted gain, frequency, and stray capacitance.

The DC conditions are set by the total resistance in the emitter and the voltage applied to the base (minus the V_{BE} drop) that subsequently appears across that to define the quiescent current, I_{DC} . Allow about 10% to 20% of the supply voltage to appear across the total emitter resistance, then choose the two resistors making up the base bias divider to give this voltage plus about 0.7V.

If the emitter were to be decoupled directly, ie the bypass capacitor connected directly to it, quite a high gain amplifier would result. But that gain is frequency dependent and near impossible to estimate properly. Furthermore, the input impedance of the amplifier is another unknown and probably a bit too much on the low side for comfort. We overcome this by adding feedback in the form of a series resistance R_E in the emitter. The net result is to give an overall voltage gain of the amplifier (at the collector) that is equal roughly to the load resistance divided by this emitter degeneration resistor, or R_E / R_L. The overall input to output voltage gain has to then be divided by the voltage ratio of the output matching network – for a transformer this is simply the turns ratio. So for R_L = 450 Ω from a 3:1 transformer driving a 50 Ω load, an emitter degeneration resistor of 10 Ω gives a total voltage gain from input to load of 450 / 10 / 3 or about 15 times.

The input resistance to the base is roughly equal to the transistor's H_{FE} times this emitter degeneration resistor, all in parallel with the two base bias resistors. H_{FE} of modern high frequency devices is in the region of 50 to 200, so here it will be, perhaps, in the region of $1 k\Omega$. For a controlled gain stage, it is best to swamp this unknown by choosing suitable base bias resistors. Making their parallel combination around perhaps 300Ω should suffice. The total input resistance of the amplifier is then around 200Ω .

Two stage bipolar amplifier with feedback

Figure 3 is an interesting configuration that I originally came across in audio amplifier design. By using high frequency transistors it can provide a flat frequency response from DC to tens of MHz, a high input impedance and low output impedance (meaning 50Ω drive capability). Two bipolar transistors are cascaded; the collector of the first driving the base of the second with no attempt at impedance matching or worrying about gain at this point. The cascade of two devices provides a LOT of open loop gain, several hundreds probably. For convenience in biassing, NPN and PNP devices are used. For the overall operation this is not essential, but does make for simpler circuitry. The first device actually has two input ports. The obvious one is its base, where the normal input signal is applied, but its emitter is also an input, where it then acts as a common base amplifier whose output (at the collector, and hence the base of the second device) is in phase with this input at the emitter. The second stage introduces a voltage inversion and significant gain at its collector, which forms the amplifier output. This means negative feedback can be used to completely define the gain of the amplifier. By adding a potential divider from the output back to the first stage emitter, the gain of the combination is set very close to that defined by the potential divider. The diagram shows a capacitor in series with the second resistor forming the divider to make DC biassing easier, but ignore that for now and the gain becomes (680 + 220) / 220= 4.1 times. The feedback also stabilises the DC bias conditions.

A voltage gain of four times may not sound much, but the input resistance is quite high as the first stage is, roughly, an emitter follower with a high(ish) emitter load. The output from the emitter of the second stage is capable of driving a low resistance load so there is considerable overall current gain. Hence power gain can be quite high. 20dB is quite feasible.

This amplifier design is particularly useful where a high impedance generator needs to be buffered and amplified to drive a 50Ω output. For example a DDS frequency source that needs to operate at frequencies too low for transformer operation. An absolutely flat gain from near DC to many MHz is possible.

If the capacitor in series with the 220Ω is removed and replaced with a short circuit, the amplifier will even operate down to real DC – this is how it was used in the Hi-Fi audio world. But you do now need to be very careful about DC bias stabilisation and take care to get it right. For RF, it's best to use capacitors to separate the DC conditions from the AC ones.

Photovoltaic isolators

After several years of faultless operation my digital rotator controller [2] suddenly died. I discovered that I had connected the switching TRIACs incorrectly - having swapped over the gate and MT1 terminals. That it worked at all is impressive and shows just how robust TRIAC devices can be (even if they do ultimately fail). Replacing with correctly connected ones restored proper operation, but looking at that design again made me wonder if power MOSETs might do a better job of switching low voltage AC than TRIACs offer. TRIACs always have a diode drop's worth of voltage across them, which becomes significant when controlling low voltages. They are also not very nice to control, needing low voltage high current drive and they are susceptible to spurious triggering from sharp edges and transients.

MOSFETs have a low on-resistance that can offer a lower voltage drop than that of a TRIAC. They are DC devices but two used as opposing switches work at AC. There is a parasitic diode in inverse parallel across the drain-source terminals so two FETs in inverseseries allow this diode to conduct in the device that is currently the wrong-way-round



FIGURE 1: Constant current biassing a modamp to preserve gain over varying supply voltage.



FIGURE 2: Conventional broadband common emitter amplifier with transformer output and emitter generative feedback.

VOM1271



FIGURE 3: Feedback gain controlled amplifier with high input and low output impedance.

for that half-cycle. An external diode can be added to reinforce the internal one and for low voltage high current operation, the low drop of a Schottky diode can be beneficial in this position. Controlling the FETs is a problem as each of the series connected devices needs a positive voltage on its gate with respect to the source to turn it on. The gates can be paralleled as a negative voltage on the unused one is permissible, but as the devices are switching AC waveforms, this DC has to be supplied 'floating'.

There just happens to be a suitable driver for this situation: the photovoltaic isolator. Internally this consists of an LED driving a chain of photodiodes. When current is passed though the LED, the photodiodes generate several volts of DC at a few microamps. This may not be much power, but is more than enough to switch on a MOSFET in less than a millisecond, so a pair of MOSFETs can now switch an AC signal. **Figure 4** shows the connections. The optional diodes for enhancing the FETs' own parasitic ones are shown dotted. The FETs shown are suitable FIGURE 4: Using a VOM1271 photovoltaic isolator to switch two MOSFETS used as an AC switch. The MOSFETs'

560Ω

internal parasitic diodes complete the circuit for opposite half cycles but external diodes may also be added, as shown dotted.

IRF520

for AC supplies up to at least 24V. The VOM1271 device, available from Farnell [3], is specified for 10mA LED drive, which gives an open circuit voltage of 8.4V and a 15μ A short circuit current. It offers 4.5kV isolation. With 2000pF MOSFET gate capacitance and a 3V threshold it will switch a MOSFET in less than 1ms. Integrated turn off circuitry inside the VOM1271 clamps the output to OV when LED drive stops, to discharge the gate capacitance and ensure rapid turn off.

References

 MiniCircuits Modamp – www.MiniCircuits. com/products/Amplifiers_what_is_new.shtml
 Digital Rotator Controller – *RadCom* Short Circuits, Jan 2009. Details can also be found at http://www.g4jnt.com/RotatorController.zip
 www.farnell.com – search for VOM1271

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Technical

Replacement display for the **FT-290R**

he Yaesu FT-290R 144MHz portable transceiver was released over 30 years ago, yet still remains popular, particularly for microwave portable operation.

However, the transceiver (and its 50MHz and 432MHz counterparts the FT-690 and FT-790) can suffer from three age-related faults: the electrolytic capacitors dry out, the printed circuit board becomes conductive in humid atmospheres and the display is gradually obscured by a darkening phenomenon. These faults have been discussed on The Electric Handbag FT-290R Group on Yahoo [1], which is a very useful resource. My particular problem was that the display on my FT-290R was so badly obscured that I could not tell what frequency it was on.

I found some information about a replacement display that had been designed by ZS1KE [2] but could not find a small enough LCD to replace the existing unit. However, ZS1KE's article described the data format used to pass data to the display, so initially I decided to try to build an interface to an external LED display using a PIC. Later, I found an LED display small enough to fit inside the FT-29OR and this is described here. As I no longer use the internal battery pack and have removed the battery holder, I was able to fit the PIC and driver electronics inside the battery compartment.

Software

The PIC code is written in assembler and simply listens for the data to be output by the FT-290R microcontroller before displaying each digit in turn on the display, then listening for the data again. After the CE line goes high the data is output from the microcontroller in twelve 4-bit nibbles (on R40 - R43), which are read on the falling edge of the STD pulses. These nibbles are intended to be put together into six 8-bit words. The first word describes the '100s of Hz', the second the kHz and so on up to the fifth, which describes the MHz. The 10s and 100s of MHz are not output by the microcontroller as they are not intended to be displayed. The sixth word indicates clarifier, memory and/or function selection.

The PIC software uses a look-up table based on the four lower bits of the 8-bit words to look up the 7-segment display segments that need illuminating. As 7 digits were available on my chosen display I decided to show the 10s and 100s of MHz as well, except when clarifier, memory or function were selected. In these cases, a separate look-up table was used to display custom symbols instead of the 100s of MHz.

Hardware

My PIC of choice is the Microchip PIC16F883, which has up to 24 input/ output pins, can be configured to use a 4MHz internal oscillator and is available in a 28 pin DIP package. I mounted the PIC in a socket on strip board with solder pins to connect the display and the data input. I also fitted a header to allow in-circuit programming of the PIC. Apart from the current limiting resistors, the only other components were 7 NPN transistors used to turn on each digit in turn. as the combined current would otherwise exceed the direct sink capability of the PIC. The type of NPN transistor is not critical, but they need to switch up to 100mA with a gain of 50; I used 2N2369s from my junk box, but would recommend the 2N3704 or 2N3904 for new purchases. Although there were a number of options for powering the

display from the FT-290R power supply I decided that, rather than introduce noise and possible overload, I would use a 7805 regulator supplied directly from the switched 12 volt supply provided for the panel light in the transceiver.

The circuit diagram is in **Figure 1** with the pin numbering and connections marked.

I found that Kevin Avery of G3AAF Electronics [3] stocked a 7-digit commoncathode LED display that, with some modification, would replace the existing LCD display. It is marked with part number 24R01 and is available by mail order.

Construction and testing

No special precautions are required for constructing the main board with the voltage regulator, PIC and driver transistors. I used stripboard. Ribbon cables are used to connect this board to the FT-290R Key Board Unit and the new display,

I initially built the driver board and display outside the FT-290R, testing as much as possible before putting the PIC in its socket and making connections to the transceiver. I then connected the PIC board to the FT-290R Key Board Unit connector using a





PHOTO 1: Pin number identification on the FT-290R Display Unit.



PHOTO 2: LED pin number identification.



PHOTO 3: Testing the prototype board before final integration. The loose ribbon cable connects to the display buried within the front panel; a test display is temporarily connected here.

ribbon cable and a nine-pin header with the pins slightly bent to fit into the back of the existing connector; see **Photo 1** and **Table 1**. Note that the pins are not in a logical order (details at [2]) and there is no ground connection on the connector. The LED display will not illuminate until the CE and STD pulses from the FT-290R are present. The LED display pinout is shown in **Photo 2** and **Table 2**.

Fitting the display

All elements of the construction to this point have been relatively simple. However, fitting the

display into the FT-290R is difficult and involves some risk of damage as the stack of boards behind the front panel on the FT-290R is tightly packed and interconnected. Some wires need to be unsoldered for disassembly and correctly reattached later. I suggest you take notes (and/or photos) as you progress, for reference on reassembly.

The first step is to dismantle the stack of boards behind the front panel and remove (and unplug) the old LCD PCB and its bezel. Cut some of the bottom of the inside frame of the plastic bezel away so that the new LED display will fit flush to the display window. You may wish to replace the display window with a red filter at this point. Using a piece of stripboard, make a replacement for the old LCD PCB that is the same size and arrange it so it will mount the new display centrally in the window. To make it all fit, cut off the bottom row of pins on the display (not used in our application) and the plastic feet on the back of the display. Solder a ribbon cable to the display pins on the stripboard.

If required, this is also a golden opportunity to replace the small bulb that illuminates the panel meter.

Solder a second ribbon cable to the relevant pins on the back of the display connector on the FT-29OR Key Board Unit and take extra wires to ground and +12V. You can then reassemble the PCB stack, routing the ribbon cables to the battery compartment. Photo 3 shows my prototype under test at this stage. Once the FT-29OR has been reassembled, you can trim the ribbon cables to the correct length and solder them to the PIC board. After testing, attach the PIC board to the inside of the battery compartment, and use

> suitable insulation to prevent any future short circuits.

Design issues

The LED display is powerhungry; the FT-290R takes about 100mA on receive and this is increased by 40mA or so by the LED display. The additional consumption can be reduced at the expense of display brightness; or the display can be made brighter at the cost of increased consumption by reducing the LED drive resistors R1-R7.

Resistors have been included in the input data lines from the FT-290R to enable the display to be powered off without placing too much load on the microcontroller. Thus, if monitoring a single channel on battery power, the current consumption can be minimised by switching off the display.

The data updates from the FT-29OR microcontroller are not exactly regular; the PIC code (display timing) has been optimised to reduce flicker on the display, but there is a very small amount of residual flicker. This could be eliminated by a more complex design.

The PIC code works best as designed in assembler as it is easy to design the timing for minimum display flicker. The source and assembled code (for programming into the PIC using a PICkit 3 programmer) is at [4].

Conclusion

This modification can breathe some new life into FT-290R series transceivers, and just goes to prove that they aren't impenetrable black boxes.

Websearch

[1] https://groups.yahoo.com/neo/groups/ electrichandbag/info

[2] www.retro.co.za/zs1ke/FT-290R/index.html

[3] kevin@avery03.fsnet.co.uk

[4] http://rsgb.org/main/publications-archives/ radcom/supplementary-information/radcomdownloads/

Dave Crump, G8GKQ dave.g8gkq@gmail.com

TAB of th	LE 1: Pinout e Display Unit	TABLI pin co	E 2: LED onnections.
conr	nector (see also	Pin	Signal
Phot	o 1).	1-14	Not used
		15	segment d
Pin	Signal	16	segment e
1	Vdd (not used)	17	K6
2	R43	18	segment f
3	R42	19	K5
4	R41	20	segment b
5	Vss (not used)	21	K4
6	FC (not used)	22	K3
7	CE	23	K2
8	STD	24	segment a
9	R40	25	K1
		26	segment g
		2/	KO
		28	segment c

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PHOTO 4: The completed modification looks smart.

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December 2016







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s we passed the autumnal equinox conditions really started to perk up. A few solar flares added to the mix to produce some excellent propagation conditions over the past couple of months.

The first signs of life came at the beginning of September with DK7FC and PA3ABK both receiving trans-Atlantic reports on their 472kHz WSPR transmissions from WE2XGR in Portland, Maine. DK7FC's big signal also went almost 1000km further across to WA3TTS near Pittsburgh.

Then, in mid-September, just before the equinox, probably the longest distance 2-way amateur contact on 472kHz took place overnight between Roger, VK4YB and Steve, VE7SL. They used JT9 (the slow LF version of JT65) to cover the 11,802km distance. A week later they made the contact again with slightly improved signals. Just as they were finishing the QSO, Roger reported that Steve's signal strength had increased markedly over the last few minutes and asked if they could try CW. After some frantic re-plugging to get onto CW they continued for 45 minutes transmitting for one minute and then listening for the next, with Steve copying two of Roger's transmissions but Roger only receiving fragments from Steve. A two-way CW contact over that distance would really be something remarkable, and it looks as if it might be possible.

Great conditions on the night of 13 October enabled a couple of record-breaking WSPR spots to be made on 472kHz. Most impressive was JA3TVF's reception of DJOABR about half an hour before the sun rose in Japan. The distance, entirely over land, is 9166km. Kurt, DJOABR was using his MOSFET transmitter as detailed on his interesting website and a 450m circumference horizontal loop between 10 and 30m high. The loop is fed via a 1:4 balun and brought to resonance with a loading coil. You will find lots of information at www.djOabr.de

On the same night, Japan and Australia shared the honours as JA1PKG was spotted by VK3ELV and vice versa. That one is over 8000km but with quite a lot of ocean in the path. VK3ELV was also received by JH1INM and 7L1RLL on the same night.

V01NA's 137.777kHz QRSS transmissions also peaked in strength in early October with excellent reports from 2E0ILY, DF2JP, DF6NM, EW6BN, F1AFJ, RN3AGC, RN3AUS, SQ2BXI and SWL Hartmut Wolff.



Impressive signal from VO1NA as received by 2EOILY.

ULF developments

Stefan, DK7FC is still winding his loading coil for 2.97kHz in a bid to radiate a signal over more than a wavelength on this ultra-low frequency (101km). So far he has wound 4kg of 0.4mm wire in four multilayer piles on a large pipe. The layers within the piles are insulated from each other with Kapton tape. The job is hard because the coil must carry a reasonable current and withstand an extremely high voltage whilst having an inductance of about 5 Henries.

Even with that huge amount of wire recent tests showed the system was resonant at far too high a frequency of 3.537kHz. That may only be 567Hz HF, but the extra inductance required to pull it down will be over 1 Henry. He has ordered another couple of kg of wire.

When this coil is finished, he hopes to be able to achieve an aerial current of over 250mA which will increase the ERP by about 13dB. With his present ERP of 250nW he has detected his own signal at a distance of 31.3km.

EbNaut tests continue

Several 136kHz operators have been radiating EbNaut mode transmissions so that interested parties can test their receiving set ups. This is no easy task; stability must be extremely good at both ends of the link and the received signal has to be recorded and processed afterwards to find out if any message can be recovered.

Many others would like to join in but find the task a little daunting due to the fiddly process involved. Currently the easiest way to do it is to set up DL4YHF's *Spectrum Laboratory* in EbNaut receiver mode and record a wav file that you then process with Paul Nicholson's *ebnaut-rx* program. If your PC isn't very fast this process could take some time.

With all the activity going on there have been a few appeals for an easier way of using EbNaut that would allow less computer savvy users to join in. Maybe someone will soon come up with a 'plug and play' software package? The mode does appear to have a lot of potential and it should be worth the effort.

8K19A -	CRC 16 - 5	Symbol period:	0.5
Decoder Settings			
File: 10111113.wav			Browse
Message length: 51] Start offset:	351.3]
List length: 20000	Freq offset:	-4.9825]
CPUs: 2	Phase step:	30 degrees	-
Decoder Status Stopped			
Decoder Status Stopped Decoder Output			
Decoder Status Stopped Decoder Output Message: EBNAUT IS DE I27SLZ	A NEW EFFECT	IVE MODE FOR	1 LF. 73
Decoder Status Stopped Decoder Output Message: EBNAUT IS DE 127SLZ Rank: 0 Es/N0:-9.0 Symbol errors: 843/27 Reference phase: 1 81 Carrier S/N 25.47 dB 1 Lefa setu: 76 50 bbibs	A NEW EFFECT dB Eb/N0:0.7c 720 BER: 31.0 % 0 180 180 180 n 735.3 uHz, cs % cs ²	IVE MODE FOF	8 dB

The end result of EbNaut tests looks like this one from Michel, F5WK when he decoded IZ7SLZ on 137.490kHz.

LF history

I have been made aware of an interesting article by S.F. Brown who worked at the Criggion LF station near Welshpool for many years. It details the development of the site from its construction in 1940 until the final demolition of the masts in 2003. The LF station was set up as a back-up for GBR Rugby in case that was damaged by wartime enemy action, and there were also HF stations on the site. Good reading for a rainy afternoon, find it at https:// goo.gl/L84xXu.

> Dave Pick, G3YXM daveyxm@gmail.com

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onditions picked up around the middle of the month with the solar flux index briefly hitting 100 but there were too many days of geomagnetic storming for really good conditions.

The Solomon Islands/Temotu DXpedition put in some reasonable signals and was worked up to 21MHz from the UK. Polar signals from the T31T group were not as strong but they were worked on 10 and 14MHz - with 14MHz signals very good (on a 3 element Yagi) around 1800UTC on several days. Sadly an approaching typhoon meant the T31 group went QRT very much earlier than expected after making about 31,000 QSOs. The good news is that they are planning to go back for 4 weeks in mid-2017. The T31W team that was also planning a visit in 2017 has decided to cancel in the light of the recent and planned T31T activity. Towards the end of the month GM3WOJ and GM4YXI were putting in good signals on 20m from Micronesia as V6Z (especially long path in the morning) and they were heard a few times in the UK on 15m, but not when I was listening.

The CDXC September HF Challenge for working DXCC entities on 21-50MHz was won by Martin, MOBCT with a score of 174. Second place went to Lionel, G5LP with 151 and third place went to Roger, G3LDI with 146. Conditions are clearly on the slide as winning scores in previous years were: in 2015 178, in 2014 212, and in 2013 201. The ongoing annual CDXC Marathon for all bands is currently headed by Oms, PY5EG with 278 DXCCs. The highest UK scorer is Andy, MONKR with 267. Current scores for all the CDXC Challenges are displayed on Club Log and historic results can be found on the CDXC website at cdxc.org.uk.

Winter is when the lower bands come into their own so it is worth remembering that there will be DX around from at least an hour before sunset to an hour after sunrise. Conditions can be particularly good for UK stations just after sunrise on 80 and 40 as propagation to the rest of Europe gets shut down. Look for Caribbean, South America and Pacific stations at this time.

The RSGB DXpedition Fund has recently adjusted its terms of reference to allow assistance to expeditions to rare IOTAs as well as DXCCs. It also envisages assisting



DXer NL8F with G3SWH in Dutch Harbor, Alaska.

young operators to join expeditions to rare places. See http://rsgb.org/main/operating/ hf-dxpedition-fund/ for more information. Recent grant recipients include the planned 2018 Bouvet trip, the planned 2017 Pitcairn trip and the 2016 Norfolk Island operation. There is an online form for grant applications.

There was a great deal of HF interest at the RSGB Convention in Milton Keynes last month and this is not the place to review it all - but I would like to draw readers attention to the QSL archive project on Club Log that was described by Marios, 5B4WN. The aim is to develop a huge database of QSL card images linked to QSOs already in Club Log. Step 1 is for Club Log users to scan their cards and upload them in a particular format. Step 2 (which is open to anyone) involves tagging the QSLs by entering the callsign of the sender and selecting the QSOs that are covered by the card. Taggers can now choose which cards to work on - possibly their own. Contact me by email for more information on scanning and uploading the card images. Go to https://secure.clublog.org/qslarchive if you can help with the tagging - it can be quite addictive.

DX and DXpeditions

Monk Apollo, the only operator on Mount Athos, was hospitalised in late September but seems to be making a good recovery and may have been active on the bands while recuperating from surgery – though there were reports of pirate activity as well.

Maurizio, IK2GZU will be active again as 5H3MB from Tanzania until 2 December, while doing volunteer work.

Tom, DJ6TF and Reiner, DL7KL will be active as 5Z4/DJ6TF and 5Z4/DL7KL from Kenya on 16-30 November on 80-10 metres.

Willi, DJ7RJ will be active again as 3B8/ DJ7RJ from Mauritius (AF-049) until 6 December on 160-10 metres with a focus on the low bands.

Neil, N5EIL and Bengt-Erik, K7ADD are planning to operate E51MAF from Manihiki Island (OC-014) in the January-February 2017 time frame. Further details onthe trip should appear at https://e51amf. amateurfoundation.org/

Pierre, HB9AMO will be active holiday style as FH/HB9AMO from Mayotte (AF-027) from 23 November to 4 December. He will operate CW and possibly RTTY on 80-10 metres.

Chris, NOUK/G4JEC and Holly (YL), KOHAC will be back in St Maarten (NA-105) in late November for a week or so. Activity will be on CW and SSB on 7-28MHz. See www.chris.org/PJ7

JA1KJW, JA3MCA, JA8VA and JA1JQY will be operating from Tarawa (OC-017) as T30KJ, T30MA, T30VE and T30JY respectively until 16 November. Activity will be on SSB, CW and RTTY on 1.8-28MHz.

A Polish team will be QRV from the Maldives (AS-013) as 8Q7SP from 20 November to 3 December.

See www.8q7sp.dxing.pl

YL op JQ6FQI will be QRV as T88WM from Republic of Palau (OC-009) on 12-19 January. For low bands she will have dipoles for the low bands and Yagis for the HF bands. Other ops in the group will include T88SM, T88HS and T88UW.



MOBCT, winner of CDXC September HF Challenge.



The picnic table antenna at G4XEX.

IOTA

An Indian team mounted the first activation of AS-176 during November using the call AT2SL. They were plagued with electricity supply problems and some of their beach mounted antennas came off poorly in collisions with fishing boats coming ashore. The SSB station had comfortable conditions in a community hall but the CW station was in a beach cave which had previously been used as a dump. Congratulations to them all for sticking at it and making over 5300 QSOs.

Rob, K2RWF and Craig, KD2INN plan to operate the club call W2LI for a National Parks activation from the Dry Tortugas (NA-079) from 13-14 November. Activity will be on SSB, PSK and JT65/9 on 80-6m.

Yan, RZ3FW and Sergei, R4WAA will be active as 5H1WW from Zanzibar (AF-032) in Tanzania on 19-28 November. They will operate 160-10m mainly CW, with a bit of SSB and RTTY.

Correspondence

Ken, CT7AGZ found October was better than September and yielded two All Time New Ones (ATNOs) in the shape of V85TL and VP8LP.

Table 1: 2016 Worked DXCC Entities (ranked by All). Showing Top 3 from RSGB Members table in Club Log plus submitted scores or Club Log scores of recent correspondents where available.

Call	CW	SSB	Data	All
MONKR	168	235	72	268
G4PTJ	211	137		267
G5LP	257	77	196	262
G1XOW		241		241
G4IDL	202		79	205
GI4DOH	197	32	79	203
G3SVK	203			203
GORPM	130	57	135	199
CT7AGZ	195	2		196
G3HQT	187		71	187
G4XEX	102	117	101	167
G3PXT	68	97	138	152
G4CCZ	105	59	43	129

His most satisfying contact was with VK9NZ on 80m, using a simple inverted V dipole. He found: 10m - FM5FJ, FY5KE, LU4AT, 5U7RK, CX7CO, VP8LP, 9J2BO, ZS1ANF, S9YY, PJ4DX, CX6DRA, PY2OSD, HI3TEJ, CE2AWW, & ZB2TT; 12m - LU1CX, HK1MW, HH2AA, PY5XH, 3B9FR, NP2X, 5A1AL, 3B9FR, S9YY, FM5FJ, TLOA, ZB2TT; 15m -VP2MLB, S9YY, 7X3WPL, SU1CQN, KG4LA, 7P8EUDXF, ZD8W, T77C, TZ4AM, XT2AW; 17m - 3B8CF, VU2GSM, D44TUL, S9YY, VP9/AA1AC, 9G5AM, TLOA, A61Q; 20m -SU9VB, V85TL, HS3XVP, 7X3WPL, S9AA, CX9AU, TLOA; 30m - D66D, OHOB, T77C, S9YY, TR8CA, TLOA, XT2AW, 9G5AW; 40m -HZ1DG, S9YY; 80m - VK9NZ, 9G5AM.

Peter, G4XEX found it had been a very good month for DX even though his antenna is still just a few feet above a picnic table in the garden. He worked: 10m - ZS6WB, TR8CA, V5/DK1CE, 5A1AL; 12m - ZD7FT, HH2AA, S9YY; 15m - V53DX, 9V1YC, P49X, HK6NVV,

Table 2: Forthcoming DX activity.			
Until 25 Nov	VP6AH (OC-044)		
Until 14 Nov	XU7MDC		
Until 16 Nov	V63AJ		
Until 19 Nov	6V1IS		
Until 22 Nov	TL8AO		
Until 6 Dec	3B8/DJ7RJ		
Until 2 Dec	5H3MB		
10-16 Nov	T30 by JA ops		
13-14 Nov	NA-079		
16-30 Nov	5Z4 by DL ops		
17-20 Nov	KH2/DF8AN		
18-20 Nov	MSOINT EU-123		
mid Nov	AF-020 by Is		
19-28 Nov	5H1WW		
20 Nov - 3 Dec	8Q7SP		
21 Nov - 24 Dec	9QOHQ/3		
23 Nov - 4 Dec	FH/HB9AMO		
1-11 Dec	FS by US ops		
16-18 Dec	6V1A		
Jan-Feb 2017	E51MAF Nth Cooks		
12-19 Jan	T88WM		
25 Jan – 1 Feb	HI1UD (NA-122)		
31 Jan – 1 Feb	VK5CE Gabo I.		
18 Feb – early Mar	HKO by AA4NC		
Feb – March	Arctic Legend IOTA trip		
10-19 March	EDIKIA		
28-30 July	VAZNDX/VYU (NA-1/3		

V5/DK1CE, D66D, 3B9FR, ZS1ANF, HP3SS, S9YY; 17m - ZS6TVB, ZP6CW, TZ4AM, S79KB, HS3XVP, S9YY, JK3ZXK/5, ZF1DX; 20m - S9WL, VU2VID, ZS6TVB, EP2LMA, D66D, 5Z4FV, 5N/PA3TG, KG4SS, HK1T, 9N7FD.

Peter, G3HQT commented that the Pacific eluded him last month and he failed to hear some of the more exotic DX there. His report was quite brief: 5U7RK on 10, 9G5AM on 12, NH2DX on 15, ZD7BG on 17, 5N/PA3TG on 20. VP2MLB on 30. and S9YY on 40.

Fred, G3SVK, also found conditions very poor and his dipoles failed to pick up much DX at all. He found: 15m HBOAVL; 17m - A47RS; 20m - V5/DK1CE, FK8DD; 30m - V5/DK5CE, A61Q, VK7CW, HBO/DL5YL, OY1CT, OX3XR, JT1CO, 9M2/JE1SCJ; 40m - D66D, ZP6CW, OX3XR, TZ4AM, C31US, DU7ET, OHOB, 9J2BO, HC2AO, S9YY, 8P6BE.

Tom, G4IDL spent the month getting set up for RTTY and took part in the CQWW RTTY contest. On RTTY and CW he found: 12m -S9YY, TZ4AM; 15m - S9YY, 3B8CF, 8P2K, A61DD; 17m - V5/DK1CE, S9YY, ZF1DX; 20m - 9M6XRO, YBO/KU1CW, SV2ASP/A.

Gordon, G3PXT was pleased to come 4th in the UK in the competition to work the Spanish Cervantes stations last month. His DX report included: 10m - S9YY, VP8LP, 3B8FA, XT2AW; 12m - 3B8FA, 4Z5PJ, 7Z1JA, A61FK, CX8ABF, LU7HF, S9YY, TZ4AM, VO1MP, ZD7FT, A71EM; 15m - JAs, CE3CBM, CN8KD, D66D, CT9/DM3B, LU5DT, P49X, PU2NRT, PY5EJ, VU2LBW, VP8LP, N7BLN (AZ), BDOAAI; 17m - 3B8CW, 5H3PM, FR4PG, PJ4/PA3BWK, PY2THO, WP4C, W6s, XT2AW; 20m - JF8EVE, YI3WHR, VR2UPU, YB6QZ; 40m - 4X1UF, A47RS, YC9GWR, BG4DRL, BV2FB, E20WXA, JF3VAX, HS8JKY.

Finally – thanks as always to my correspondents, to DX-World, 425 DX News and Daily DX.

> Martin Atherton, G3ZAY g3zay@btinternet.com

VHF/UHF

ore excellent conditions to Southern France, Spain and the Canary Islands on 2m and 70cm.

No sooner had the last column been finished than another excellent tropospheric opening occurred on 27 September. This time it was more stable and able to support higher frequencies. Whilst I have mentioned in the past that this is a consistent path for stations located on the west coast of the UK, reports suggest that the ducting extended well inland and over to the east coast. Also 70cm conditions were excellent with very strong stations worked from southern France and around the Spanish border.

Auroral propagation conditions were good around 13 October as geomagnetic activity intensified with Earth passing through the tail end of a CME prompting a G2 Class geomagnetic storm. Meteor conditions didn't excel even with the Orionids shower projected to peak around 16/17 October, which came and went without too much enhancement over sporadic meteors.

EME (Moonbounce) conditions were good for the first day of the first leg of the ARRL EME Contest that took place over the weekend of 22/23 October.

Graham, MOCGL (JOO3) continues the story on an exciting evening just after the September 50MHz UKAC Contest.

"On 27 September I finished taking part in the 6m UKAC and I was about to close down, but thought I'd just have a look around the bands. I couldn't believe how strong the beacons were in Spain. So I put a call out on 144.300 and nearly fell of my chair when EA8TJ in IL18RJ returned my call. What really amazed me was the signal strength, 20 over 9 and 1 have no masthead pre-amp using a single 9 element home brewed LFA antenna. After I worked him I was called by F4HBY (JN97), EA1EBJ (IN73), F6FGQ (IN78) EA1IRE & EB1DJ (IN52) and F5TXM in IN98. I then finished of the early hours with EA8TX in IL18QI with another 20 over 9 signal. It was an amazing tropo path between IL18 and JO03 and I was delighted with all the contacts. The following morning, changing bands to 70cm I worked F6GNR (IN97) and F6DFI in IN87 on 432.190MHz."

Mike, GM3PPE (IO85) reports that, "After a very quiet start to October the 6m band 'exploded' into life on the 13th with a big



Bill, VE3CRU with his 'Rover In The Clover'.

Auroral opening here in the Scottish Borders. 1085. Earlier in the afternoon I had found 10m wide open with very strong signals and a quick check showed some Auroral type signals on 6m. Then at 1600UTC, 6m suddenly came alive, first with big signals from GM4UYE (IO86) and GM4VVX (IO78) and then to my surprise DH6JL (IO31) and PA2M (JO21) with genuine 59A signals. From 1700, the Scandinavians started building -LA9BM (JP40), OZ7KJ (JO46) and LA4LN (JP50) all logged. Between 1730 and 1900UTC, Richard, GI4DOH (IO74) was a very strong signal, as were a number of G and GM stations such as G4ELJ and G3XVR (IO91), GM3SEK (IO74) and G3TCT (IO81), plus another very strong Scandinavian -SM5KWU (J089). After 1900, signals started to drop but I still managed to work EI3KD (I051), a fading PA4VHF (J032) and, finally, a weak GM80EG (1086). By 2000UTC the band was pretty much dead. All these were worked on CW. However I did check higher up the band and heard a few weak SSB signals but, as usual, Auroral SSB was difficult to copy. As the current sunspot cycle continues to slide towards its minimum we can expect a few more good Auroral openings. What surprised me this time was the strong signals coming from DL and PA. After all the excitement of the auroral opening

there was a good Sporadic-E opening to Europe on 15 October and an appearance of TY2AC (JJ16) who was working a string of Italian stations on 50.102 CW. He was copied at 559 at 1530 with very deep QSB before disappearing completely. Such is the way of 6m!"

Bill Burgess, VE3CRU

Thanks to Bill for sending in a very interesting report about 'roving' activities from his location in Canada. Bill details his activities as follows: "I enjoy running in the CQ WW VHF contest and have had many successes in it. Most contesting is done within a 200km radius of home in Whitby Ontario. In 2010 I went much further, for an adventure of about 5,000km running in the CQ WW VHF from 4 rare grids at the north-east tip of Maine USA as VE3CRU/W1/R in locator grid squares FN67, FN57 on Saturday and FN56, FN66 on Sunday. The photo shown was taken in FN67, Rover In The Clover! The background, across the hidden valley is VE9 New Brunswick, Canada. The antennas on the roof were in place from the time I left home till the time I returned. No issues with Police or US Customs, in fact it is very much a case of 'Oh it's HIM again'. I also took 432 and 1296MHz along as they are packaged

in the Icom 910H main station rig. My best DX with the Rover mobile setup dates back many years, when I had the F9FT Tonna 5 element for 50MHz at the top of the stack at a local hilltop when I worked Spain, France and California, USA. Operating from Maine USA (FN66) in the CQ WW VHF contest, I worked FJ92 Brazil 5035km, FK52 3815km, FK90 4074km and FK94 3630km all with armchair copy in SSB."

Bill runs all bands up to 3cm from the vehicle and it is common to work east on 23cm to FN31jh from EN93wv at 601km, and to FN32 at 568km in VHF contests. Thanks to Bill and it's amazing to think the whole antenna system is truly mobile!

RSGB Convention 2016

Once again the VHF/UHF stream at this year's RSGB Convention was a tremendous success. It was clear how much passion all the lecturers have for their chosen subject, all delivered in excellent detail. Both days had something for everyone in the world of VHF/UHF however the overriding feeling from all the lectures and talking to many of the delegates was 'activity' in whatever your niche area is within this wonderful hobby. John, G4SWX pulled together the VHF/UHF streams over many months so big thanks to him and the rest of the team for another very interesting, informative and successful convention. Fortunately most of the lectures were committed to video so many are looking forward to viewing them in due course. Paul. G4DCV not only delivered one of the lectures on Sunday afternoon but also filmed around the convention throughout the weekend as part of a promotion RSGB video. The closing VHF and Up lecture was given by Reg, G8VHI whose Maritime Mobile expedition on board the cruise ship P&O Britannia activated very rare wet squares on its round trip to the Norwegian Fjords.

G8VHI/MM

Reg, G8VHI gave an informative and amusing account of his trip on the P&O Britannia, setting up a dual band 2m and 70cm station in the cabin and - more of challenge - mounting the antennas on the balcony. The huge ship provided a perfect RF shield in the reverse direction so Reg was only able to operate to Europe on the outbound leg and UK inbound back to Portsmouth. Nevertheless, Reg managed to work 27 locator squares on 2m and 22 locators on 70cm. Despite the large numbers of European stations wanting to catch Reg in these rare squares his best DX on 2m was in fact Lyn, GW8JLY at 600km+. Reg is keen to present this talk to local clubs around the Nuneaton area.



Reg, G8VHI maritime mobile on the P&O Britannia.

JT65 activity frequency

Another gem from the Convention was a discussion regarding a central activity or calling frequency to accommodate MGM (Machine Generated Modes) JT65c etc on the higher VHF bands for tropo use. A delegate asked "is there one?" and it seemed as there wasn't so a little debate ensued and a plan came together to cover frequencies from 2m through to 23cm. Fellow RadCom columnist on Microwaves John, G4BAO suggested 144.165, 432.165 and 1296.165MHz seems an excellent choice sufficiently far away from EME and other MGM traffic on these bands. 6 and 4m are generally catered for in established frequencies however it was recognised that there needed to be a bolt hole for the higher bands. Also the significant 65 in the frequency has a good memorable ring to it!

Tony, G4NBS (JO02) reports that after the JT65 Convention discussion, he has already heard Paul, G3YDY making QSOs on using JT65c transmissions on 432.165MHz. It appears my comments re 'flex' cables in the last edition have also struck a chord at his QTH with incidents of cable degradation not particularly around the rotator but by general movements / luffing of the tower. Tony's hunt for reliable replacement cable... continues.

The tropo opening to EA8 area on 27 September prompted Tony to have a look at the path profile between his location and EA8 following QSOs with EA8TJ and EA8TX. No wonder he has had to wait 30 years for the right conditions while those further West have managed it fairly often. Only workable for 15 minutes at 55, in the noise at ESP level for a couple of hours previous and inaudible after. It might be a sea path from EA8 to EA but then the signal passes over both Spain and Brittany to get to JO02.

Chris, G3XVL (JOO2) is introducing a new idea of a 2m CW activity on Tuesday evening with other local clubs in the JOO2 area. All levels of skill are welcome operating on 144.053 – 144.063MHz. The format will be relaxed friendly QSOs with meaningful RST, report, name, QTH/ rig/ant details being exchanged. It's not a contest, the aim being to get some local CW activity on the 2m band. Local clubs have been contacted so hopefully there will be a selection of stations of varying experience to work during the evening.

Season's Greetings and looking forward to 2017

Certainly not a vintage year in 2016 but on all the VHF/UHF bands there have been moments of outstanding propagation. There's been a whole host of DXpeditions with many stations logging new DXCCs and locators and a year tinged with sadness in the passing of some well known VHF/ UHF operators. Looking forward to 2017, a new DX year that starts in earnest with the Quadrantids meteor shower in early in January.

Wishing all contributors and readers Season's Greetings and a Happy (and DXfull) New Year.

> Richard Staples, G4HGI g4hgi@live.com

GHz Bands

s I write this Christmas issue in late October, I'm reflecting that the early part of the month didn't really come up to expectations for GHz tropo propagation.

Surely, in the past, October was the month where we got long periods of settled weather with good openings to the continent for days?

If we consider 'real DX' on 1.3GHz to be over 800km, a search of the dxmaps.com database [1] of terrestrial spots for 1.3GHz over the first half of October produces just fifteen 'hits' and only one with a UK station. This period included the largest European contest of the year and maybe fewer people spot QSOs, but in the contest, only three UK stations logged QSOs over 800km on 23cm. I came across a copy of the January 1983 RadCom where G3WDG's Microwaves column reported "an excellent year for microwave DX, with a good opening at the end of October that resulted in three IARU Region 1 records being made. The lift was fairly widespread and particularly good from the UK." It went on to report plenty of 1.3GHz QSOs over 1000km including one at 1800km. On 2.3GHz there were QSOs over 1000km and over 500km on 3.4GHz. Remember, these were the days when 100W on 23cm was real QRO and receiver noise figures were typically 3dB or worse. Much has been discussed about climate change and maybe recent lack of October Tropo is one of the consequences?

October contest

The 24 hour European 432MHz and up contest attracted some UK operation with G3M leading the 1.3GHz open section with 74 QSOs and an ODX of 863km. G3XDY lead the single op fixed section with 82 QSOs and an ODX of 861km. Both results compared well with Andreas, DJ5AR's personal record score of 82 QSOs [2]. Andreas' QTH is almost at the centre of European activity so for a UK station to match his QSO score is good going. They couldn't match his 12 DXCCs and 41 squares though: that's all about his location in relation to activity! In most of Andreas' QSOs, aircraft scatter was an important factor. Also 35 contacts were done on CW, including his ODX, HG7F at a little over 817km. On the other extreme of European geography, GM8IEM (IO78hf) in the far north west of Scotland focussed on 23cm from 1400-2200 on Saturday and 0630-1130 on Sunday but made no contacts at all, giving up after 1130 on Sunday and moving to 432MHz, where he managed a couple of QSOs. Despite seeing GM4BYF on ON4KST for a while, there appeared to be no



PHOTO 1: The UKuG stand (www.microwavers.org) at the RSGB convention. Photo: G6JYB.

activity from GM, GD, or GI, so no tropo contacts were available. He reports quite a bit of 1.3GHz activity from IO83 and IO93, with 11 stations at aircraft scatter ranges from 450-610km, but he was still to be disappointed.

GHz bands at the RSGB Convention

The UK Microwave Group had a big presence at the RSGB Convention this year, with a number of talks on GHz bands topics. Photo 1 shows the stand, which had a fine display of member's projects.

Systems engineering is everything

Getting the best out of your QTH and system will help to work the DX even under poor conditions. You need to get the optimum performance from your receiving system by ensuring that not only does it have a low noise figure but it can also handle the large in- and out-of-band signals.

Large signal handling and your site noise level are increasingly becoming the limiting factor of system sensitivity at 23cm, just like on the lower bands. Try this simple test. Turn off the AGC, tune to a quiet frequency and look at the receiver noise level with something like the WSJT spectrum display. Turn your antenna through 360° and see if there are directional noise peaks. I see a 1dB increase when I beam at my local TV transmitter.

Adding a decent bandpass filter after the preamp helps but if you have overload problems caused by a wideband, high gain preamp it's better to fit a really low loss filter in front of it. Remember though, that any loss in front of your preamp adds directly to your system noise figure, whereas loss after it does not. Next time you have the antennas down, terminate your preamp input with a 50Ω load, measure and compare that 'thermal noise level' to what you get with your antenna connected. Once you have this thermal measurement you can keep track of how your noise level varies with time.

It's possible to work aircraft scatter DX on 23cm at any time if you have a good system and a reasonable takeoff. 30W of CW (or ISCAT JT) and a masthead preamp is good enough to work aircraft scatter with some of the larger stations, whereas it becomes easy with 100W or more.

Beacon news

The world's oldest beacon cluster, OZ7IGY (J055wm54) had a major overhaul at the end of October. On 1.3GHz the Big Wheel antenna was replaced by a 9dB slotted waveguide (SW). On 2.3GHz a new SW antenna was fitted, 1m higher than before. The 10GHz beacon has been migrated to the Next Generation Beacons platform and on 24GHz the power has been raised from 300mW to 2W. A great job by Bo, OZZ2M and team!

I will be at Heelweg on 14 January [3].

Websearch

www.dxmaps.com/spots/map.php
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Technical

Ground systems: a fresh look at an old classic

The 1937 report on ground systems by Brown, Lewis and Epstein [1] has been cited in many amateur radio articles over the years, but very few authors have ever mentioned anything other than their main conclusion, which was that 120 half-wave radials are desirable for a good earth system.

Until recently, I had come accept that this was probably the only significant conclusion to come out of their experimental work since time after time it was pretty much the only thing that was ever mentioned. However, after downloading a copy of the original report from the internet, I was delighted to discover that there were also several other very useful bits of information for those of us with restricted space buried in the mass of graphs and figures. The most significant of these may well be a very limited ground system that produces exceptional performance for its size, though there are also other interesting results, some of which expose a long-standing myth about the radiation resistance of a quarter-wave vertical always being around 36Ω .

The first revelation

Brown, Lewis and Epstein (BL&E) conducted all of their experiments at 3MHz using a vertical antenna that could be extended up to 90ft in 10ft increments and the results take up just over a third of their report; the first half covers mainly theory and details of experimental procedure. The experimental results are mostly presented in graphical form and their curves of input resistance and field strength versus length and number of radials are pretty much as you'd expect in the main, but towards the end of the experimental data a couple of graphs display features that don't quite stack up - those interested in looking at the originals should check page 778. Both graphs present curves of field strength and input resistance for a 70ft vertical plotted against the number of

radials, one for radials 135ft long (0.411 λ) and the other for radials 45ft long (0.137λ) . When you compare them, it looks as if the input resistance of the antenna system with shorter radials drops more rapidly than that for the one with longer radials as more and more are added. This isn't an illusion and becomes more obvious if the input resistance curves for both systems are plotted on the same graph, as shown in Figure 1. Note how the curves cross at approximately N = 26and the input resistance for the 135ft radial system is higher than that for the 45ft radial system for fewer radials than this. At first sight this might appear to indicate that the ground losses are lower for shorter radials when N is less than 26, but their field strength curves, presented in Figure 2, show otherwise.

So how can this be? Well, looking at the field strength plots it's clear that the ground system with 135ft radials (solid curve) always produces stronger signals than the one with 45ft radials (dashed curve), regardless of the number of radials used, so the ratio of radiated power to input power is always worse for the 45ft radial system despite



FIGURE 1: Input Resistance vs Number of Radials for a 70ft vertical operating at 3MHz with either 45ft radials (dashed curve) or 135ft radials (solid curve).



FIGURE 2: Field Strength vs Number of Radials for a 70ft vertical operating at 3MHz with either 45ft radials (dashed curve) or 135ft radials (solid curve).





its lower input resistance. This can mean only one thing - the radiation resistance of the vertical with the shorter radials is less than that with the longer radials, despite the radiator being exactly the same in both cases. This is a bit of a shock if you're used to thinking of the radiation resistance of a vertical being constant, but it's not as incredible as it might seem: a couple of physicists from Stanford University (Hansen and Beckerley) were warning that this might be the case as far back as 1936 [2, 3], but broadcast engineers chose to ignore them. That's not surprising since broadcast stations generally had very good ground systems where the radiation resistance of the vertical would have been practically as high as the theoretical value anyway, so they didn't need to concern themselves with variations due to ground loss. We do though!

Getting closer to the true value

The field strength and input resistance figures provided by BL&E for the 70ft vertical are extensive enough to be used to estimate the actual value of radiation resistance for various ground systems with different degrees of loss compared to the ideal case, which BL&E state should give 194.5mV/m at 1 mile for 1000W input. A 70ft antenna $(0.214\lambda$ at 3MHz) over an ideal conducting ground plane has a radiation resistance of about 24.5 Ω because it's shorter than a guarter-wave vertical. The theoretical radiation resistance of the latter – 36.6Ω – has long been used to estimate the radiation resistance of short vertical and inverted-L antennas and tables of these figures have been presented in various data books, such as the one by STC [4]. It would appear, though, that these are all overly optimistic

for amateur installations where the earthing arrangements are anything but ideal.

Using the actual radiation resistance figures for the 0.214λ vertical calculated from field strength readings for radial systems with a spread of loss values, we can draw up a graph of correction factors (fractional multipliers) versus loss for a limited, but useful range of ground loss. These correction factors are given in Figure 3 and are intended only as a rough guide since the accuracy of the original readings is unknown and additional errors will have been introduced in deriving these figures from the data given. However, even though this graph is only a rough guide, some correction is bound to get you closer than no correction at all, so it's worth doing. Extrapolation is always a dangerous proposition, but it may be worth noting that the trend of this graph points to the radiation resistance halving with 10dB or more ground loss.

A practical example

It's usually quite instructive to work backwards from actual measurements after the installation of a new antenna and earth to check whether the actual efficiency is anywhere near what's expected. This is just a matter of using the measured input resistance at resonance and the theoretical radiation resistance as a starting point and seeing where the correction graph takes you. For example, say you've just put up a new quarter-wave inverted-L for 160m at a height of 36ft and its input resistance measures 20Ω at resonance on 1.95MHz. This type of antenna should have a theoretical radiation resistance of 9.7Ω according to [4], so the ground loss would appear on first inspection to be just over half of the input resistance



FIGURE 4: A small area ground system reported by Brown et al to be only 2dB down on a ground system using 120 half-wave radials at 3MHz.

(3.14dB). The correction factor for this amount of ground loss can be found from Figure 3 and is indicated by the dashed line labelled '1st iteration', which illustrates the first step in the iterative process to find the true ground loss. The correction factor for 3.14dB loss is 0.69 and by multiplying this with the theoretical radiation resistance we get a closer estimate of 6.7Ω . Re-calculating the efficiency with this new value of radiation resistance and the measured value of input resistance now gives 6.7/20 or 33.5%, which corresponds to a ground loss of 4.75dB. This gives us the next estimate for the correction factor and we go on like this until two consecutive results are so close that there's no point in continuing. Step 4 indicated in Figure 3 gives 5.33dB ground loss and step 5 only 0.03dB more, so the process has converged well enough to stop at this point. The radiation resistance correction multiplier at this stage is approximately 0.6, so the real radiation resistance is in the region of 60% of the theoretical value, or 5.82 Ω , and the corresponding ground loss 5.36dB.

Is there an optimum radial length or number?

BL&E make no mention of the electrical conductivity of the soil at their test site, but it is believed by some that the conductivity in that part of New Jersey is around 0.004 S/m, which is quite close to what is now considered to be average soil conductivity

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By Philip Lawson, G4FCL

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QRP2	QRP Basics (2nd edition)	£14.99	£12.74	SHORT	WAVE LISTENING		
LP34	International ORP Collection	£22.99	£19.54 £11.04	VREX	Virtual Radar Explained	£6.99	£5.94
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INIGE III		210.00		TRAINI	NG		
LOGGIN	IG			EXSE	Amateur Badio Exam Secrets	£12.99	£9.74)
DL17	Deluxe Log Book 2017	£4.99	£4.24	FNOW	Foundation Licence - NOW!	£4.99	£3.74 25%
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LBHX	Log Book - Receiving	£4.99	£4.24	ADVA	Advance! The Full Licence Manual	£11.99	£8.99
MICRO	NAVES			IEXM	International Amateur Radio Exam Manual	£14.99	£11.24
MKHW	Microwave Know How	£12.99	£11.04		REQUENCY		
IMH2	International Microwave Handbook 2	£16.99	£14.44	LET3	LE Today 3rd Ed	£13.99	£11.89
MICP	Microwave Projects 1	£16.99	£14.44			210.00	
MIP2	Microwave Projects 2	£16.99	£14.44				
PROPAG	SATION						
RPEX	Badio Propagation Explained	£12.99	£11.04				
PRSS	ARRL Propagation and Radio Science	£27.99	£23.79				
RDAU	Radio Auroras	£6.99	£5.94				
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(0.005 S/m) [5, 6]. Most of their tests were done with 0.137 λ , 0.274 λ , or 0.411 λ radials. Analysis of the field strength data for these radial lengths shows quite clearly that the optimum length or number of radials for a fixed total wire length is not as clear cut as NEC simulations [7] might suggest. When the total length of wire exceeds 4λ , then 10 or more 0.413λ radials provide the highest field strength. Below 4λ it doesn't seem to matter much which radial length is used; all three combinations of length and the corresponding number of radials give pretty much the same results within a fraction of a dB. But, BL&E only give the results for 0.137λ , 0.274λ and 0.411λ radials, and for less than one wavelength (λ) of wire the data is too limited to say whether this trend continues or not. However, for those of you with very restricted space another snippet from BL&E might be of interest - read on!

The second revelation

Another very useful piece of information buried deep in the BL&E report concerns the use of a ground screen placed below the feed point. Apparently, an indifferent ground system with 15 short radials, which I believe to be about 15ft in length, was improved substantially by placing a 9ft x 9ft copper plate below the feed point as shown in Figure 4. This reduced the ground loss from 5dB down to 2dB. That's quite an improvement for such a limited area. According to their other results, you'd need about 80 radials an eighth of a wavelength long to achieve the same field strength without the ground screen.

Copper ground screens are expensive and not very convenient to install under an already established garden, but galvanized wire mesh or netting (Photo 1) could be used to determine whether this solution to the earthing problem is fruitful or not in a given situation. A 25ft roll of 6ft wide galvanized wire netting can be cut into two equal lengths to create a screen 12 x 12.5ft for 160m. (A 1.2m x 25m roll of 25mm mesh can be had for about £30 delivered). Electrical connections to galvanized wire are best made using pressure joints and these connections need to be well protected against moisture ingress. Even if you don't like the idea of a permanent ground installation using galvanized wire netting because of the long-term effects of corrosion, it can still provide a useful benchmark against which to compare other ground systems.

Closing comments

Brown, Lewis and Epstein draw a number of conclusions in their report, mostly related to the economics versus the performance of short and full-sized antennas. Their first conclusion, though, is one that is probably highly relevant to



PHOTO 1: A ground mat of even quite modest dimensions can significantly improve the performance of an amateur vertical antenna. Earthed galvanised wire mesh works well, and it gets hidden by grass growth in a few weeks. Heavier gauges last longer; thin chicken wire may deteriorate quite quickly.

most amateurs and states, "These experiments show that, even with a poor ground system, an eighth-wave antenna performs practically as well as a guarter-wave antenna".

However, after discussing the economics of short and large antennas they do go on to stress the importance of a good RF earth. Despite this, it's interesting to note that even the very limited arrangement of fifteen 15ft radials over less than average soil was only 5dB down on an ideal radial system. So, there's absolutely no reason for anyone to give up the idea of operating on 160 or 80 because they can't put up a large antenna or lay out an extensive earth system. Radials don't have to all be the same length, so fit in whatever you can where you can. A very limited area earth system can produce astonishing results with a vertical, but bear in mind that an inverted-L antenna has its voltage point bent over closer to the ground and requires the earthing system to extend underneath the horizontal section to achieve the same sort of efficiency as a vertical.

Where ground screens are impractical, several earth stakes and a modest number (16 to 20) of short radials can work quite well. Remember, improving the earth system doesn't just reduce the ground loss, it also increases the antenna radiation resistance – so you get double the benefit. Also, joining the ends of radials together and forming a grid with earth stakes at the property boundary can help collect RF from neighbouring land and improve the effectiveness of your earth system in a small garden.

An interesting idea for a small area ground system was put forward by Mosley Electronics many years ago and is still included in their booklet about improving vertical installations. Details of this can be found at [8] or on page 290 of the 7th edition of *Amateur Radio Techniques* by Pat Hawker, G3VA (Figure 60). This may not be as good as a copper plate or a similar area of galvanized wire netting, but it may be more convenient.

References

[1] G H Brown, R F Lewis and J Epstein, "Ground Systems as a Factor in Antenna Efficiency," *Proc IRE*, Vol. 25, Number 6, June 1937

[2] W W Hansen and J G Beckerley, "Radiation from an Antenna Over a Plane Earth of Arbitrary Characteristics," *Physics*, Vol. 7, June 1936

[3] W W Hansen and J G Beckerley, "Concerning New Methods of Calculating Radiation Resistance Either with or without Ground," *Proc IRE*, Vol. 24, No. 12, December 1936

[4] *Reference Data for Radio Engineers* compiled by W L McPherson and published by Standard Telephones and Cables Limited, 1942 or later versions

[5] The bedrock electrical conductivity map of the UK by David Beamish contains detailed maps of UK conductivity (including, near the end, a zoomable .KMZ Google Maps overlay file) and can be found at www.sciencedirect.com/science/ article/pii/S0926985113001183

[6] See also The Ground Beneath Us, R C Hills, G3HRH, *RSGB Bulletin* June, 1966

[7] Al Christman, K3LC, "Maximum-Gain Radial Ground Systems for Vertical Antennas," *NCJ*, March/April 2004

[8] www.mosley-electronics.com/pdf/vertical_ installation tips.pdf



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Please send news reports to radcom@rsgb.org.uk. To get future events listed here and put on GB2RS, email details of your meetings as early as possible to radcom@RSGB.org.uk Include your club name, RSGB Region number, contact name, callsign & phone number, date and details of meeting. Example: Fraser Road Radio Club, Region 9, Steve, M1ACB, 01234 832 700, 29 Oct, On the Air. We normally acknowledge all submissions within 3 working days: if you don't hearfrom us, please phone. We don't normally include 'closed', 'TBA' or 'every Tuesday'-type entries. The deadline for the January issue is 17 November and for February it's 22 December. For GB2RS, the deadline is 10am on the Thursday of the week of broadcast.

CLUB EVENTS CALENDAR

INTERNATIONAL

Pafos Radio Club, Cyprus Richard, 5B4AJG, 00 357 97 857 891, 5b4ajg@gmail.com www.cyhams.org

International federation of Railway Radio Amateurs (FIRAC) www.firac.org.uk

The Radio Officers Association www.radioofficers.com For former British Merchant Navy Radio Officers.

NATIONAL

Amateur Radio Caravan and Camping Club membership@arcc.org.uk, www.arcc.org.uk

AMSAT-UK, http://amsat-uk.org/ Open net every Sunday, 10am, 3.780MHz (±)

British Amateur Radio Teledata Group bartg@bartg.org.uk, www.bartg.org.uk Membership open to those interested in datacoms. Contests and awards organised.

British Railways Amateur Radio Society m0zaa@brars.info, www.brars.info For those interested in amateur radio and railways.

Civil Service Amateur Radio Society Weekly net every Tuesday, 8pm, 3.763MHz.

Radio Amateur Old Timers' Association MemSec@RAOTA.org, www.RAOTA.org Nets: Wed 3.763 1000, 1.963 2100, Thurs 7.163 1100, 3.763 1930 & Sun 3.763MHz 1000.

Travelling Wave Contest Group secretary@twcg.org.uk, www.twcg.org.uk Friendly contest group

REGION 1: SCOTLAND SOUTH & WESTERN ISLES

Regional Manager: Marcus Hazel-Mcgown, MM0ZIF, RM1@rsgb.org.uk

Cockenzie & Port Seton ARC Bob, GM4UYZ, 01875 811 723 Normal club night

10 Christmas celebration

11 On-air activity day

Livingston & District ARS Cathie, 2MODIB, 01506 433 846 6 AGM

- 13 Exam night
- 20 Social evening
- 27 Training and operating

Lothians RS Mike, MMOMLB, secretary@lothiansradiosociety.com 14 Christmas curry evening, Himalaya Tandoori

REGION 2: SCOTLAND NORTH & NORTHERN ISLES

Regional Manager: Denny Morrison, GM1BAN RM2@rsgb.org.uk

Glenrothes & DRC Tam, MM0TGB, 0775 3526 498

Practical + AFS

December 2016

- 11 Catch up after the season
- 14 Club chat/eats/stovies

REGION 3: NORTH WEST

Regional Manager: Kath Wilson, M1CNY, RM3@rsgb.org.uk

Bolton Wireless Club

boltonwireless@gmail.com 12 Open evening and table-top sale 26 No meeting

Chester & District RS

Bruce, MOCVP, 01244 343 825 6 Christmas social evening at Cheshire View

- 13 Committee meeting
- 20, 27 No meeting

Macclesfield & District RS

- info@gx4mws.com
- Shack on the air
- 12 End of year review and awards 19 Film: DXpeditions
- 26 Closed
- 30 Christmas activation

Mid-Cheshire ARS

- Peter, G8HAV, 0791 931 5547
- Beer and stew evening
- 14 Committee meeting
- Open evening 21
- 28 Post-Christmas meeting

South Manchester R&CC

- Ron, G3SVW, 01619 693 999 Technology for the blind, Dave, GOBJK 1
- Weather, Peter, G3XGE 8
- 15 Winter Solstice propagation, Ron, G3SVW
- 22 Christmas party
- 29 The Leap Second, Ron, G3SVW

Stockport Radio Society Heather, M6HNS, 07506 904 422

- 3 Society night
- Society meeting 6
- 10 Club net, starting on 51.550MHz FM, 7.30pm 12, 15 Club net 7.30pm 145.375MHz
- 13, 17 Radio night
- 20 AGM & social evening
- 21-22 Foundation course
- 24 Skills Night
- 25 Club net 3.660MHz from 7.30pm
- 29 Foundation revision and mock exam

REGION 4: NORTH EAST

Regional Manager: Ian Douglas, G7MFN, RM4@rsgb.org.uk

Angel of the North ARC Nancy, G7UUR, 01914 770 036 4 Bishop Auckland RAC rally 5, 19 On the air 12 Operating from Cape Wrath, David Stansfield 26 Closed

Bishop Auckland RAC Gail, M3GBB, 0191 372 0473 1, 8 Normal club night and training

Blyth Radio Club John, 2EODCV, 0191 237 1729 7 Club night 14, 21 Morse training

Colburn & Richmondshire District ARS Colin, 01748 876 391 1, 15 Club net, GB3IR, 7.30pm Amateur radio videos, G8PYX and G3XHB 8

- 12 Beginners' guide to VHF contests
- 22 No meeting

- Noggin and natter night 4
- RSGB WWII Radio + comedy video, G4FSQ 11, 14, 15, 28 Night on the air
- 18 Project night building 40m tcvr, Howard
- 21 Christmas party

Otley ARS

David, MOHLL, 01423 522 618 6 Christmas quiz and fun night, 2m UKAC 13 Members' Christmas meal 20, 27 No meeting

Ripon & District ARS David, G3UNA, 01423 860 778 1, 8, 15 Club night 22 Christmas quiz

Scarborough ARS

Jeremy, MOJLP, 0788 905 1696 5 Morse, social and talk 19 Christmas social

Sheffield & District Wireless Society Krystyna, 2E0KSH, 07884 065 375

Stealth technology, Barry, G8AGN

- 14 Training and social night
- 21 Christmas meal

Sheffield ARC

David, G6DCT, littlewood20@btinternet.com Electrical wiring regulations, David, G6DCT

- 12 Club night
- 19 Shack night operating MORCU 26 Closed

REGION 5: WEST MIDLANDS

Regional Manager: Martyn Vincent, G3UKV RM5@rsgb.org.uk

Group meeting, shack on the air, UKAC UKAC 144MHz

1, 8, 15, 22 Open net, 8pm 50.175MHz SSB G2FDC Trophy 1st round, 11am start

and/or 7.16MHz ± QRM

Carl, GONZI from Wonder Wand Antennas UK

5, 12, 19, 26 Open net, 8pm, 145.375MHz FM

Regular club meeting Video night and introduction of 2017 project

23 Open net on 145.375MHz instead of meeting

Shack on the air, group meeting

John, G8SEQ, 07958 777 363

16, 20 Christmas/Charity quiz

Tam, MM0TGB, 0775 3526 498

19, 26 No meeting (school closed)

Anne, 2E1GKY, 01242 699 595 daytime

83

Central Radio Amateur Circle

Martin, G1 TYV, 07948 027 994 1, 5, 10 Group meeting

17 Christmas party

24, 31 No meeting

10 Annual dinner

27 Video night

30 Radio workshop

Glenrothes & District RC

18 Discussion on AFS

Gloucester AR&ES

5 Christmas meal

12 Christmas draw

Coventry ARS

3

6

2

6

9

Around Your Region

radcom@rsgb.org.uk

Hereford ARS

- Rod, MOJLA, 01432 356 079 Mince pies social gathering 2
- 6 Curry night

Malvern Hills RAC

Dave, G4IDF, 01905 351 568 10 Digi modes, Roger, G4BVY 13 Remote operation, Dave, G4FRE

Midland ARS Norman, G8BHE, 07808 078 003

Open meeting, training classes and on the air 14 Christmas party 21, 28 No meeting

- Mid-Warwickshire ARS Don, G4CYG, 01926 424 465
- 13 Christmas meeting
- 27 No meeting

Salop ARS

salopamateurradio@gmail.com

- 1 Natter night / committee meeting 6, 13, 20, 27 CW net, 4.30pm, 144.070MHz
- 7, 14, 21, 28 Club net, 8.30pm, GB3LH
- 8 A single valve receiver, John, GOGTN 15 Natter night
- 22 Mince pies evening
- 29 Closed

Sutton Coldfield ARS

- Robert Bird, spirit.guide@hotmail.co.uk 5, 19 Open net, 145.250MHz, 7.30pm
- 12 Christmas party
- 13 Open net, 70.475MHz FM, 7.30pm
- 27 DMR open net, GB7FW slot/local2, 7.30pm

Telford & District ARS

- John, MOJZH, 07824 737 716
- 4, 7 Committee meeting, GX3ZME OTA 11 Update on winter projects
- 14 Christmas meal
- 18 Hamfest recording G8GTZ BATC Chairman 25 Open forum on ideas for 2017
- 28 Informal 2m net

Worcester RAA

- Pete, GOWXJ, 0787 297 0276
- 13 4th order speech filter for homebrew receivers

Wythall Radio Club

Chris, GOEYO, 07710 412 819

- 2, 9, 16, 23, 30 Nibbles Night in the Shack 3 Club Trip to Martin Lvnch Hog Roast
- Club Trip to Martin Lynch Hog Roast 4, 11, 18, 25 Net 145.225 or GB3WL 8pm 6, 13, 20, 27 Morse class 6, 20, 27 Club meeting

- 13 Committee meeting
- 24 Wythall RC Christmas contest starts 8.00pm 27 Christmas fox hunt, 10am

REGION 6: NORTH WALES

Regional Manager: Ceri Lloyd Jones, 2W0LJC RM6@rsgb.org.uk

Dragon ARC

- Stewart, GW0ETF, 07833 620 733 5 Discussions and planning for 2017
- 19 Christmas social

North Wales Radio Society Liz, GW0ETU, 0776 019 0355

- General meeting
- Technical topic 15 Christmas party
- 22, 29 Club closed

Wrexham ARS

- Eifion, mw6eyu@gmail.com
- First Aid for heart attacks and strokes,
- 2WODHD

84

Christmas guiz at Marchers ARS, GWOWZZ 8

REGION 7: SOUTH WALES

Regional Manager: Glyn Jones, GWOANA, RM7@rsgb.org.uk

Aberystwyth & District ARS

Ray, GW7AGG, 01970 611 853 Christmas social and a talk on SOTA, GW4VPX 8

REGION 10: SOUTH & SOUTH EAST

Mike, M1CCF, 020 8654 2582

John, G3VLH, 01342 714 402

Richard, G7GLW, 07831 715 797

Bob, G300U, 01737 552 170

Aaron, 2E0FQR, 0771 465 4267

12 RF energy harvesting, MOXBW

Demonstration of a 3D printer

19 Autocad and its inventor, MOPKH

26 The Icom IC-7300, Chris Ridley (Icom UK)

Ian, 2EODUE, hilderstoneclub@gmail.com

Christmas meal at Southwick Park Golf Club

Club dinner at Jolly Farmer YOTA at Wellesley House school

Horndean & District ARC Stuart, GOFYX, 02392 472 846

Natter night/social evening

Alistair, G3ZBU, 07855 268 666

Stella, M6ZRJ, 01273 844 511

16 Radio night and table top sale

John, G3MCX, 020 8688 3322

John, GOBWV, 0208 644 9945

Sunday breakfast, 9am

Test or practical evening

1, 8, 15, 22, 29 Net, 70.300MHz, 8pm 2, 9, 16, 23, 30 Net, 145.350MHz, 8pm

19 Components Bank, G4FDN, Equipment Loan

Scheme, G4DDY and pre Christmas get-together

AI, MOOAL, information@wadarc.org.uk

Intermediate training (day 2) and exam

December 2016

4, 11, 18, 25 Net, 1905kHz, 9.30am

Christmas party at The Countryman

15 Social at The Hare and Hounds, Cowfold

Technical aspects of the Underground, MOTGV

15 Christmas Social at the Park Tavern, Eltham

Digital mode radio, Damien, 2EOEUI

David, M6DJB, djb.abraxas@btinternet.com

2 Fish and chip supper

Christmas dinner

19 Planning meeting

Crystal Palace R&EC

6

5

9

2

9

2

9

5

3

4

Christmas social

Dorking & District RS

2 Christmas dinner

Gadget night

Hilderstone R&EC

Horsham ARC

Mid-Sussex ARS

23. 30 Closed

Christmas quiz

Christmas dinner

Surrey Radio Contact Club

Construction contest

Sutton & Cheam RS

Worthing & DARC

14 Christmas Party

8 Christmas Junk Sale

19 Radio quiz of the year

AGM

Dover RC

RM10@rsgb.org.uk

Coulsdon ATS

Crawley ARC

Cray Valley RS

12 AGM

Regional Manager: Michael Senior, G4EFO

Bredhurst Receiving & Transmitting Society Nigel, GOGDA, 07817 971 833

31 Operating GB4FWW HF SSB, 2m FM & SSB

- 8 Junk or pre-owned sale
- 14 SDR, James, GW6JWD
- 26, 29 Net on 145.500 then 145.550MHz

Cleddau ARS

- Heinz, MW0ECY, 0774 804 7008
- 5 Tenby Radio Repeater Group meeting
- 12 Christmas dinner
- 19 Christmas 2m net

Llanelli ARS

Craig, MWOMXT, 01269 845 773

- 2, 23 Social evening
- 5 Members' Christmas dinner
- 9 On air night & club raffle
- 12 Christmas party, club raffle & auction
- 16 DVD night
- 19, 26 Closed
- 30 Junk sale & club raffle

Newport ARS

Margaret, GW4SUE, 01633 665 289

- JT65 demonstration, GW40G0 & MW0LGE
- 4, 11, 18 Club net 10am, 3.704MHz
- 6, 13, 20, 27 Club net, 8pm, 145.425MHz
- 16 Christmas quiz and fun night

REGION 8: NORTHERN IRELAND

Regional Manager: Philip Hosey, MIOMSO RM8@rsgb.org.uk

Bangor & District ARS

Norman, GI3YMY, norman.newell@yahoo.com Demo of satellite communications and PSK31

REGION 9: LONDON & THAMES VALLEY

Regional Manager: Tom O'Reilly, GONSY RM9@rsgb.org.uk

14 Christmas party hosted by Roger

Andy, MOHAK, andy@m0hak.co.uk

Mike, G4RNW, 02089 500 658

John, G6LNU, 01235 223 250

12 Rally preparation guiz by G6LNU

Laurence, G2DD, 0758 470 6625

Keith, G8RPA, g8rpa@arrl.net

Greg, MOPPG, 01582 413 345

13 Bring and Buy, raffle and festive food

26 Life on the Other Side, Jonathan, MOJSX

7, 21, 28 Club net, 8pm, 145.375MHz 14 Shoestring QRP & Top Band antennas, G3YMC

Aylesbury Vale RS

avrs@rakewell.com

11 Annual dinner

Bracknell ARC

Edgware & District RS

Reading & District ARC

Christmas dinner

Southgate ARC

Verulam ARC

14 AGM

8 Christmas social

27 Natter night

Harwell ARS

12 AGM

8 AGM

2

8 AGM



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REGION 11: SOUTH WEST & CHANNEL ISLES

Regional Manager: Pam Helliwell, G7SME RM11@rsgb.org.uk

Appledore & District ARC Alan, M6CCH, 01237 422 833 16 Quiz night, John, G3JKL

Bristol RSGB Group Robin, G3TKF, robin@g3tkf.co.uk 28 On the air

Burnham on Sea ARC Brian, G4RGY, 01278 683 645 7, 21 Club night

Callington ARS John, G4PBN, 01822 835 834 Club night 16 Christmas meal

Cornish Radio Amateur Club

Steve, G7VOH, 01209 844 939 Main meeting 7 Committee meeting

15 Club evening **Exeter ARS**

Nick, MONRJ, 01363 775 756 6 GB3EX net, 7.45pm 13, 20, 27 GB3EW net, 7.45pm 14 Bring in something interesting evening

Exmouth ARC Mike, G1GZG, 01395 274 172 Computer software talk/demo/downloads Antennas and propagation talk/demo, MOTHJ 18 CW night, operating/tutorials/training, MOTHJ

21 Christmas party

Flight Refuelling ARS John, G4POF, g4pof@hotmail.com 23 DXpedition to the Galapagos Islands, Geoff, G8OFQ

Mid-Somerset ARC David, G8BFV, 01749 670 085 13 Christmas buffet, talk on Somerset Coal Canal

North Bristol ARC

Mat, G7FBD, g7fbd@gb3bs.com Relax and chat evening + operating & training 3, 10, 17, 24, 31 South-west DMR net, 7pm, slot2 talk group 950

- 4, 11, 18 Open net on GB3BS, 7pm
- 9 Christmas Party TBC

16, 23, 20 Relax and chat evening plus operating

Plymouth Radio Club David, 2EODTC, d.beck123@btinternet.com 13 Christmas party

Riviera ARC rivieraarc@gmail.com

Christmas social night

South Bristol ARC

- Andrew, G7KNA, 07838 695 471
- 19 DVD: The Secret War 5
- Practical evening on RTL dongles 8 Table top sale
- 12 Committee meeting
- 15 Christmas social evening 22, 26 Open House and On The Air Night 29 Closed

Torbay ARS

- Dave, G6FSP, g6fsp@tars.org.uk
- Club night with business meeting
- Christmas party and quiz
- 16, 23 Club night

30 Closed

86

Weston Super Mare RS Martin, G7UWI, 01934 613 094

5, 19 Construction, operating & natter night 12 Christmas party

Yeovil ARC

Rodney, MORGE, 01935 825 791 December 1923 by G3MYM 15 Mince pies evening 22 Shack on the air

The next deadlines for Club **Events Calendar and Around Your** Region are 17 November and 22 December. Please email your info to radcom@rsgb.org.uk only and don't cc any other RSGB editorial address – thanks

REGION 12: EAST & EAST ANGLIA

Regional Manager: Keith Haynes, G3WRO RM12@rsgb.org.uk

Braintree & District ARS Edwin, GOLPO, 01376 324 031 Christmas social 5 19 Natter night

Chelmsford ARS secretary@g0mwt.org.uk 6 Christmas social

Colchester Radio Amateurs Stefan, MOXLB, 07771 616 676 15 Christmas party

Essex Ham

- Pete, MOPSX, news@essexham.co.uk 2, 5, 9, 12, 19, 23 Neton GB3DA, 8pm,
- chatroom & live audio feed www.essexham.net
- 3, 7 Essex YL net on GB3DA
- Start of online Foundation course 3

Felixstowe & District ARS

Paul, G4YQC, pjw@btinternet.com Members' show & tell 19 Christmas noggin: video & mince pies

Leiston ARC

m0iah2008@gmail.com, 01473 738 593 4 Christmas meal at The Thorpeness Hotel

Loughton & Epping Forest ARS Dave, MOMBD, 0798 016 5172 1, 8, 15, 22, 29 Net, 144.725MHz, 8pm

Norfolk ARC

Chris, GODWV, 01603 898 308 Reverse Beacon Network to test antennas, Steve, G3PND 14 Christmas party

Norfolk Coast ARS

Steve, G3PND, info@norfolkcoastamateurs. co.uk

8 JT65 evening 14 Mulled wine and mince pies

22, 29 No meeting

South Essex ARS Terry, G1FBW, 07986 070 040 13 Christmas social evening

Thanet Radio and Electronics Club targradio@outlook.com Club night 9, 23 Club net on GB3DA 16 Construction evening (members only)

Thurrock Acorns ARC Gordon, 2E0ELI, acorns@taarc.co.uk 1, 8, 15, 22, 29 Net, 2m FM simplex, 7.30pm

REGION 13: EAST MIDLANDS

Regional Manager: Jim Stevenson, G0EJQ RM13@rsgb.org.uk

Derby & District ARS

Richard Buckby, radio@dadars.org.uk Special event station for UN International Day of Persons with Disabilities from DE23 6HE Junk sale

- 10, 13 Committee meeting
- 20 Fish and chip supper

Leicester RS

Alex, G8FCQ, 07531 201 640, 5, 12 7pm Morse class, 7,30pm night on the air

Lincoln Short-Wave Club

Pam, G4STO, 01427 788 356

1, 8 Club net via GB3LM, 8pm 3, 10 Saturday Surgery and G6COL on the air 7, 17 Shack activities and G5FZ on the air 14/15 Christmas party 19 Committee meeting 21 Formal meeting

- 22 Club net, 145.375MHz, 8pm
- 24 Closed
- 28 Natter night
- 31 Club night

Loughborough & District ARC Chris, G1ETZ, 01509 504 319

- 6 Paper planes evening
- 13 Vintage equipment night
- 20 Quiz & mince pies
- 27 No meeting

Melton Mowbray ARS Phil, G4LWB, 01664 567 972

10 Christmas dinner 16 Christmas meeting

RAF Waddington ARC Bob, G3VCA, 07971 166 250 5, 12, 19, 26 Club net, 145.325MHz, 8pm

South Kesteven ARS Andrew, MONRD, 07969 062 859 Club meeting 2 AGM 6 16 Fish and chip supper

South Normanton Alfreton & District ARC A Lawrence, 2E0BQS, 0115 930 7322 2, 9, 12, 19, 23, 30 Natter night 5 Christmas party

Welland Valley ARS Peter, G4XEX, 01858 432 105

5 Christmas pie and pint

Worksop ARS

Paul, MOPJA, 07890 626 684 1, 8, 15, 22 Technical, construction, radio operation

December 2016

- 4, 11 Intermediate course 6, 13, 20 Club night & UKAC
- 16 100 Years of Cub Scouts
- 18 Intermediate exam

REGION 3: NORTH WEST

held by the Rotary Club of Furness. There is a choice of four routes from 5 to 50 miles and it's a fun event to raise money for charity. Furness ARS were asked to supply communications support for the route that has unreliable mobile phone coverage, plus a special events station. Members conducted a number of tests to form a link that covered the required route. Race day was 'an early morning start and communications between all stations proved to be a great success, using 2m and a host of rigs and antennas. The day was eventful, with messages needing to be passed for accidents, bike breakdowns and reports of drawing pins that had been The HF station, GB2TDF, was kept busy on 20m with contacts all over Europe, and into Canada and the East Coast USA. It was an enjoyable event that was well supported by



REGION 4: NORTH EAST

Angel of the North ARC took part in 3Day with a number of other organisations at the Gateshead Central Library. Despite the library being a Faraday cage with only one opening window in the room the club operated from, they used a long wire held up by balloons. Youngsters were able to transmit and receive messages and learnt about Morse and the phonetic alphabet. Over 300 children with their parents took part.

Bishop Auckland RAC Rally will take place at the Spennymoor Leisure Centre, DL16 6DB, on 4 December. The venue has good parking and access to a large ground floor hall. There will be the usual radio, computer, electronics and Bring & Buy stalls as well as catering and bar facilities. There's plenty for all the family within the leisure centre for those not interested in radio. Doors open at 10.30am (10am for disabled visitors). Admission is £2 – under 14s accompanied by an adult are free of charge. Talk in on S22. For any other information contact John, G4LRG 01388 606396.



Angel of the North ARC held their 7th Fog on the Tyne Rally recently. As well as bacon butties, tea or coffee, there was a Bring & Buy, junk stall, RSGB book stand and many traders. Visitors could enrol for Foundation, Intermediate and Advanced exam courses and Morse classes. A good time was had by all and the RSGB was out in force. The former Regional Manager of Region 4, Nigel, GOBPK, the newest DRM, Tony, MORHJ, met up with the Rally Organiser, Nancy, G7UUR, also a DRM (see photo above, right).

REGION 6: NORTH WALES

Wrexham ARS. Following an examination, four candidates passed their papers. They are now Andy, 2WOKMV, Dave, 2WOGXI, Simon, 2WOMLG and Paul, MWOIBS.

REGION 8: NORTHERN IRELAND

Bangor & District ARS will have an open evening on 1 December with two demonstrations on satellite communications and on PSK31. Refreshments will be provided free of charge. www.bdars.com

REGION 7: SOUTH WALES

Cleddau ARS now meets at a new venue, Manshed, Pembroke Dock Dockyard SA72 6TH. Details from Heinz, MWOECY on 07748 047 008.

(Photo right) Steven, MOSVR is the Advanced instructor at **Risca & District ARS** and has helped the club achieve many exam successes. Steven gained all his examinations at the club with distinctions in all three. Paul, MWOYBZ is now an Advanced instructor too and will become the fourth Advanced, Intermediate and Foundation instructor at Risca.



radcom@rsgb.org.uk

REGION 10: SOUTH & SOUTH EAST

Rother RAYNET Hastings and provided communications Group for the Northiam Bonfire to link all the involved parties from one main communication site. The event also marked the first use of their repeater system. This is run under an Ofcom Commercial Licence that enables them to lend fully legal, professional grade mobile and hand held radios to clients so they are able to talk directly to the organisers on the ground. This frees up organisers to do other things while still being in direct contact with everyone via the control. (For more information please use the "contact us" link on https://hrraynet.org.uk/) The evening really went with a bang, so to speak,



communications worked very well, including the repeater. With thanks to the organisers, The Northiam Bonfire Society, for asking, Sussex 4×4 Response, for managing the road closures professionally and club members MOSSR, MOMJU, 2E0KES, G7LEL, G4CUS, Linda, G3MGQ, M00FC, M0EDU, G4SIF, 2E0GHX and 2E0E0E. Photo courtesy of 2E0GHX.

At the New Forest ARS AGM a new committee was elected. It is, Geoff, MOORE (chairman), Keith, G8MZF (vice chairman), Richard, MORBF (secretary), Gill, 2EOSEW (treasurer), Andy, MOVTT (events coordinator), Chris, G4CWS, Peter, MOHYT, George, G3GRV. After the formal AGM, Geoff Moore gave a fascinating talk and demonstration of Pulse Echo Testing. This extremely useful technique involves sending a sharp pulse into a feeder and then watching the reflection. Using simple home built equipment to generate the pulse it is possible to test feeders for impedance, length and faults.

REGION 11: SOUTH WEST & CHANNEL ISLES

As well as giving a signal report when making a contact, the make and model of the rig is often mentioned together with the aerial type. But many of us might wonder how does the equipment really perform, so **Torbay ARS** had a Show & Tell evening where the members were invited to bring along their normally home-based equipment for others to see, with a chance to operate the various bits of equipment under the owners watchful eye often showing them some of the tricks to use the rig easily. In September they had a talk from the Devon Freewheelers. These are a group of dedicated volunteers who using their own motorcycles provide a courier service to the NHS outside of normal working hours, seven days a week They carry a variety of medical supplies and thousands

of miles are covered throughout the year in all weather conditions. TARS wish them every success.

South Bristol ARC had a full house from the Foundation exam, all four students have been confirmed as passing and all have successfully negotiated the Ofcom online licensing system to obtain their callsigns. The successful students are Joe, M6HQB; Frank, M6HQF; Michael, M6WWU and Nigel, M6RUU. If you hear these callsigns on air please go out of your way to make them welcome to the bands.

The Newbury Trophy was presented to **Torbay ARS** contest team – G6GLP, G4VUD, G3IHJ and M5ABN at the recent RSGB Convention.





Weston-super-Mare Radio Society's first indoor rally was a great success (above) and had over 200 people through the turnstile. Held in the Campus Community Centre, a local authority venue, facilities were excellent with a large hall, catering facilities and a car park. 20 traders including the RSGB bookstall attended, club funds were boosted with the surplus equipment auction levy and a stall was selling silent key equipment left to the club. The photo shows Steve, 2E0JQF and Dave, G40KO conducting the auction.

REGION 12: EAST & EAST ANGLIA

Essex has seen three new nets take to the air within a month. Thurrock Acorns ARC has launched a monthly SSTV Net, Selim, MOXTA has started a Wednesday 4m Essex Net, and David, M1ECC has launched a weekly 2m discussion of the state of the amateur radio hobby. These add the Essex CW Club's regular on-air meetups, Essex Ham's Young Ladies Net. The three new nets are already proving popular, showing there is demand for more on-air activity. For a list of all of the nets in the Essex area, go to www.sxham.uk/nets



At several meetings throughout the year Norfolk Coast ARS members have listened to satellites – both beacon transmissions and QSOs – but last month they finally made their first satellite contacts, photo above. This was very much a team effort with Eduardo, MOKEK and Miles, G4FCZ steering the 70cm/2m antenna, Peter, G4NTN monitoring the Doppler shift and Phil, G4PQP operating the radio. Phil managed four contacts within a single pass, working two Russian, one Italian and a Belgian station, all with 59 reports.



This photo shows new Foundation licensees and exam team from Felixstowe & District ARS.

November's Essex SkillsNight was abusyone. Kitsfrom hup RF.com (photoright), the Icom IC-7300, DMR and D-Star, test equipment, data mode kits, CARS Slim Jim construction and more. A contact with the SO-50 satellite was attempted, the Essex CW club were running a live station, and getting started help was courtesy of Essex Ham. Skills Nights are free, and open to all.

December 2016

January 2017 sees the 15th anniversary of the first Foundation training course run by **Chelmsford ARS**. Since then the volunteers have run 67 courses, training over 400 people. CARS typically run two Foundation, one Intermediate and one Advanced course each year. In 2007 CARS were awarded the Kenwood Trophy for Training for making a significant contribution to Training and Development in Amateur Radio within the UK. The training team were pleased to have a visit by the TX Factor Show production crew in 2015. To find out more contact Christopher, GOIPU on 0790 810 7951 or email training2016@g0mwt.org.uk



Members of Thurrock Acorns ARC met at the 1st Grays Scout HQ to explore how to run a Fox Hunt. They were shown how to discover a hidden radio station (the Fox) using direction finding equipment by building a directional antenna and connecting the antenna to a receiver. Once this was completed the aerial is turned to get maximum or minimum signal strength from the fox then record the bearing onto a map. This exercise is completed three or four times from different locations and providing the person has been accurate it should indicate where the fox is located. The photo above shows (L to R) Nigel, 2EONBG and Lewis, M6LGG examining the antenna that Steve, G4HXY (L) built.



Congratulations to William, G8CYK (seen above on the left), who won himself a pre-programmed Baofeng handheld at the Essex Repeater Group AGM in October. Presented by Murray, G6JYB.



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KENWOOD-TRIO TS-780 for spares or repair. Details misplaced, so please contact again. GOHZE, 0790 364 0189 (Peterborough).

LDG TW-1 TALKING WATTMETER (HF). 70cm 12Vsolidstate100Wamplifier-80sera (Microwave Modules/BNOS/Mirage etc) are all OK. Scorpion SA-680 (not the 'shorty'). Michael Maude, G1UPP, 0790 997 8737, michael.maude@yahoo.co.uk (Bristol area).

MULLARD HIGH SPEED VALVE TESTER CARDS, numbers 1094 and 588. If you have cards which are not for sale could you please provide full size photo copies? Frank, M1GFE, 01621 788 229, pat@ferridge.orangehome. co.uk (Maldon, Essex). muTek FRONT END board for Yaesu FT-221 / FT-225. Will also consider a rig with the board already installed, working or nonworking. Mark, G6DOD, 0783 154 5838, fastflyer99@yahoo.co.uk (Ryde, Isle of Wight)'

OPC-581 OR OPC-587 cable, or RMK-706 cable kit to suit lcom IC-706. Sensible price paid. Howard, GM7ESM, 01250 871 018, gm7esm@gmail.com (Perth & Kinross).

TW MAGPAD KEY. KW200CA all valve transceiver (not CAT), KW remote VFO 4B. KW160 Top Band TX. Richard, G3UGF, g3ugf@norcomm.co.uk (W Yorkshire).

TWO ALUMINIUM CONTROL KNOBS 20mm dia with flute as used on the KW2000 range of transceivers. Reasonable price paid. Jim, G3SPE, 01288 361 573 (Bude, Cornwall).

UP FOR GRABS

BOUND VOLUMES OF *RADCOM* 1948 – 1981. All in good condition, available free to a good home. Recipient collects or pays postage. Gary, GOBKR, 0792 048 9347, gclark@iee.org (south Bucks).

WIRELESS WORLD – Free to a good caring home: 31 quality bound volumes of Wireless World, which are in very good condition and complete in every respect. A wonderful history of electronics. It will break my heart if these are thrown out. Collection by arrangement please. Ross, GW3NWS,



please. Ross, GW3NWS, 0790 977 4255, ross.clare@btinternet.com (Newport Mon).

RALLIES & EVENTS

Members of the RSGB Regional Team will be present with a bookstall at the rallies this month marked with an RSGB diamond.

If your rally/event is not listed here, please SEND US FULL INFORMATION by email to radcom@rsgb.org.uk

3 DECEMBER

SOUTH LANCS WINTER RALLY Bickershaw Labour Club, Bickershaw Lane,

Bickershaw, Wigan WN2 5TE. The venue has disabled facilities and car parking on site. Doors open at 9am with traders gaining access from 7.30am. Admission is £2.50. There will be trade stands, a Bring & Buy and special interest groups. There is a licensed bar and catering on site. Details from Jason, G0IZR on 01942 735 828. [www.slarc.co.uk/rally].

4 DECEMBER

BISHOP AUCKLAND RAC RALLY

RSGB Spennymoor Leisure Centre, 32 High Street, Spennymoor, Durham DL16 6DB Venue has good car parking and disabled facilities. There will be the usual radio, computer and electronics as well as a Bring & Buy. Catering and bar will be available on site. Facilities. As you can imagine, there is a lot to do for all the family within the confines of the leisure centre for those of the family not interested in radio. Doors open at 10.30am with disabled visitors gaining access from 10.15am. Admission is £2 with under 14 free of charge with an adult. Talk in will be on S22. More details from John, G4LRG on 01388 606 396 or Brian, G70CK on 01388 762 678.

SPECIAL EVENT STATIONS

These callsigns are valid for use from the date given, but the period of operation may vary from 1-28 days before or after the event date. Details published here were kindly published by Ofcom on 25 October 2016. Note that Ofcom no longer provides Regional Secondary Locator information for the NoV holder (GM, MW, GI etc), replacing it with a # symbol.

Date	Callsign	Event phonetics	Location	Parent callsign
09/12/2016	GB2MOP	Museum of Power	Ceredigion	G#7EUL
26/12/2016	GB0HNY	Happy New Year	Huddersfield	G#0BFJ
28/12/2016	GB6HNY	Happy New Year	Huddersfield	M#0GDJ
28/12/2016	GB5HNY	Happy New Year	Almondsbury	G#4TML
28/12/2016	GB2HNY	Happy New Year	Huddersfield	M#0RBG
28/12/2016	GB2HNY	Happy New Year	Huddersfield	M#ORBG
28/12/2016	GB1HNY	Happy New Year		G#OBWB

15 JANUARY - RED ROSE WINTER RALLY

5 FEBRUARY – 32nd CANVEY RADIO AND ELECTRONICS RALLY

12 FEBRUARY – HARWELL AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY RADIO AND ELECTRONICS RALLY

19 FEBRUARY – RADIOACTIVE FAIR AT NANTWICH 26 FEBRUARY – CENTRAL COAST ARC RALLY, AUSTRALIA

26 FEBRUARY - PENCOED ARC TABLE TOP SALE 26 FEBRUARY - RAINHAM RADIO RALLY

4 MARCH – LAGAN VALLEY ARS RALLY & HAMFEST 5 MARCH – EXETER RADIO & ELECTRONICS RALLY

12 MARCH – DOVER RADIO CLUB RALLY

19 MARCH – 32nd WYTHALL RADIO CLUB RALLY

26 MARCH - CALLINGTON RADIO RALLY

9 APRIL – NARSA EXHIBITION

6 MAY – SERF

19-21 MAY – DAYTON HAMVENTION® (new venue) 11 JUNE – JUNCTION 28 AMATEUR RADIO RALLY 25 JUNE – WEST OF ENGLAND RADIO RALLY 14-16 JULY – HAM RADIO, FRIEDRICHSHAFEN 23 JULY – FINNINGLEY ARS RALLY

13 AUGUST - FLIGHT REFUELLING ARS HAMFEST

SILENT KEYS

We regret to record the passing of the following Members:

Mr L E B Tombe, 2MOBIK	19/09/2016
Mr D E Wanklyn, 2W1AOD	24/09/2016
Mr P E Hale, G2HS	09/2016
Mr B Harris, G3HZR	14/10/2016
Mr A A Chisholm, G3INL	2016
Mr G Fare, G30GQ	02/2016
Mr E D Wilson, G30JQ	13/09/2016
Mr A L Bagnall, G4CWD/ZL3WD	2016
DrJM Townsend, G4ILY	28/09/2016
Mr R Hill, G40WU	
Mr J Rigby, G4RXZ	15/09/2016
Mr F Williamson, G4VDZ	06/10/2016
Mr A Ogden, G50D	27/08/2016
Mr G Evans, G6AUK	06/2016
Mr N Hendry, GM8CBQ	07/10/2016
Mr B S Smith, G8DAB	
Mr S Nixon, MOHPQ	15/09/2016
Mr A Keen, M6AKC	28/08/2016
Mr R G Clement, RS18978	26/07/2016
Dr R R Sullivan, WB6SER	4/10/2016





QSL Bureau questions

At the National Hamfest it was good to meet many bureau users and, particularly, pleasing to meet more of our hard working QSL volunteer submanagers than ever before. The, QSL Quiz was a great success providing much amusement, discussion, some head scratching and, importantly, it gave us feedback that should help us to focus on what we need to do to help Members help us to move more cards, more quickly.

The 3 correct entry lucky winners, drawn at random from hundreds of entries, will each receive a voucher for 500 custom designed QSL cards to a design of their choice. They are, David, MOOSA, Keith, MODZB and Rob, MOVFC.

For those unable to be at the National Hamfest, why not test yourself (or perhaps your club members) for fun and help us to help you move more cards, more quickly.

1: What must you include with every outgoing QSL package?

- A: Name, address and callsign
- B: Your Membership number & callsign
- C: A recent and original RadCom address label

2: What is the maximum acceptable size/weight for a card?

- A: 100 x 150mm (6" x 4") 4 grams B: 140 x 90mm (5.5" x 3.5") 3 grams
- C: No size, page or weight limit

3: How should you send your cards?

- A: Country name order.
- B: Callsign pre-fix order
- C: Random or logbook order

4: Should UK destination cards be separate from foreign?

- A: Yes
- B: No
- C: Optional
- 5: Should all USA cards be separated and pre-sorted by?
- A: State
- B: Prefix letter and Number
- C: Callsign number only, regardless of prefix letter

Answers: 1: C, 2: B, 3: B, 4: A, 5: C, 6: C, 7: B, 8: C, 9: B, 10: A.

RADIO SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN ADVANCING AMATEUR RADIO SINCE 1913

Founded in 1913 incorporated 1926.

RSGB is a trading name of Radio Society of Great Britain, a limited company registered in England and Wales with company number 00216431. Member society of the International Amateur Radio Union. www.rsgb.org.uk

HEADQUARTERS AND REGISTERED OFFICE

3 Abbey Court, Fraser Road, Priory Business Park, Bedford MK44 3WH. Telephone: 01234 832 700

Patron: HRH Prince Philip, The Duke of Edinburgh, KG, KT

Membership is open to all those with an active interest in radio experimentation and communication as a hobby. Applications for Membership should be made to the Sales Department from which full details of Society services may also be obtained.

RSGB MEMBERSHIP

Annual rates from 1 January 2011	
Full Membership (by Direct Debit)	£47.00
(individual & club)	
Family membership (by Direct Debit)	£56.00
Paying other than by Direct Debit attracts a £4	premium.
Student (21-25)	Free
Under 21	Free
Subscriptions include VAT where applicable.	
Special arrangements exist for visually impaired	d persons.
Details and Membership application forms are	available
from RSGB HQ or see www.rsgb.org/join	

YOUR RSGR

Members seeking advice and guidance on any aspect of amateur radio or the Society's work are free to contact the relevant person below. Before doing so, please do check the comprehensive FAQs on the RSGB website at www. rsgb.org/faq/ to see if your question is answered there. For HQ staff, both email addresses and telephone details are provided, including the option to select when dialling through the RSGB switchboard (01234 832 700).

Chairmen and Honorary Officers:

These are all volunteers and give their time freely to support the Society. Members should respect the fact that many also have full time day jobs, and so email is the appropriate method of communication.

THE RSGB BOARD

Nick Henwood, G3RWF (RSGB President) email: g3rwf@rsgb.org.uk

Steve Hartley, GOFUW (Board Chairman) stever hartey, Gor Gw Gorad Chainan email: gOfuw@rsgb.org.uk Stewart Bryant, G3YSX, email: g3ysx@rsgb.org.uk Alan Messenger, GOTLK, email: g0tlk@rsgb.org.uk Graham Murchie, G4FSG, email: gdfsg@rsgb.org.uk Len Paget, GMOONX, email: gmOonx@rsgb.org.uk lan Shepherd, G4EVK, email: g4evk@rsgb.org.uk

General Manager: Steve Thomas, M1ACB, email: steve.thomas@rsgb.org.uk Honorary Treasurer: Richard Horton, G4AOJ, email: g4aoj@rsgb.org.uk Company Secretary: Post vacant



6: What can you include with a QSL card?

- A: An envelope.
- B: Picture or a gift
- C: Nothing.
- 7: Can you receive cards for other call holders, UK or foreign?
- A: No.
- B: Yes, provided they are Members or pay to receive. C: Yes.
- 8: What is the personal, annual weight limit for sending cards?
- A: 5kg
- B: 10kg C: 15kg
- 9: What must a Special Event station include in a package?
- A: Membership number or club Affiliation number.
- B: Answer A plus a copy of the NoV with every package.
- C: Answer A plus a copy of the NoV once only.

10: Where does the RSGB bureau send Members cards?

- A: IARU member bureaus only
- B: Every country with active Amateurs or clubs
- C: IARU member bureaus & QSL managers overseas

RSGB QSL Bureau qsl@rsgb.org.uk

Note: The General Manager, Company Secretary and Honorary Treasurer are not Directors, but are in attendance at Board Meetings.

HEADQUARTERS STAFF

Technical Amateur Radio Enquiries email: AR.dept@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 4 Amateur Radio Examinations email: exams@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 3 RadCom (news items, feature submissions, etc) Elaine Richards, G4LFM or Giles Read, G1MFG email: radcom@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 8 GB2RS and Club News email: radcom@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 8 Amateur Radio Licensing Enquiries email: AR.dept@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 5 Sales department (Membership, books and other products) email: sales@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 1 Subscription renewals Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 2 IOTA email: IOTA HQ@rsgb.org.uk General Manager email: GM.dept@rsgb.org.uk Telephone: 01234 832 700, Option 9

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Finally, we fit an Anderson quick disconnect fitting on the end of the winch supply cables and another on a battery harness with battery posts on the other end, then bench test and run.

The special prices for fellow Radio Amateur enthusiasts is £550 plus carriage and VAT for 40 & 60ft standard Strumech Versatowers with small to medium head loads using the TDS-8.5. Alternatively, £575 plus carriage and VAT for 60, 80 & 100ft heavy duty towers especially with heavy head loads using the TDS-12.0.

Carriage is £30 plus VAT (UK mainland excluding offshore islands and the Scottish Highlands). We also have the ATV 4000 winch system (see inset picture above) for the smaller tower at £245 plus £18 carriage and VAT.

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BEING A MEMBER

lan, G4EAN/9H3YI

G7MVN and G3NBY (The Last Word, September & October) both urge amateurs to become Members of the RSGB. I agree with them and would like to go a step further by urging members to attend RSGB AGMs.

I have attended RSGB AGMs since my early days as a new G4. I have never returned home from an AGM feeling that attending it was a waste of time or money (though I shall acknowledge returning home with an empty wallet and a heavy bag of books).

RSGB AGMs are a two-way process. RSGB directors, managers and Members on the floor of the AGM can discuss and exchange ideas so that the RSGB reflects the needs of our hobby and will serve us well in the future. Topics can be discussed in the AGM but may equally satisfactorily be discussed over a cup of coffee before the meeting or in the lunch break or, time permitting, after the meeting.

The 2016 event was an exceptionally good AGM. The venue was comfortable, the meeting was informative and the free lunch was very much appreciated. The Q&A in the informal session had some of the best questions I've heard at an RSGB AGM in the last ten years (including "why is my club not mentioned in the club's section of *RadCom*" and the answer, simply that "your club doesn't *send* us anything for the club's section").

This was not an inexpensive AGM for me to attend. It involved two nights at a hotel and a train journey of around five hours in each direction. The location and date of this AGM was announced well in advance and I was grateful for this because it gave me a good chance to minimise the cost of both hotel and train fare. I had a very pleasant stay in Glasgow, a city that I've been through a lot but never before had time to be a tourist in it, and I was also able to look around the centre of Edinburgh on my way back home. It wasn't only an AGM, it was also a very pleasant weekend break

I wait with interest to see where the 2017 AGM will be held. See you there? The 2017 AGM will be held in Cardiff on

22 April 2017; the venue has not yet been finalised but full details will appear in the January 2017 RadCom

Steve Thomas, M1ACB, RSGB General Manager

2m REPEATERS

Theresa Cornwell

Being a Member of the RSGB and a subscriber to *Practical Wireless*, I have followed the discussion on repeaters in both magazines. It seems pretty obvious to me that many of us have rigs that are now incapable on accessing some of the current repeaters. I used to enjoy a mobile trip but no more; I can't get access them with my old 290 and 2m simplex is dead except for contests. It seems that unless we to go back to simple access, things won't improve and I'd really like to rag chew again! It can't be beyond the wit of man to make it available to all instead of only to those with the latest technology. I would love to turn on my 2m rig when mobile and actually be able to have a chat.

Even back in the early 1980s when the FT-290 was made a CTCSS board was available (FTS-7). In the intervening 35-odd years CTCSS has simply become a standard feature, even on the cheapest (under £20, delivered) Far Eastern dual band handhelds. CTCSS encoder circuits abound on the internet if you want to fit one yourself. The various digital repeaters represent an evolution in the state of the art of amateur radio. Much as the change to SSB required new gear, the digital modes also require new equipment – and also offer new opportunities. **Giles Read, G1MFG, RadCom Technical Editor**

NIGHTMARE NEIGHBOURS

We have received a great deal of correspondence on this matter, both for The Last Word and in general correspondence. Here is a selection of the comments received.

I've just watched a most distressing programme on Channel 5 entitled 'Neighbours from Hell'. Not the sort of programme I would normally watch, but flicking through the channels - as you do - I came across what was obviously an amateur radio mast with a, I think, 4 band Yagi perched atop it. So who were these horrible neighbours? Yep, the radio ham. It turned out that he was living in a bungalow complex, mainly for retired people, by the seaside in Kent. And the cause of the upset was his 30' lattice mast which his new next door neighbour was condemning as an eyesore. She mobilised all the other occupants of the complex, organised a petition, and complained to the Council... Then the bombshell: he didn't have planning permission. Apparently he had had it at his previous QTH, in the same county, and had assumed he could take the permission with him when he moved ... He applied for retrospective planning permission, which was refused as was the appeal and he was ordered to dismantle the mast... I called this programme distressing, because that's exactly what it was to him. Watching him dismantling the mast we could see how upset he was.

When oh when are the allegations against radio amateurs' and their equipment going to be put to bed for good? Cancer risk from transmissions, unsightly antennas/getting permission to erect even the simplest antenna when the country is covered with satellite dishes and poles set high on houses to support horizontal digital TV antennas... Can the RSGB intervene to clarify?

Following the recent Channel 5 program regarding a radio amateur and his conflict

with his neighbours, I hope that the RSGB will undertake a formal and robust approach to the program producers. I understand that the RSGB will not act with regard to planning matters unless directly contacted by a member of the RSGB for help and advice. However there were several statements made during this program regarding the 'potential health effects and hazards' of the radio transmissions. Some of these were very weakly glossed over by the program as having very little medical evidence but this was much later on in the program than the original statements had been raised.

I am not a fan of Channel 5's "Nightmare Neighbour style of programs for me I think to be honest it's difficult to discover the basic facts behind each story no doubt the radio amateur report was very sad and put the hobby in a bad light I am sure that The RSGB will work hard opening a conversation with channel 5 and the production team who made this report - I do feel that the radio amateur in question was 100% in the wrong for putting up the mast and antenna without planning permission... I am concerned about the claims that were made regarding the cancer question. And if this cannot be disproved it could well become a stumbling block to us all.

The worst feature was one of the neighbours repeatedly drawing attention to the fact that 9 people had been diagnosed with cancer since the mast was installed. I must admit the mast was out of all proportion to the bungalows, it dominated the area.

I am a little concerned that the above mentioned program tonight on Channel 5 will give at false view of amateur radio. I, as well as all radio amateurs, are fully aware that mobile phones are radios and let's not to mention the kilowatts put out by TV transmitters. But in some people's minds these do not count! Let's hope that the producers will be sensible.

Thank you all for contacting us about Channel 5's programme last night. We saw it and have been preparing responses to Channel 5 and to our Members. The following announcement is on the website and went out on social media channels:

"We work hard to build relationships with the media and often provide facts and help when programmes and articles featuring amateur radio are being prepared.

"Unfortunately, the RSGB was not invited to be part of Channel 5's 'Nightmare Neighbour Next Door" programme or to verify any facts. We have, of course, contacted Channel 5 about our concerns and have highlighted the positive aspects of amateur radio. We have also offered our expertise and Letters published in 'The Last Word' do not necessarily reflect RSGB policy. 'Last Word' letters may be e-mailed to radcom@rsgb.org.uk Please note that letters submitted for 'The Last Word' may not be acknowledged. The RSGB reserves the right not to publish any letter, with no reason being given. It is a condition of publication that all letters may be edited for grammar, length and / or clarity. Due to the limited space available, please keep letters as short as possible.

input for future programmes where amateur radio is mentioned.

"Our volunteers spend a lot of time helping radio amateurs with planning applications. It is by putting forward facts during those processes that we can help to dispel myths about amateur radio and any impact on the public or environment.

"However, one of the best ways to counteract the public's lack of understanding about amateur radio is to offer positive stories to the media. We are actively seeking new opportunities for positive coverage of amateur radio across all media channels. If you have stories to share or media contacts you know well, please let us know. We will also be very happy to help radio amateurs approach their local media – contact comms@rsgb.org.uk

"We take the promotion of amateur radio seriously. Just this month RSGB representatives from the Board, TEC, the Regional Team, the Youth Committee and HQ staff have attended four national UK Space Agency school conferences and outreach days to demonstrate this fantastic past time to pupils, teachers and the public. We are delighted to have been invited to present at two other national teacher conferences next year, as it is by educating teachers and the younger generation about the benefits of amateur radio that we will counter the current myths and lack of understanding about it.

If we receive a response from Channel 5 we will share it with our Members." Steve Thomas, M1ACB, RSGB General Manager

Correspondence to The Last Word on this subject is now closed, thank you- **Ed**.

PLASMA BOMB PROPOSAL Trevor Surgey, G3ZST

I was reading the 20 August, 2016 copy of *New Scientist* magazine recently and came across an American plan to deliver by using many satellites, directly into the lonosphere, large amounts of ionised gas using onboard plasma generators. (https://www.newscientist. com/article/mg23130871-000-us-air-force-wants-to-plasma-bomb-the-sky-using-tiny-satellites/) The USAF has already awarded contracts to three teams tasking them to come up with ideas on the best way to do it.

I find the whole idea a bit worrying and hope that they don't get anywhere but nevertheless I thought it might make a suitable item for discussion in *RadCom*.

PROBLEMS WITH REVALIDATION OF LICENCES

R V Angell, G4CCE Having been advised to revalidate my licence, I went to 'Spectrum's' site and was instructed to fill in a new account form. This I did and was then informed that a password would be

sent to my email box. Having waited, for a week, with no response, I contacted them by telephone to be told that BT Internet isn't forwarding their emails. The young lady, to whom I spoke, was extremely helpful and very soon sorted it out for me. I am pleased to say that I was able to access Spectrum's site and view my licence details.

I'm not sure if you are aware of this glitch but there must be others, who use BT Internet, who are also wondering what's going on!

We have heard reports that Members have found these emails in either their local or server Spam folders. This has often solved the problem.

Steve Thomas, M1ACB, RSGB General Manager

JOTA

Chris Skelcher, G3YHF

It was a delight to hear so many Scout JOTA stations active on 15/16 October, and also to hear youngsters without licences exchanging greeting messages. Some of these Scouts sounded very young, but all got their messages across - sometimes with a bit of encouragement and assistance from the operators! And well done to the operators for devoting the time to organising the stations and preparing the Scouts to speak on the air. I was involved in the Scout radio group as a teenage SWL in the 1960s, assisting during the 11th JOTA in 1967 at GB3BSI on Brownsea Island, where an international jamboree celebrated the 60th anniversary of the first Scout camp. It was the encouragement of Les Mitchell, G3BHK (SK), the visionary behind JOTA, and the other licensed operators in the Scout radio group that got me thinking about the RAE and Morse test!

I'm sure the JOTA experience will have the same effect on some of today's young participants and keep our hobby alive and growing.

We will have a round-up of JOTA reports in the next edition of RadCom. If you haven't sent yours in yet, the deadline is 17 November. Please send all reports with photos as seperate jpg files to radcom@rsgb.org.uk – Ed.

OFCOM EXPERIENCE J Howarth Jones, GW3TMP

Having had an interference problem on 160 and 80m for the past couple of years and read in Last Word the excellent response and results some members had received from Ofcom, I decided to contact them. The noise is a continuous 50μ V plus on those bands day and night. I had suspected it was coming from an 11kV overhead line about 50 metres away. In March this year I received a letter from SP Energy telling me they would be cutting the supply on a particular date to do some maintenance work, I rang their office and asked if the 11kV supply would be off and they told me it would.

On the day I connected my transceiver to a 12V battery and waited for the power to be switched off, fully expecting the noise level to drop markedly, how disappointed I was when it made no difference. Later that day I went around the area with a portable receiver and loop antenna and could not get a null anywhere, there was no power to any of the surrounding properties so the noise could not be coming from any of those. That is when I decided to contact Ofcom.

I filled in the online form and received a telephone call a few days later and was asked to keep a log for 5 days and send it in, this I did and I had another call from the DEO and was told it was the wrong type of log and was asked "What are these bands?" I had put in the 80m and 160m bands. The DEO told me he wanted frequencies not bands and told me he would send a blank template and if possible could I send an audio/video clip of the noise. I recorded a video clip ready to send and began to fill in the log and after 3 days received an email telling me the case had been closed. I thought, how can the case be closed when the evidence requested had not been received? At the end of 5 days I still sent the videos and the log along with an email asking why the case was closed prior to receiving the information they had requested. No reply was received.

Two weeks passed and I received another call from the DEO, I should have mentioned I spoke to a different person each time they called me. I was asked about the nature of the noise and told I would be sent a log to keep for 5 days and also if possible could I send and audio/video clip of the noise. I repeated the procedure and submitted the evidence.

I received an email from Ofcom some days later telling me they did not consider the interference to be harmful as I could move frequency within a band (which I can't as the noise covers the whole of the bands) or move to a completely different band all together.

What a fruitless exercise this has been and very disappointing.

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